CHAROTAR UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

DEVANG PATEL INSTITUTE OF ADVANCE TECHNOLOGY AND RESEARCH

NAME: Parth N Patel

ID: 19DCS098

SUBJECT: MPCO

SEM:4

PRACTICAL-1

AIM:

- a) Write an ALP to move block of data bytes from one location to another location.
- b) Write an ALP to exchange block of data bytes.

PROGRAM CODE:

(a) Moving Block of data

org 100h

mov [5000h],1

mov [5001h],2

mov [5002h],3

mov [5003h],4

mov [5004h],5

mov [5005h],6

mov [5006h],7

mov [5007h],8

mov [5008h],9

mov [5009h],10

mov [500Ah],11

mov [500Bh],12

mov [500Ch],13

mov [500Dh],14

```
mov [500Eh],15
```

mov [500Fh],16

mov cl,16

mov si,5000h

mov di,7000h

1: mov al,[si]

mov [di],al

inc si

inc di

dec cl

jnz l

ret

OUTPUT:

Data stored in the location 5000H-500FH

0700:5000 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08-09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10

After Execution of Program:

0700:7000 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08-09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10

(b) Exchange Block of Data

org 100h

mov [5000h],1

mov [5001h],2

mov [5002h],3

mov [5003h],4

mov [5004h],5

mov [5005h],6

mov [5006h],7

mov [5007h],8

mov [7000h],10H

mov [7001h],20H

mov [7002h],30H

mov [7003h],40H

mov [7004h],50H

mov [7005h],60H

mov [7006h],70H

mov [7007h],80H

mov cl,8H

mov si,5000H

mov di,7000H

l: mov al,[si]

mov bl,[di]

mov [si],bl

mov [di],al

inc si

inc di

dec cl

jnz l

ret

OUTPUT:

BEFORE:

0700:5000 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

0700:7000 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

AFTER:

0700:5000 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

0700:7000 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

PRACTICAL-2

AIM:

- a) Write an ALP to perform 16-bit and 32-bit addition and subtraction.
- b) Write an ALP to perform 16-bit and 32-bit multiplication.

PROGRAM CODE:

(a) 16-bit and 32-bit Addition and Subtraction

16-bit Addition:

org 100h

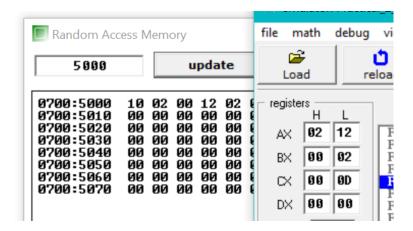
MOV AX, [5000H]

MOV BX, [5001H]

ADD AX, BX

MOV [5003H],AX

Ret



32-Bit Addition:

org 100h

MOV AX, [5000H]

MOV BX, [5001H]

MOV CX, [5010H]

MOV DX, [5011H]

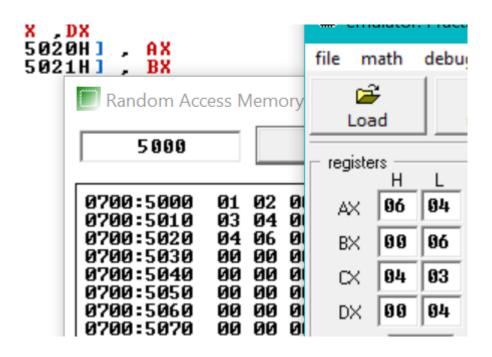
ADD AX ,CX

ADD BX ,DX

MOV [5020H], AX

MOV [5021H], BX

Ret



16-Bit Subtraction:

org 100h

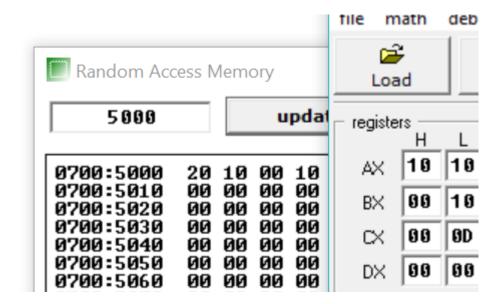
MOV AX, [5000H]

MOV BX, [5001H]

SUB AX, BX

MOV [5003H],AX

ret



32-Bit Subtraction:

org 100h

MOV AX, [5000H]

MOV BX, [5001H]

MOV CX, [5010H]

MOV DX, [5011H]

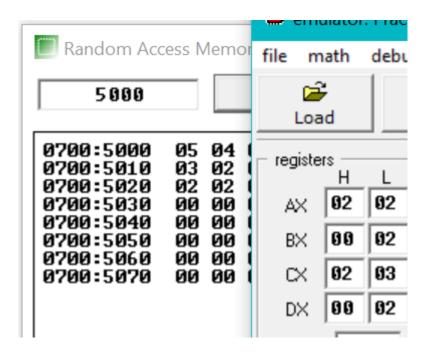
SUB AX,CX

SUB BX,DX

MOV [5020H], AX

MOV [5021H], BX

ret



16-Bit Multiplication:

org 100h

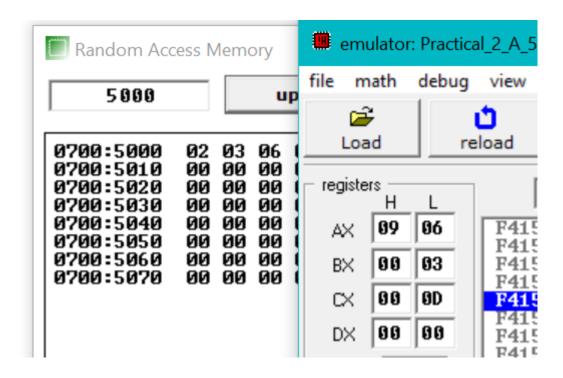
MOV AX,[5000H]

MOV BX,[5001H]

MUL BX

MOV [5002H],AX

Ret



32-Bit Multiplication:

org 100h

MOV AX, [5000H]

MOV BX, [5001H]

MOV CX, [5010H]

MOV DX, [5011H]

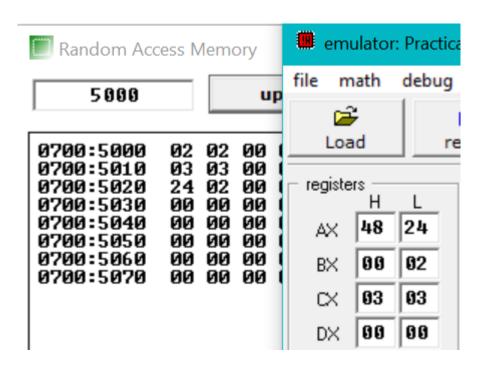
MUL CX

MUL DX

MOV [5020H], AX

MOV [5021H], BX

ret



PRACTICAL-3

AIM:

- a) Write an ALP to perform sorting of array in ascending order.
- b) Write an ALP to perform sorting of array in descending order.

PROGRAM CODE:

(a) Sorting of array in ascending order

org 100h

mov [500h],50H

mov [501h],40H

mov [502h],30H

mov [503h],20H

mov [504h],10H

mov dl,5

mov si,500h

mov di,500h

12: mov al,[si]

mov cl,dl

11: inc si

mov bl,[si]

[CE 258] MPCO 19DCS098 cmp al,bl jz next jc next xchg al,bl mov [si],bl next: loop 11 mov [di],al inc di mov si,di dec dl jnz 12 ret **OUTPUT: BEFORE:** 50 40 30 20 10 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 **AFTER:**

00 10 20 30 40 50 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

b) Write an ALP to perform sorting of array in descending order.

org 100h mov [500h],10H mov [501h],20H mov [502h],30H mov [503h],40H mov [504h],50H mov dl,5 mov si,500h mov di,500h 12: mov al,[si] mov cl,dl 11: inc si mov bl,[si] cmp al,bl jz next jnc next xchg al,bl

[CE 258] MPCO 19DCS098
mov [si],bl

next: loop 11

mov [di],al

inc di

mov si,di

dec dl

jnz 12

ret

OUTPUT:

BEFORE:

AFTER:

0700:0500 50 40 30 20 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

PRACTICAL-4

AIM:

- a) Write an ALP to perform factorial of a number
- b) Write an ALP to check whether the given 16-bit number is palindrome or not

PROGRAM CODE:

a) Write an ALP to perform factorial of a number

org 100h

mov [500h],5

mov ax,[500h]

mov bx,ax

dec bx

11: mul bx

jnz 11

dec bx

mov [500h],ax

ret

16

OUTPUT:

BEFORE:

AFTER:

78 is hexadecimal value of 120.

b) Write an ALP to check whether the given 16-bit number is palindrome or not

org 100h

MOV SI,2000H

MOV DI,2004H

MOV CL,05H

next_char:

MOV AL,[DI]

MOV BL,[SI]

CMP AL,BL

JNE not_palindrome

INC SI

DEC DI

loop next_char

is_palindrome:

MOV AH,09H

MOV DX,OFFSET msg1

INT 21H

jmp stop

not_palindrome:

MOV AH,09H

MOV DX,OFFSET msg2

INT 21H

stop:

MOV AH,00H

INT 16H

ret

msg1 db "Palindrome!\$"

msg2 db "Not Palindrome!\$"

OUTPUT:

0700:2000 11 22 33 44 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

600 emulator screen (80x10 chars)

Not Palindrome!_

Extra Practical:

AIM:

Write an ALP to perform Fibonacci series

PROGRAM CODE:

org 100h

MOV AL, 00H

MOV SI, 2001H

MOV [SI], AL

ADD AL, 01H

MOV [SI], AL

MOV CX, [2010H]

SUB CX, 0002H

L1: MOV AL, [SI-1]

ADD AL, [SI]

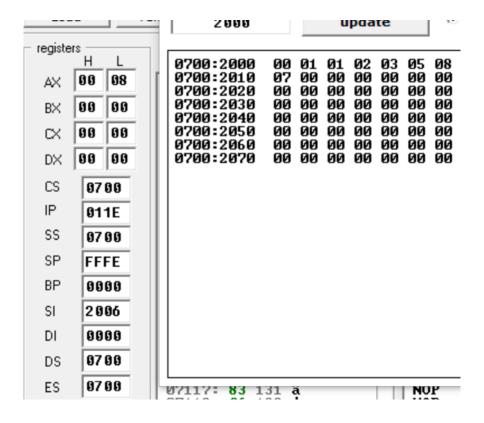
ADD SI, 01H

MOV [SI], AL

LOOP L1

HLT

Ret



PRACTICAL-5

- (a) Develop a program to interface Arduino with LED and blink led for 1second.
- (b) Develop a program to interface Input Switches and output LEDs with Arduino.

PROGRAM CODE:

(a) Develop a program to interface Arduino with LED and blink led for 1second.

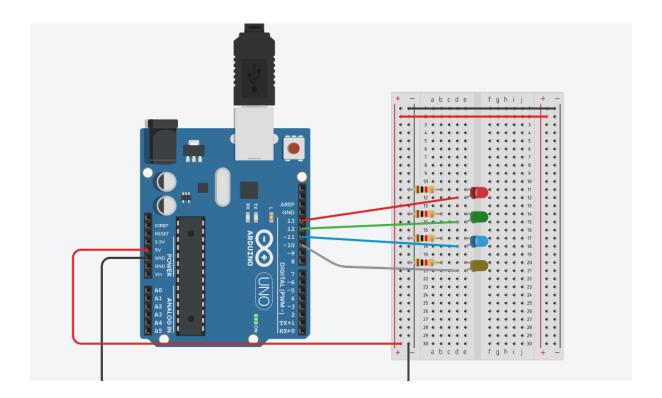
PROGRAM CODE:

```
void setup()
{
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(12,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(11,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(10,OUTPUT);
}

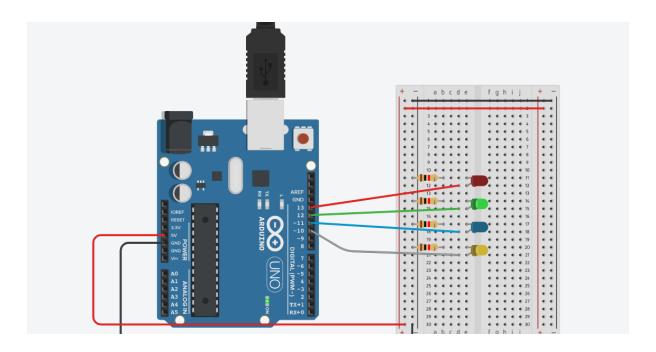
void loop()
{
  digitalWrite(12,LOW);
  digitalWrite(10,LOW);
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(11,HIGH);
```

```
delay(2000);
digitalWrite(13,LOW);
digitalWrite(11,LOW);
digitalWrite(12,HIGH);
digitalWrite(10,HIGH);
delay(2000);
}
```

OUTPUT:



Red and Blue light on

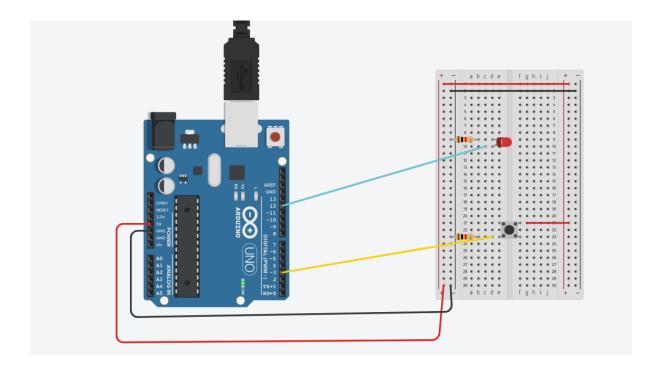


GREEN and YELLOW light on

(b) Develop a program to interface Input Switches and output LEDs with Arduino.

PROGRAM CODE:

```
int btn=0;
void setup()
 pinMode(3,INPUT);
 pinMode(12,OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
{
 btn=digitalRead(3);
 if(btn==HIGH)
 {digitalWrite(12,HIGH);
 delay(5000);
 }
 else
  digitalWrite(12,LOW);
```



PRACTICAL-6

AIM:

Interface 7 seg display with Arduino and Write a program to count and display 0 to 9 on it.

PROGRAM CODE:

```
unsigned const int A = 13;
unsigned const int B = 12;
unsigned const int C = 11;
unsigned const int D = 10;
unsigned const int E = 9;
unsigned const int F = 8;
unsigned const int G = 7;
unsigned const int H = 6;

void setup(void)
{
    pinMode(A, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(B, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(C, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(D, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(E, OUTPUT);
```

```
[CE 258] MPCO
                                                                             19DCS098
 pinMode(F, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(G, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(H, OUTPUT);
void zero(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, LOW);
 digitalWrite(B, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
void one(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, LOW);
 digitalWrite(B, LOW);
 digitalWrite(C, LOW);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, LOW);
 digitalWrite(F, LOW);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
}
```

void two(void) {

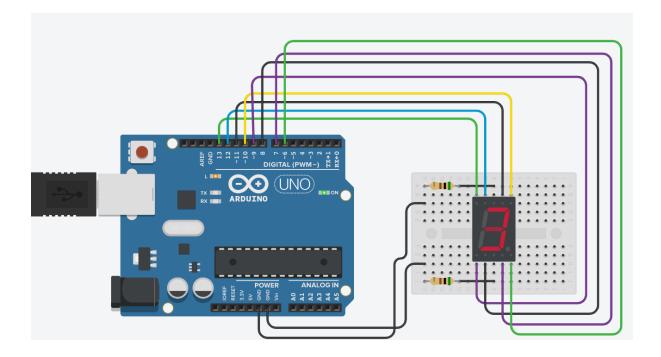
```
digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, LOW);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, LOW);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
void three(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, LOW);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, LOW);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
void four(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(C, LOW);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, LOW);
 digitalWrite(F, LOW);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
```

```
digitalWrite(H, LOW);
void five(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, LOW);
 digitalWrite(E, LOW);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
}
void six(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, LOW);
 digitalWrite(E, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
void seven(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, LOW);
 digitalWrite(B, LOW);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
```

```
digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, LOW);
 digitalWrite(F, LOW);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
}
void eight(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
void nine(void) {
 digitalWrite(A, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(B, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(C, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(D, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(E, LOW);
 digitalWrite(F, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(G, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(H, LOW);
```

```
[CE 258] MPCO
                                                                                   19DCS098
void loop(void)
{
 zero();
 delay(1000);
 one();
 delay(1000);
 two();
 delay(1000);
 three();
 delay(1000);
 four();
 delay(1000);
 five();
 delay(1000);
 six();
 delay(1000);
 seven();
 delay(1000);
 eight();
 delay(1000);
31
```

```
nine();
delay(1000);
```



PRACTICAL-7

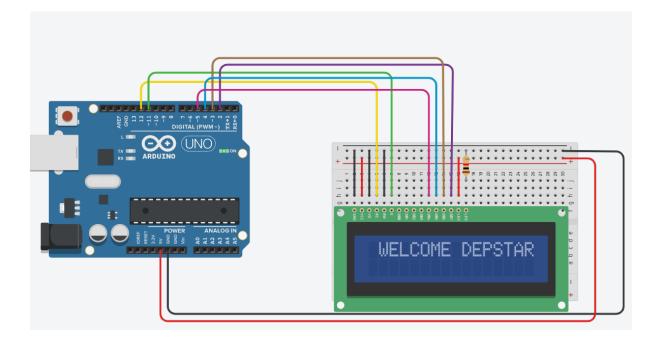
AIM:

Interface 16x2 LCD with Arduino. Write a Program to Display "WELCOME DEPSTAR".

PROGRAM CODE:

```
#include<LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(12,11,5,4,3,2);
void setup()
{
    lcd.begin(16,2);
}

void loop()
{
    lcd.setCursor(8,0);
    lcd.print("WELCOME DEPSTAR");
    lcd.scrollDisplayLeft();
    delay(1000);
}
```



PRACTICAL-8

AIM:

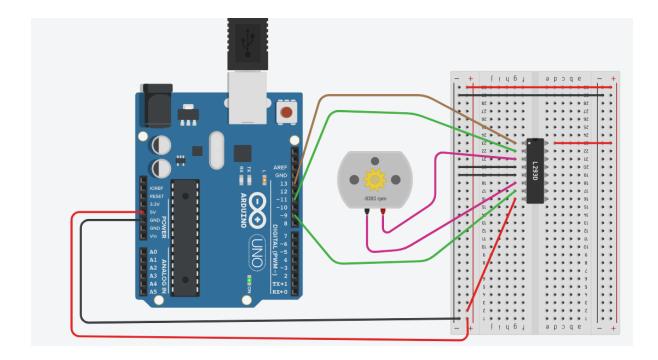
Interface Stepper motor and DC motor with Arduino and Write a Program to rotate motor into clockwise and anticlockwise.

PROGRAM CODE:

```
void setup()
{
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(11,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(9,OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(13,HIGH);
}

void loop()
{
  digitalWrite(11,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(9,LOW);
  delay(3000);
  digitalWrite(11,LOW);
  digitalWrite(9,HIGH);
  delay(3000);
```

}



PRACTICAL-9

AIM:

37

Interface Different Sensors (Ultrasonic, PIR, Temperature) with Arduino and also write a Program for one application of each sensors.

PROGRAM CODE:

ULTRASONIC SENSOR:

```
#define echoPin 3
#define triggerPin 5
#define led 13
long duration;
int distance;
int val=0;
void setup()
 pinMode(led,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(echoPin,INPUT);
 pinMode(triggerPin,OUTPUT);
 Serial.begin(4800);
 Serial.println("ULTRASONIC SENSOR TEST");
 Serial.println("WITH ARDUINO UNO3");
}
void loop()
```

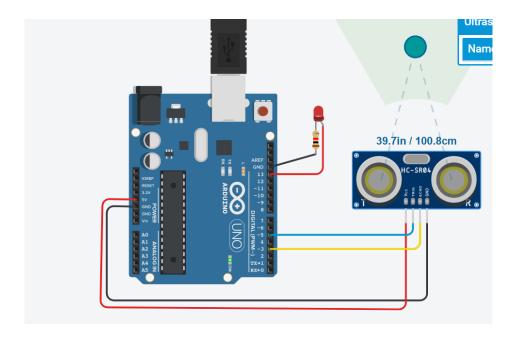
[CE 258] MPCO { digitalWrite(triggerPin,LOW); delayMicroseconds(2); digitalWrite(triggerPin,HIGH); delayMicroseconds(20); digitalWrite(triggerPin,LOW); val=digitalRead(3); duration=pulseIn(echoPin,HIGH); distance=(duration*0.034)/2; Serial.print("Distance : "); Serial.print(distance); Serial.print(" cm"); if(distance<120) { digitalWrite(led,HIGH); } else

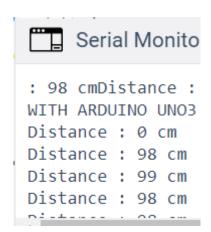
digitalWrite(led,LOW);

19DCS098

}

OUTPUT:

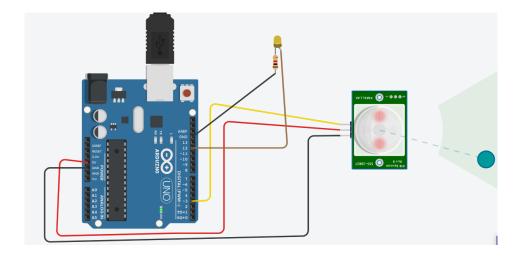




PIR SENSOR:

```
int val=0;
void setup()
{
 pinMode(12, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(3,INPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
{
 val=digitalRead(3);
 Serial.println(val);
 if(val==HIGH)
  digitalWrite(12,HIGH);
  Serial.println("Sensor Activated");
 }
 else
 {digitalWrite(12,LOW);
 Serial.println("Sensor Deactivated");
 }
```

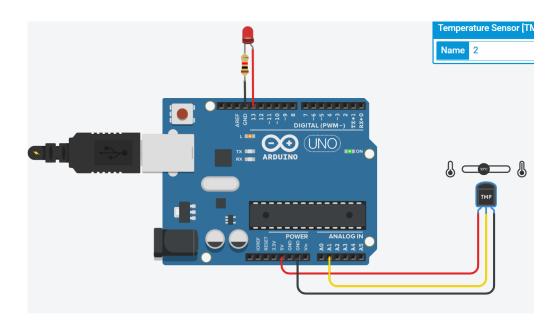
OUTPUT:



TEMPERATURE SENSOR:

```
float c,f;
void setup()
{
 pinMode(A1,INPUT);
 pinMode(13,OUTPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
{
 c=analogRead(1);
 c=c*0.0048828125;
 c=(c-0.5)*100;
 Serial.print(c);
 Serial.println(" C");
 f=(9*c)/5+32;
 Serial.print(f);
 Serial.println(" F");
 if(c \ge 20)
  digitalWrite(13,HIGH);
 else
 {
  digitalWrite(13,LOW);
```

OUTPUT:



Serial Monitor

- 33.01 C
- 91.41 F
- 33.01 C
- 91.41 F
- 33.01 C
- 91.41 F
- 33.01 C

PRACTICAL-10

AIM:

44

4 LEDs are Interfaced with Raspberry Pi. Develop a python script for Raspberry Pi to blink all LEDs with specific Time Interval.

PROGRAM CODE:

from goto import * import time import var import pio import resource import RPi.GPIO as GPIO

```
# Peripheral Configuration Code (do not edit)
```

#---CONFIG_BEGIN--- import cpu import FileStore import VFP ledpin1 = 18 ledpin2 = 19 ledpin3 = 20 ledpin4 = 12

```
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(ledpin1,GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(ledpin2,GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(ledpin3,GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(ledpin4,GPIO.OUT)
while True: try:
GPIO.output(ledpin1,GPIO.HIGH) time.sleep(1)
#GPIO.output(ledpin1,GPIO.LOW)
# time.sleep(1)
GPIO.output(ledpin2,GPIO.HIGH) time.sleep(1)
#GPIO.output(ledpin2,GPIO.LOW)
\#time.sleep(1)
GPIO.output(ledpin3,GPIO.HIGH) time.sleep(1)
# GPIO.output(ledpin3,GPIO.LOW)
# time.sleep(1)
GPIO.output(ledpin4,GPIO.HIGH) time.sleep(1)
```

except:

print("Some Error!")

finally:

GPIO.cleanup()

PRACTICAL-11

AIM:

A 16 * 2 LCD is interfaced with Raspberry Pi. Develop a python script for Raspberry Pi to display the string on LCD. E.g., "Welcome to Charusat".

PROGRAM CODE:

import RPi.GPIO as GPIO import time

 $LCD_RS = 7$

 $LCD_E = 8$

 $LCD_D4 = 25$

 $LCD_D5 = 24$

 $LCD_D6 = 23$

 $LCD_D7 = 18$

Define some device constants

LCD_WIDTH = 16 # Maximum characters per line

LCD_CHR = True

```
LCD\_CMD = False
```

```
LCD_LINE_1 = 0x80 \# LCD RAM  address for the 1st line
LCD_LINE_2 = 0xC0 \# LCD RAM  address for the 2nd line
# Timing constants
E_PULSE = 0.0005
E DELAY = 0.0005
def main():
# Main program block
GPIO.setwarnings(False)
      GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM) # Use BCM GPIO numbers
GPIO.setup(LCD_E, GPIO.OUT) # E
GPIO.setup(LCD_RS, GPIO.OUT) # RS
GPIO.setup(LCD_D4, GPIO.OUT) # DB4
GPIO.setup(LCD_D5, GPIO.OUT) # DB5
GPIO.setup(LCD_D6, GPIO.OUT) # DB6
GPIO.setup(LCD_D7, GPIO.OUT) # DB7
# Initialise display lcd_init()
while True:
# Send some test lcd_string("Welcome to",LCD_LINE_1)
lcd_string("Charusat",LCD_LINE_2)
```

```
time.sleep(2)
def lcd_init(): # Initialise display
lcd_byte(0x33,LCD_CMD) # 110011 Initialise lcd_byte(0x32,LCD_CMD) # 110010
Initialise lcd_byte(0x06,LCD_CMD) # 000110 Cursor move direction
lcd byte(0x0C,LCD CMD) # 001100 Display On, Cursor Off, Blink Off
lcd byte(0x28,LCD CMD) # 101000 Data length, number of lines, font size
lcd_byte(0x01,LCD_CMD) # 000001 Clear display time.sleep(E_DELAY)
def lcd_byte(bits, mode):
# Send byte to data pins
# bits = data
# mode = True for character
       #
             False for command
GPIO.output(LCD_RS, mode) # RS
# High bits
GPIO.output(LCD_D4, False)
GPIO.output(LCD_D5, False)
GPIO.output(LCD_D6, False)
GPIO.output(LCD_D7, False)
if bits \&0x10 = =0x10:
GPIO.output(LCD_D4, True)
if bits \&0x20 = =0x20:
GPIO.output(LCD_D5, True)
if bits \&0x40 = =0x40:
GPIO.output(LCD_D6, True)
if bits \&0x80 = =0x80:
```

```
[CE 258] MPCO
GPIO.output(LCD_D7, True)
# Toggle 'Enable' pin lcd_toggle_enable()
# Low bits
GPIO.output(LCD_D4, False)
GPIO.output(LCD_D5, False)
GPIO.output(LCD_D6, False)
GPIO.output(LCD_D7, False)
if bits \&0x01 = 0x01:
GPIO.output(LCD_D4, True)
if bits&0x02 == 0x02:
GPIO.output(LCD_D5, True)
if bits \&0x04 = 0x04:
GPIO.output(LCD_D6, True)
if bits \&0x08 = =0x08:
GPIO.output(LCD_D7, True)
# Toggle 'Enable' pin lcd_toggle_enable()
def lcd_toggle_enable(): # Toggle enable
time.sleep(E_DELAY)
GPIO.output(LCD_E, True)
time.sleep(E_PULSE)
GPIO.output(LCD_E, False)
time.sleep(E_DELAY)
def lcd_string(message,line):
```

19DCS098

Send string to display

```
message = message.ljust(LCD_WIDTH," ")
lcd_byte(line, LCD_CMD)
for i in range(LCD_WIDTH):
lcd_byte(ord(message[i]),LCD_CHR)

    if name == ' main ':
try:
main()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
pass
finally:
lcd_byte(0x01, LCD_CMD)
lcd_string("Goodbye!",LCD_LINE_1)
GPIO.cleanup()
```