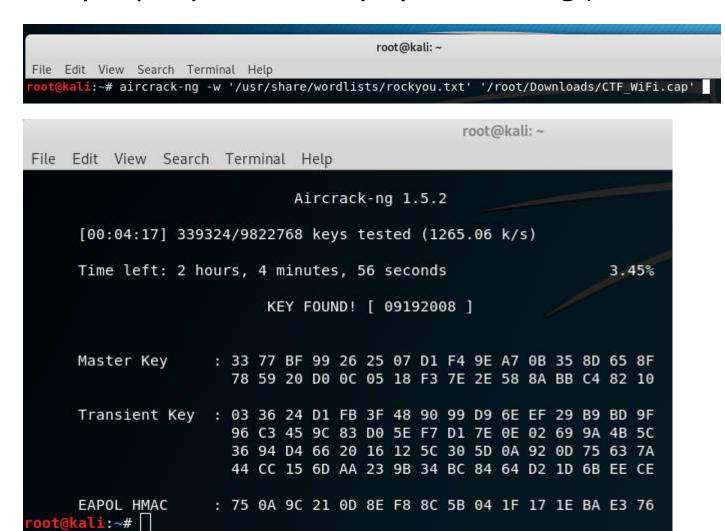
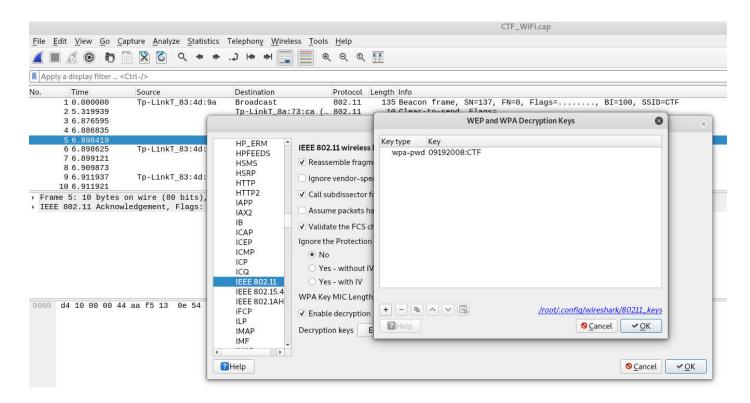
Krok 1: odwrócenie hasha WPA. albo poprzez domyślny wordlist w Kali albo najprostszą maskę ?d?d?d?d?d?d?d w hashcat -m2500 po wcześniejszym eksporcie handshake.

Klasyka podpowiada zwykły aircrack-ng:)



Krok 2: odszyfrowanie ruchu wersja A



Krok 2: odszyfrowanie ruchu wersja B:

```
root@kali:~# airdecap-ng -e CTF -p 09192008 CTF WiFi.cap
Total number of stations seen
Total number of packets read
                                       1000
Total number of WEP data packets
                                          0
Total number of WPA data packets
                                        401
Number of plaintext data packets
                                          0
Number of decrypted WEP
                          packets
                                          0
Number of corrupted WEP
                                          0
Number of decrypted WPA
                          packets
                                         314
Number of bad TKIP (WPA) packets
                                          0
Number of bad CCMP (WPA) packets
                                          0
 oot@kali:~#
```

Krok 3: odnalezienie zawartości w ruchu ftp

	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info	
172	38.798801	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	TCP	66 1548 → 26621 [SYN] S	eq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
173	38.799301	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP	66 26621 → 1548 [SYN, A	CK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PE
174	38.800848	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	TCP	54 1548 → 26621 [ACK] Se	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=17408 Len=0
175	38.802384	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	TCP	54 [TCP Window Update] :	1548 → 26621 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=4194304 Len=0
177	38.812624	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	(PASV) (STOR CTF2019.jpg)
178	38.814672	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	(PASV) (STOR CTF2019.jpg)
179	38.815173	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP	54 26621 → 1548 [ACK] Se	eq=1 Ack=1461 Win=32120 Len=0
180	38.815686	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP		eq=1 Ack=2921 Win=35040 Len=0
181	38.817233	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	(PASVA (STOP CTERATO TOTA)
182	38.818258	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	(Mark/Unmark Packet
	38.818757	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP	54 26621 → 1548 [ACK] Se	' Idnore/Unidnore Packet I
	38.818769	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	
	38.818769	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	
	38.819269	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP	54 26621 → 1548 [ACK] Se	
	38.819793	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	` Packet Comment
188	38.820817	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	(I
189	38.821841	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	
190	38.821841	192.168.1.195	192.168.1.1	FTP-D	1514 FTP Data: 1460 bytes	(Edit Resolved Name
191	38.829509	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP	54 26621 → 1548 [ACK] Se	
	38.830533	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.195	TCP	54 26621 → 1548 [ACK] Se	eq: Apply as Filter
193	38 R30533	192 168 1 1	197 168 1 195	TCP	54 26621 → 1548 [ACK] S	Prepare a Filter
ame 181: 1514 bytes on wire (12112 bits), 1514 bytes captured (12112 bits)						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
hernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_1f:66:c9 (7c:e9:d3:1f:66:c9), Dst: Tp-LinkT_83:4d:9a (f8:1a:67:83:4d:9a)						Oa) Conversation Filter
ternet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.195, Dst: 192.168.1.1						Colorize Conversation
ansmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1548, Dst Port: 26621, Seq: 2921, Ack: 1, Len: 1460						SCTP +
Source Port: 1548						
Destination Port: 26621					Follow TCP Stream	

Krok 4: eksport obrazka

Internet Protocol Version

Transmission Control Prot

f8 1a 67 83 4d 9a 7c e9

05 dc 2a e3 40 00 80 06

01 01 06 0c 67 fd c4 2a

40 00 3f 3f 00 00 20 20

20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20

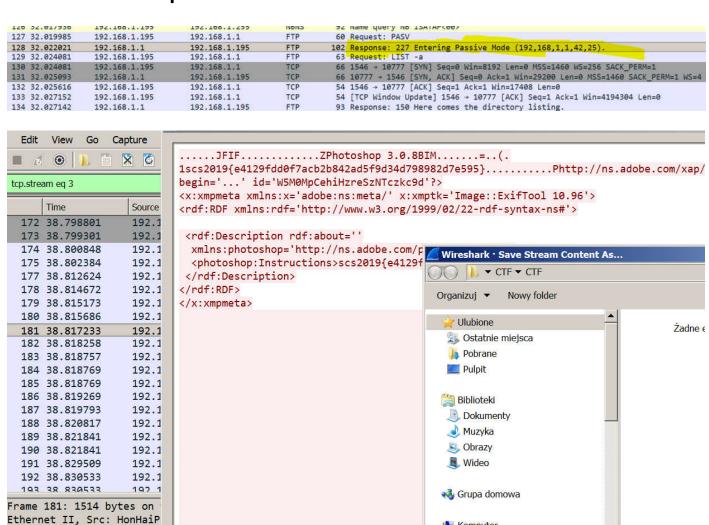
58 client pkts, 0 server pkts, 0 turns,

Entire conversation (83 kB)

Find:

Source Port: 1548 Destination Port: 2662:

9



Komputer

Ukryj foldery

Duck lokalny (C.)

Nazwa pliku: CTF.jpg

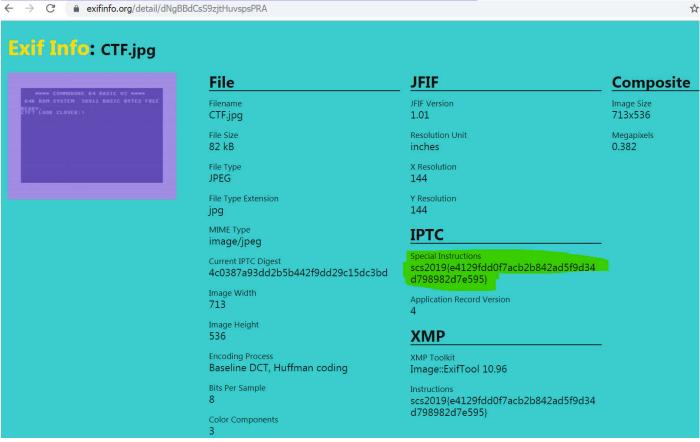
Zapisz jako typ: All Files (*)

Krok 5: Metadane w pliku

```
**** COMMODORE 64 BASIC U2 ****

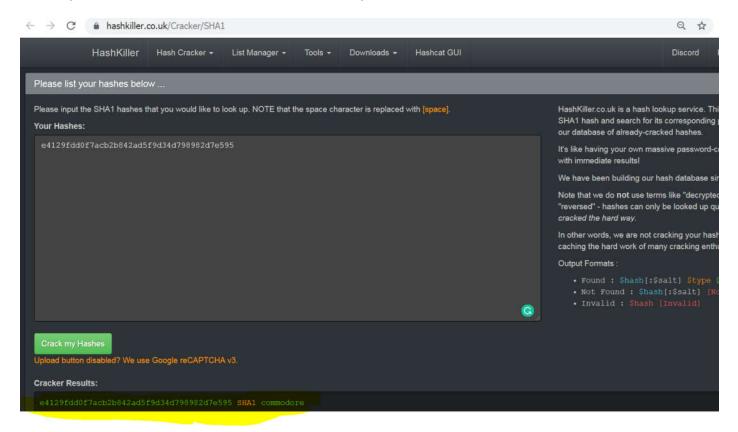
64K RAM SYSTEM 38911 BASIC BYTES FREE

READY.
CTF? LOOK CLOSER:)
```



Krok 6: Odwrócenie hasha

 $scs 2019 \{e4129fdd0f7acb2b842ad5f9d34d798982d7e595\}$



Krok7: commodore

:)

Konrad Jędrzejczyk