ZF15697 Calculus in Engineering, Spring 2021 School of BioMedical Convergence Engineering, PNU Apr. 22. 10:00 - 11:30

## I. REMARK

- You are permitted on one page of notes.
- There are a total of 100 points in the exam.
- You must SHOW YOUR WORK to get full credit.

## II. PROBLEM SET

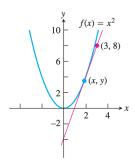
1) The function f(x) is given as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - x^2, & x \le 0\\ \frac{1}{2}x + 4, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

- a) Graph the function f(x).
- b) Graph the function  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}f(-2(x-3))$ .
- c) The function f(x) is one-to-one? If then, what is the inverse of the function? Graph the function  $f^{-1}(x)$ . (if f(x) is not one-to-one, you don't need to find and draw  $f^{1}(x)$ .
- 2) Prove the limit statements (You must use the definition of limit !!!).

$$\lim_{x \to 3} (x - 1)^2 = 4$$

3) Find all points (x, y) on the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  with tangent lines passing through the point (3, 8).



4) The function f(x) is given as

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3x - 2}$$

Show that  $f'(x) = -3f^2(x)$ .

5) The height of a body moving vertically is given by

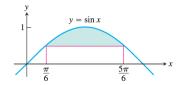
$$s = -\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + v_0t + s_0, \quad g > 0.$$

On what invervals is s increasing or decreasing? Find the body's maximum height.

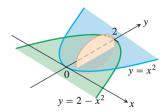
6) Show that

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} (1 + \frac{r}{k})^k = e^r.$$

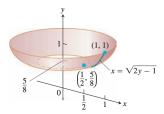
7) Find the area of the shaded regions.



8) The solid lies between planes perpendicular to the x-axis at x=-1 and x=1. The cross-sections perpendicular to the x-axis are circular disks whose diameters run from the parabola  $y=x^2$  to the parabola  $y=2-x^2$ .



9) Find the area of the surfaces generated by revolving the curves about the y-axis.



10) When  $a{=}1$ , find the centroid  $(\bar{x},\bar{y})$  of the given shaded area

