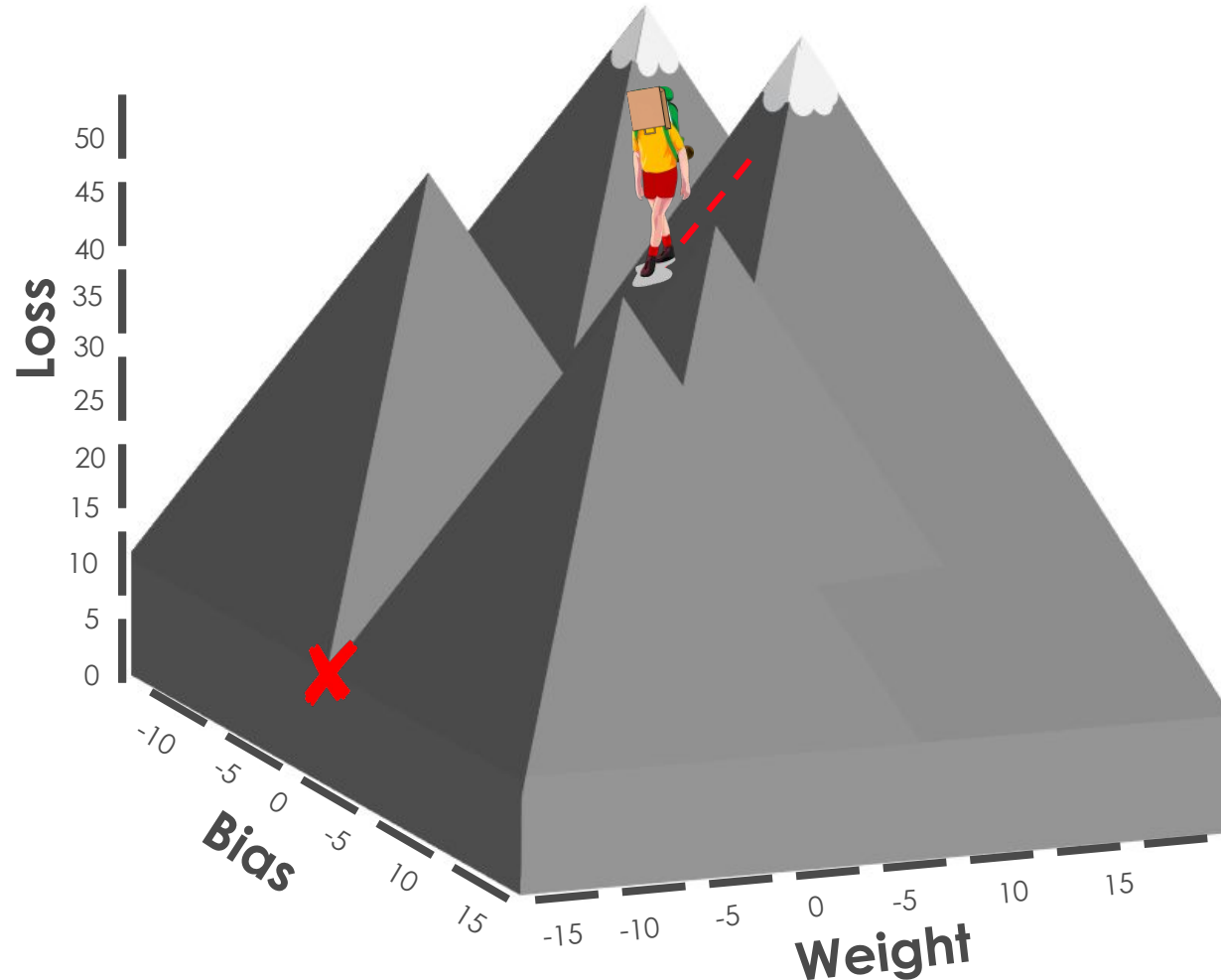




Calculating the Gradient

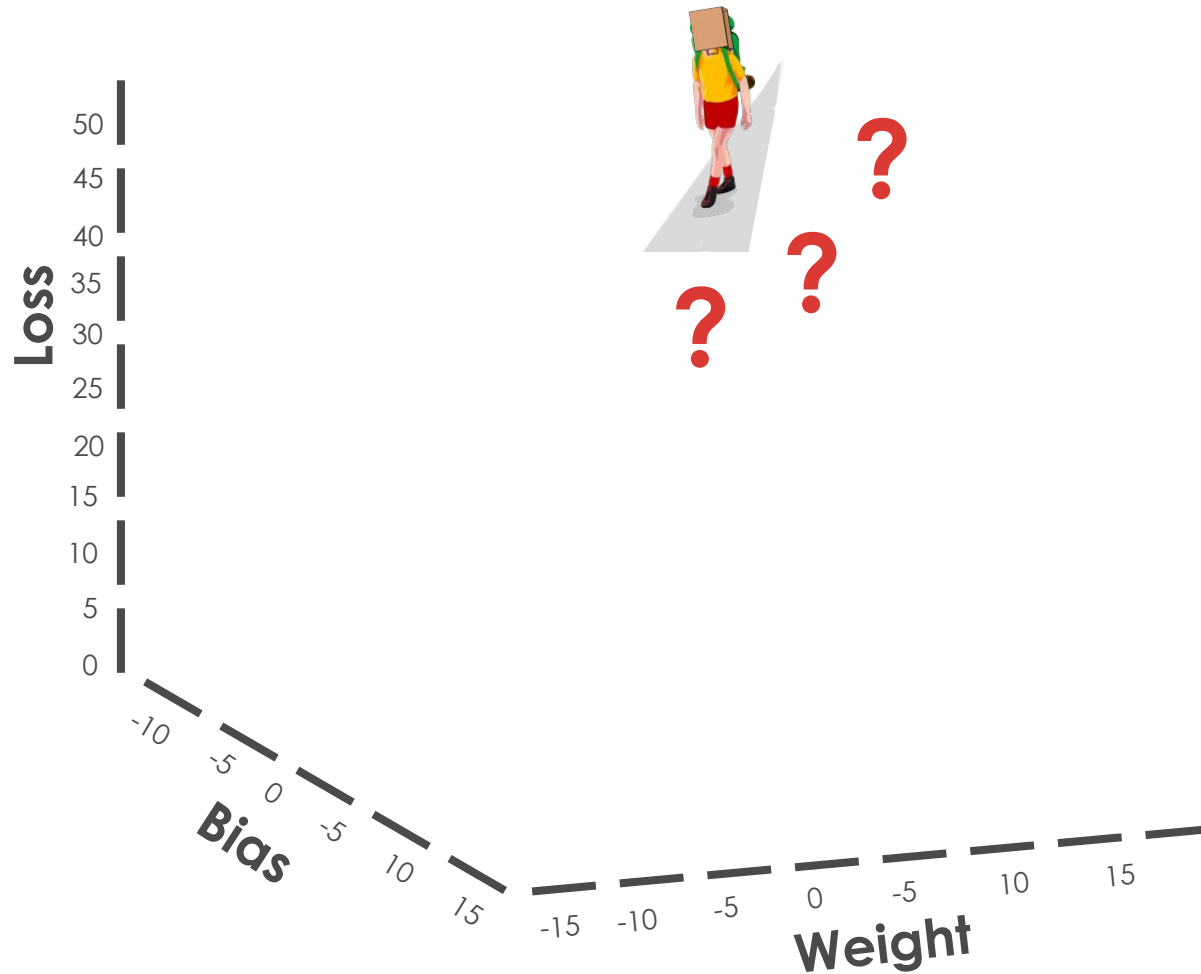
Deep Learning Pre-Work

Gradient Descent Steps



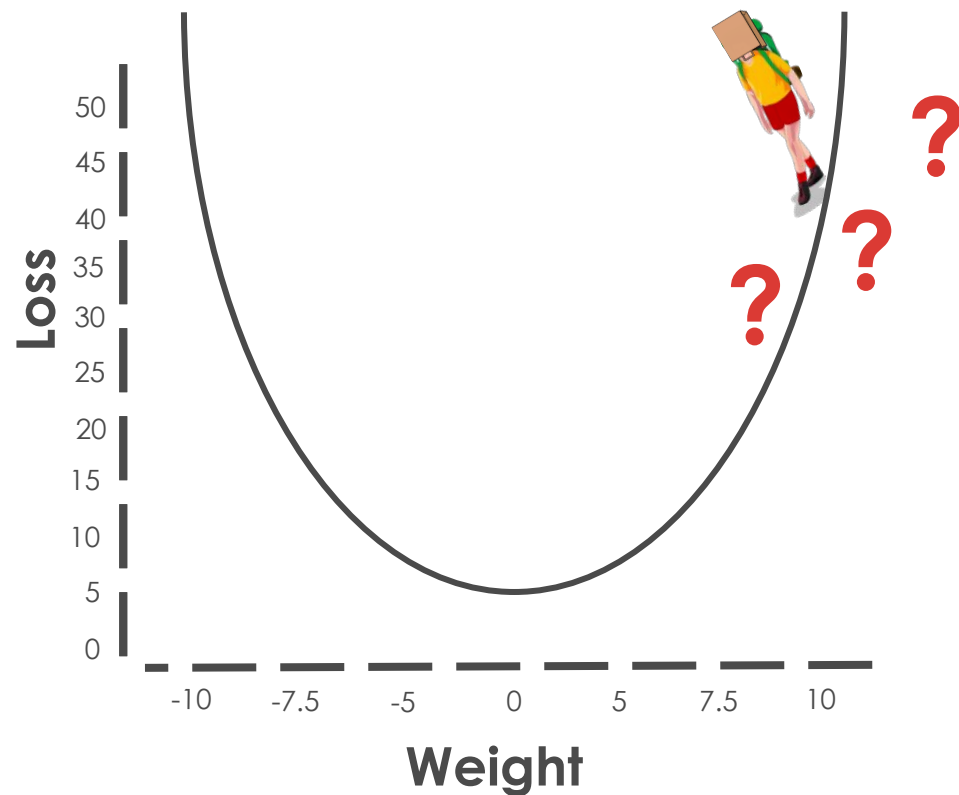
- Step 1** Start at a random bias and weight and calculate the loss
- Step 2** Take a step in the direction with the steepest gradient
- Step 3** Calculate the new loss
- Step 4** Repeat steps 2 and 3

Gradient Descent Steps



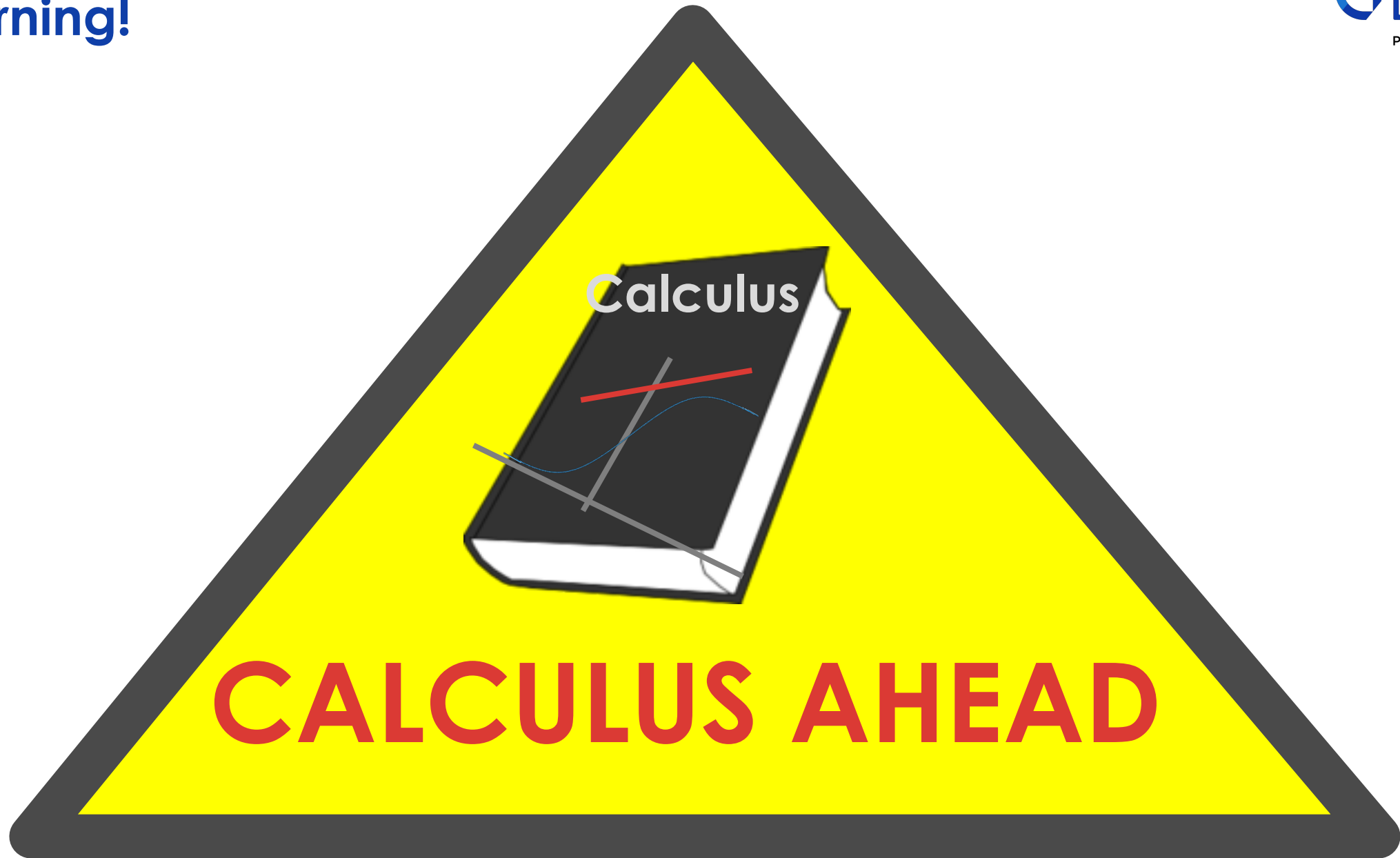
- Step 1** Start at a random bias and weight and calculate the loss
- Step 2 Take a step in the direction with the steepest gradient
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Gradient Descent Steps



- Step 1 Start at a random bias and weight and calculate the loss
- Step 2 Take a step in the direction with the steepest gradient**
- Step 3 Calculate the new loss
- Step 4 Repeat steps 2 and 3

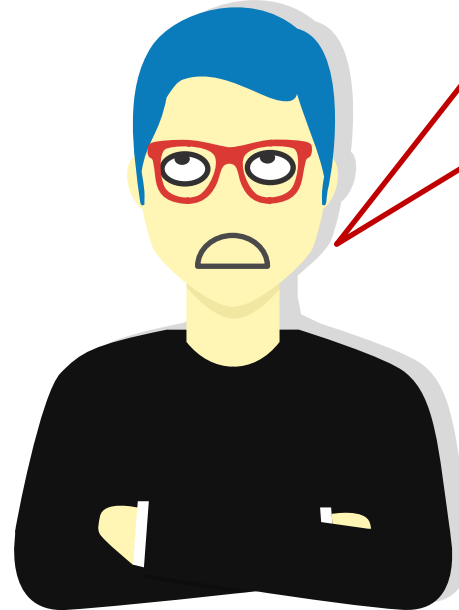
Warning!



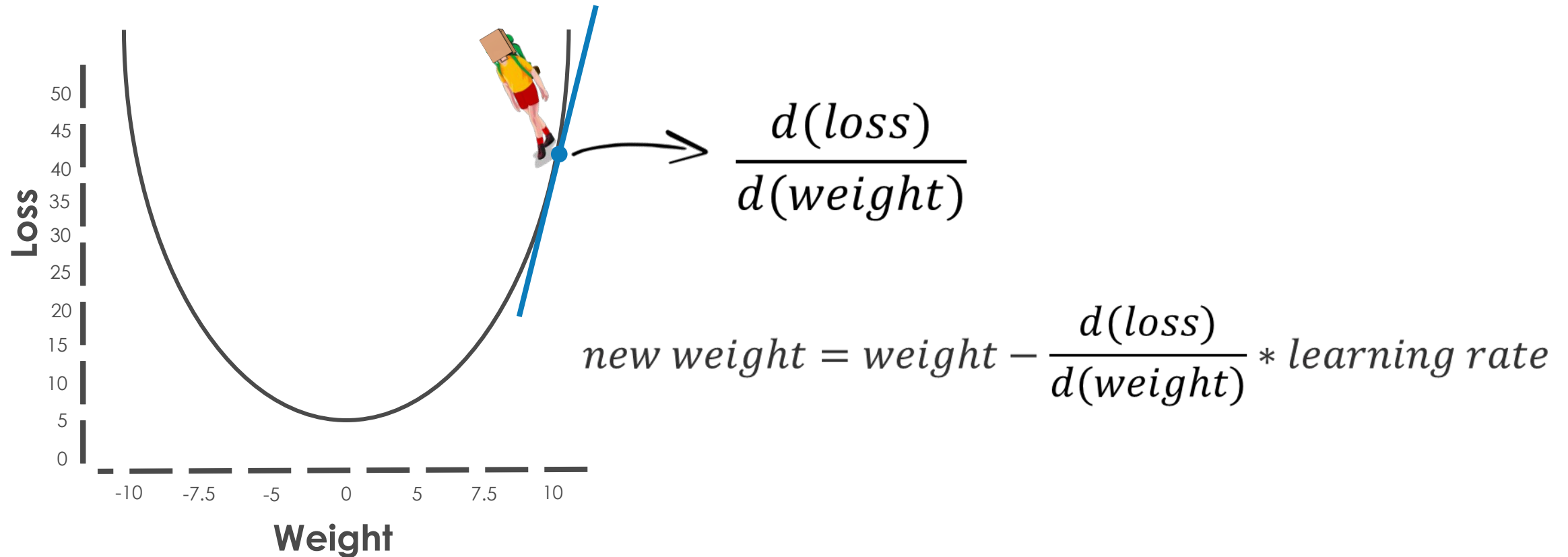
Derivatives



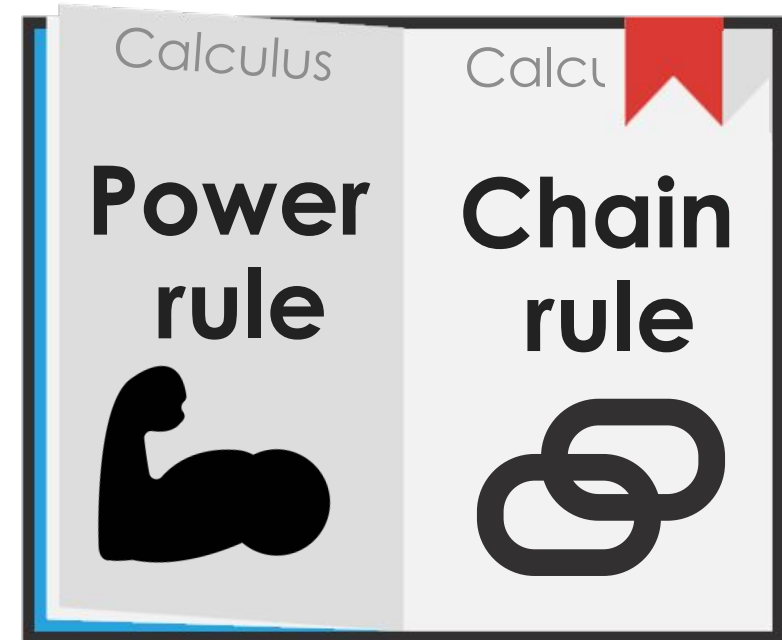
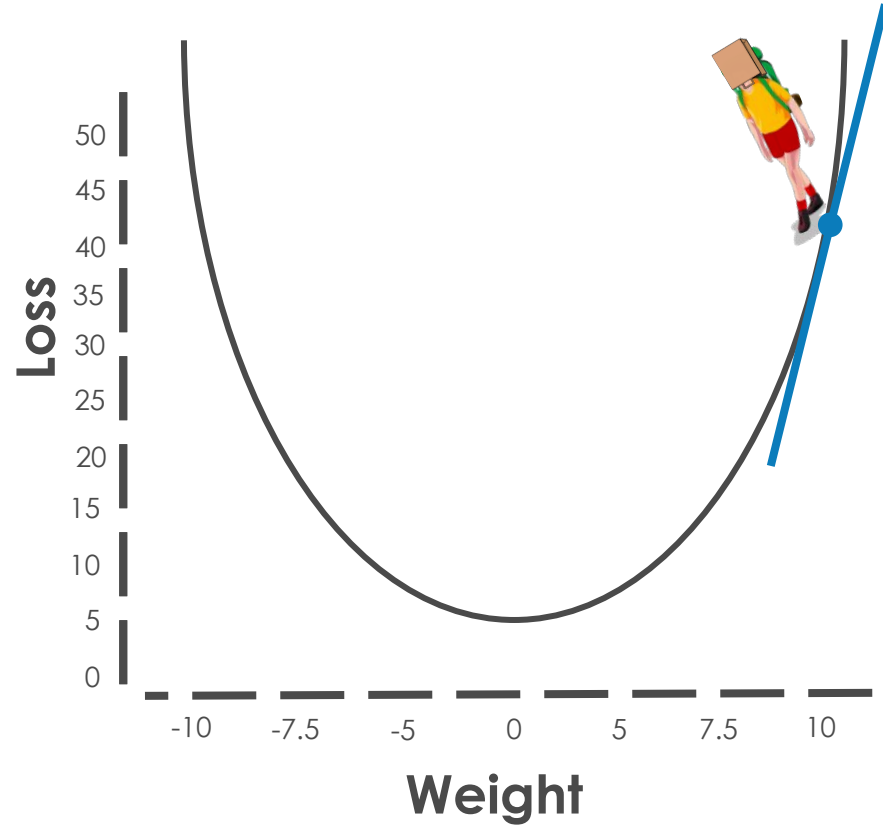
So derivative



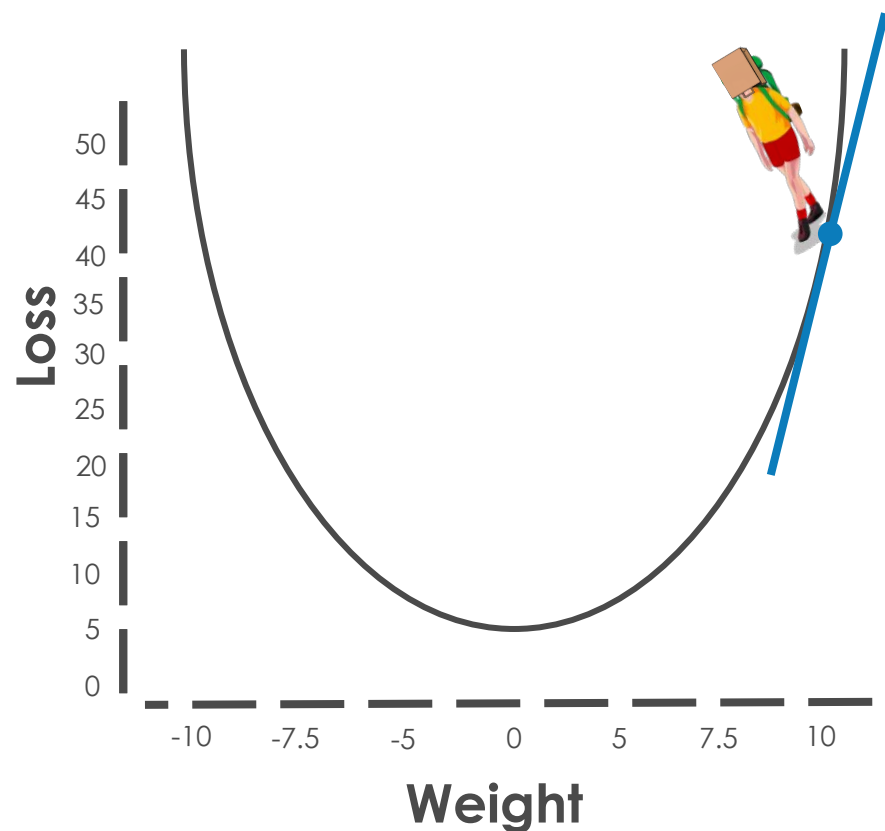
The derivative



Calculating the derivative



Power Rule



$$\frac{d}{d(x)} x^n = nx^{n-1}$$



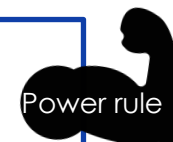
$$\text{loss} = \frac{1}{n} \sum (\hat{y} - y)^2$$

mean ← error → squared

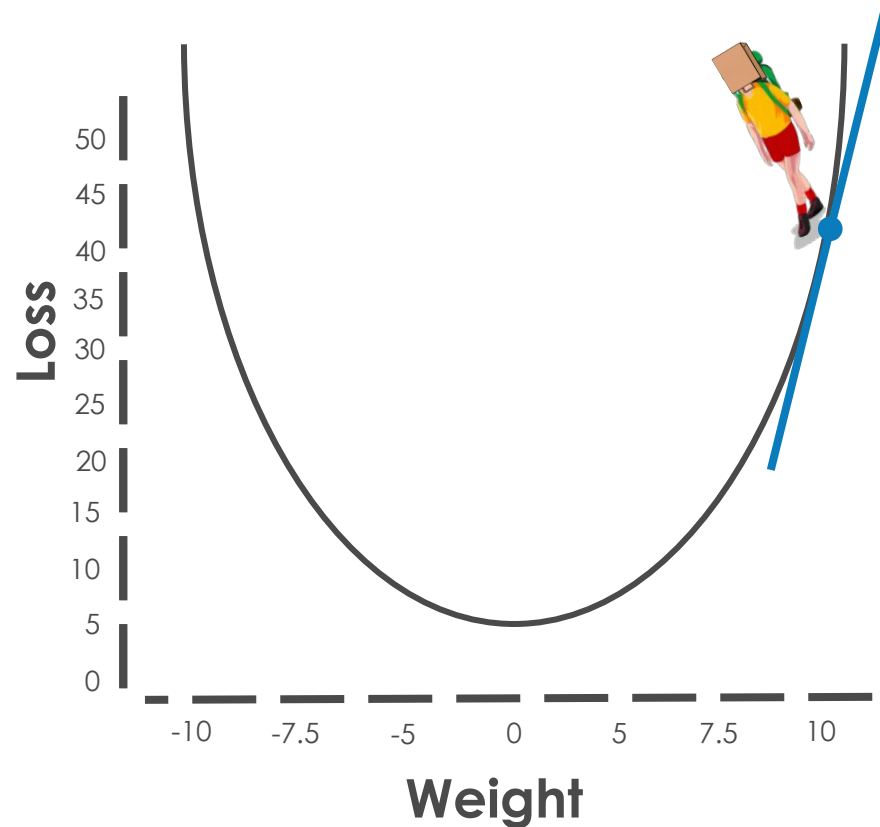
$$\text{loss} = \text{error}^2$$

$$\frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{error})} = 2\text{error}$$

$$\frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{error})} = 2\text{error}$$



Chain Rule



$$\begin{aligned} y &= x \\ x &= z \end{aligned}$$

Chain rule

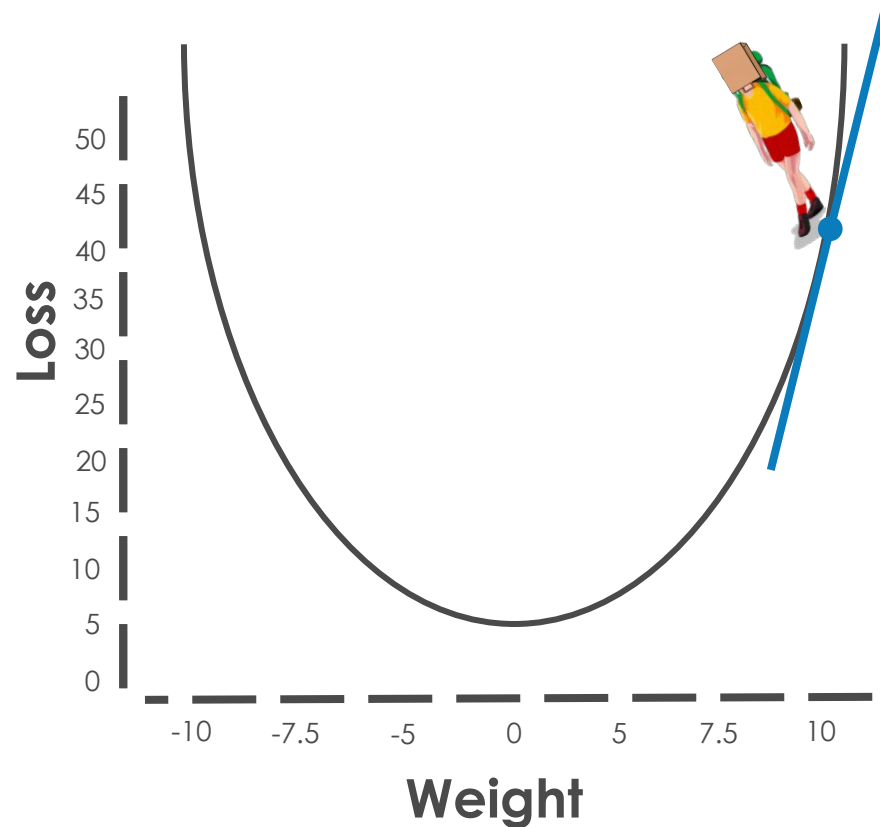


$$\frac{d(y)}{d(z)} = \frac{d(y)}{d(x)} * \frac{d(x)}{d(z)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{loss} &= \text{error} \\ \text{error} &= \text{weight} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{weight})} = \frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{error})} * \frac{d(\text{error})}{d(\text{weight})}$$

Calculating the gradient



$$\frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{weight})} = \frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{error})} * \frac{d(\text{error})}{d(\text{weight})}$$

2error $\text{error} = x * \text{weight} - y$

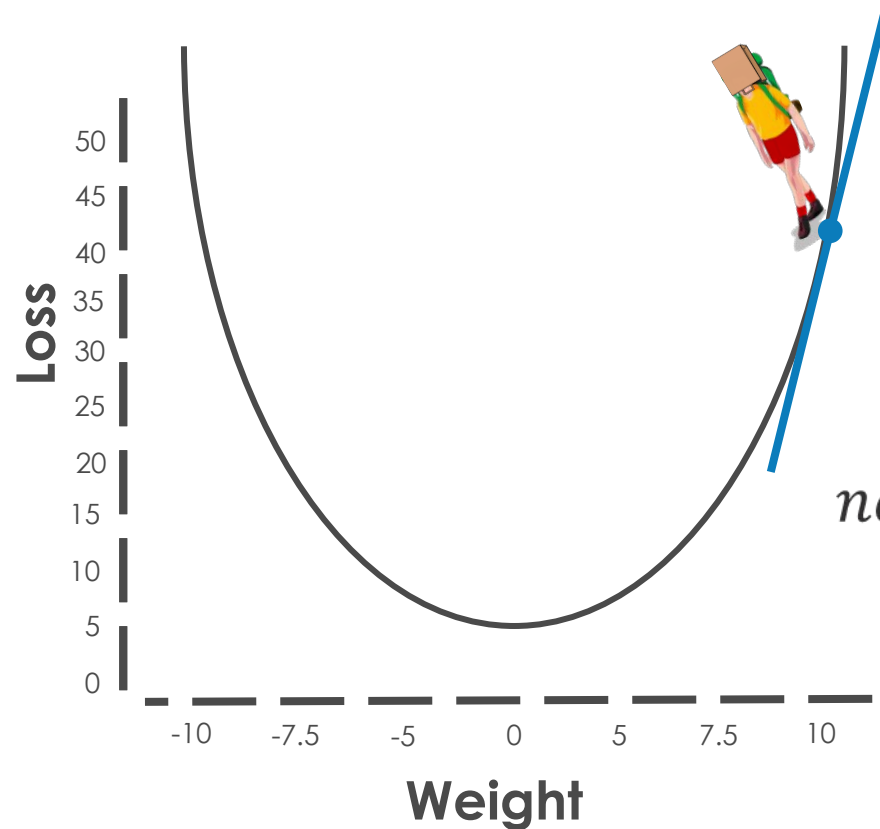
$x * \text{weight}^1$

Power rule $1 * x * \text{weight}^0$

x

$$\frac{d(\text{loss})}{d(\text{weight})} = 2\text{error} * x$$

Updating the weight



$$\frac{d(loss)}{d(weight)} = 2error * x$$

$$new\ weight = weight - \frac{d(loss)}{d(weight)} * learning\ rate$$

$$new\ weight = weight - 2error * x * learning\ rate$$