

* ML Assignment *

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* Subject code & Name: ECS344J machine Learning.

Q Explain Random Forest Algorithm

=> Random Forest is a supervised learning algorithm

=> This algorithm is majorly used in :-
(1) Classification Problems

(2) Regression Problems

=> Random Forest Algorithm can handle both : (1) Continuous Variables
(Case of Regression)

(2) Categorical Variables
(Case of classification)

=> Here, the forest it builds, is an ensemble of decision trees, usually trained with "bagging method"

=> Here, ensemble means combining multiple models.

⇒ Bagging means creating a different training set (subset) from sample training data with replacement and the final output is based on majority voting.

⇒ In simple term, Random forest constructs multiple decision trees and merges them together to get a more accurate and stable prediction.

→ Random forest add randomness to the model while growing the tree.

* Steps involved in the Algorithm:-

- (1) In Random forest, n number of random records are taken from the data set, having K number of records.
- (2) Individual decision trees are constructed for each sample.
- (3) Each decision tree will generate an output.
- (4) Final output is considered based on Majority Voting or Averaging.

* Important Hyperparameters used:-

* To increase predictive Power:

(1) n-estimators → no. of trees the algo. builds before averaging

(2) max-features → max. number of features
Random forest considers splitting a node

(3) mini-sample-leaf → determines the minimum number of leaves required to split an internal node.

* To increase speed:-

(1) n-jobs → tells how many processors allowed to use.

(2) random-state → controls randomness of the sample

(3) oob-score → means out of bag; a cross validation method

⇒ This algorithm is used in a lot of different fields, like banking, stock market, medicine, e-commerce, etc.