

Principles of Computer Systems: Naming

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Introduction



A name is a way to refer to a resource

network arch. lab

0x12aadd

0x1348ad

0x12aadd

Zeinab Shmeis

PhD student

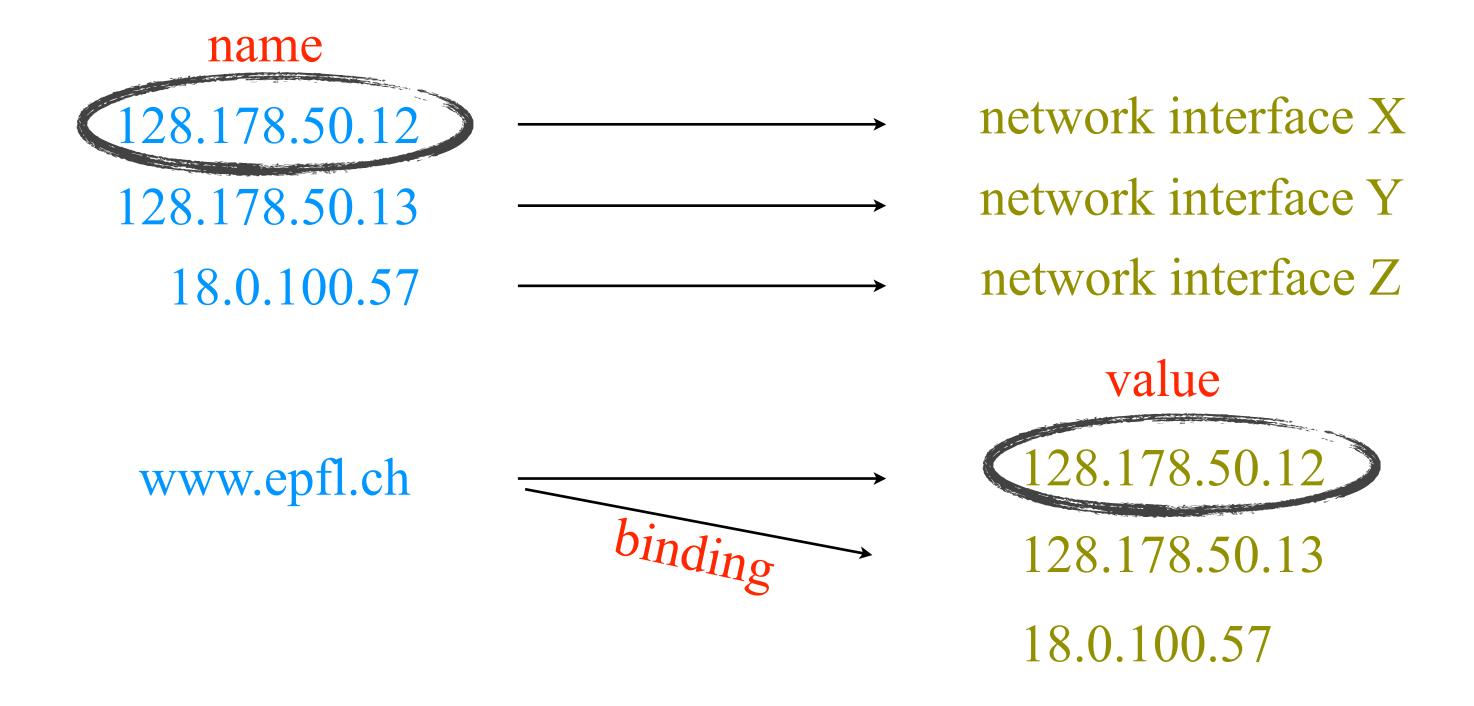
enrolled 2018

0x1348ad

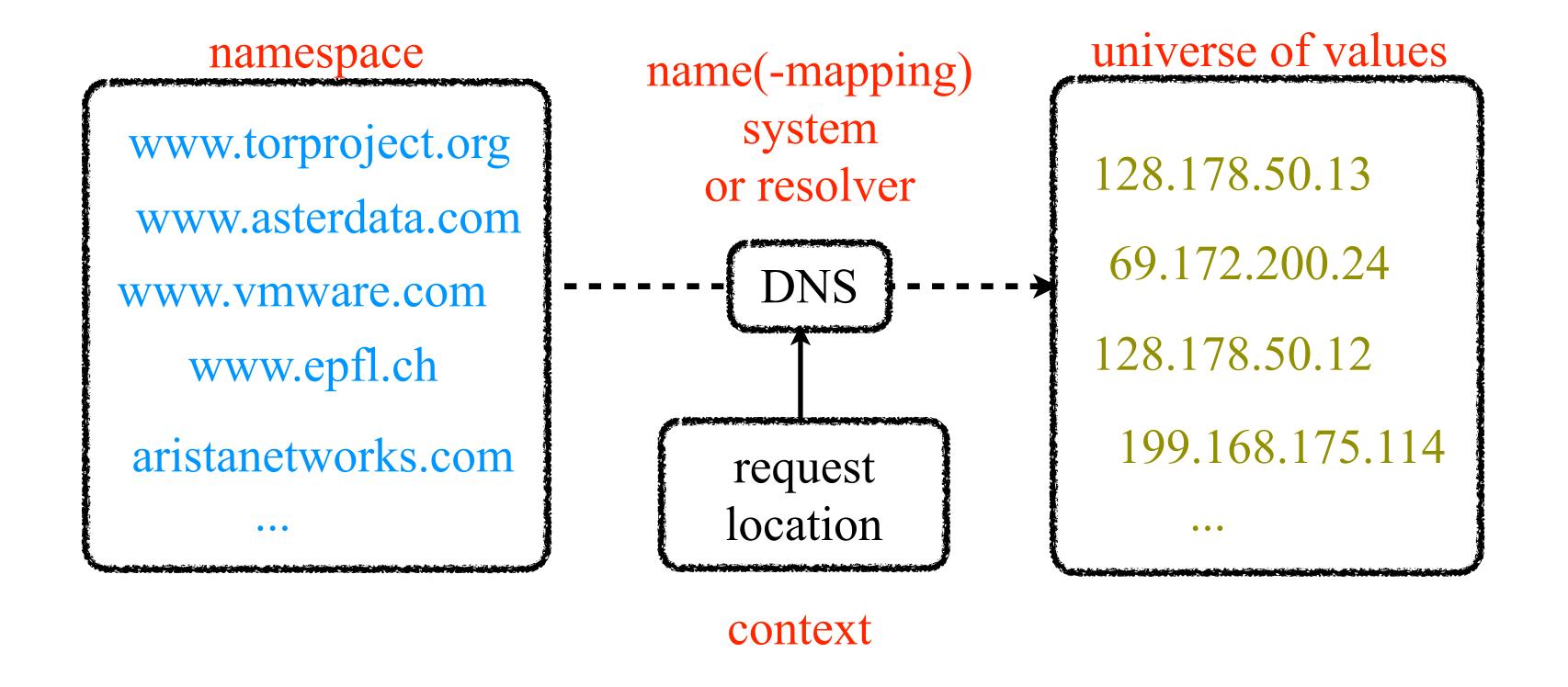
Zhiyong Zhang visiting student

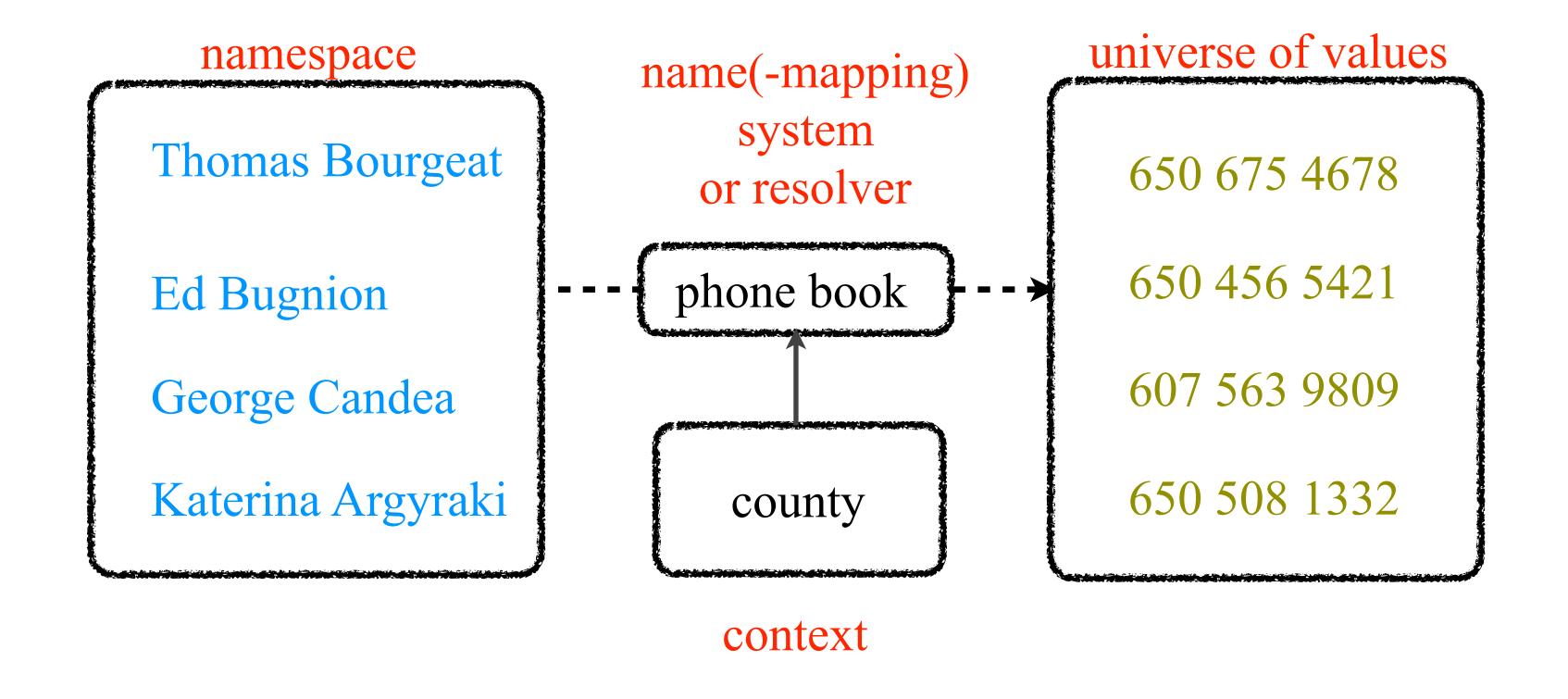
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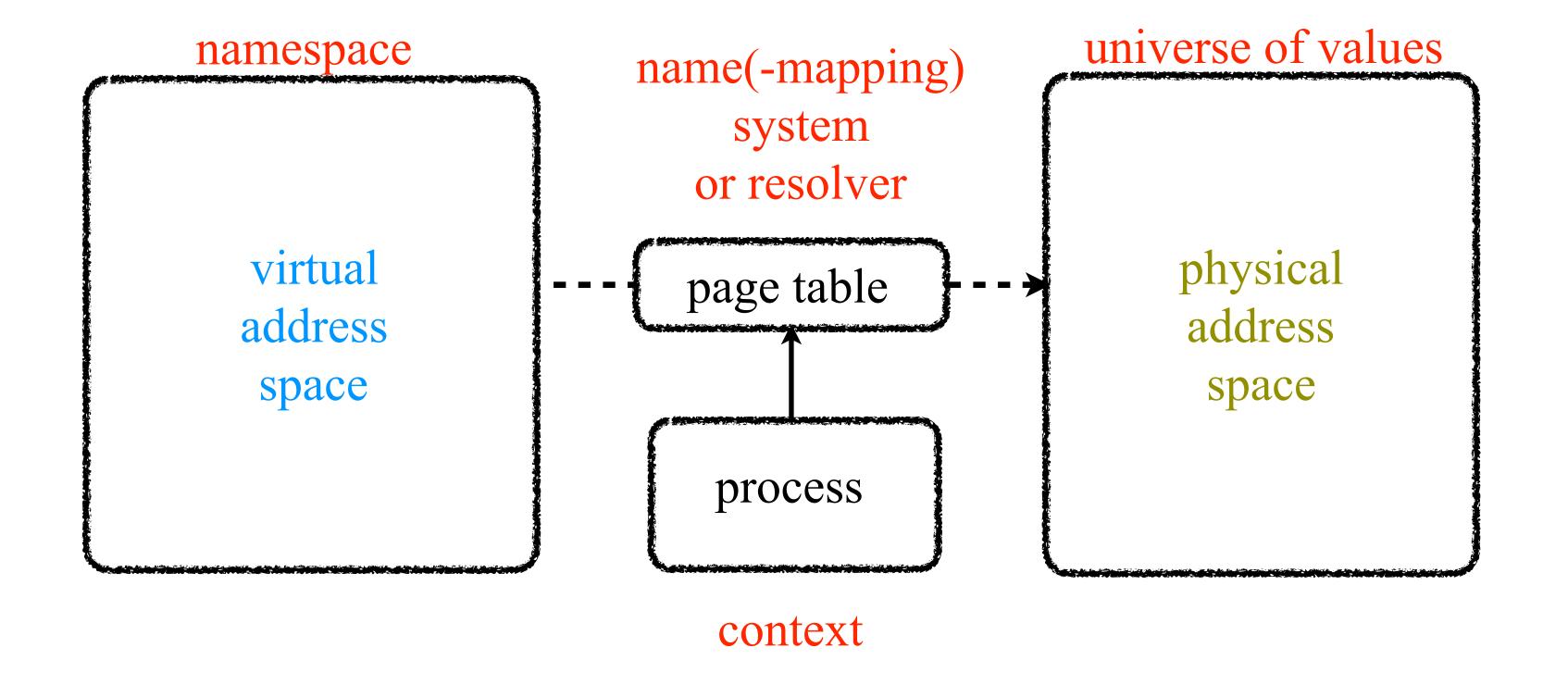
For efficient communication and organization



For indirection





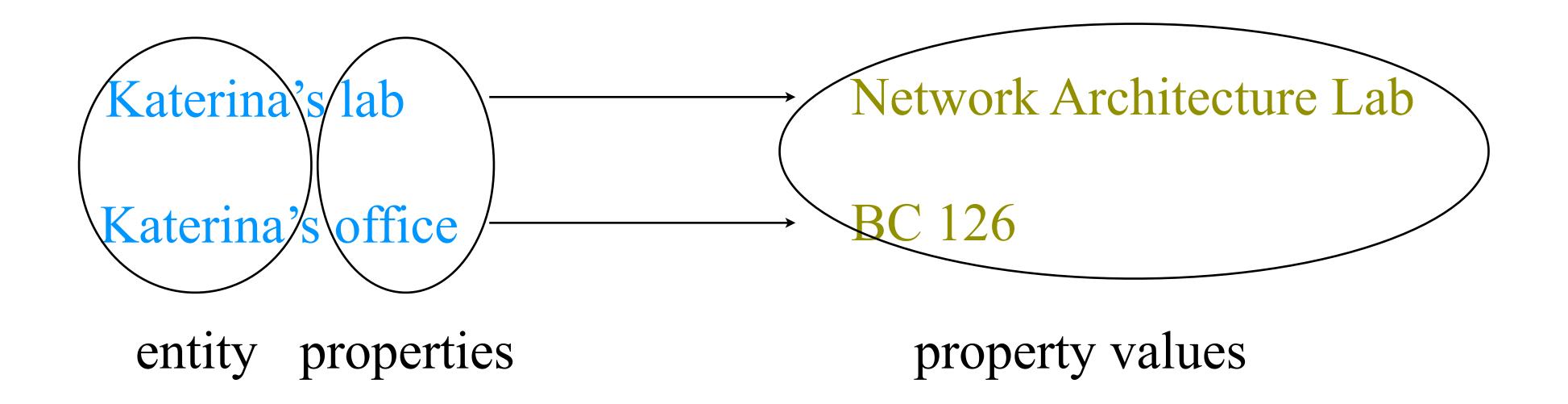


Name types

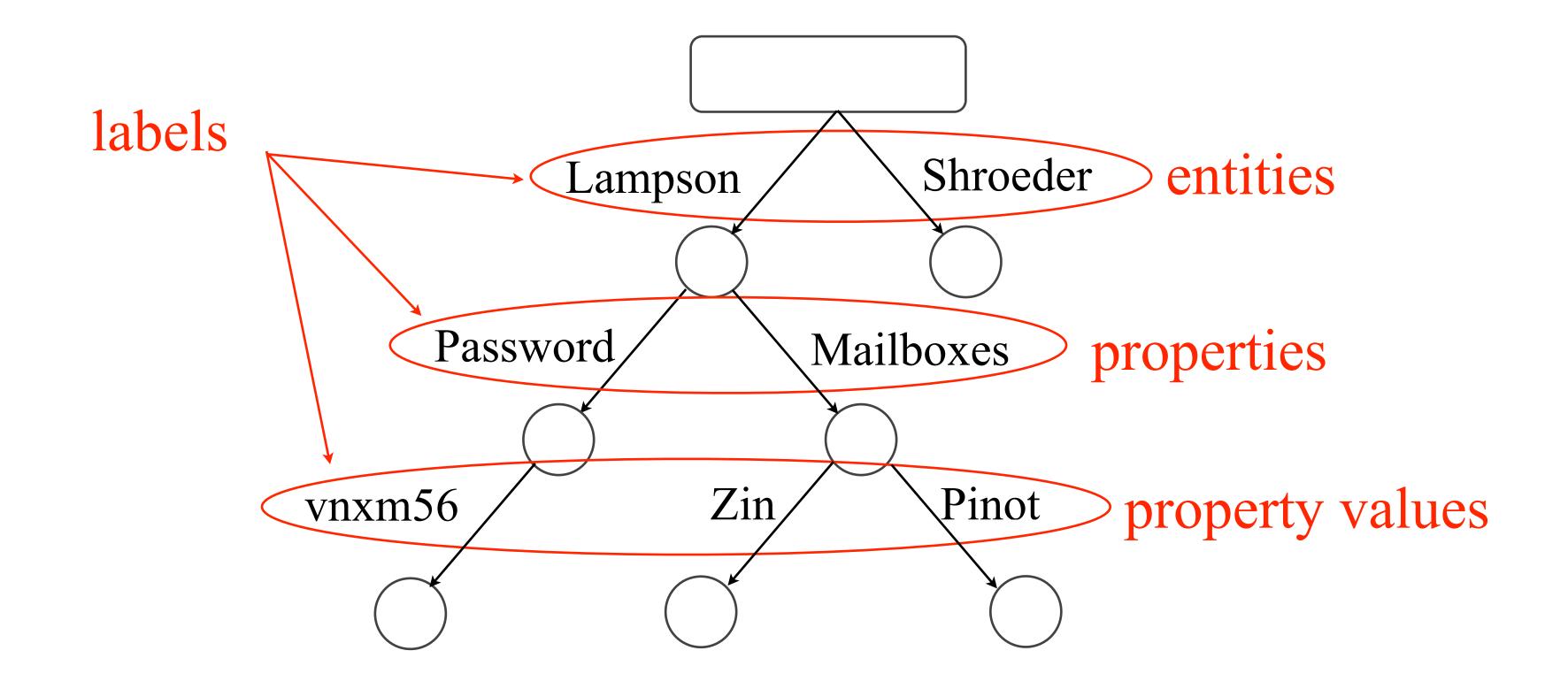
- Private: unique within a context
 - e.g., a private IP address is unique within an organization
- Global: unique across contexts
 - e.g., a global IP address is unique within the Internet

- Hierarchical: name relationship implies value relationship
 - e.g., two IP addresses sharing the same prefix
- Flat: name relationship implies nothing
 - e.g., content IDs in Peer-to-Peer networks

Designing a Global Name Service

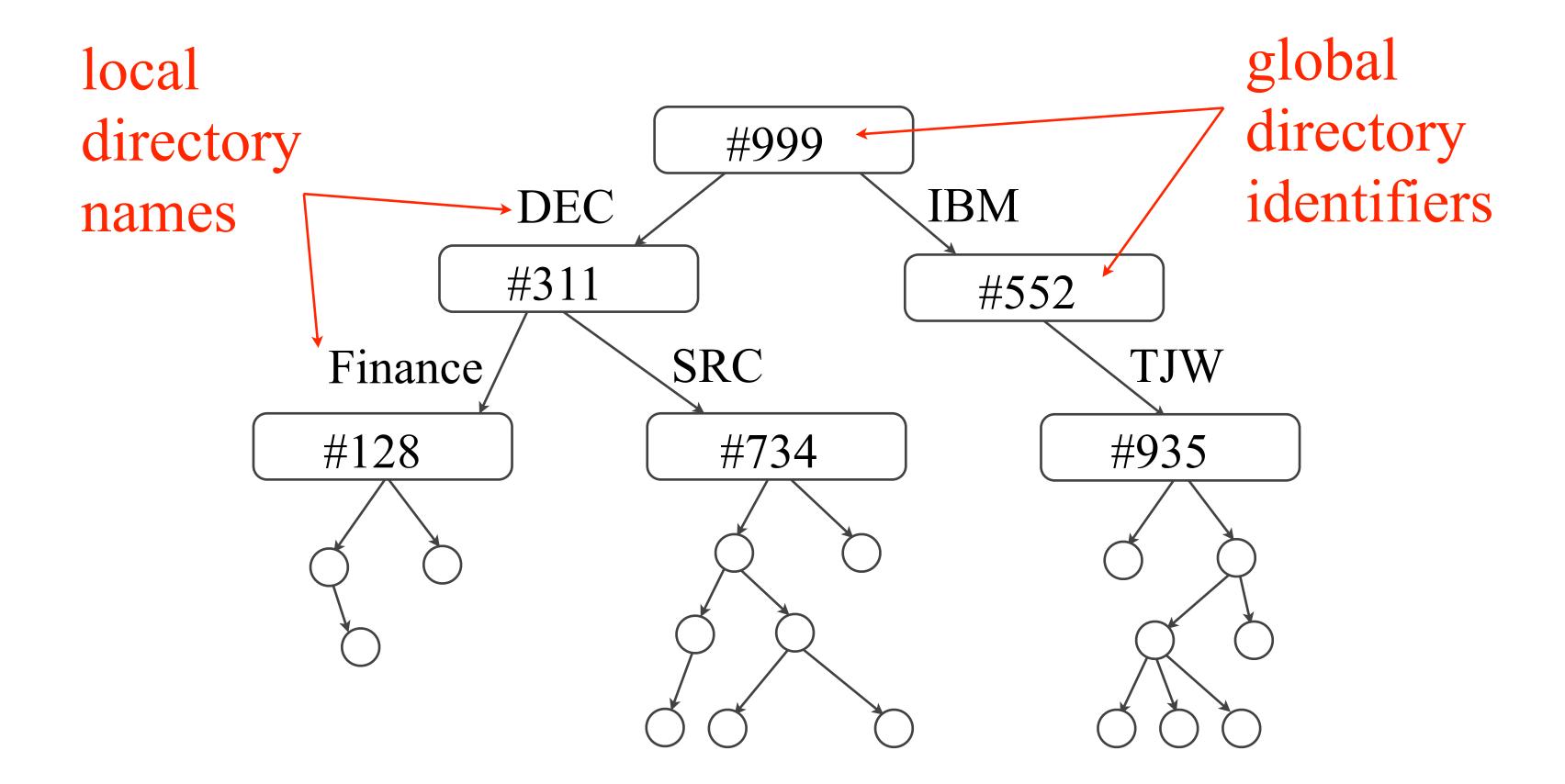


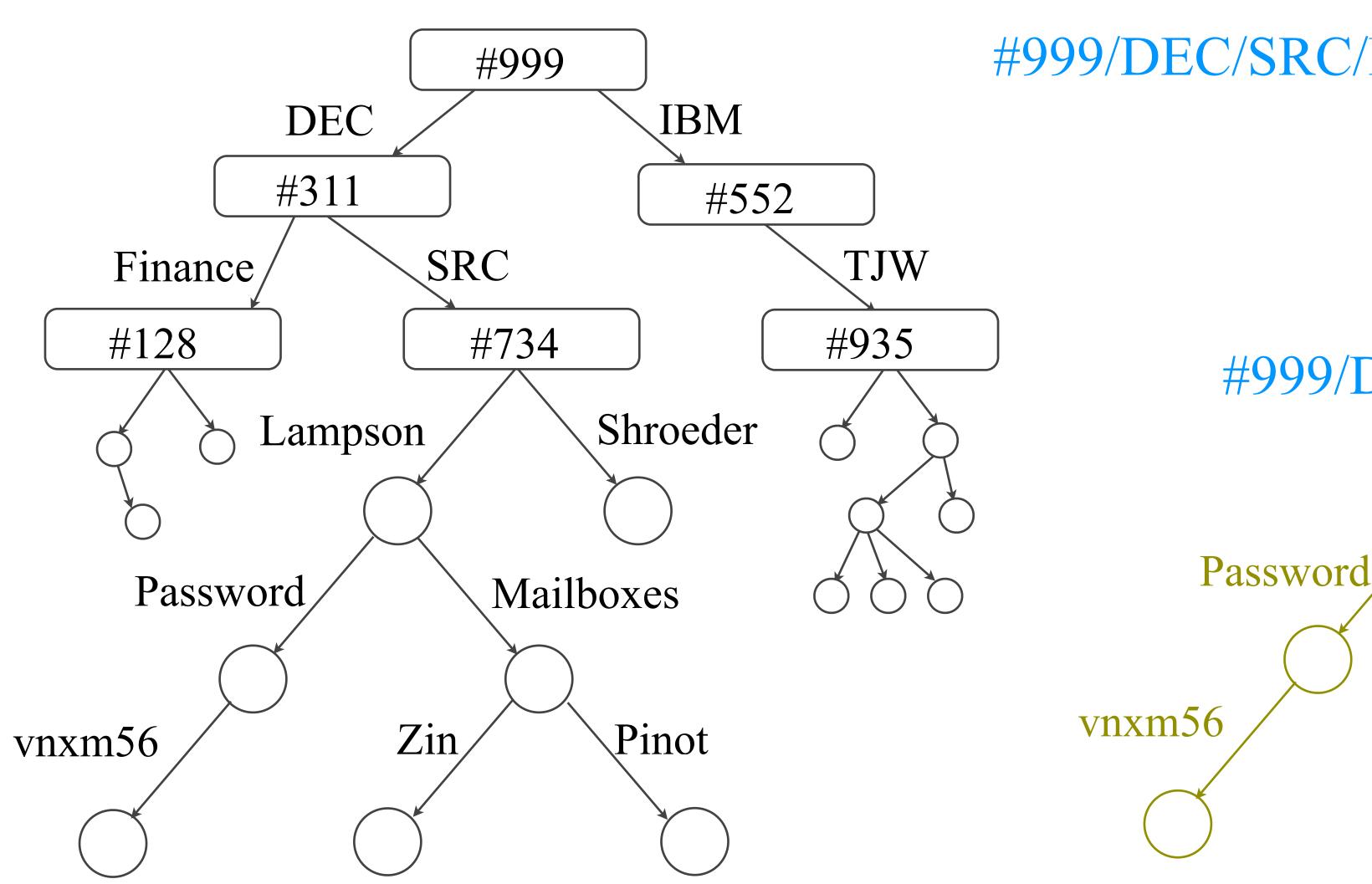
- A name service maps names to values
- In this paper, a name is hierarchical, typically consisting of an entity and a property



Design goal #1: scalability

 Must support an arbitrary number of names + administrative organizations

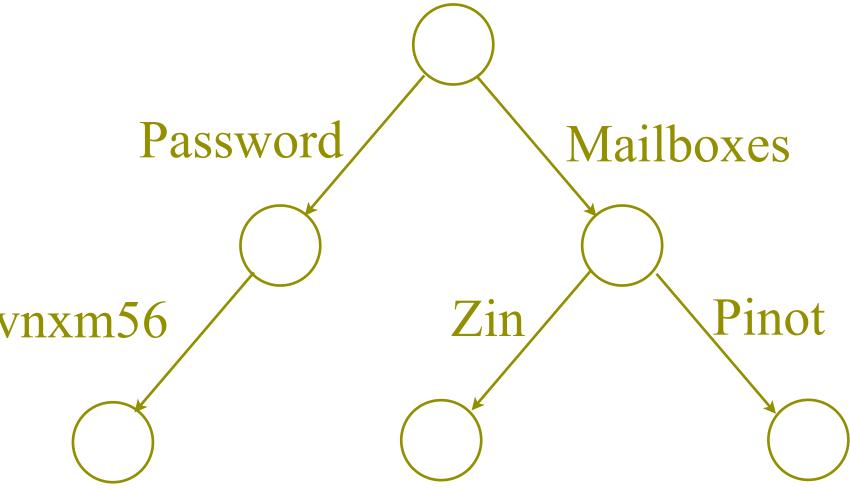




#999/DEC/SRC/Lampson/Password

vnxm56

#999/DEC/SRC/Lampson

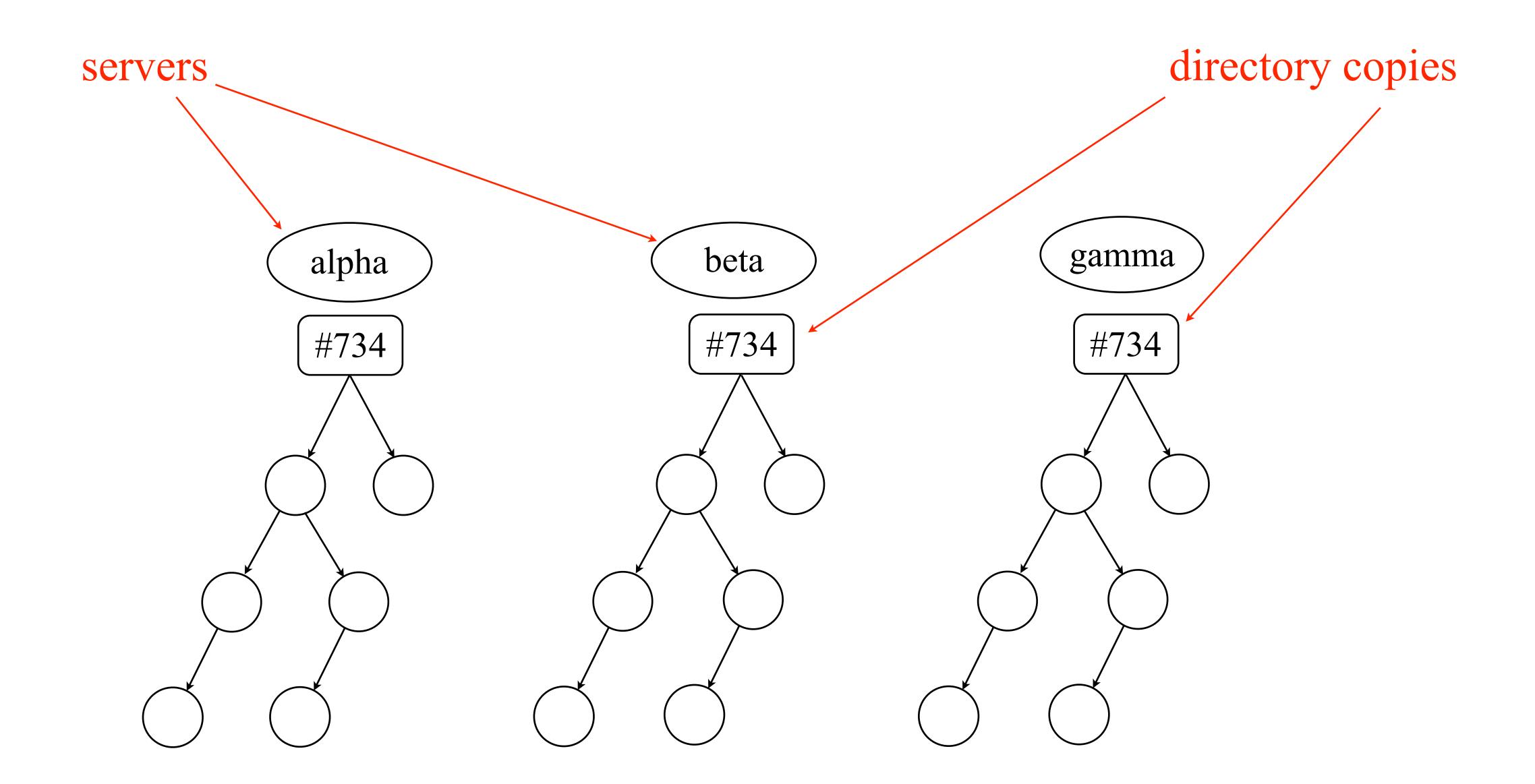


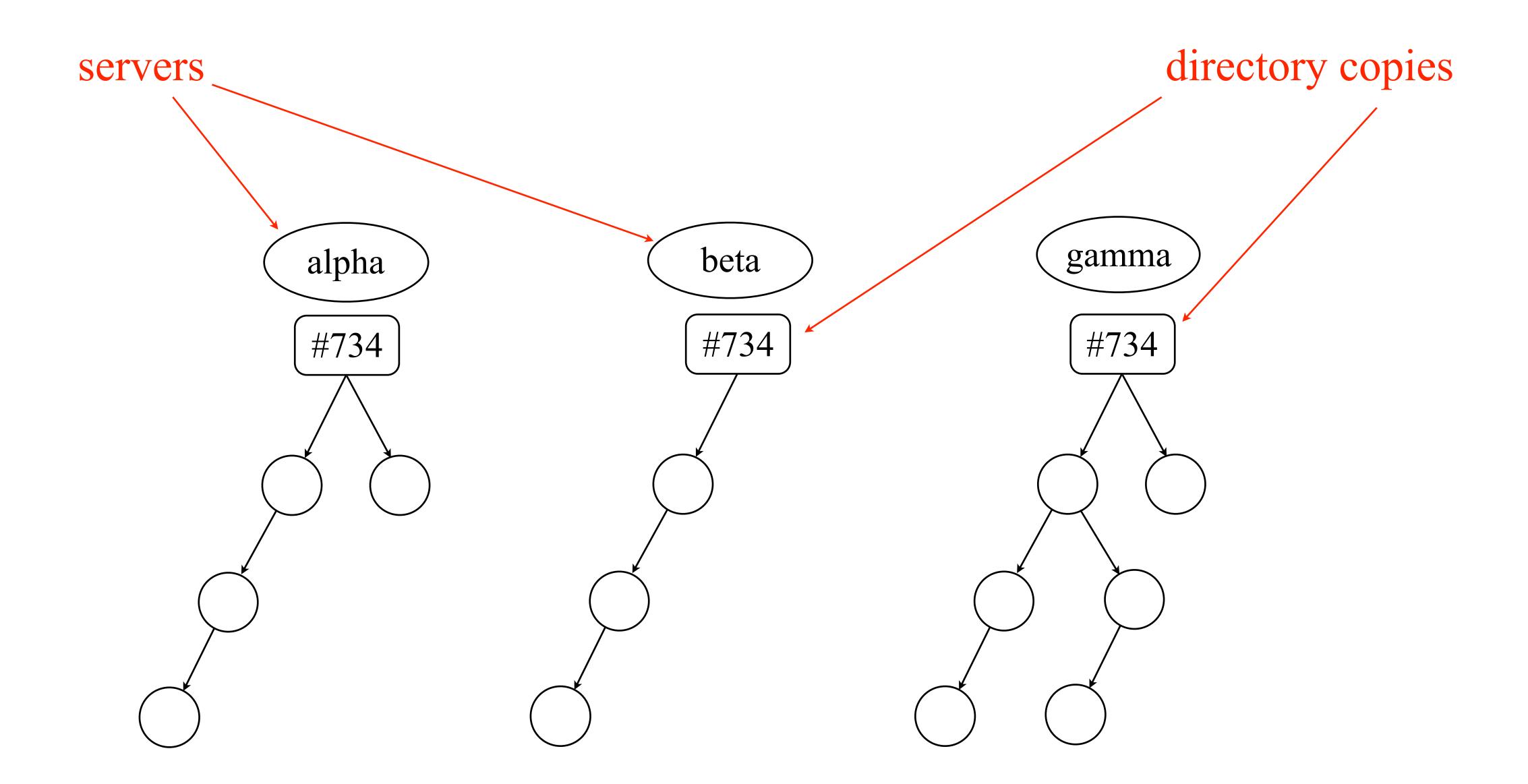
Design goal #1: scalability

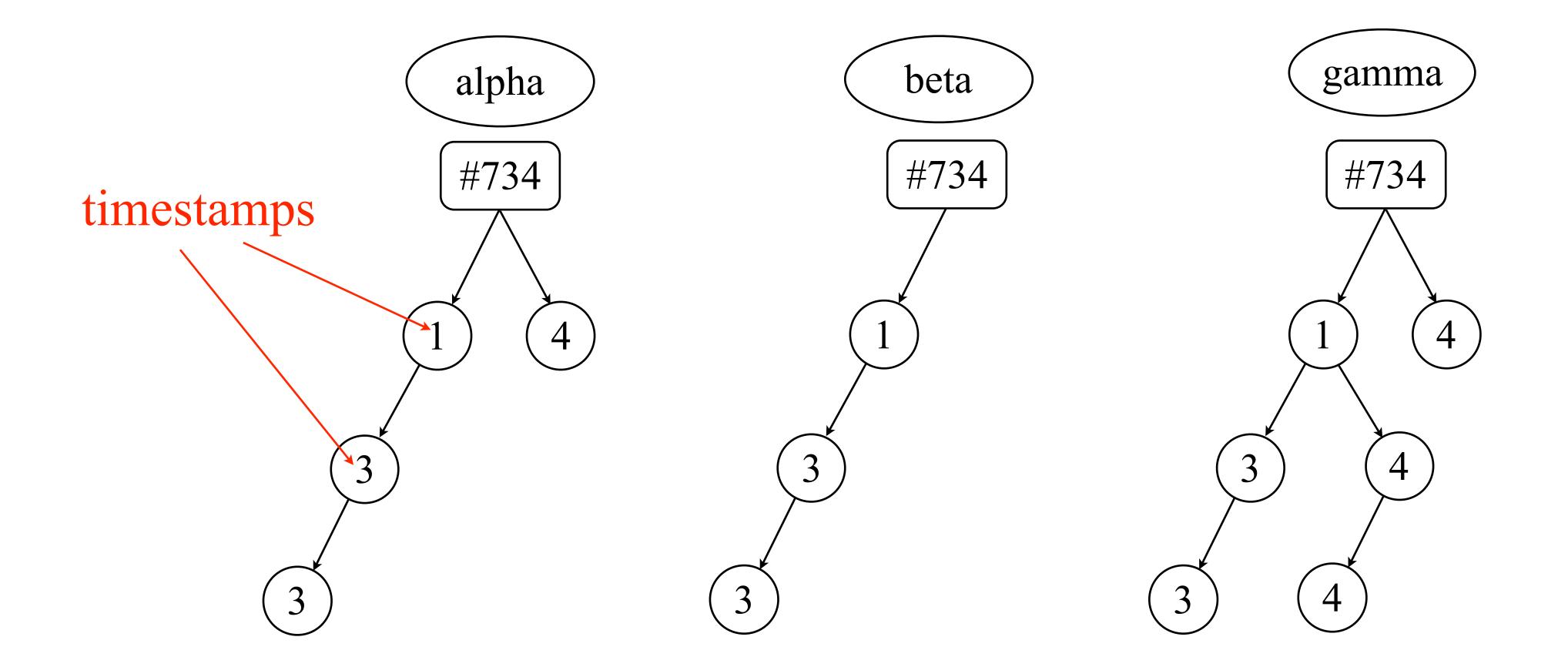
• Achieved through a hierarchy of directories, each potentially owned by a different entity, each with a private namespace

Design goal #2: fault tolerance

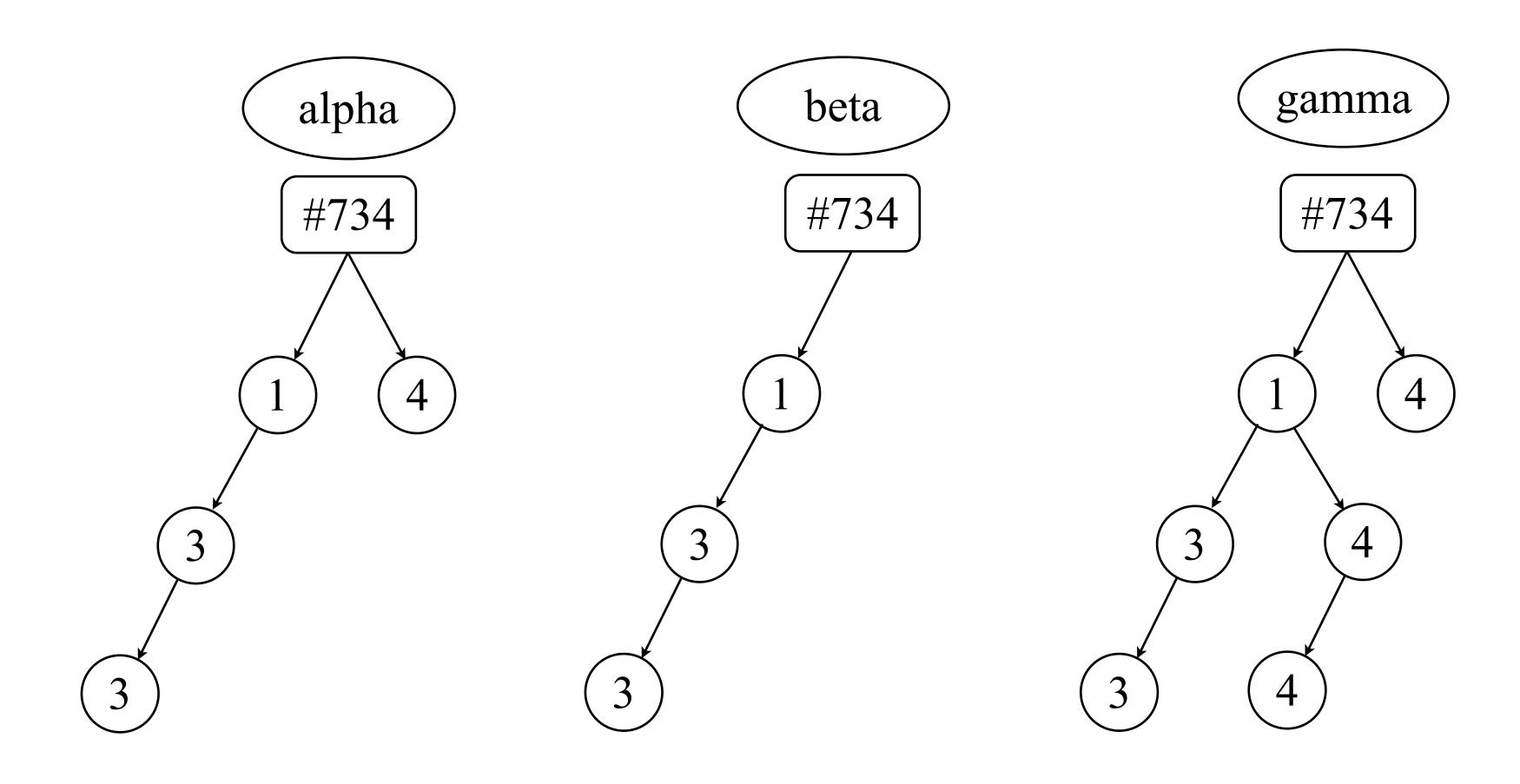
• The service should offer the same functionality even if N of its servers fail



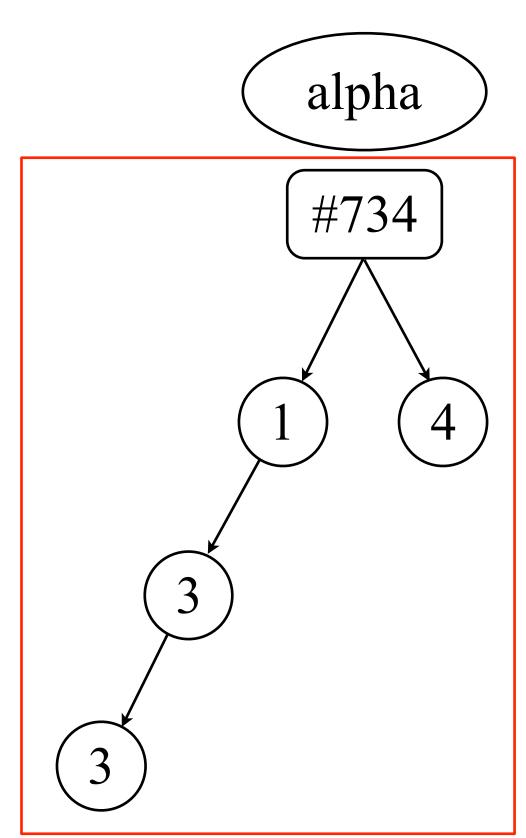




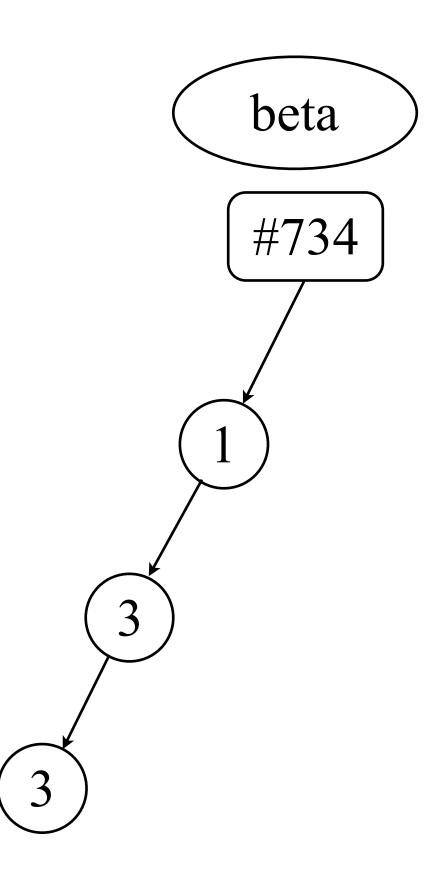


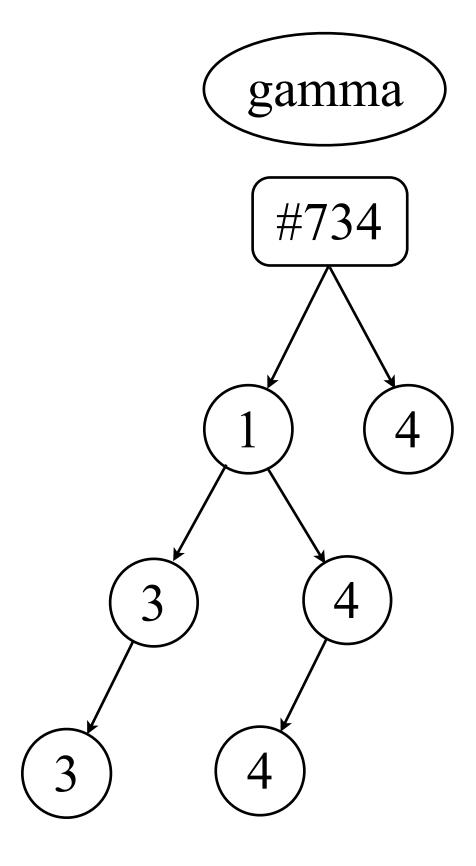


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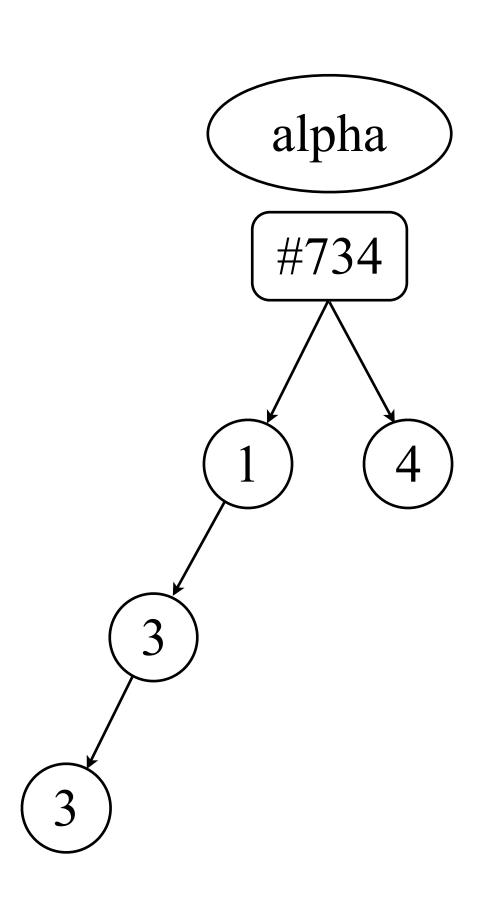


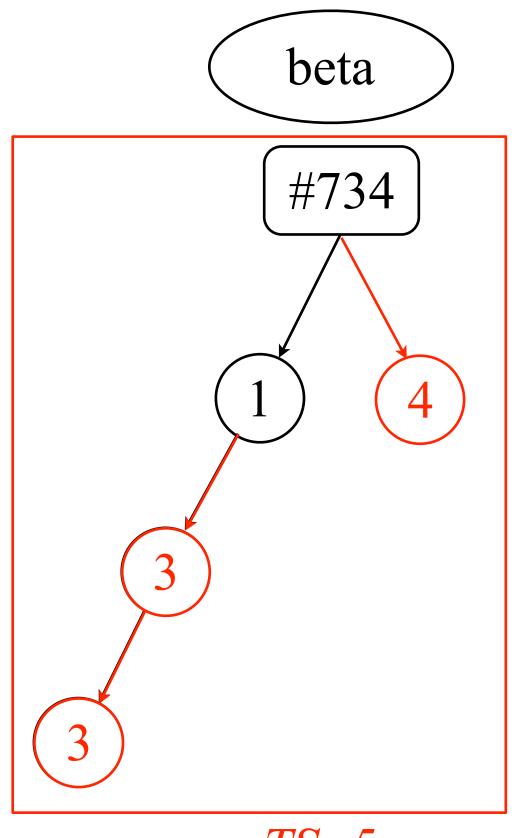
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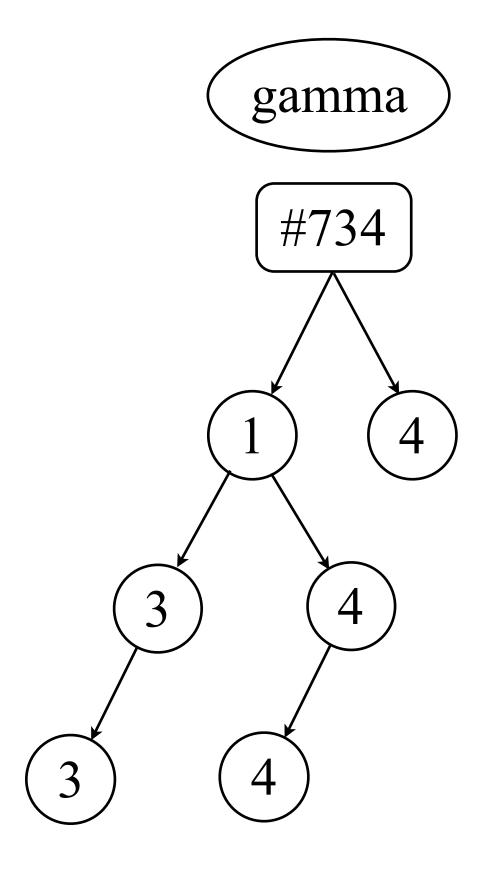






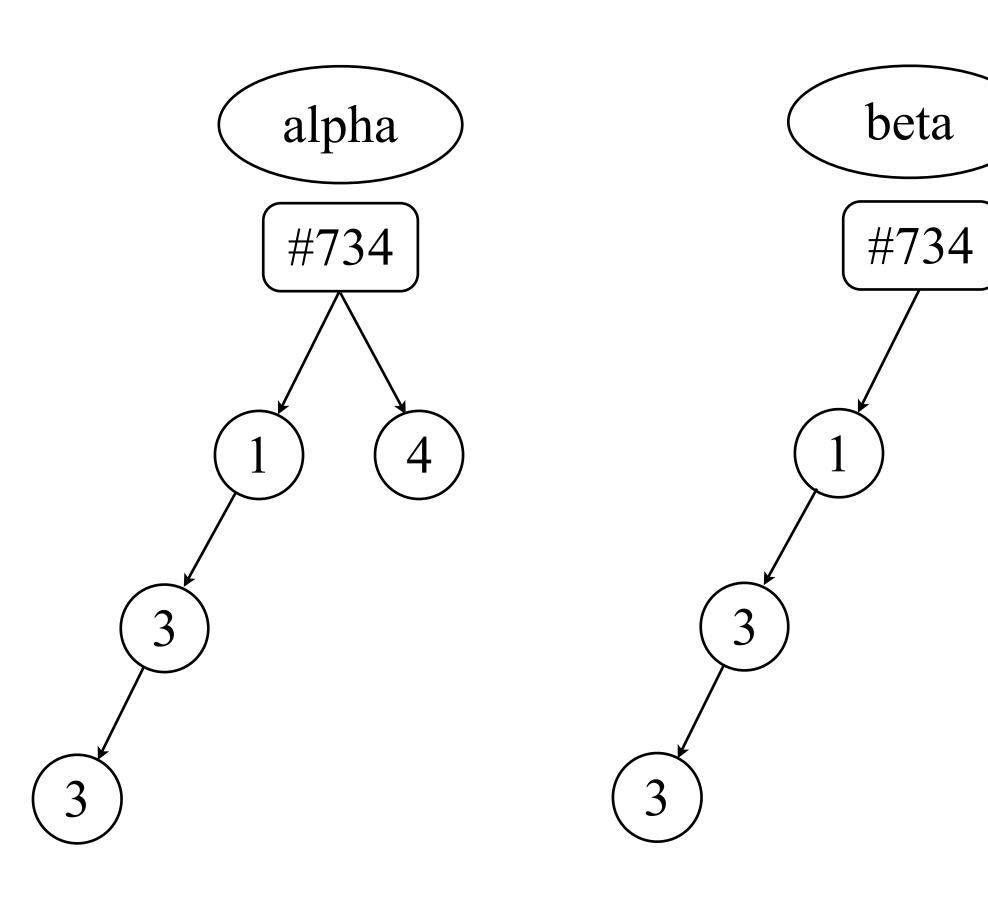


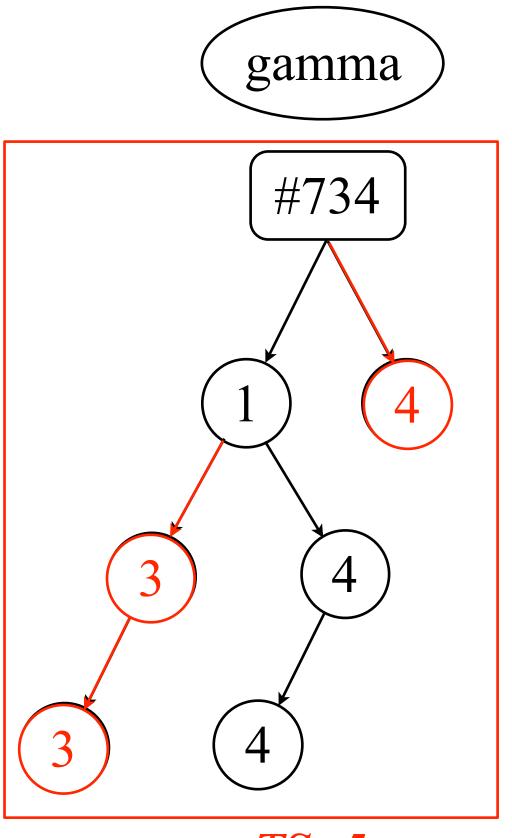




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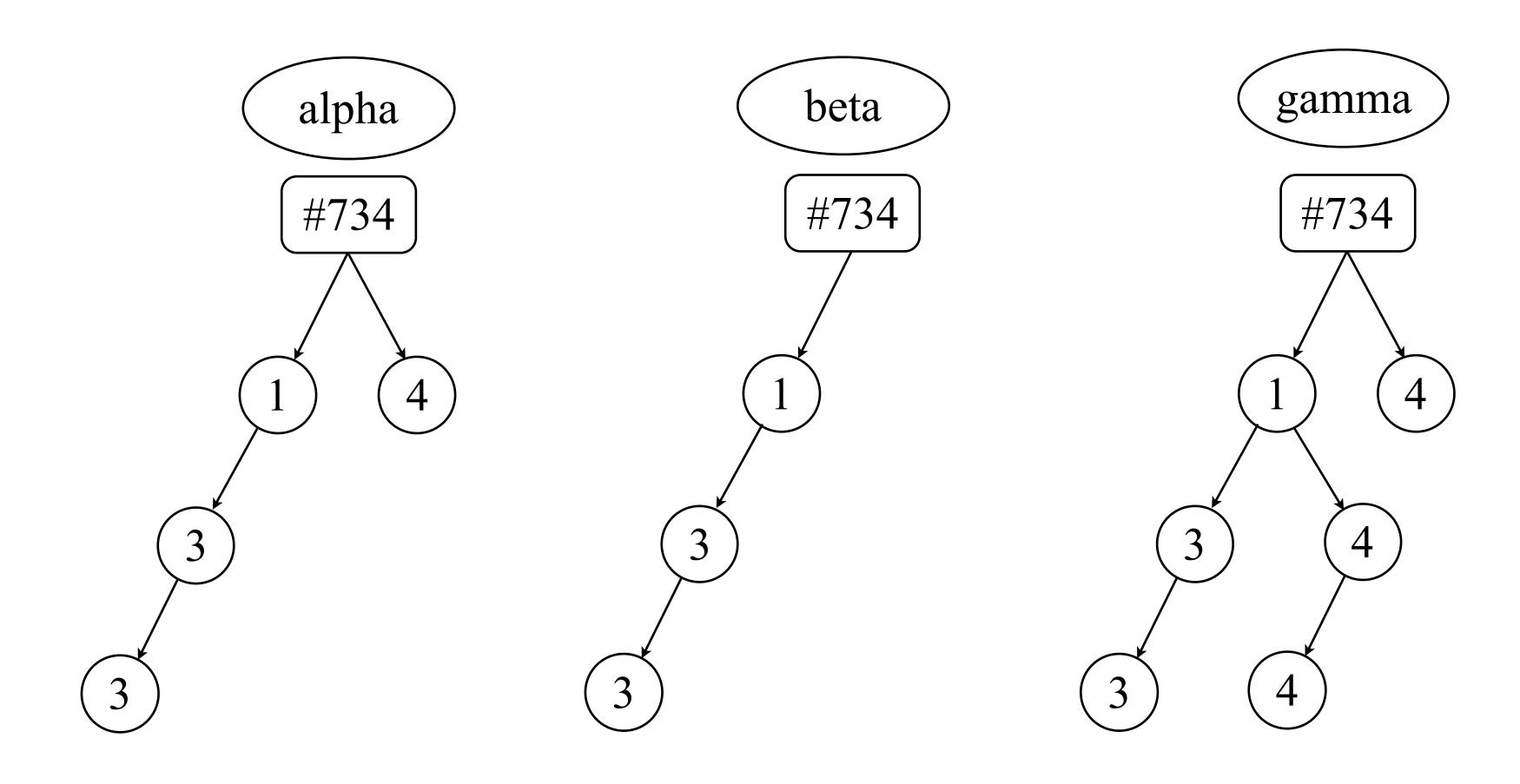




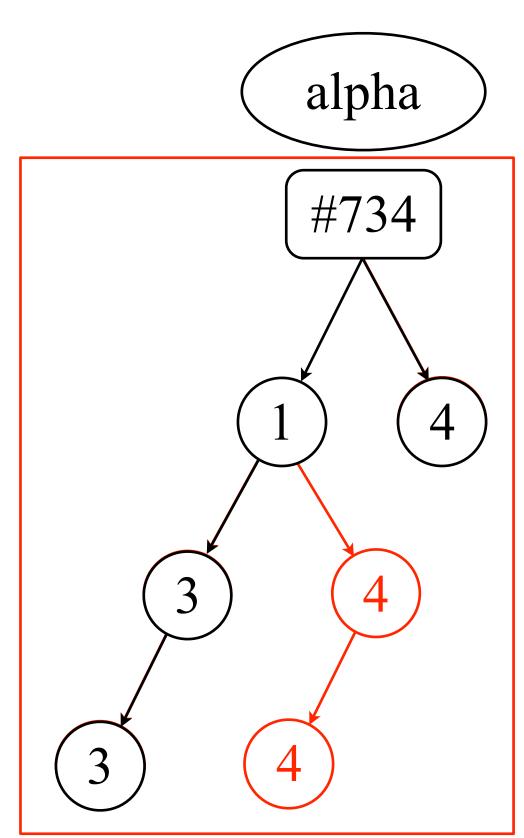


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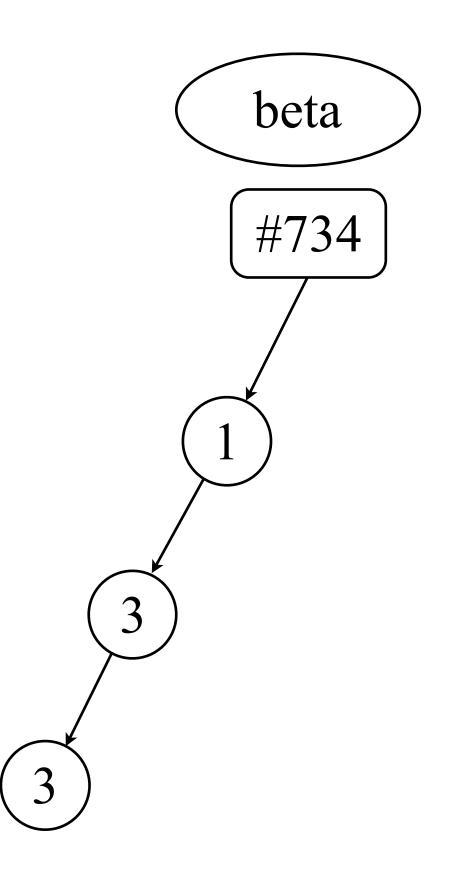


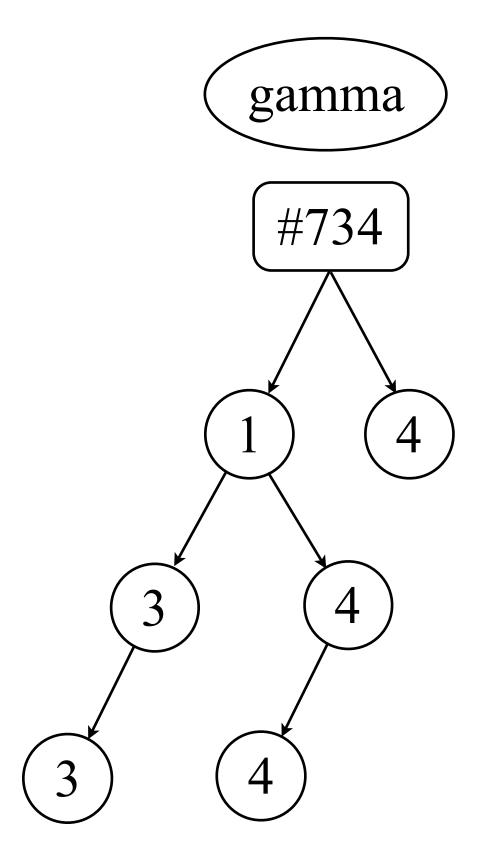


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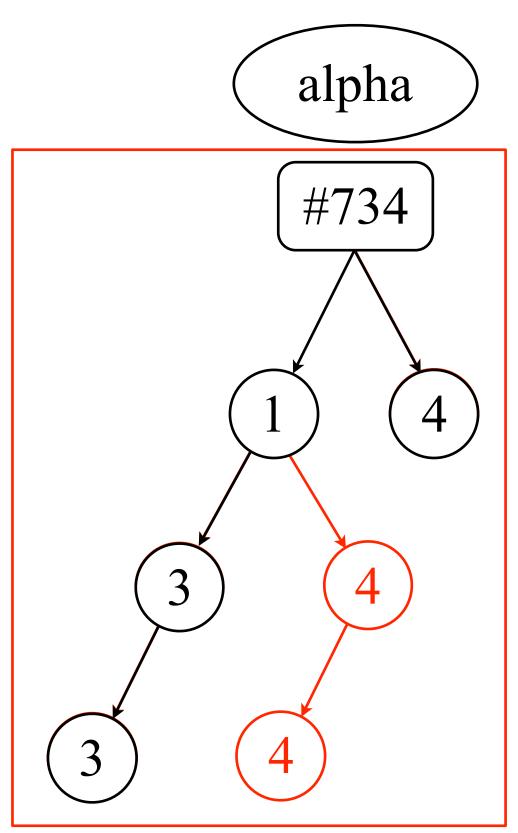


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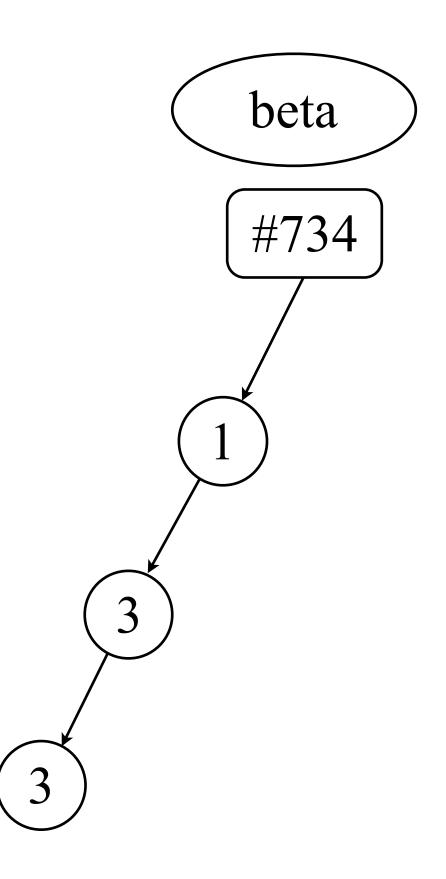


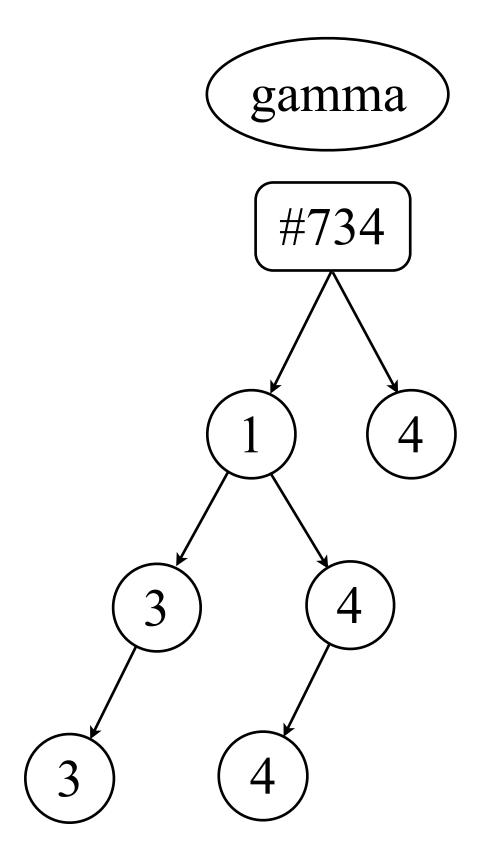


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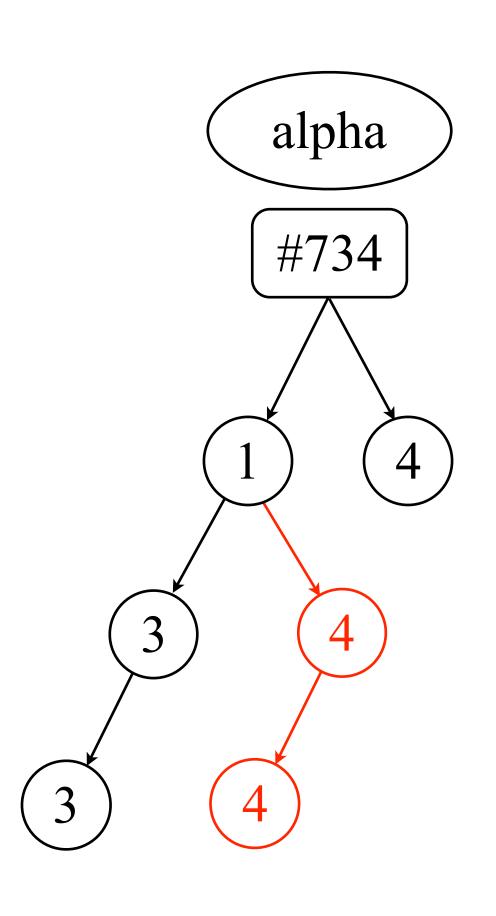


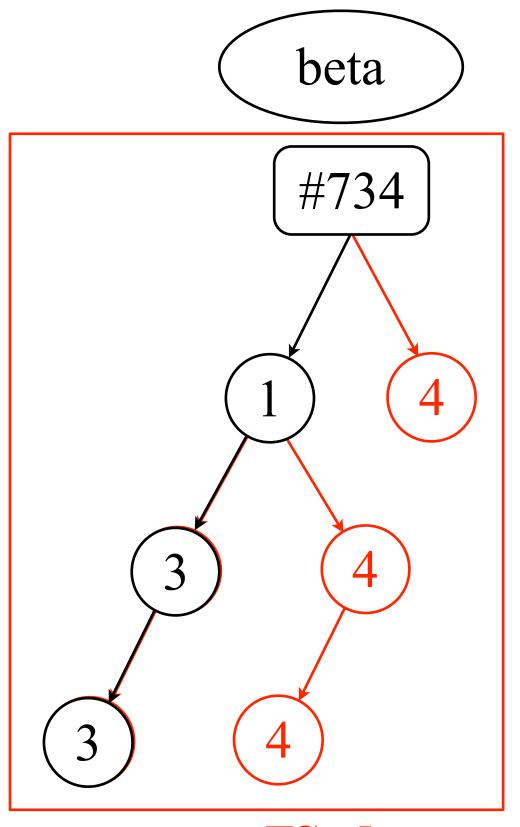
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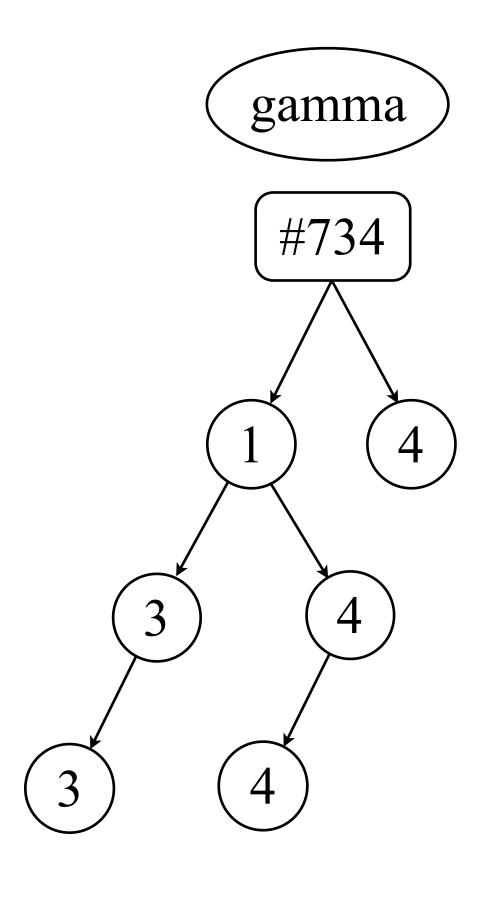






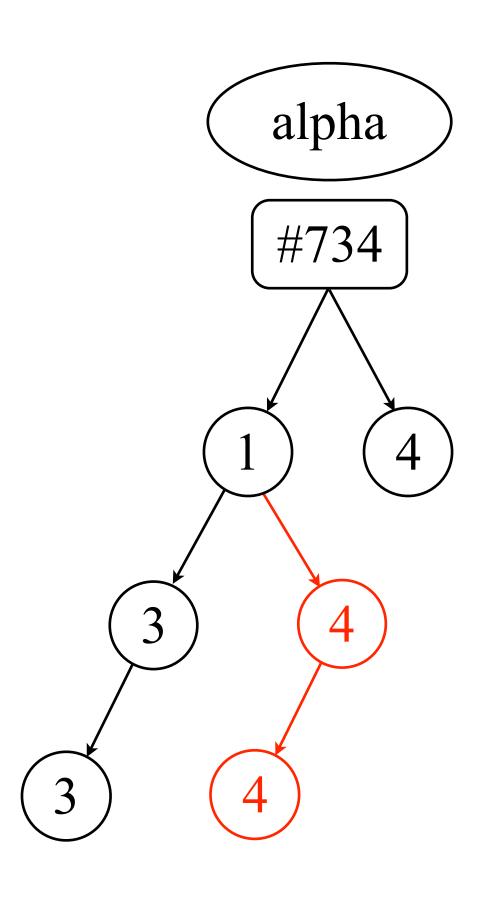


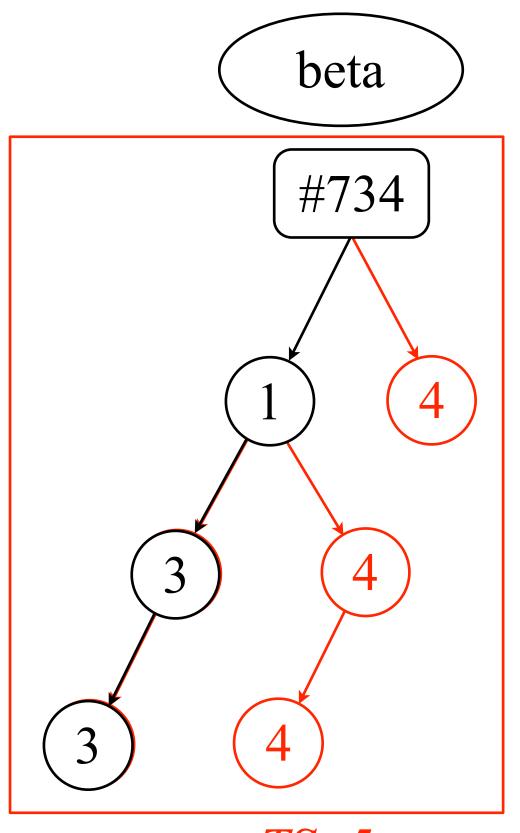


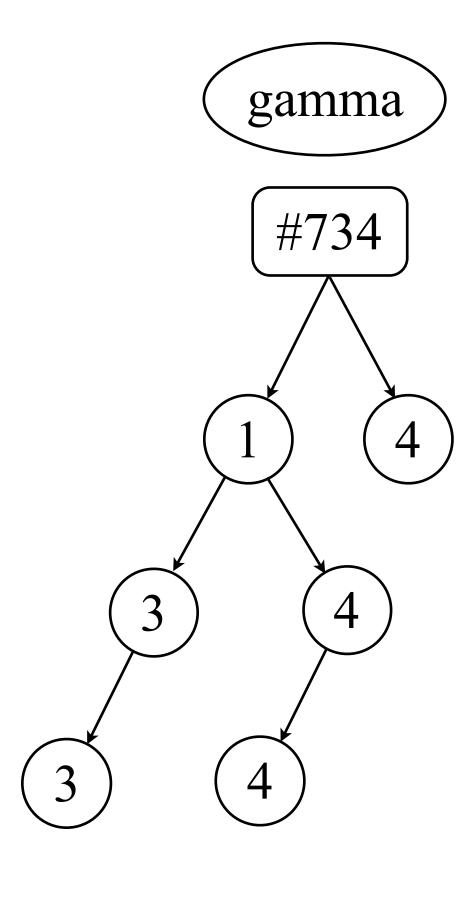


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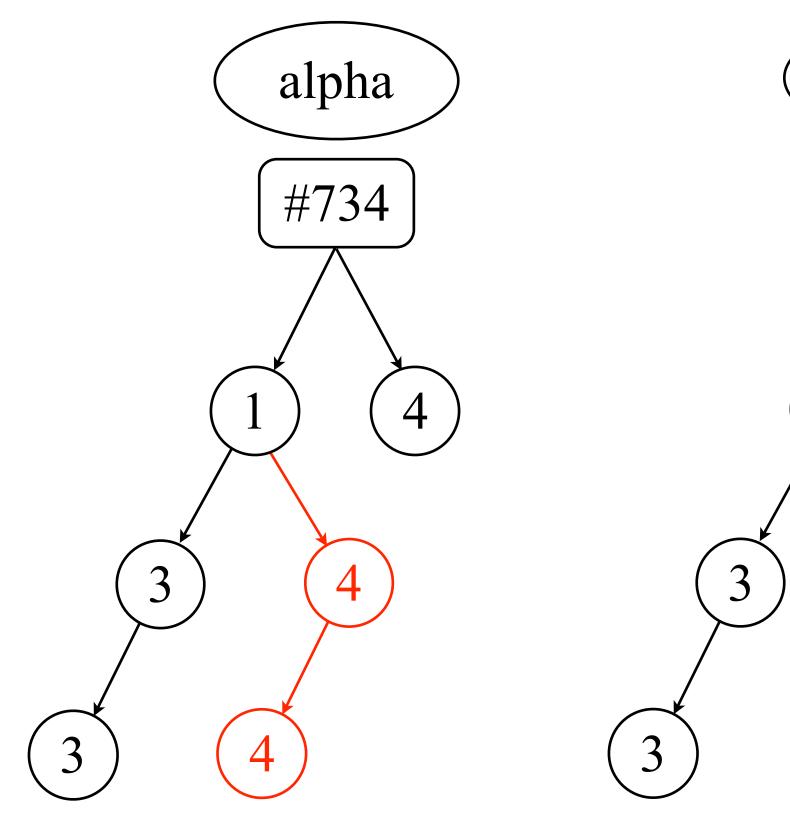


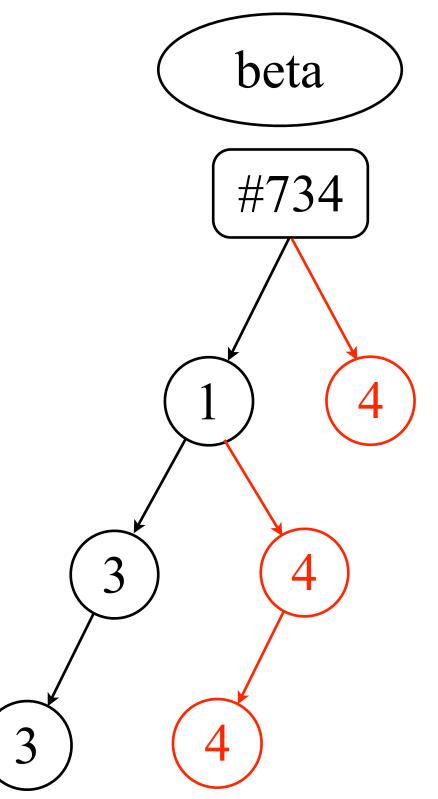


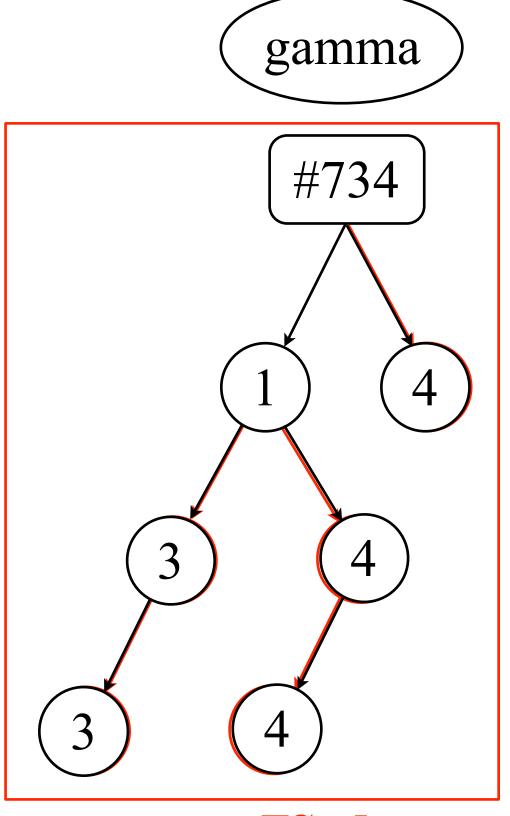


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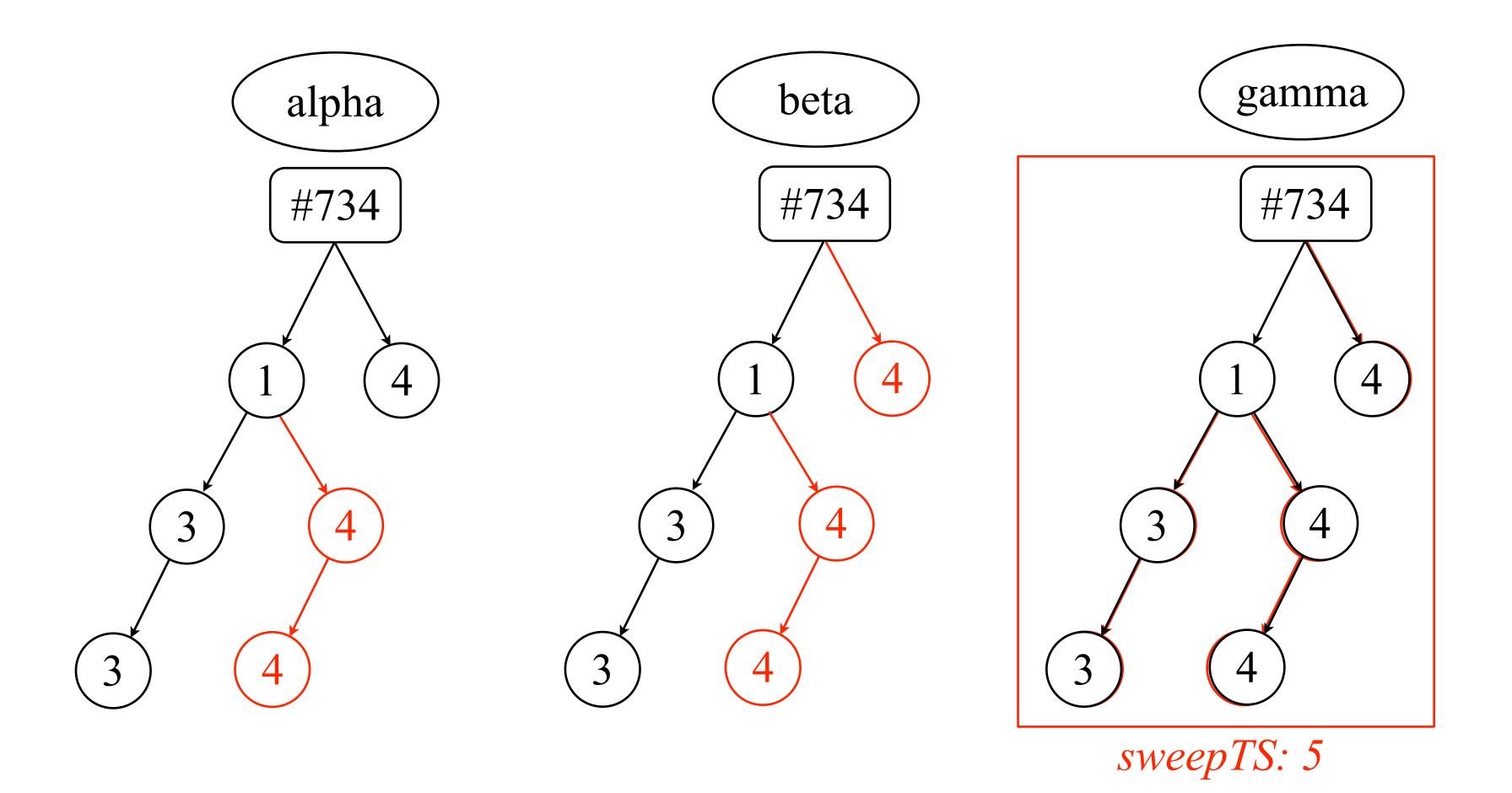




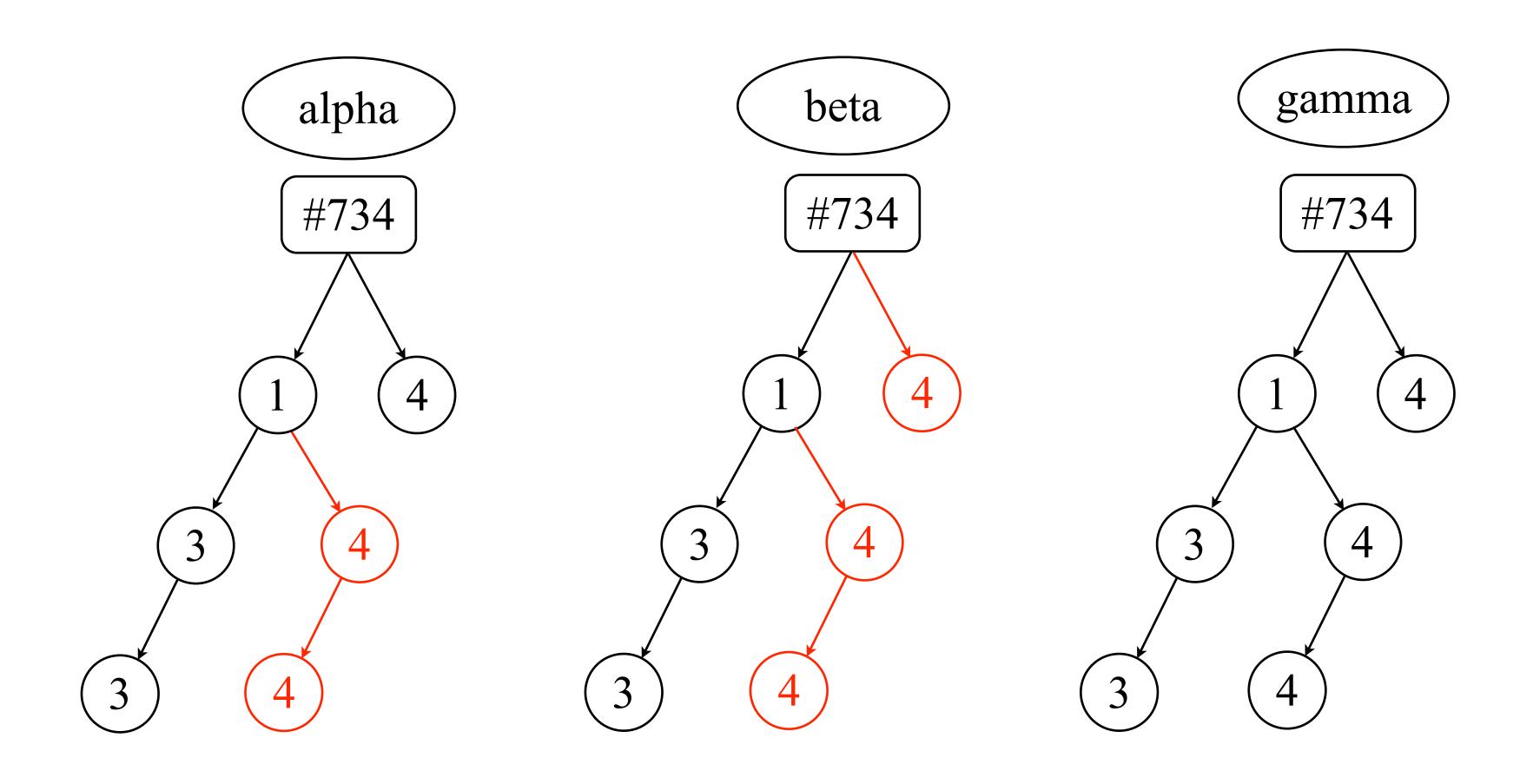




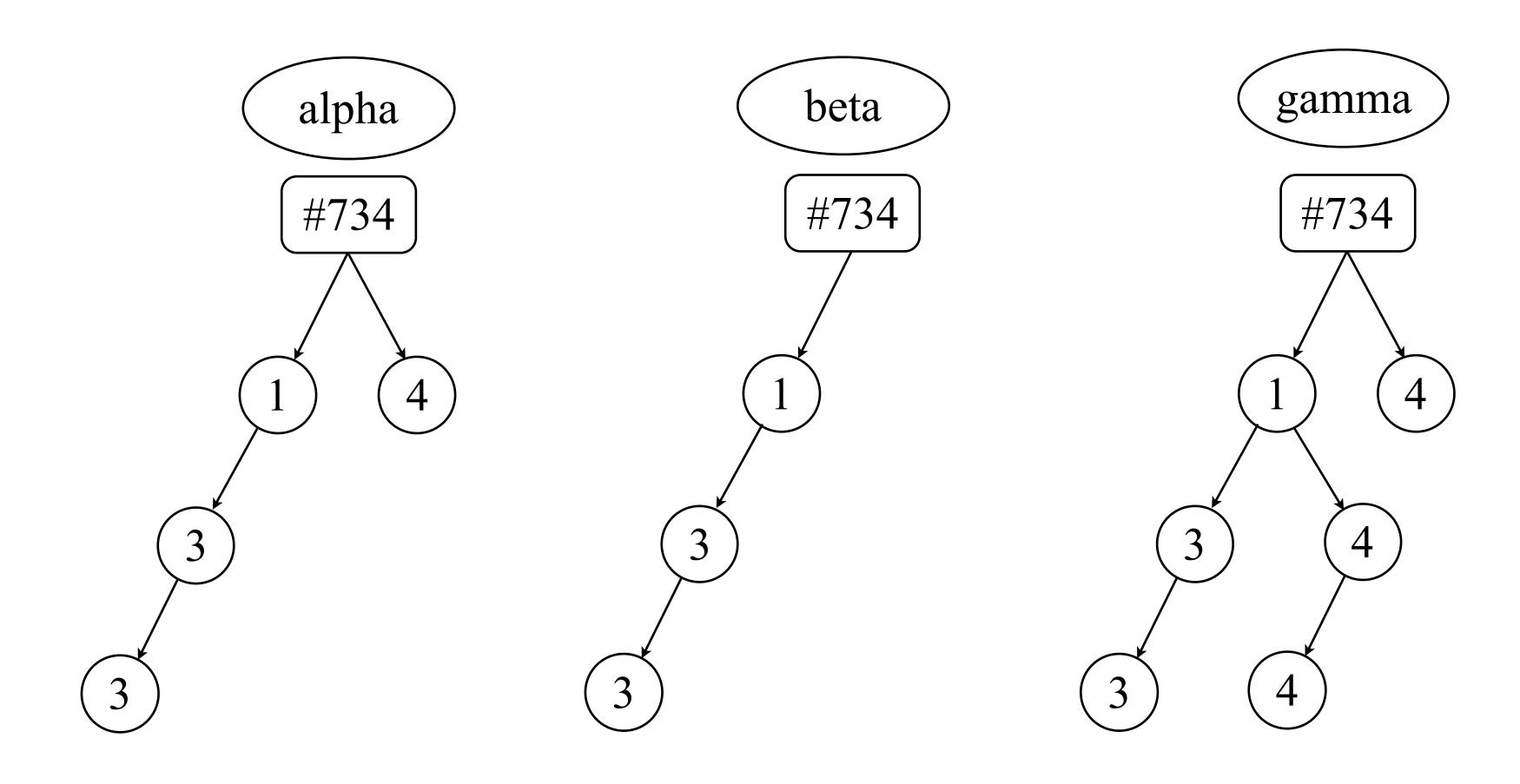
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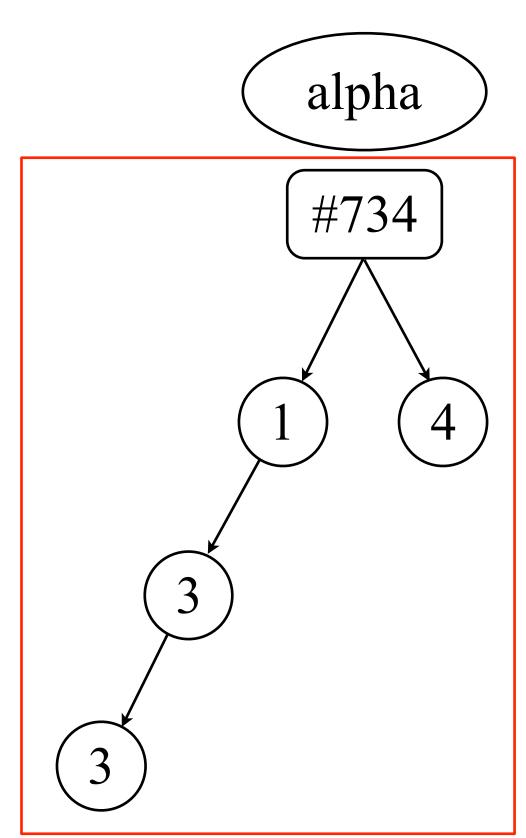
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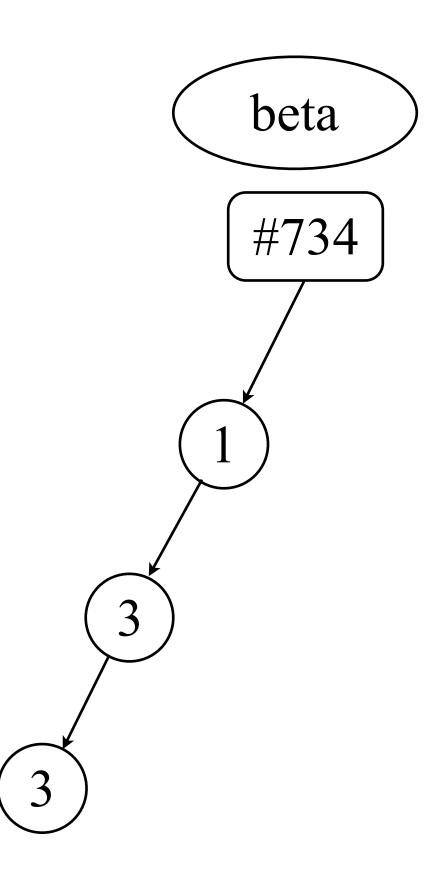


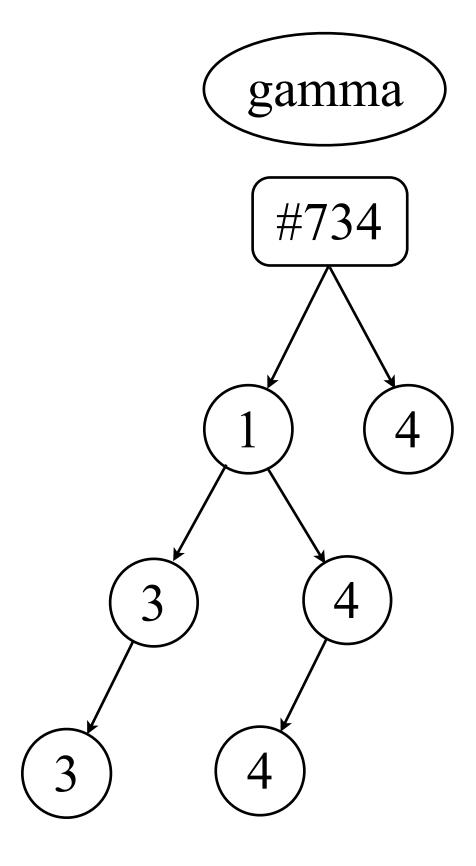


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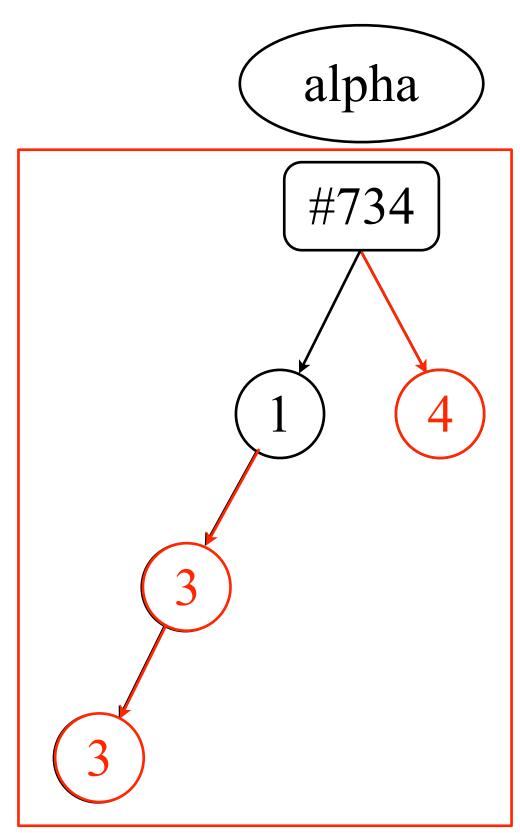
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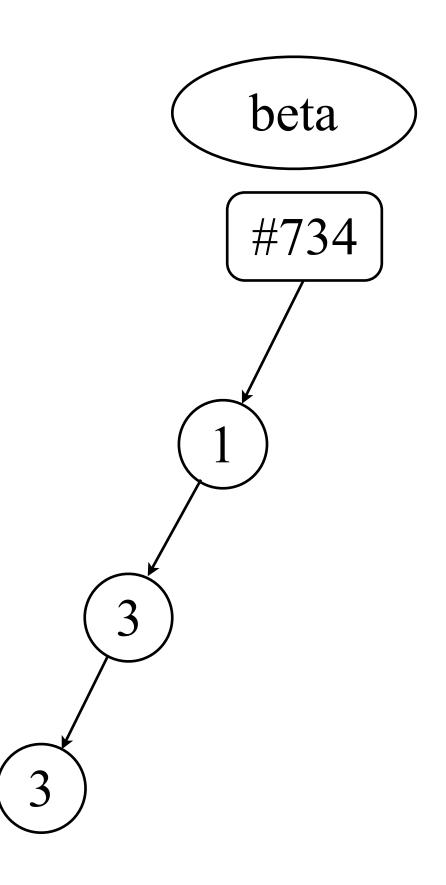


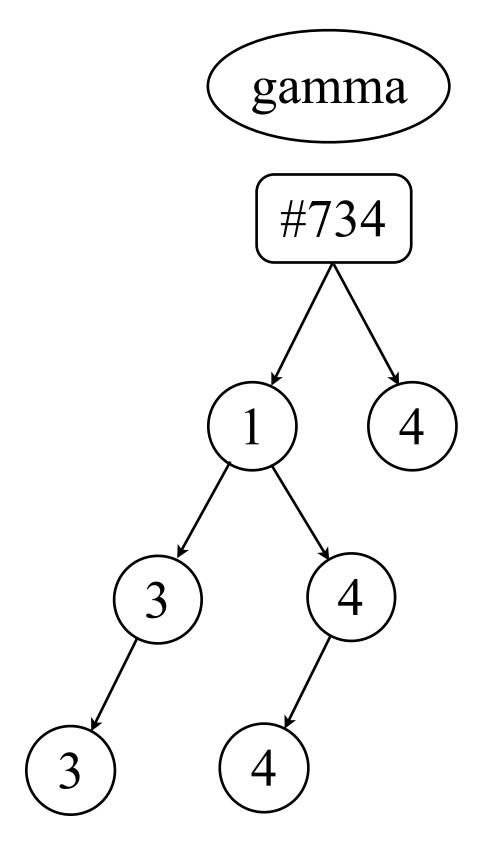
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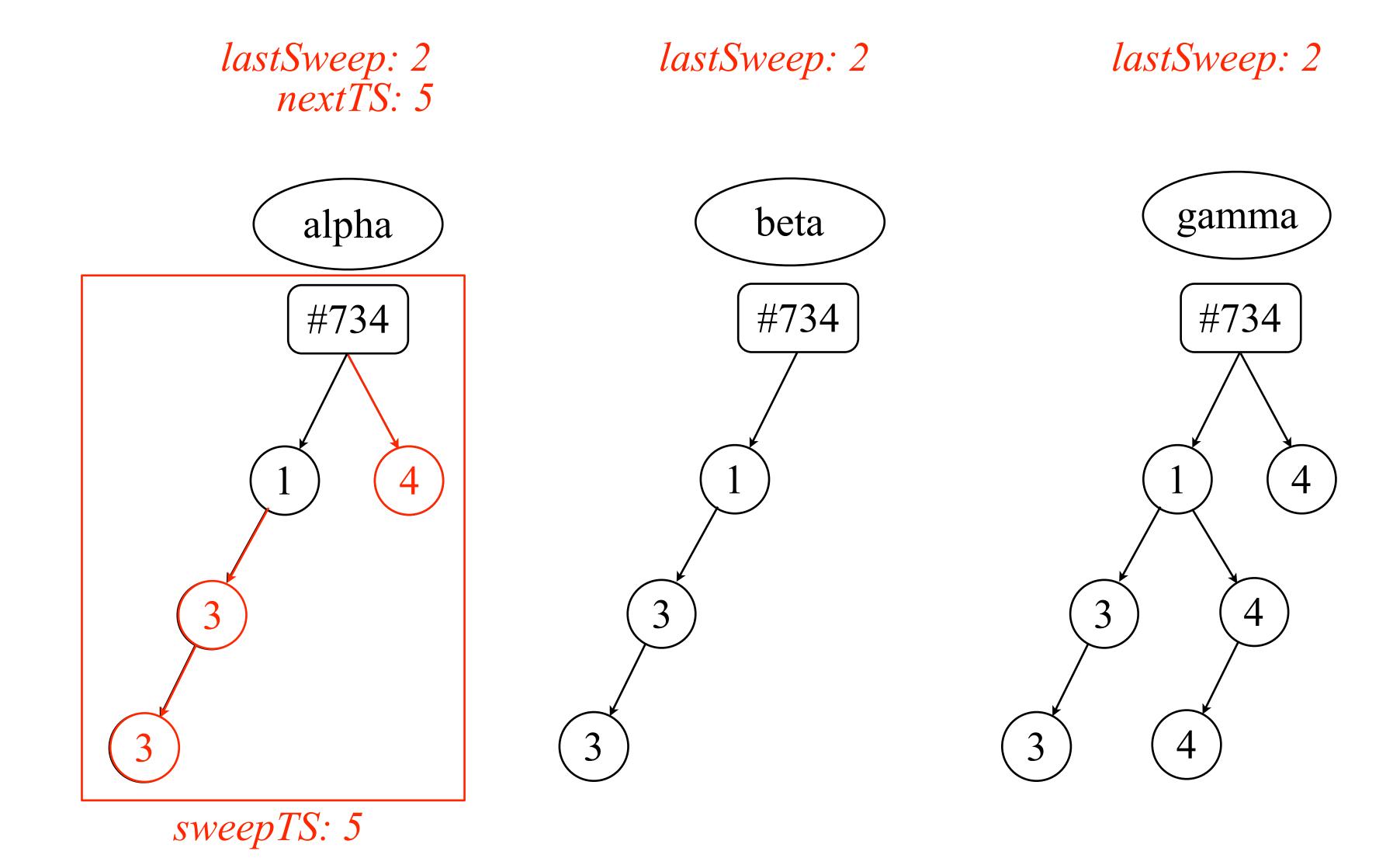
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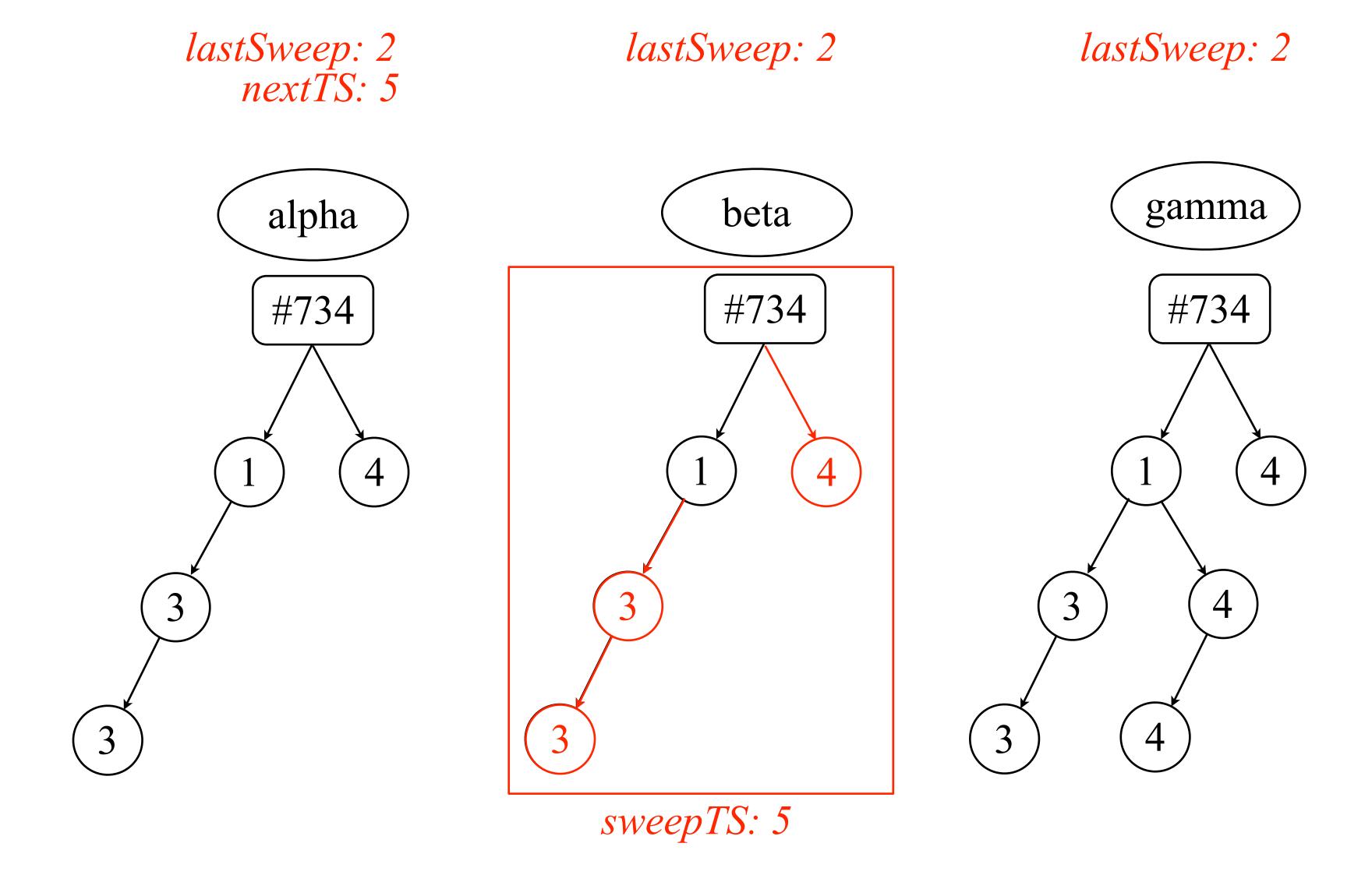


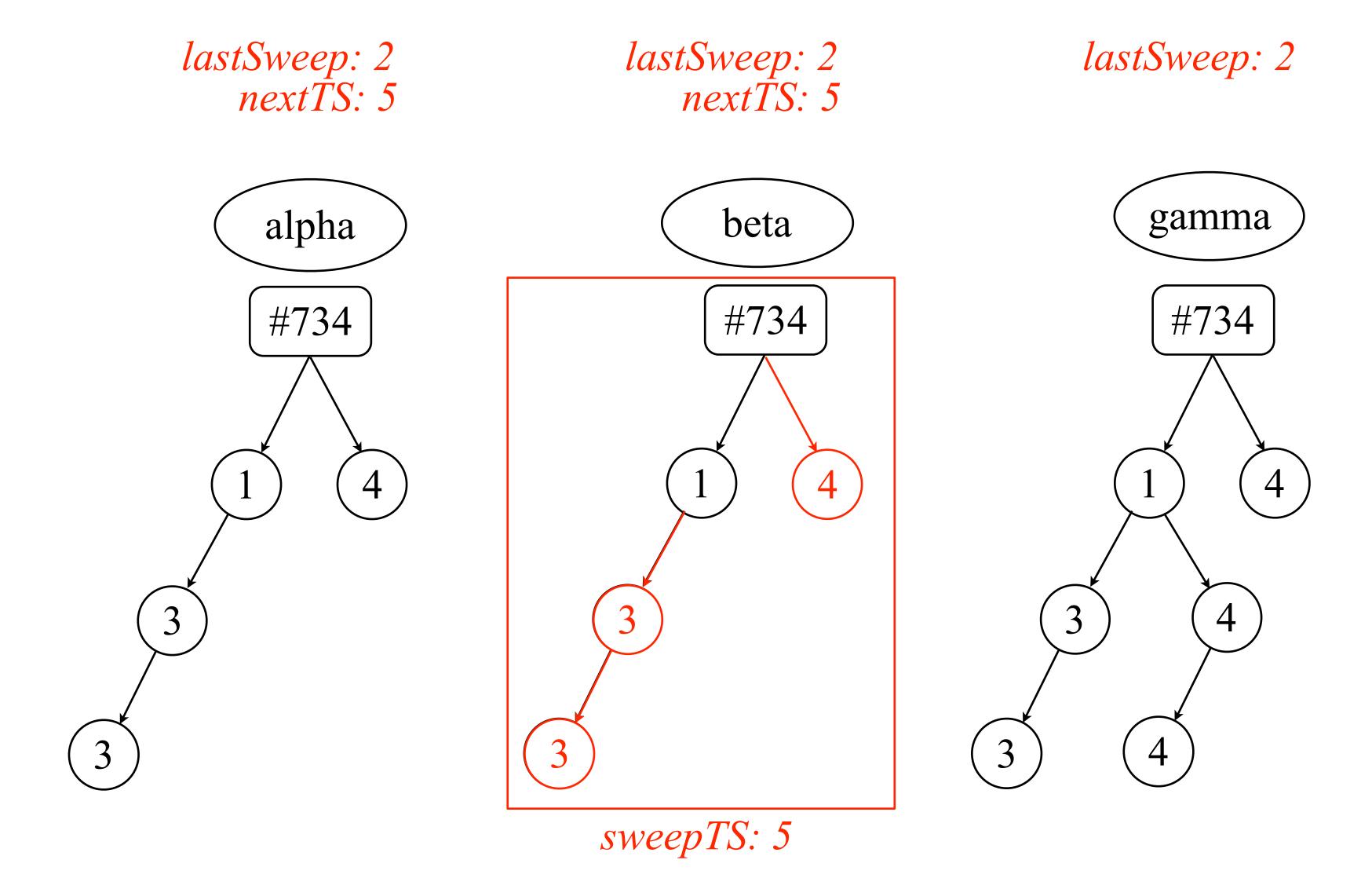
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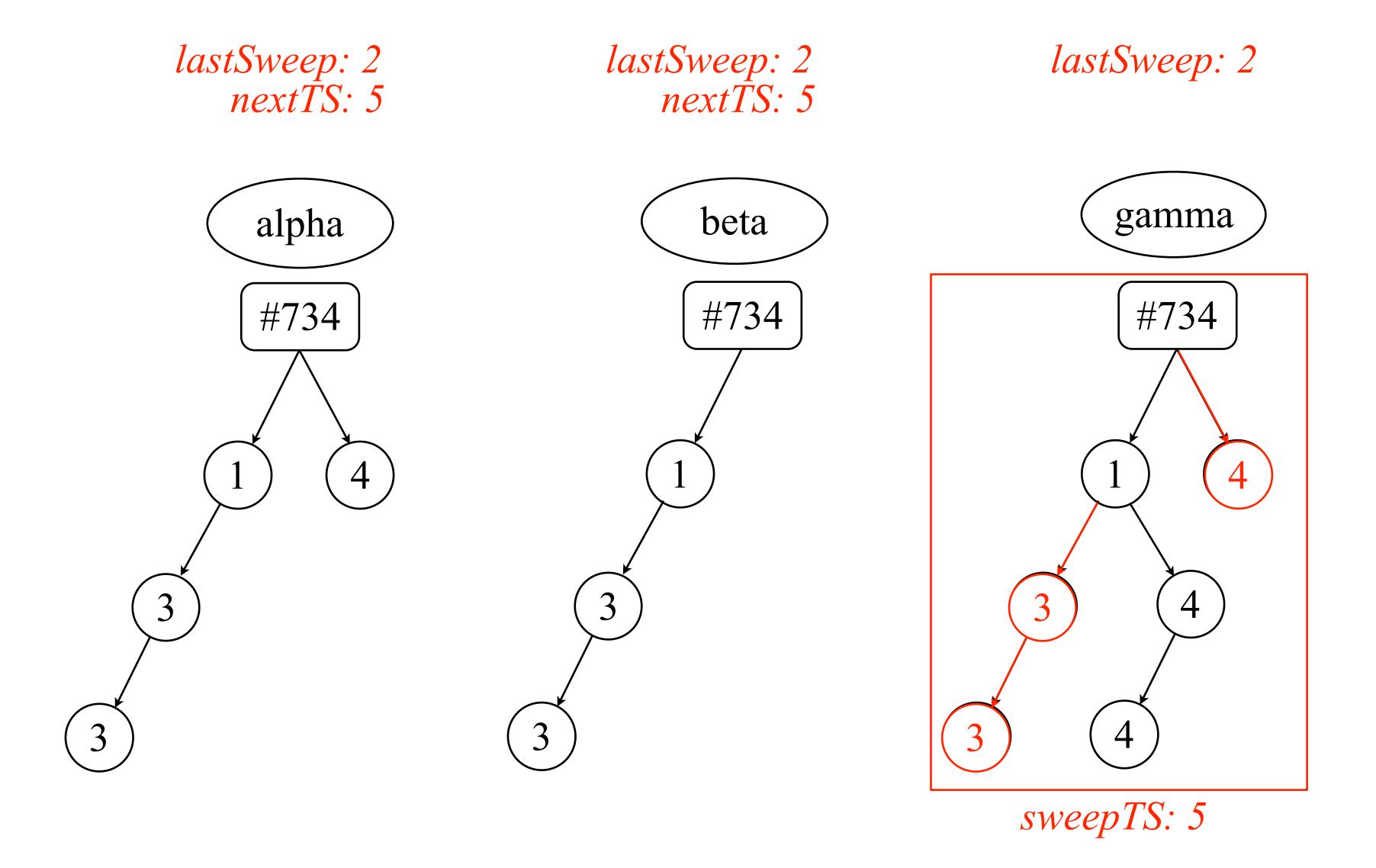


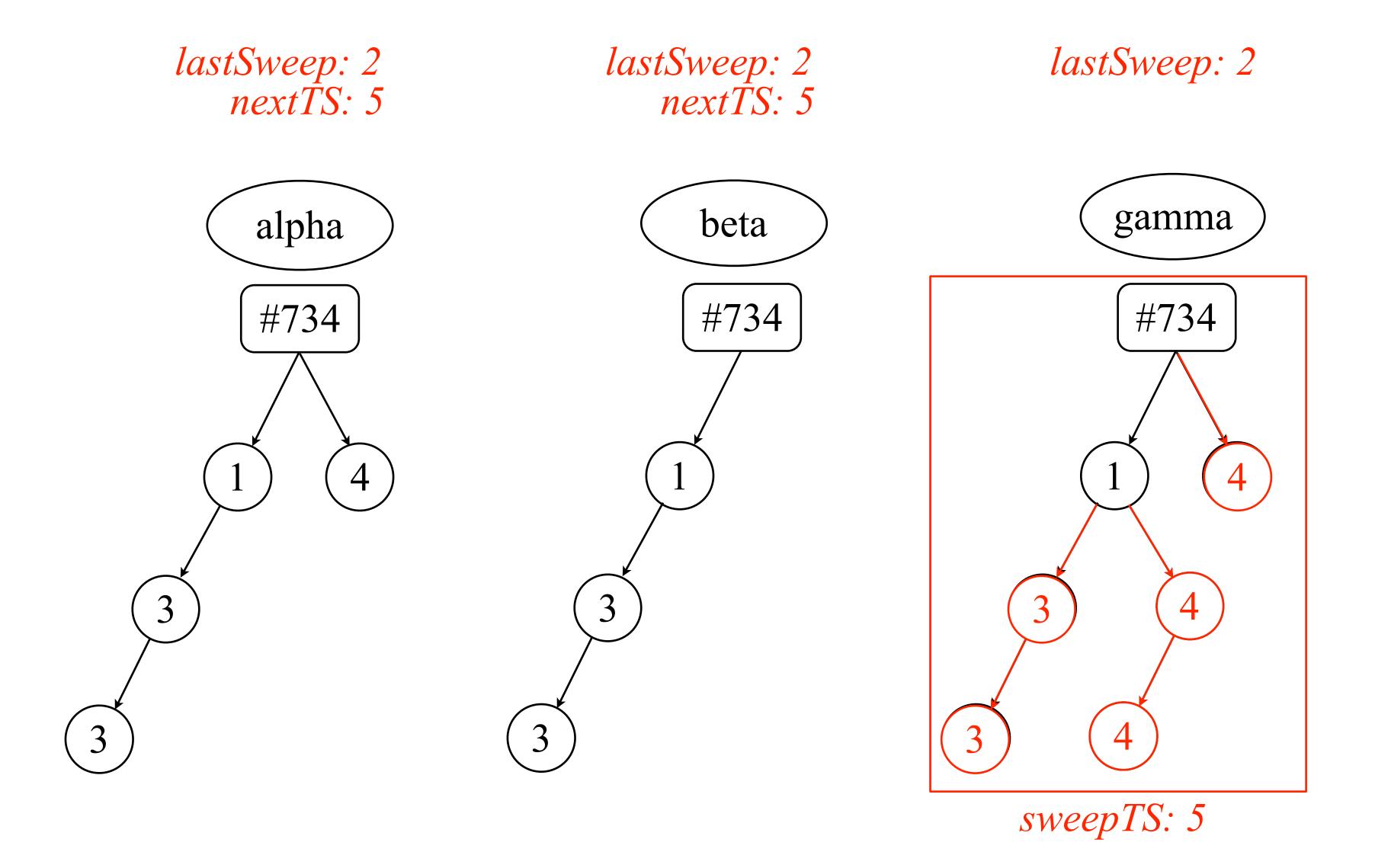


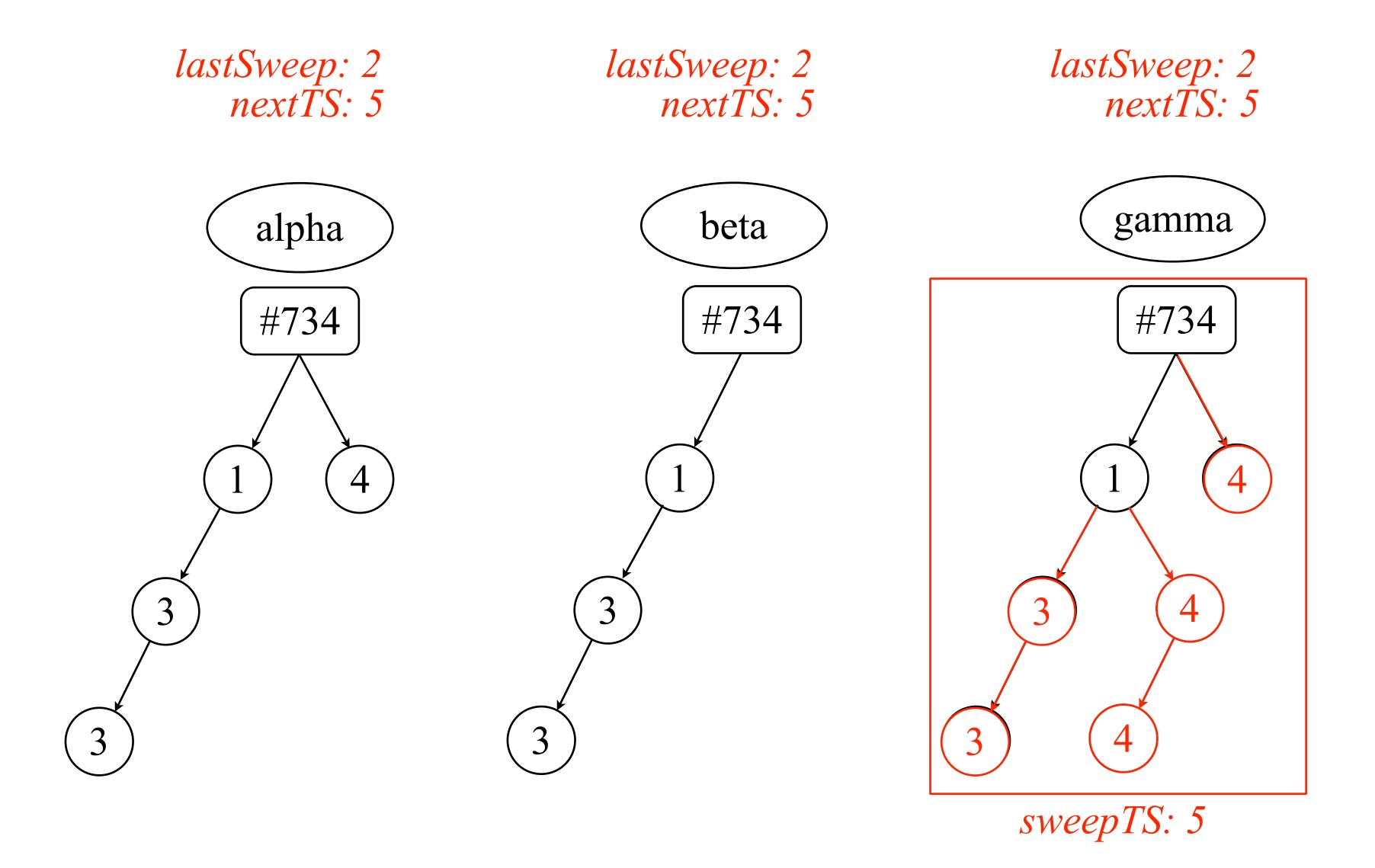


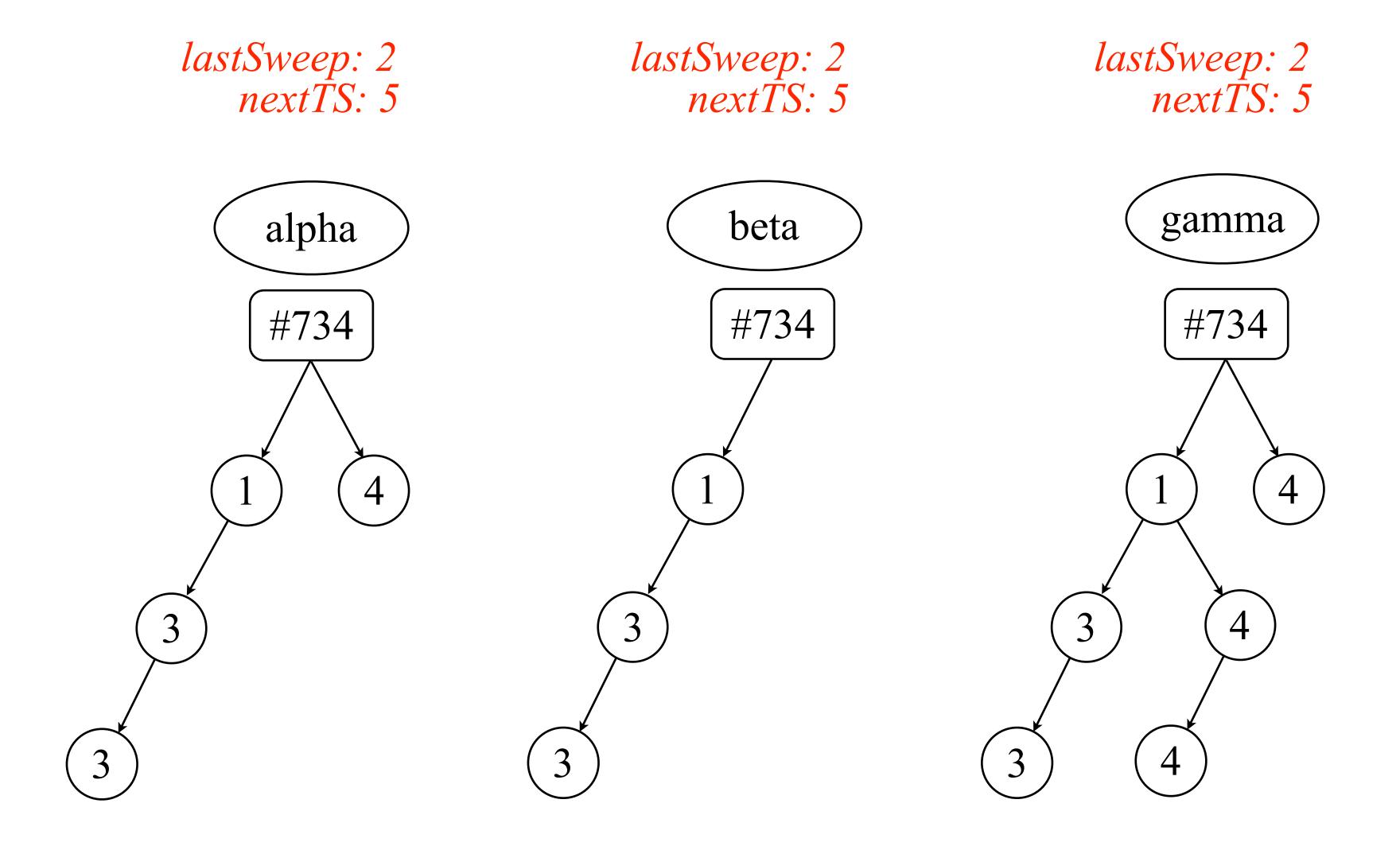


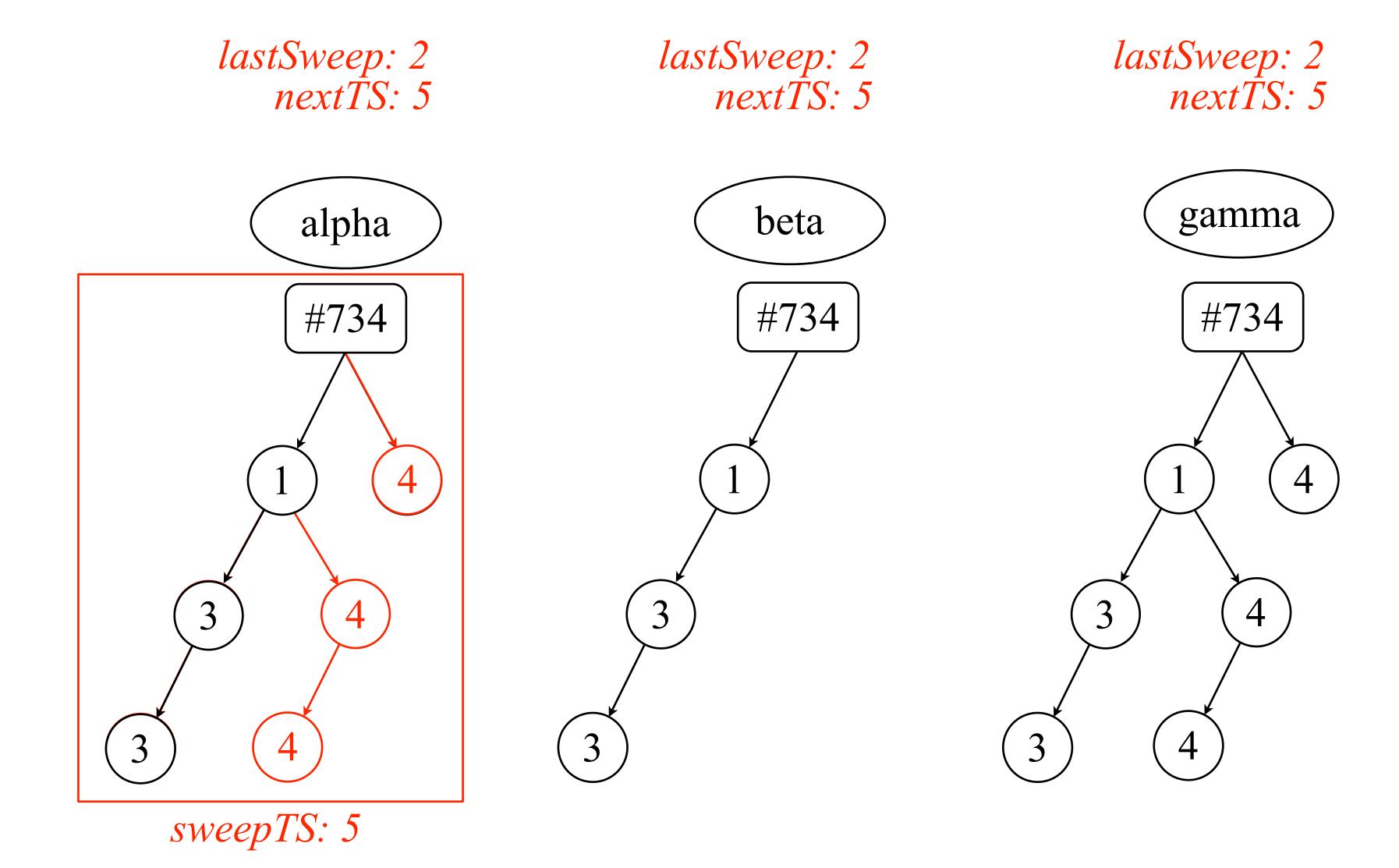


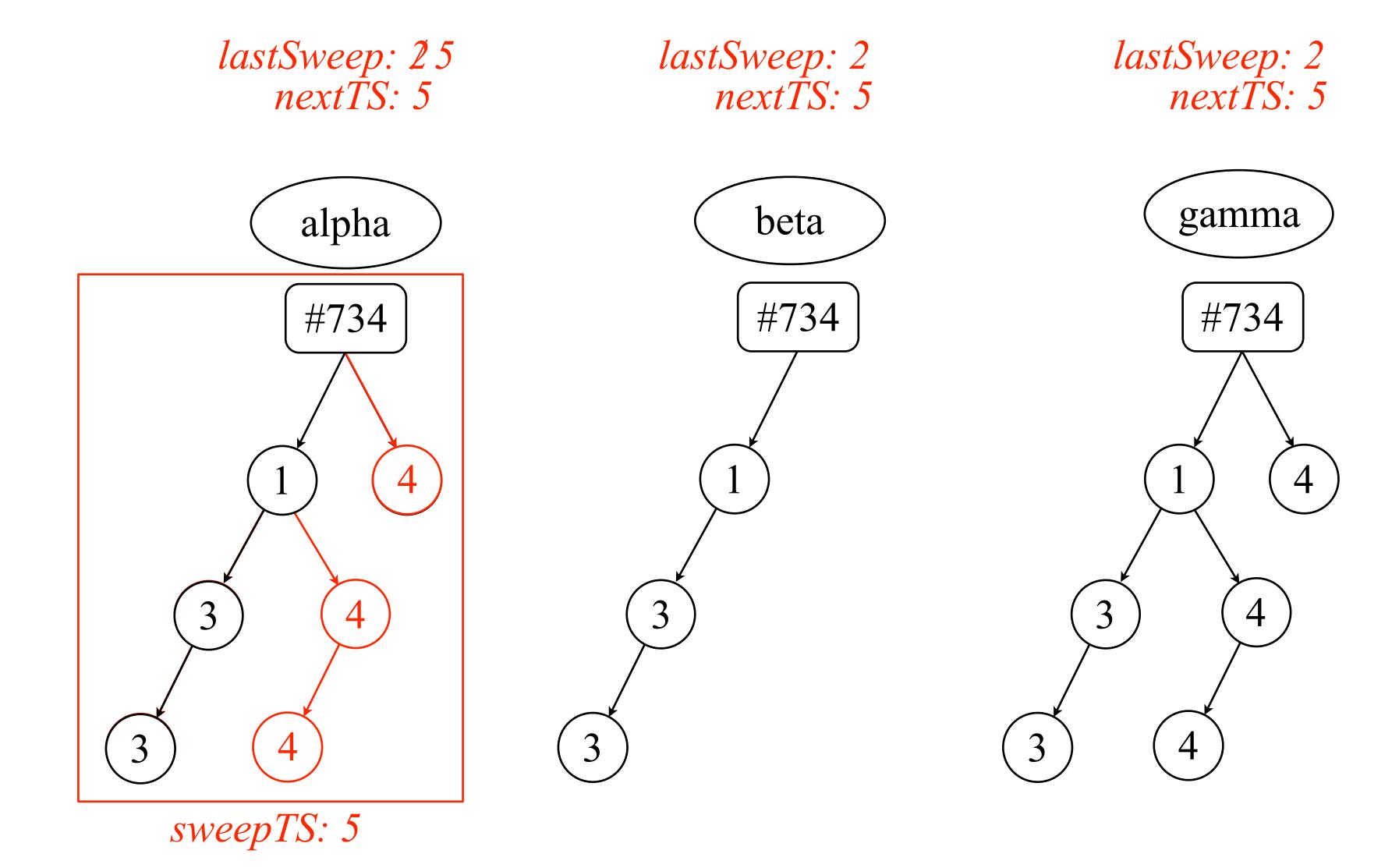


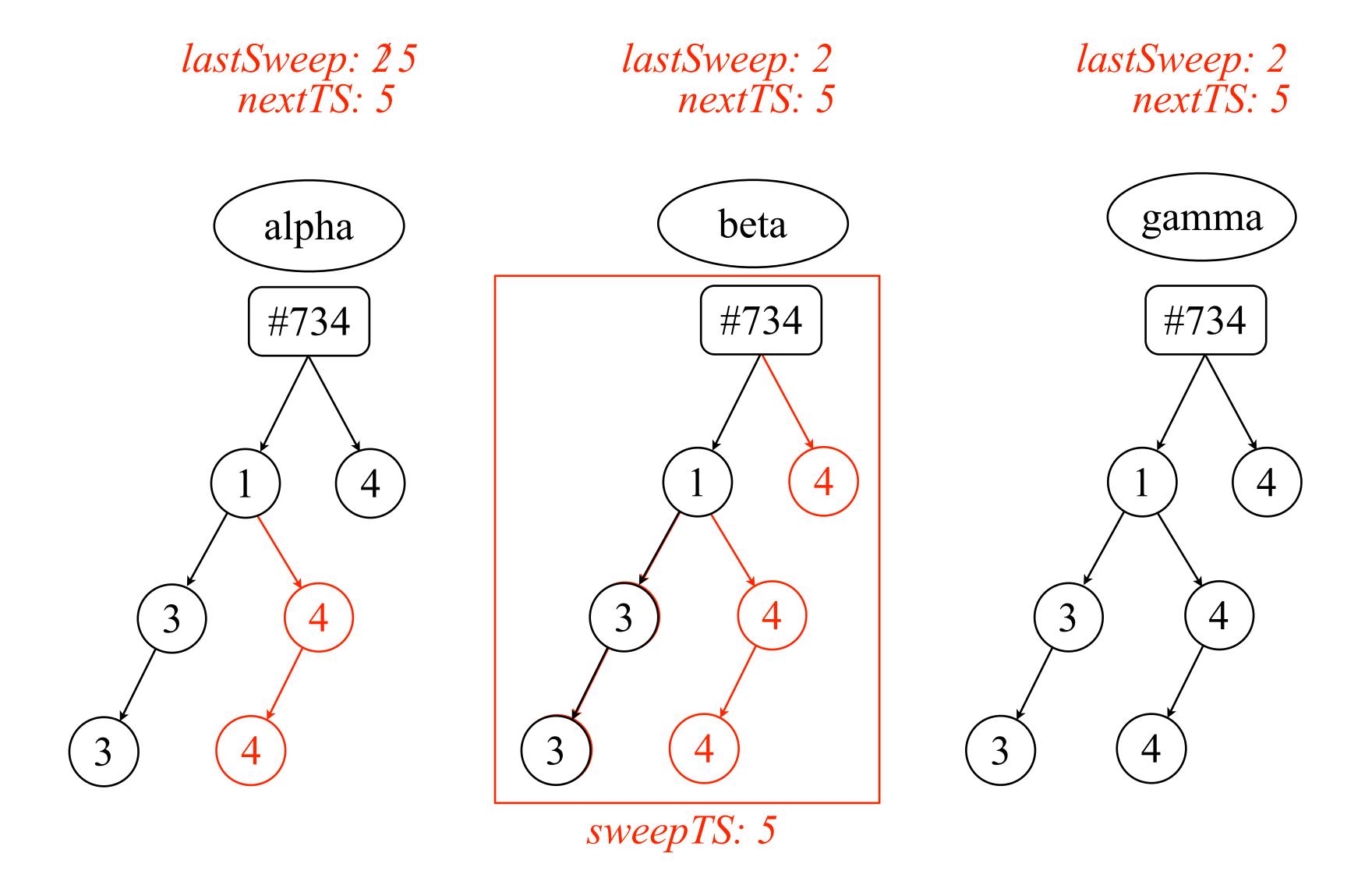


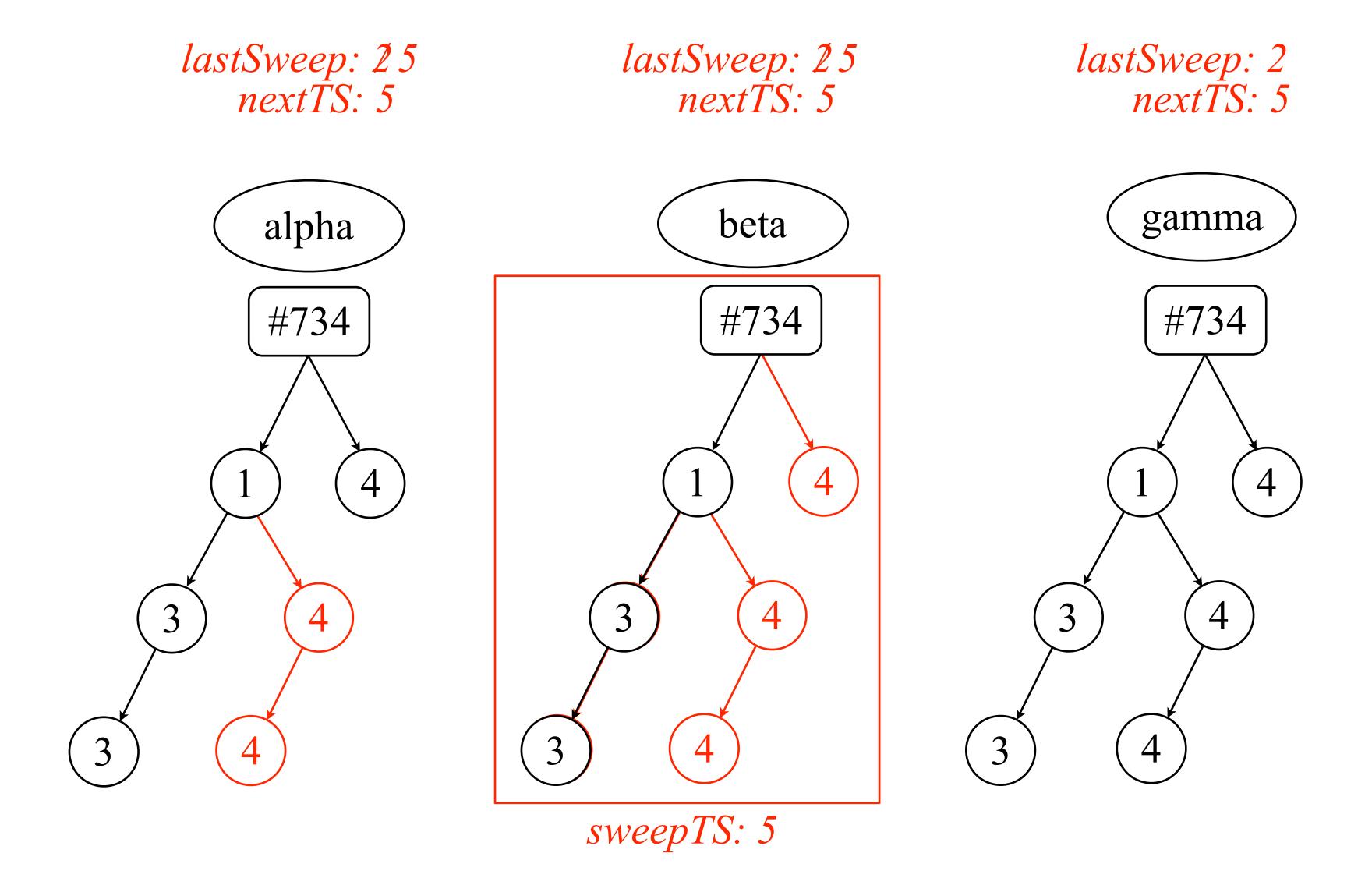


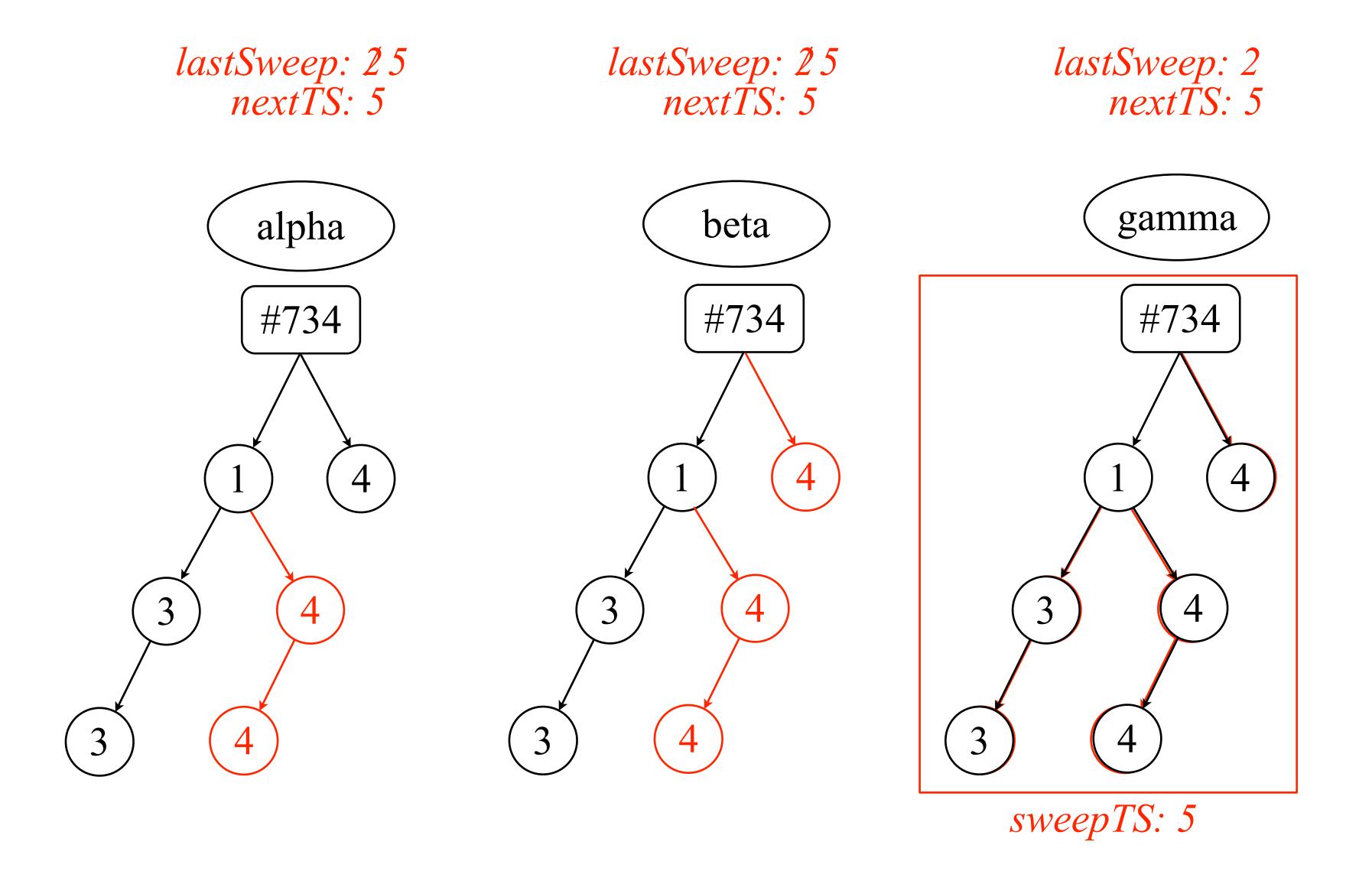


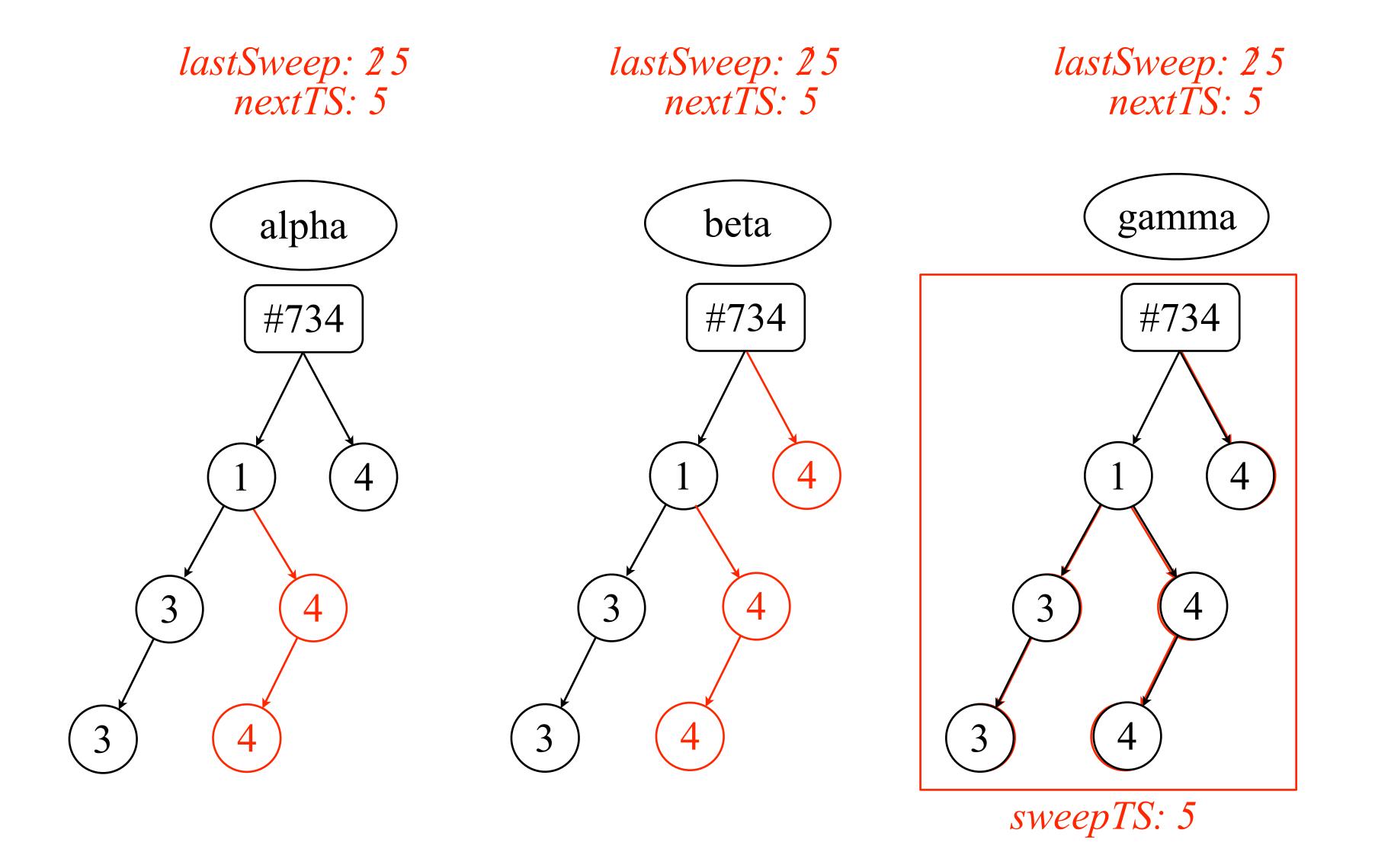


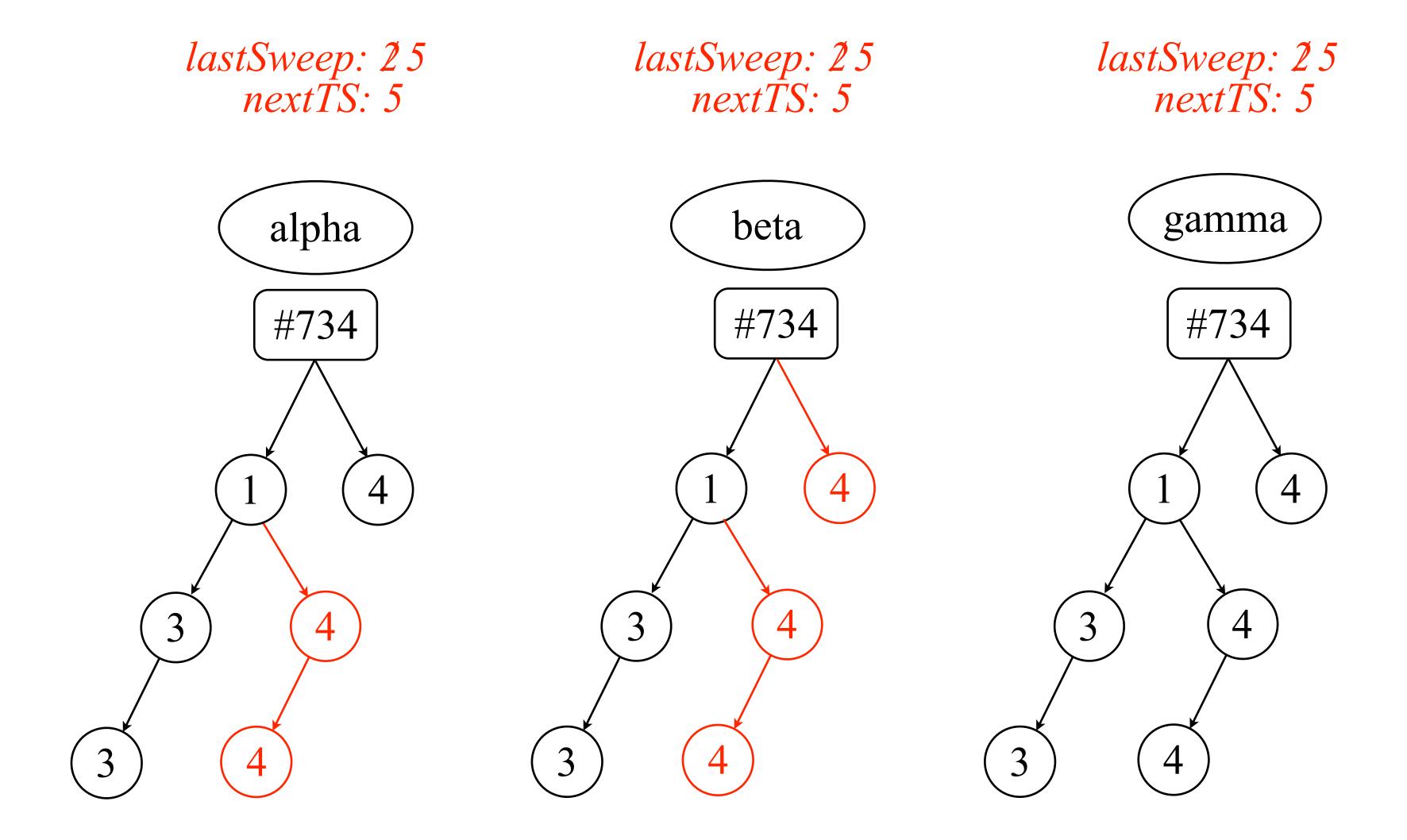




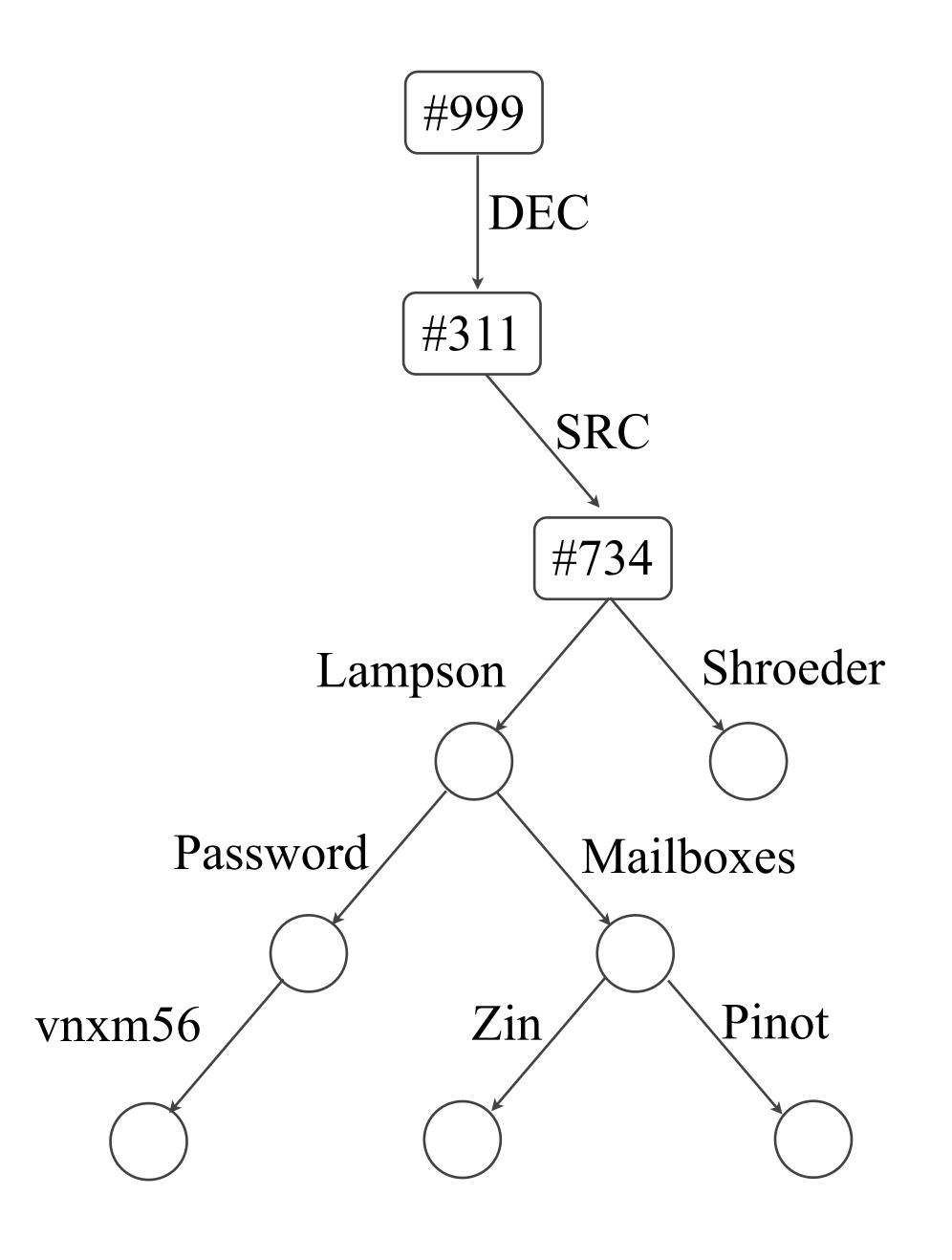








Name lookup

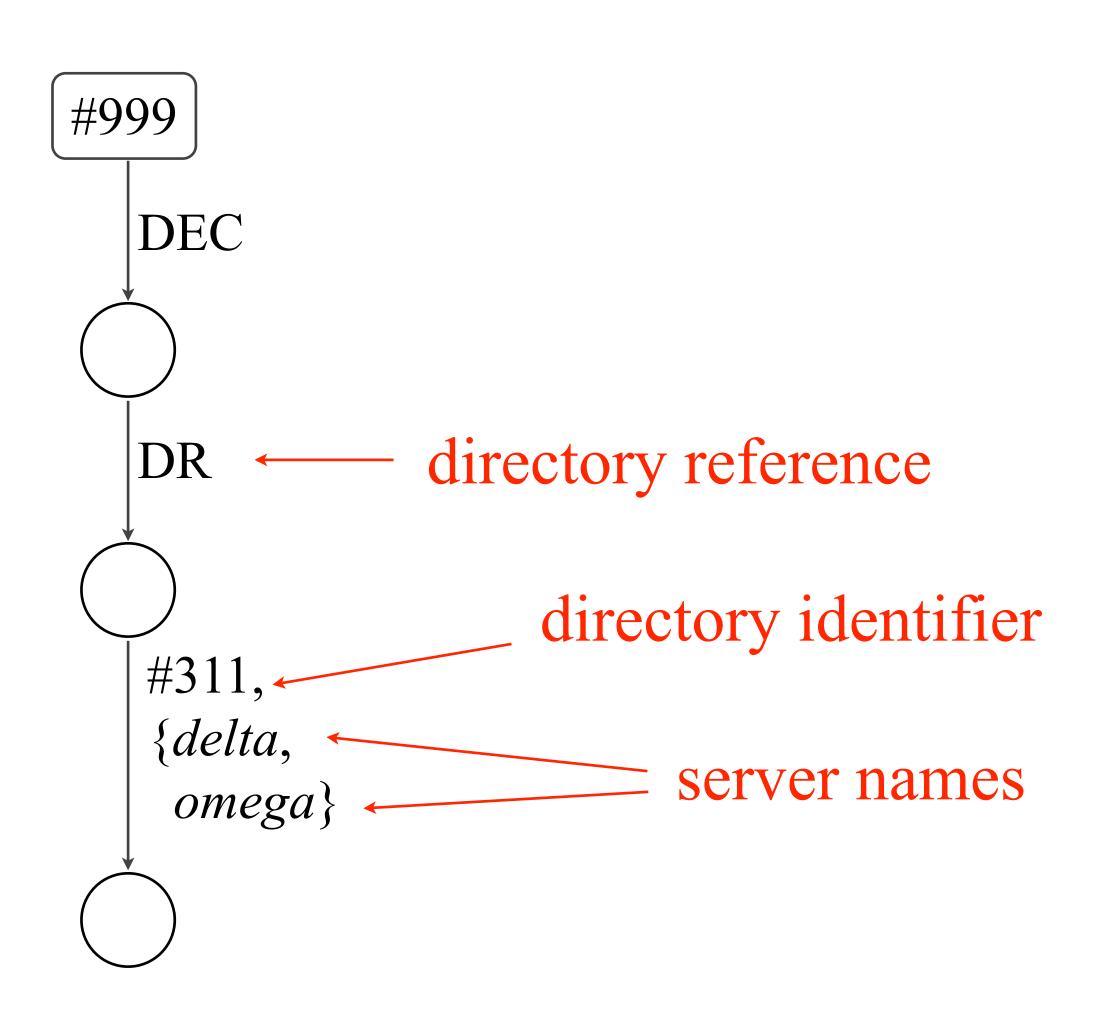


Name

Value

#999/DEC/SRC/Lampson/Password

vnxm56



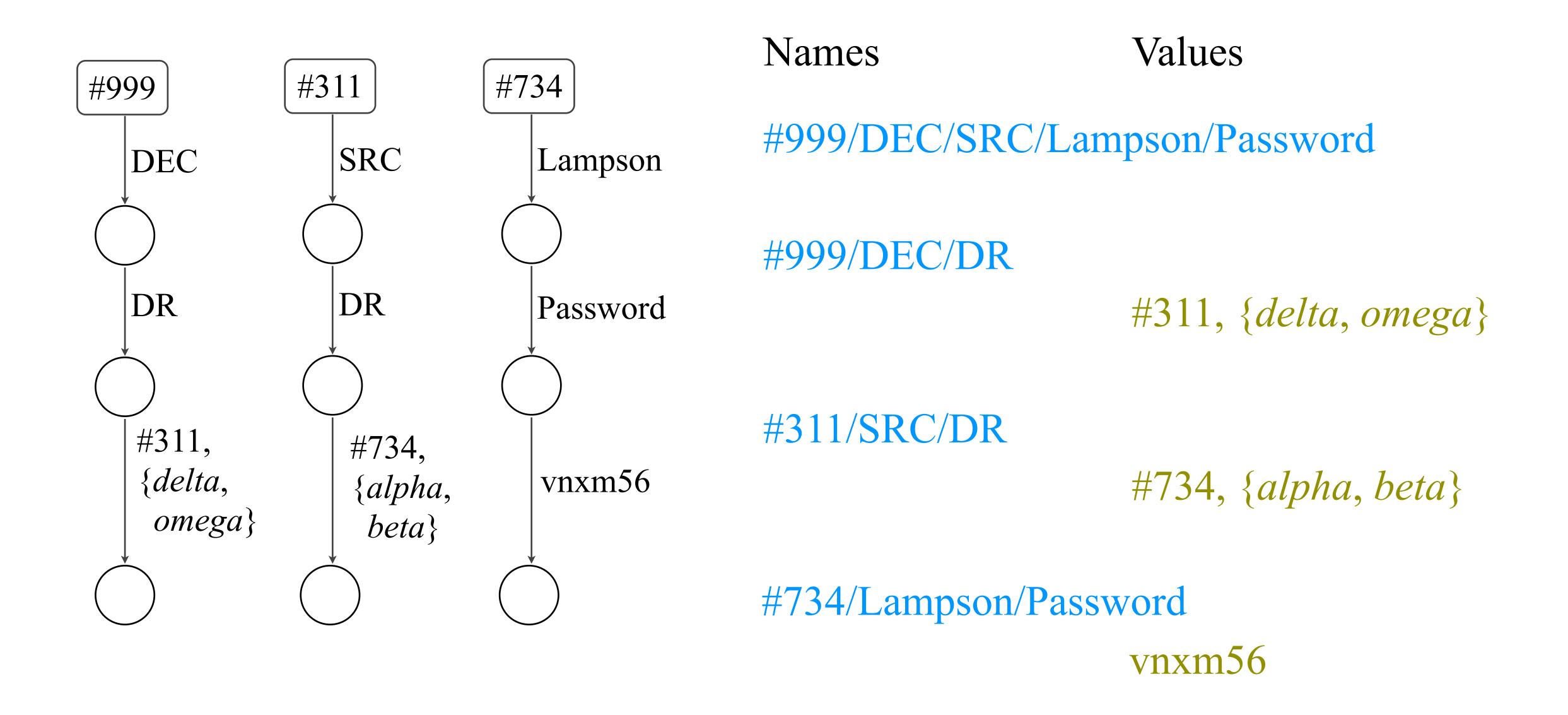
Names

Values

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#999/DEC/DR

#311, {*delta*, *omega*}



```
#999
  DEC 31 Dec 2023
  DR
       31 Dec 2023
  #311,
  \{delta,
         30 Sept 2023
   omega}
```

Names

Values

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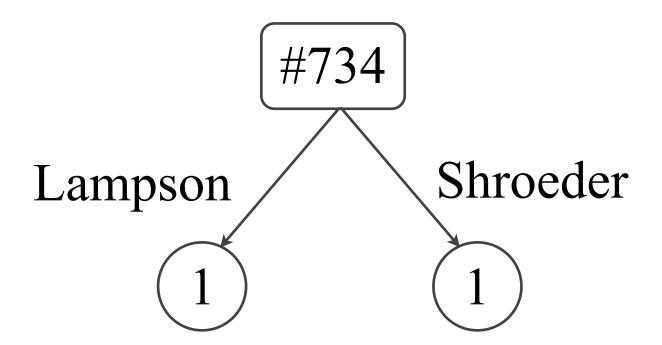
#999/DEC/DR

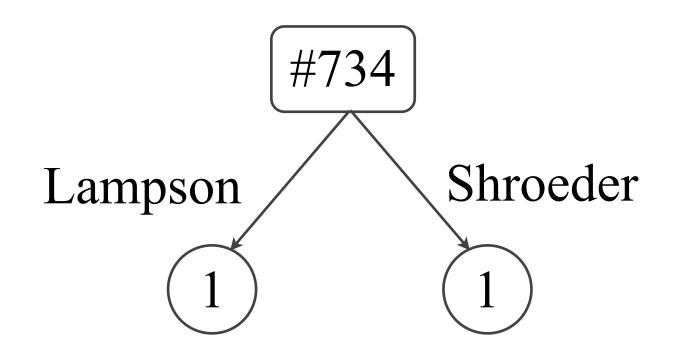
#311, {delta, omega}

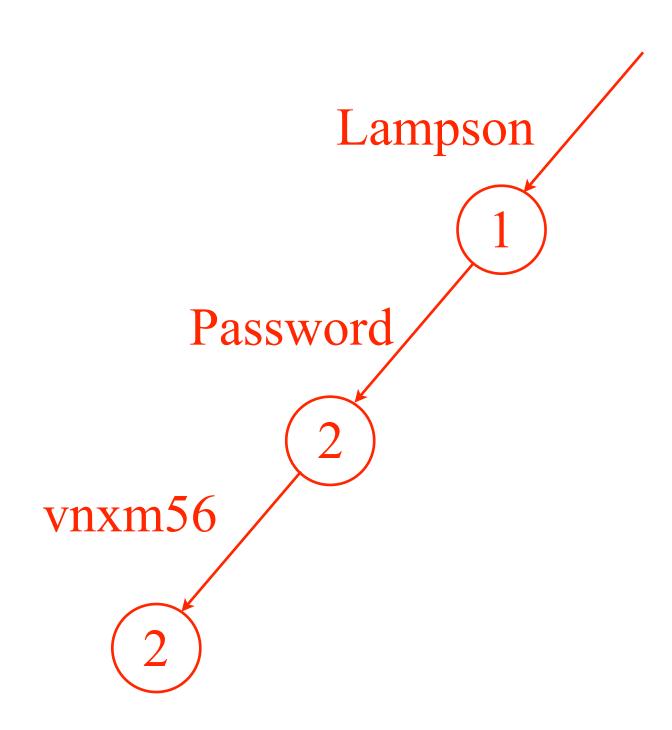
Name lookup

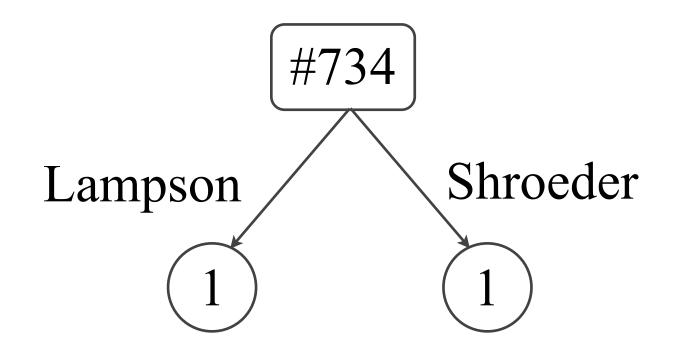
- Clients can cache mappings to reduce latency
- Stale mappings avoided through expiration times

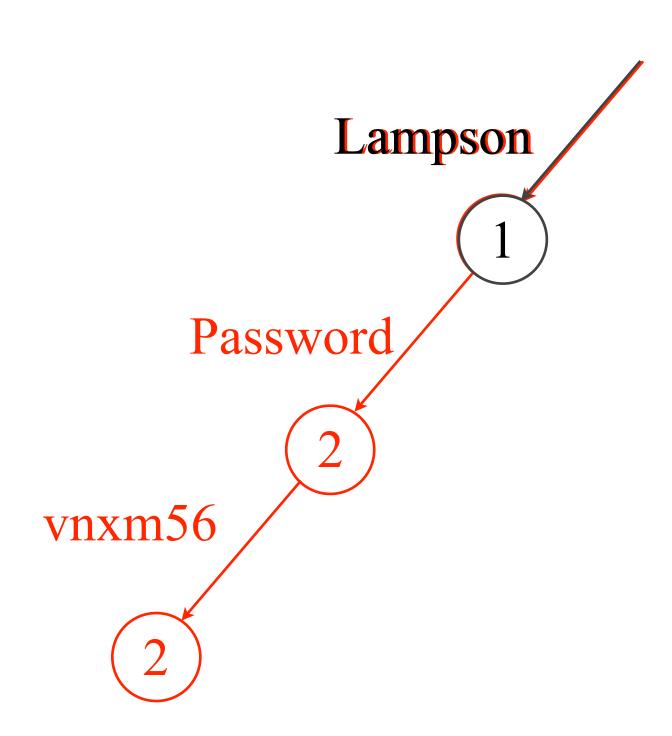
Updates

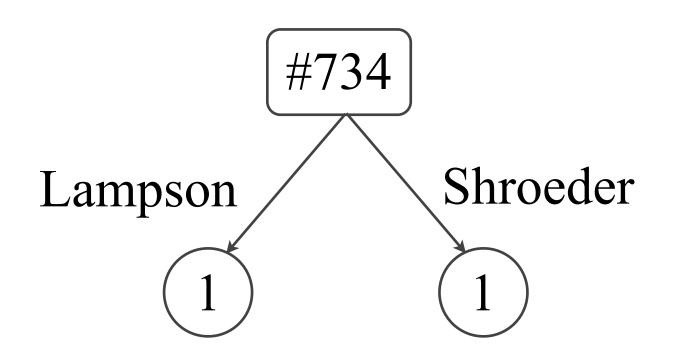


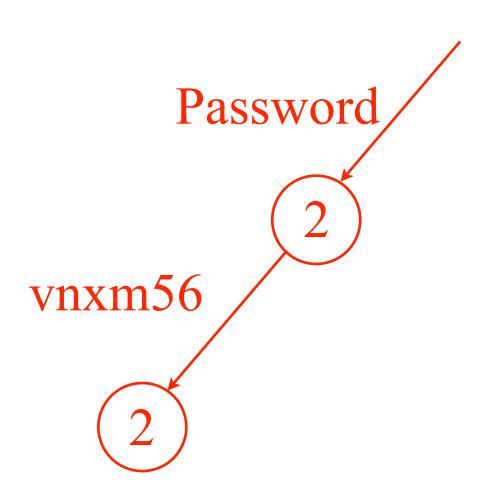


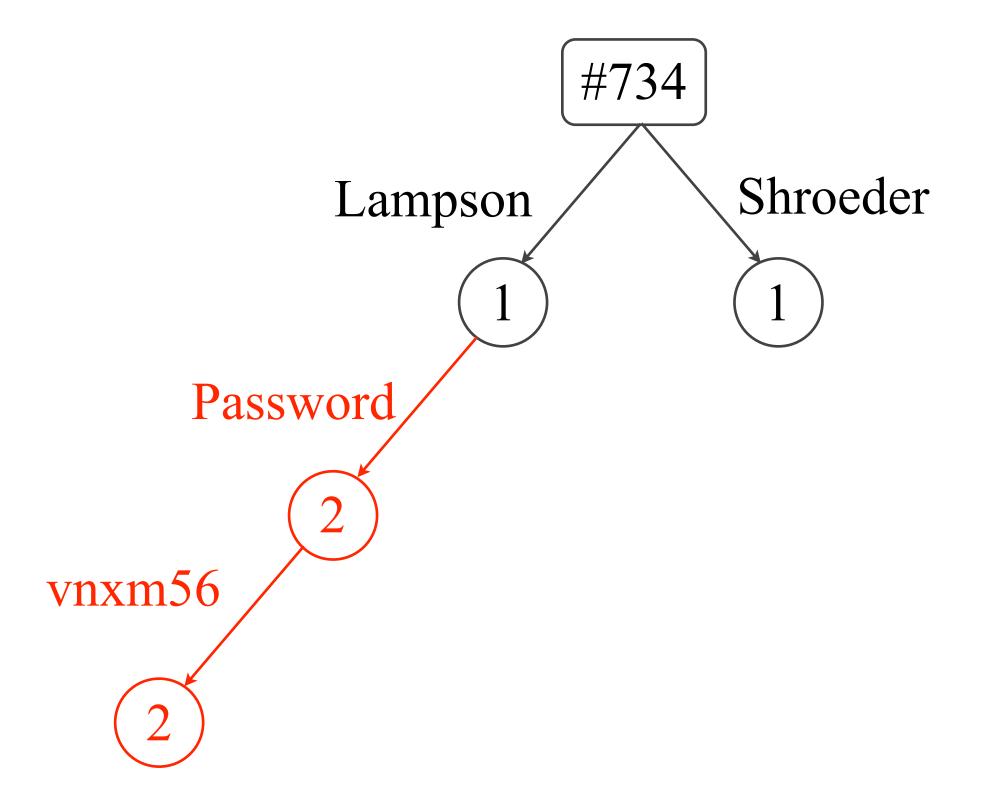


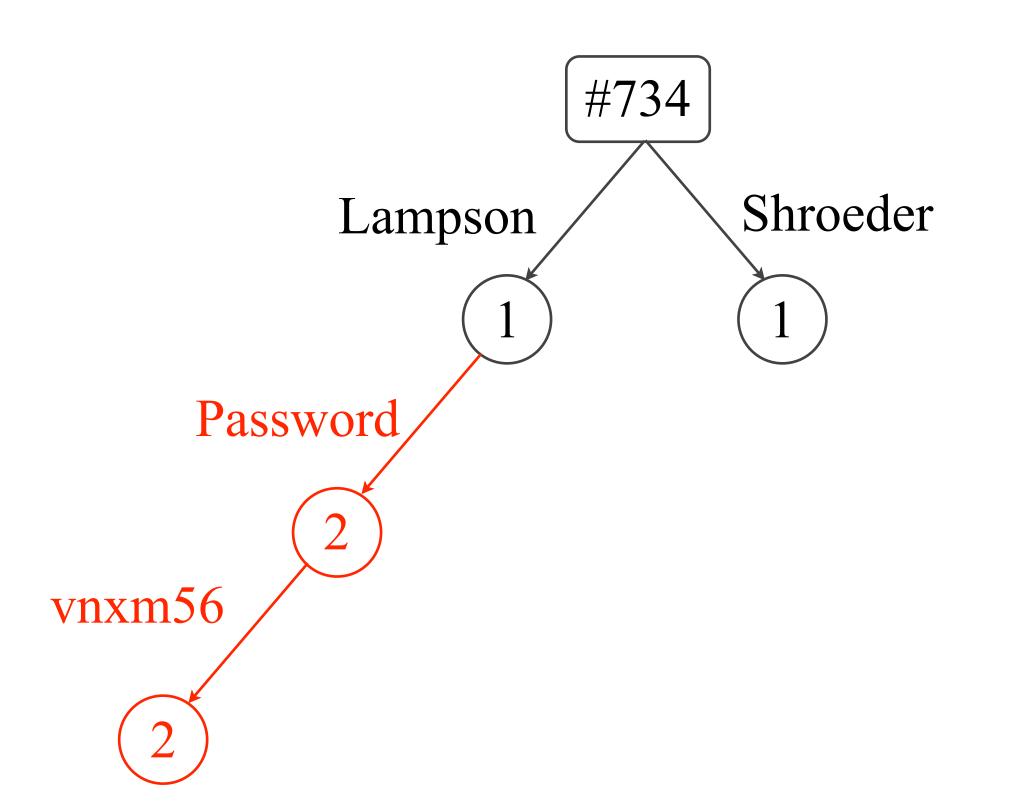


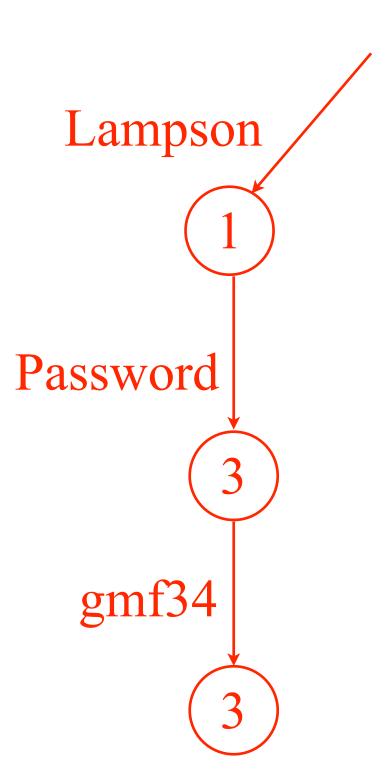


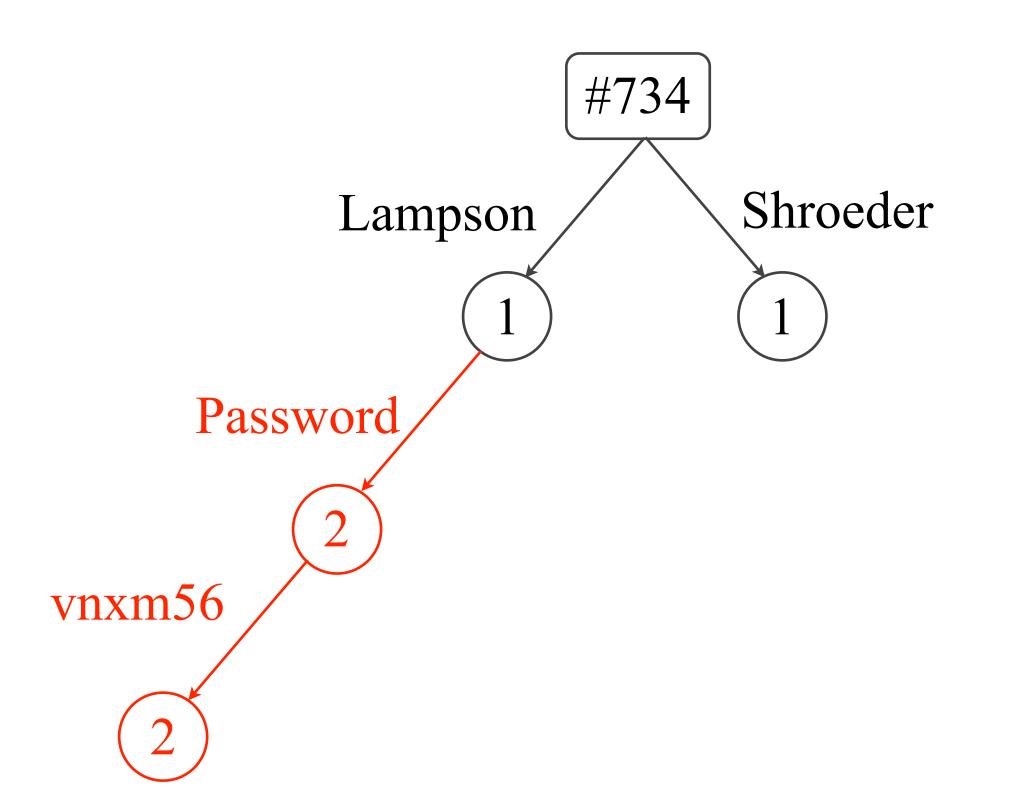


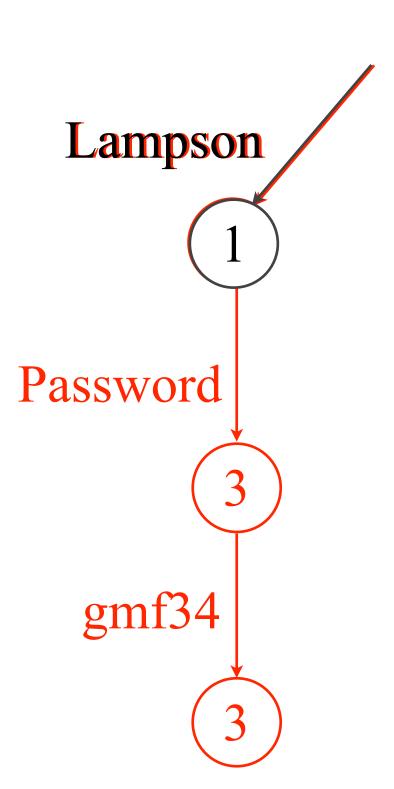


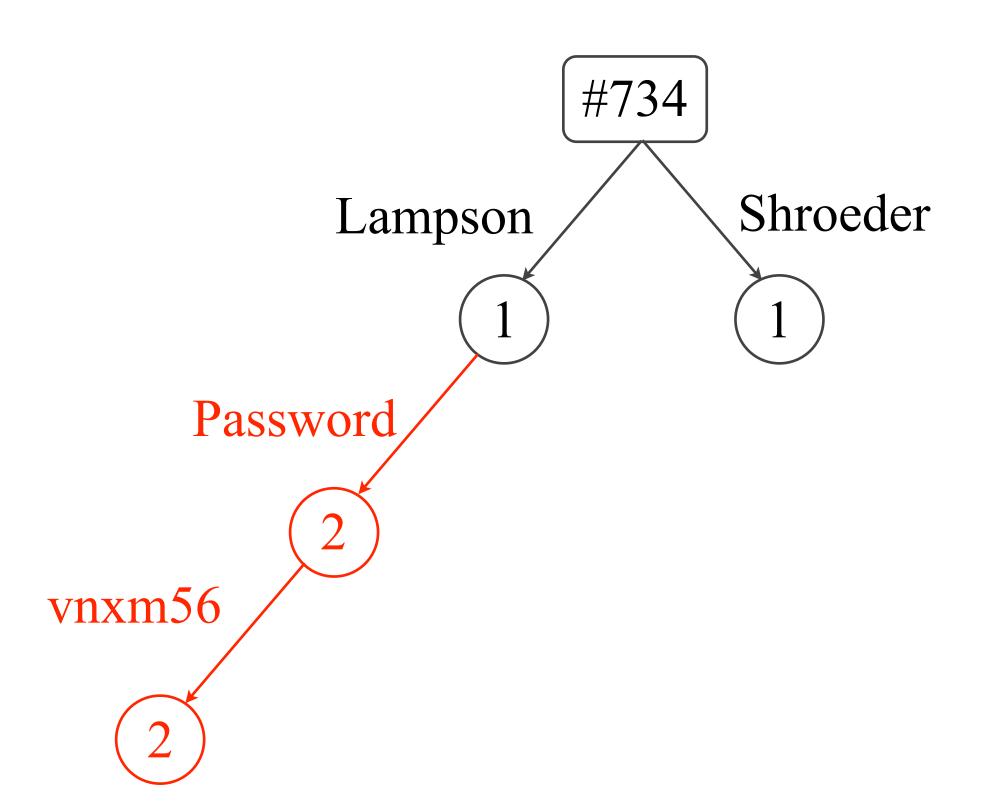


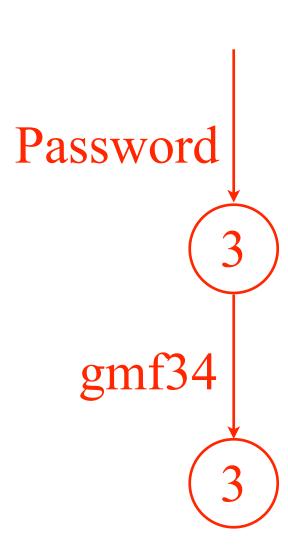


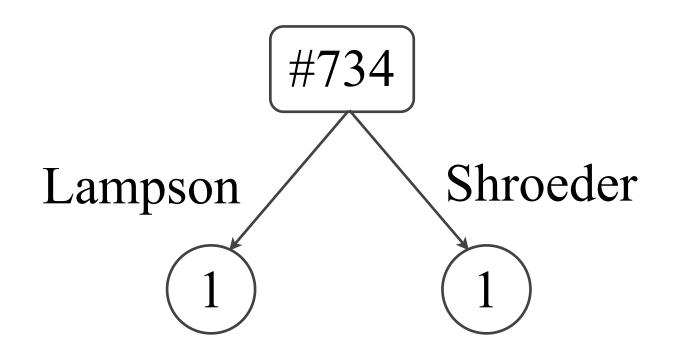


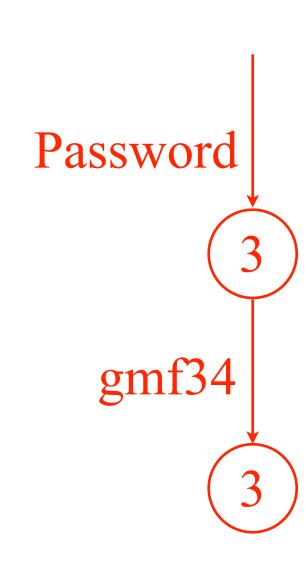


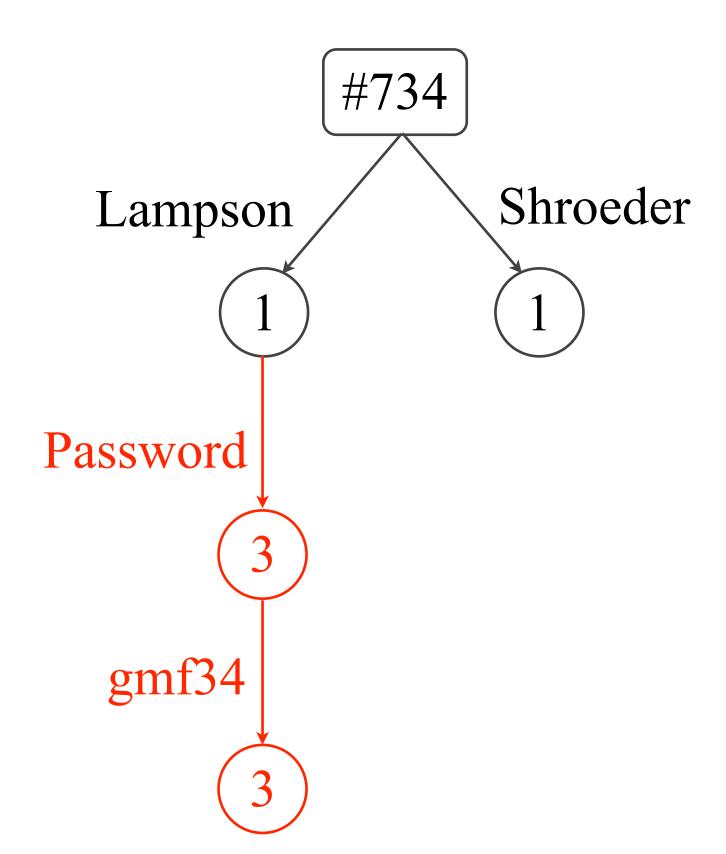


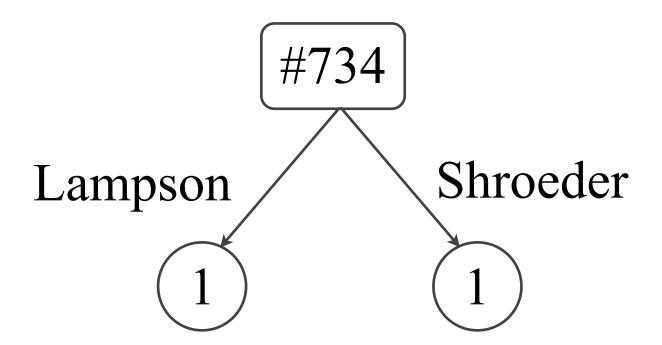


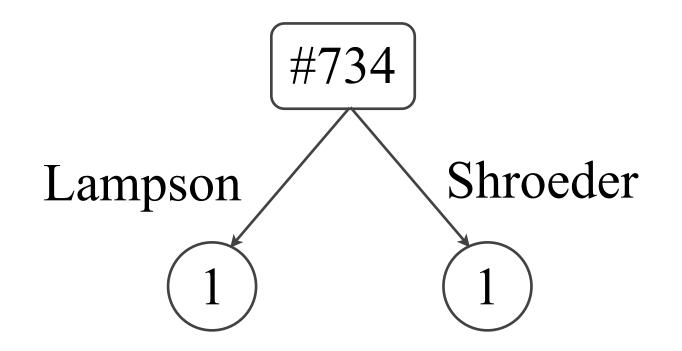


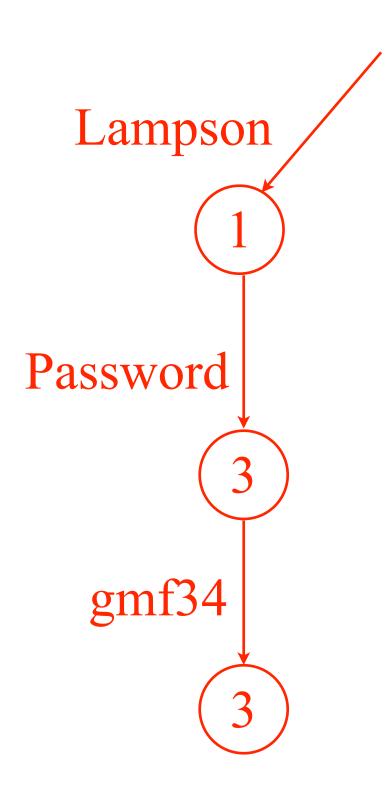


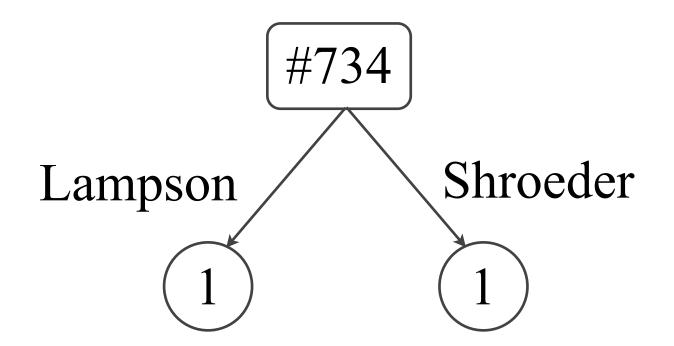


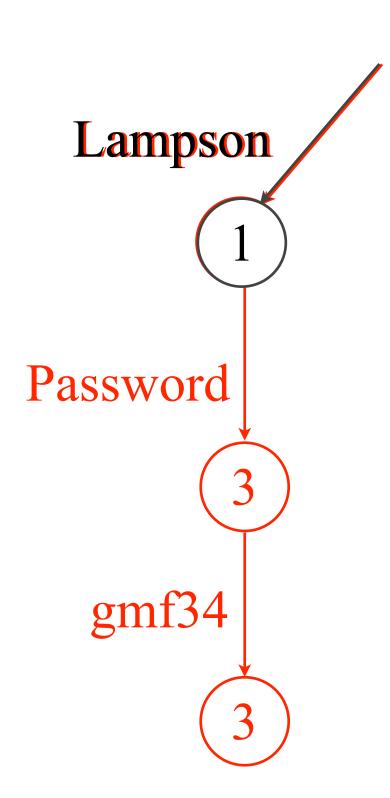


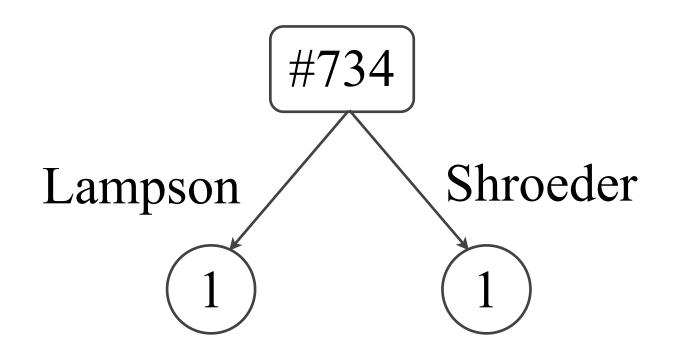


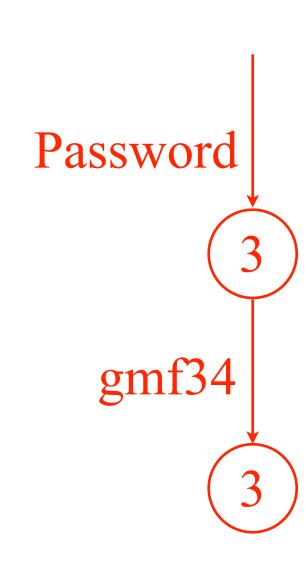


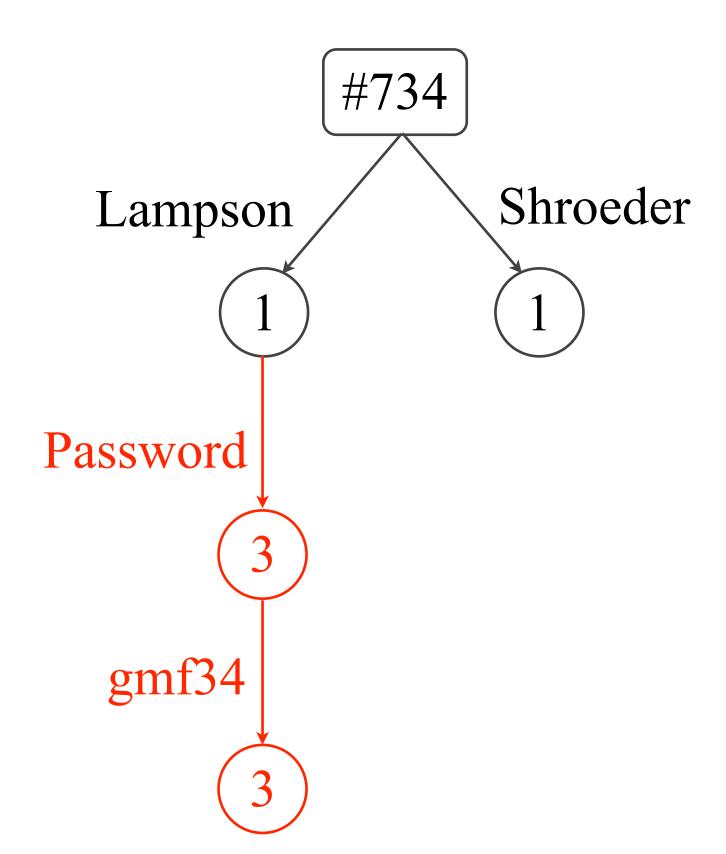


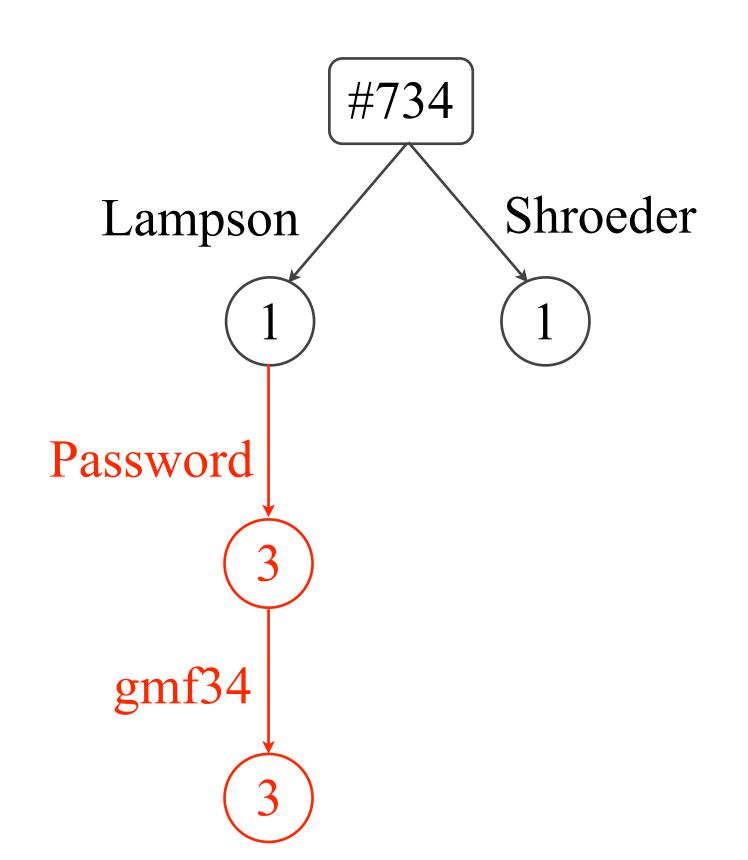


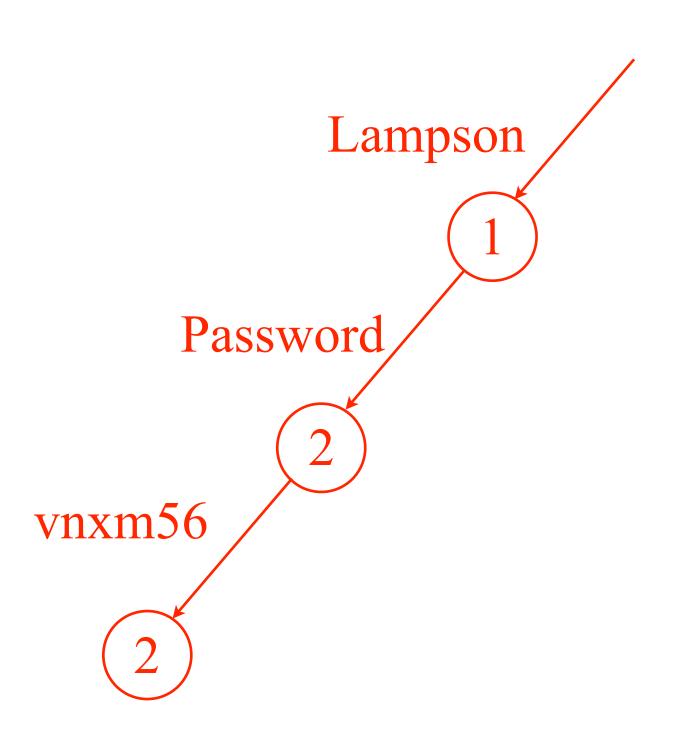


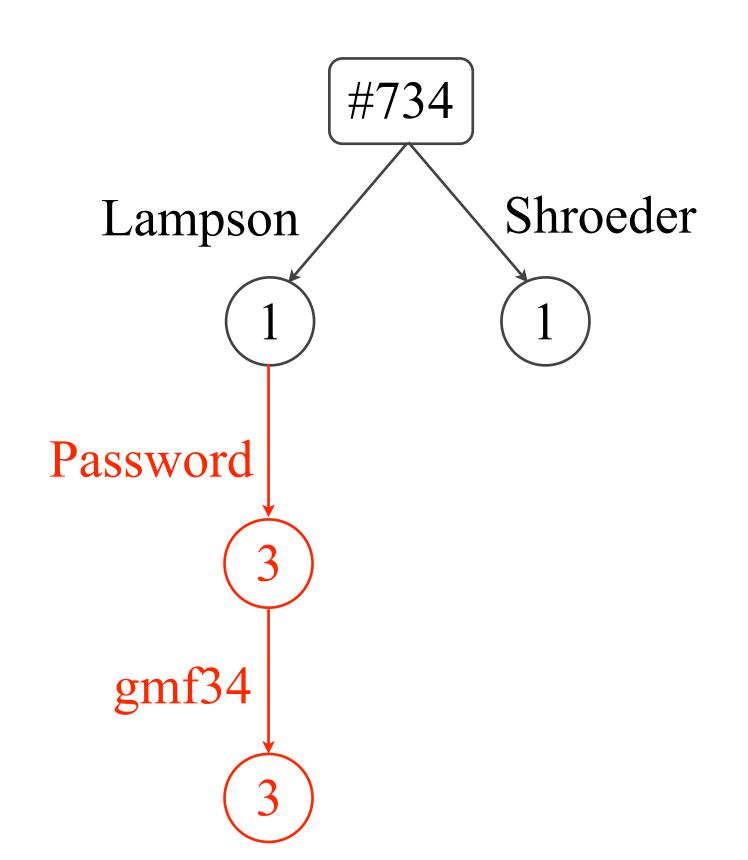


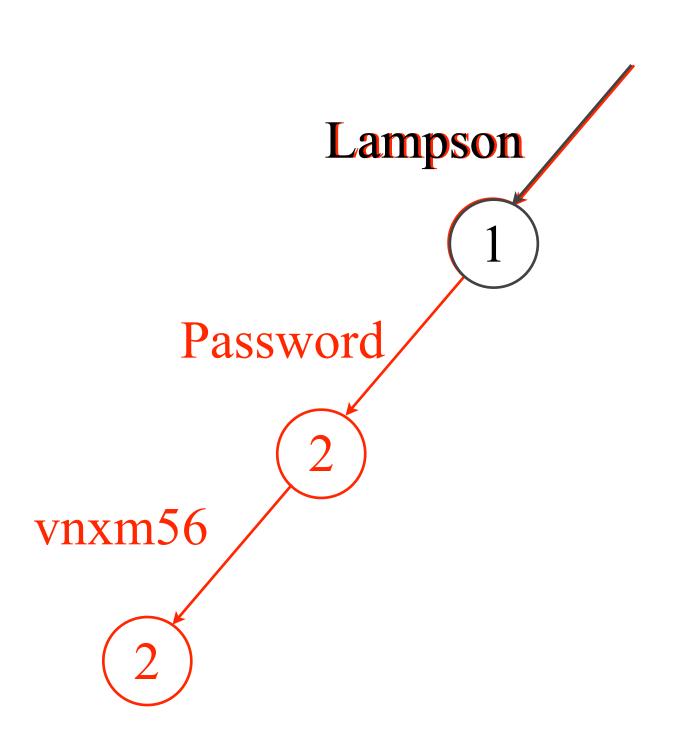


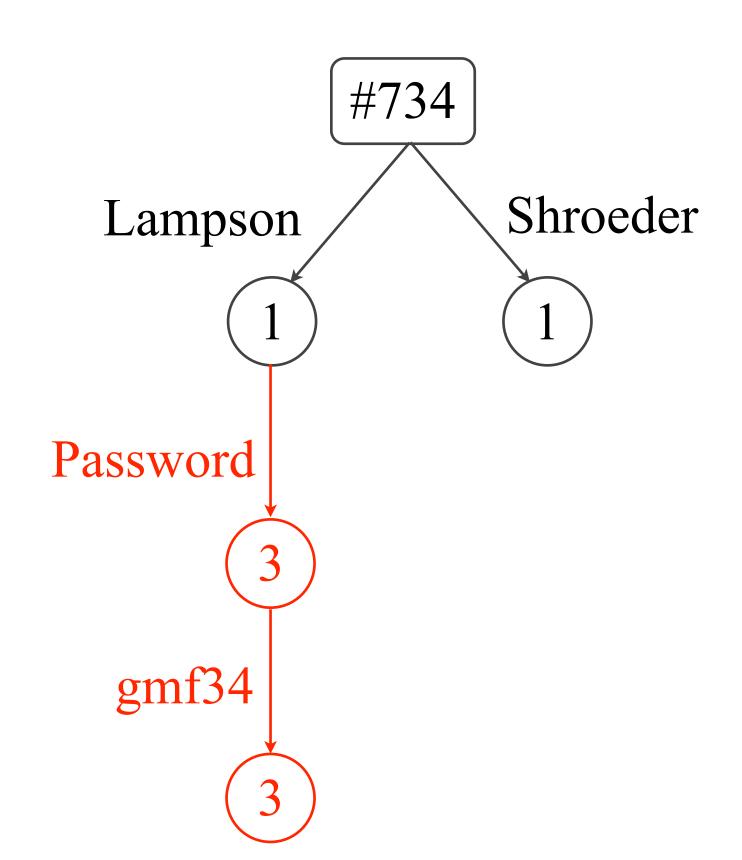


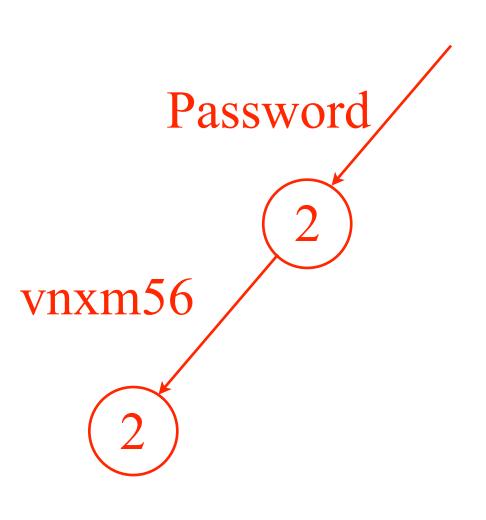


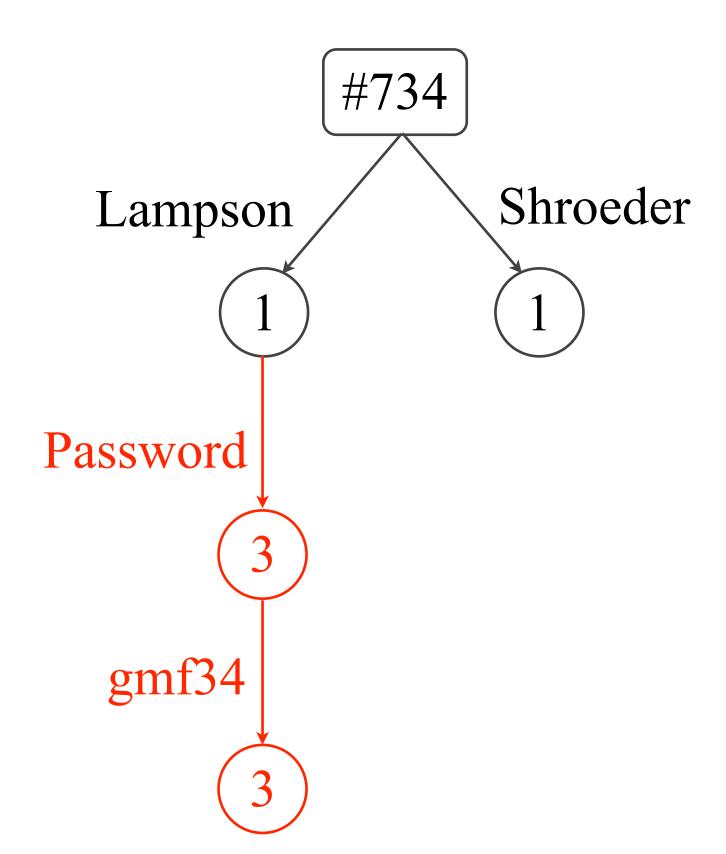


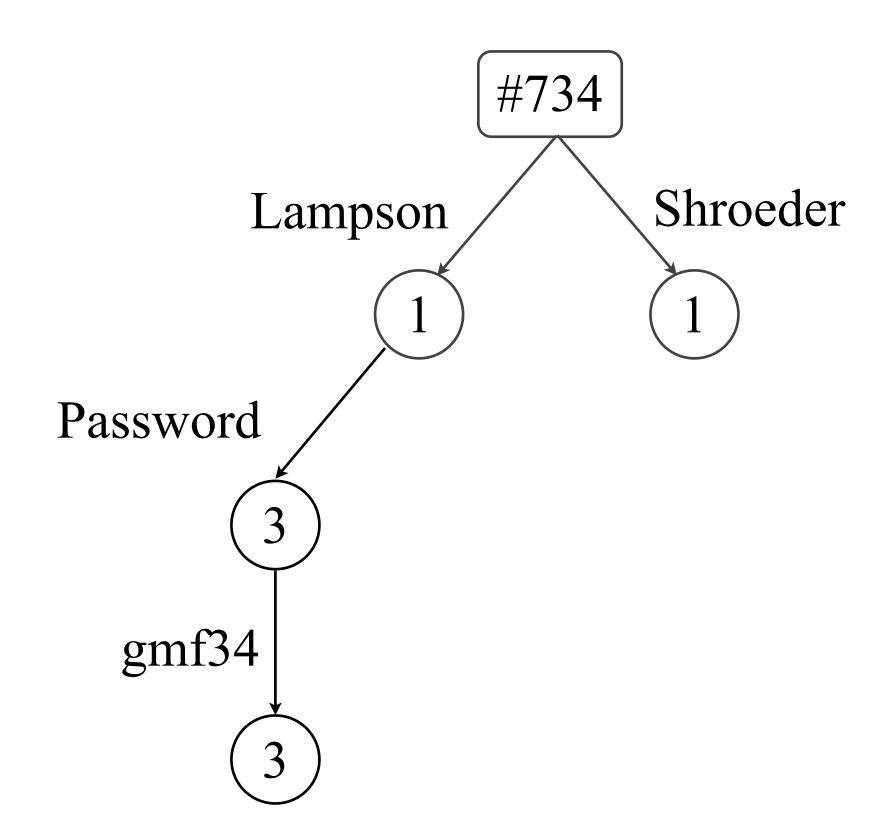


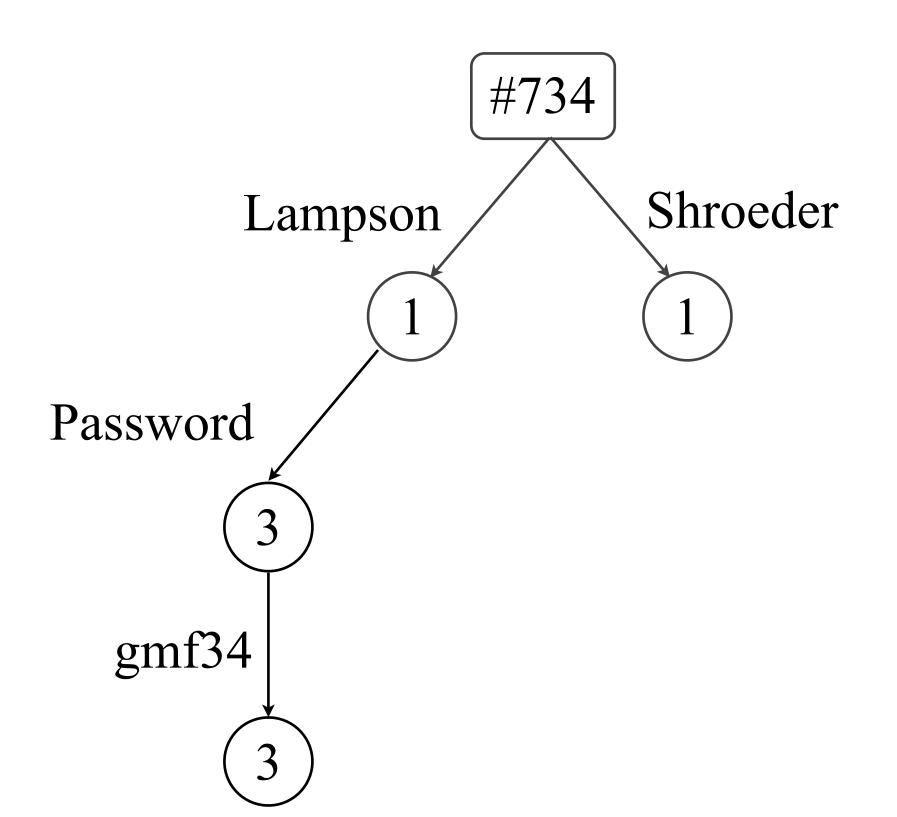


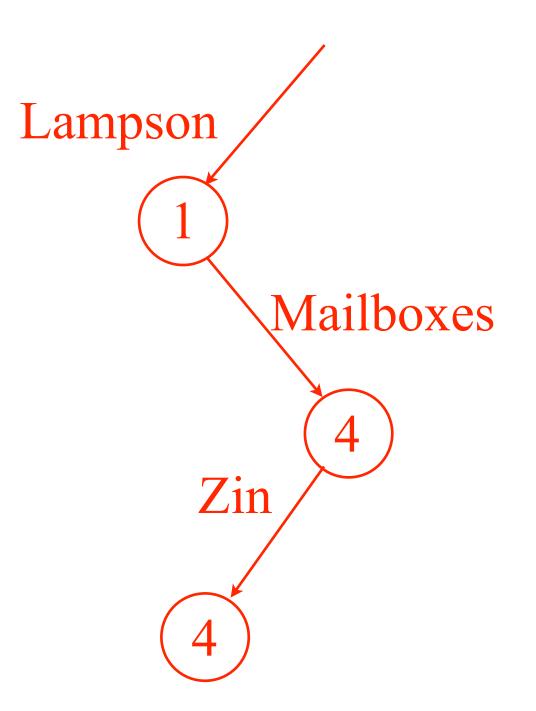


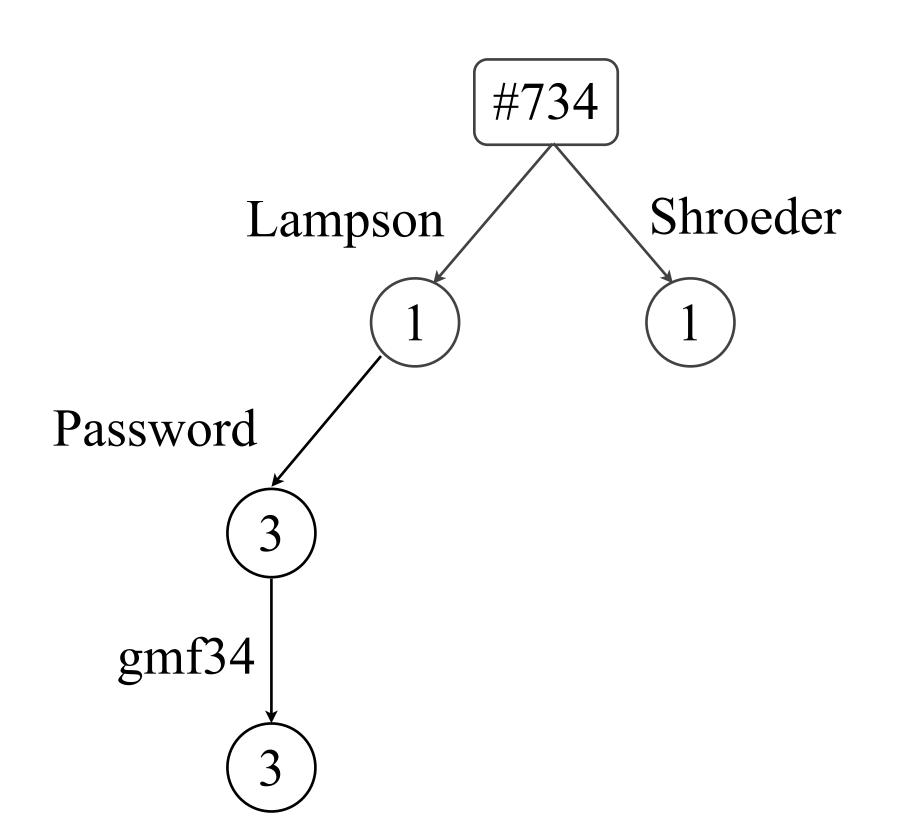


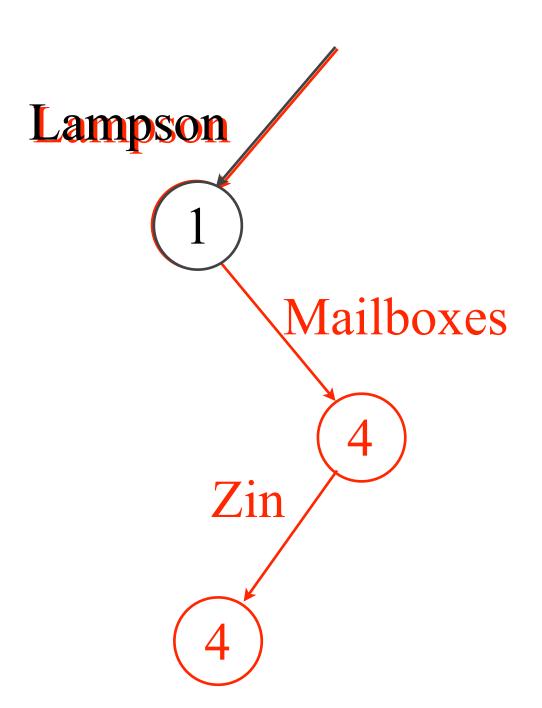


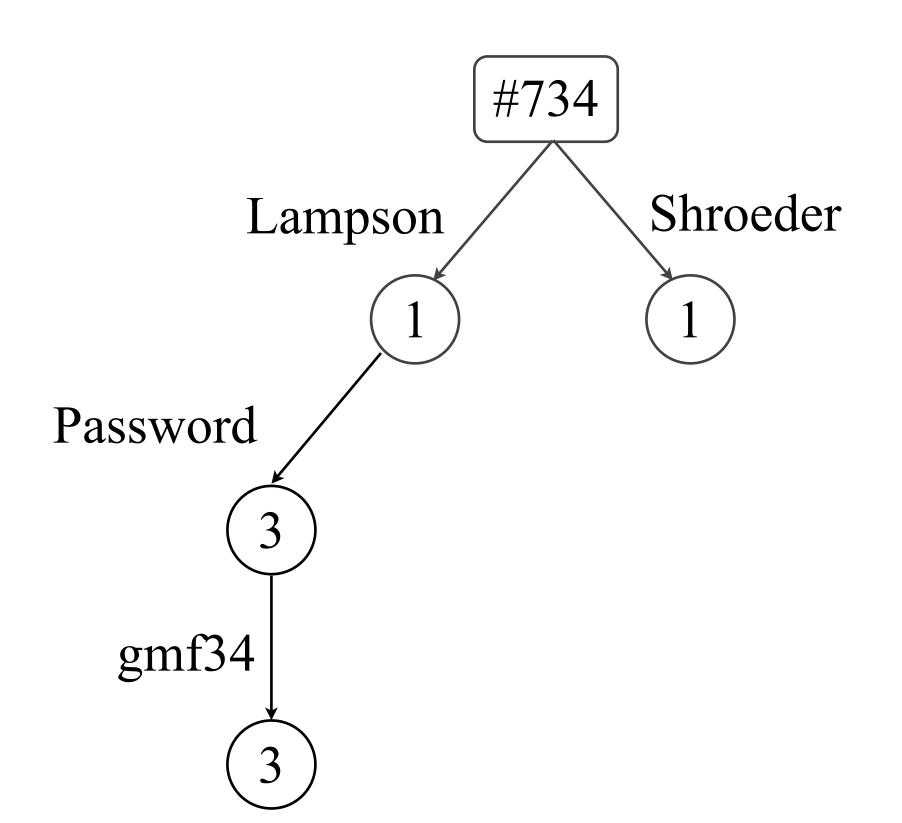


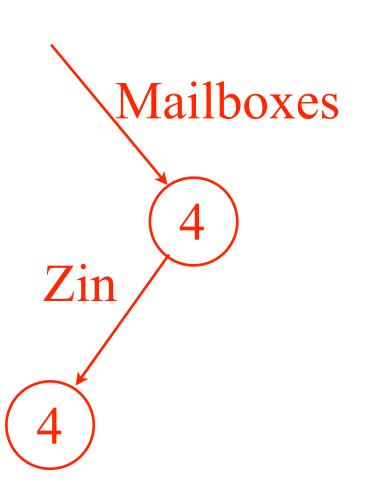


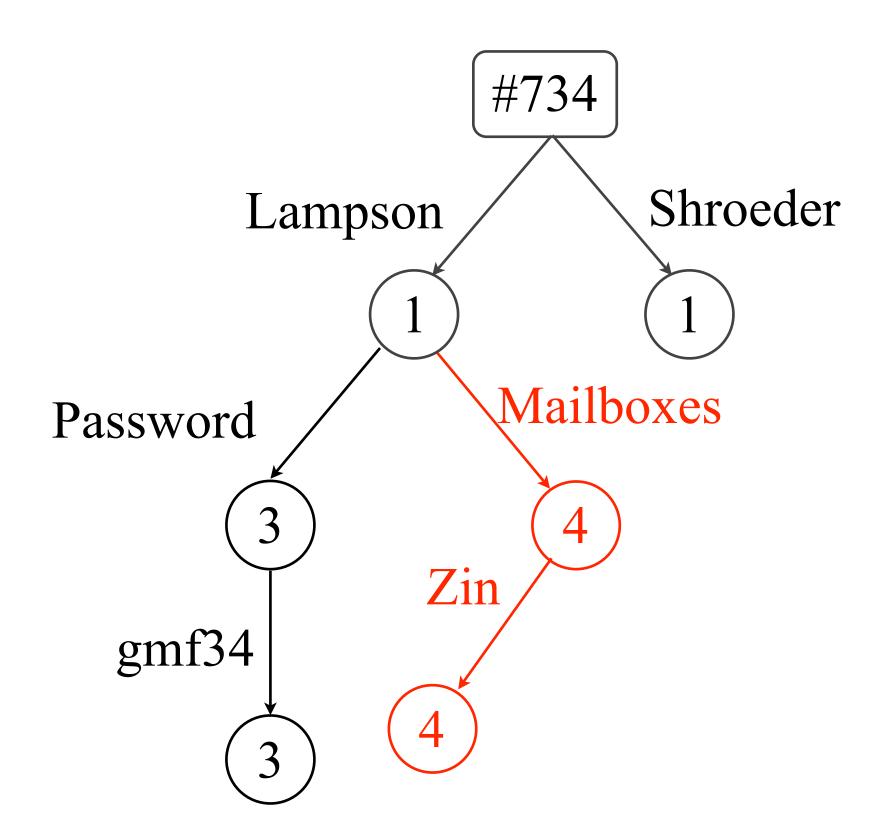


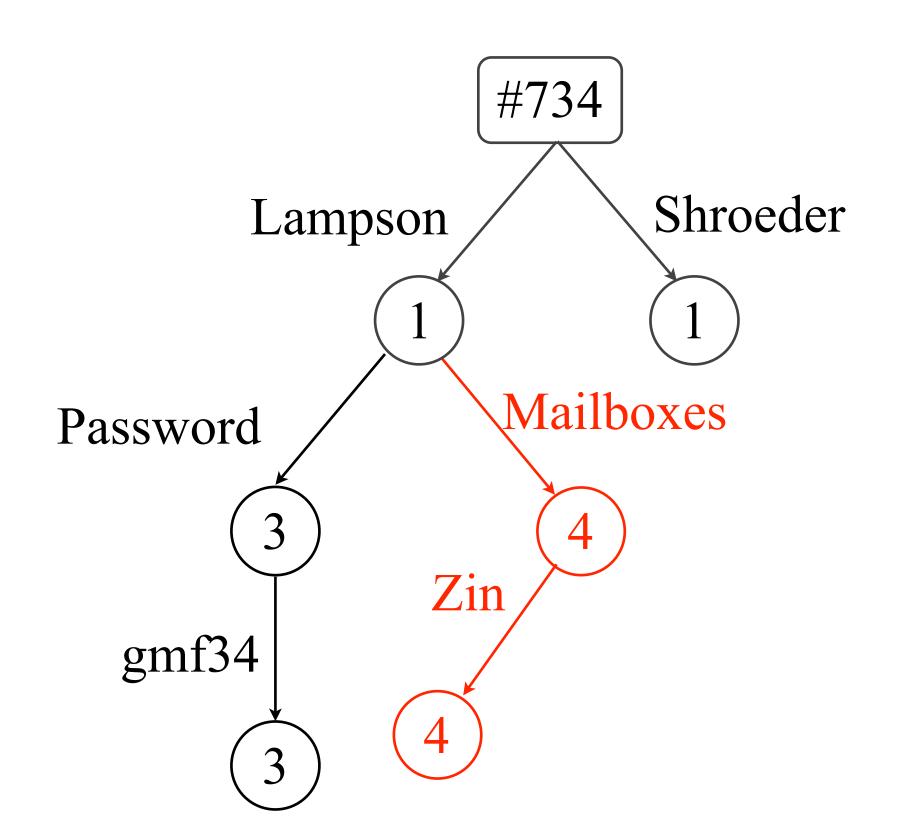


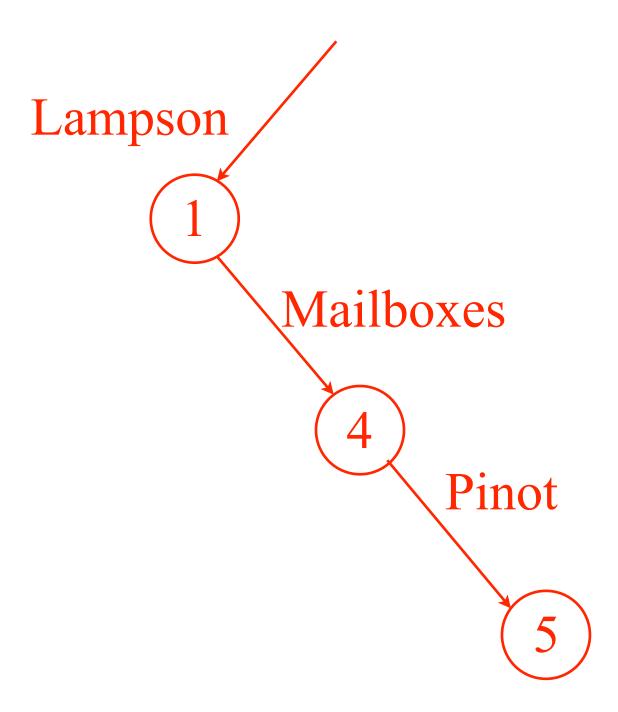


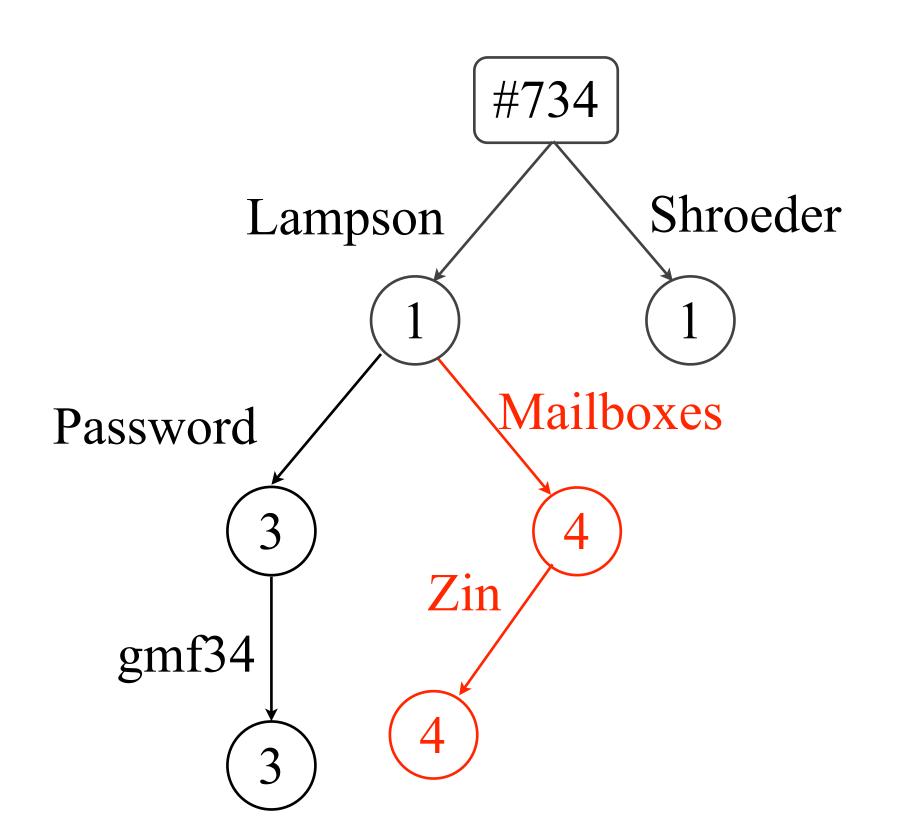


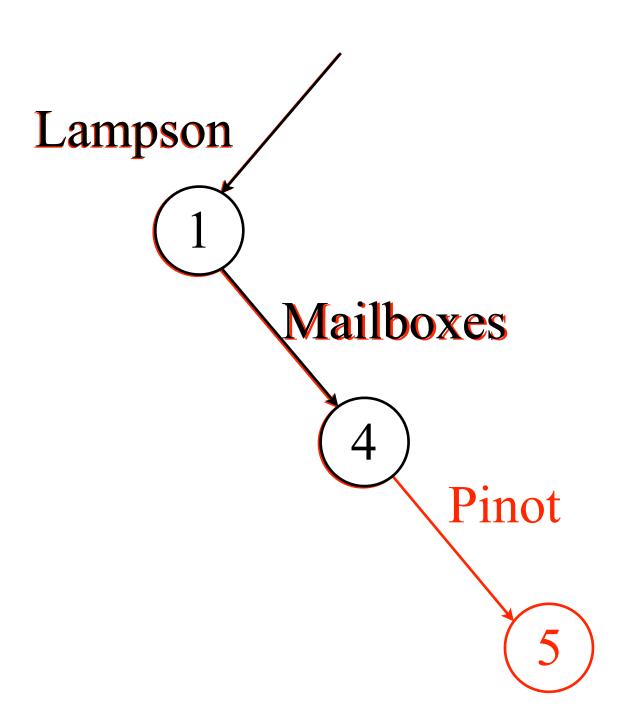


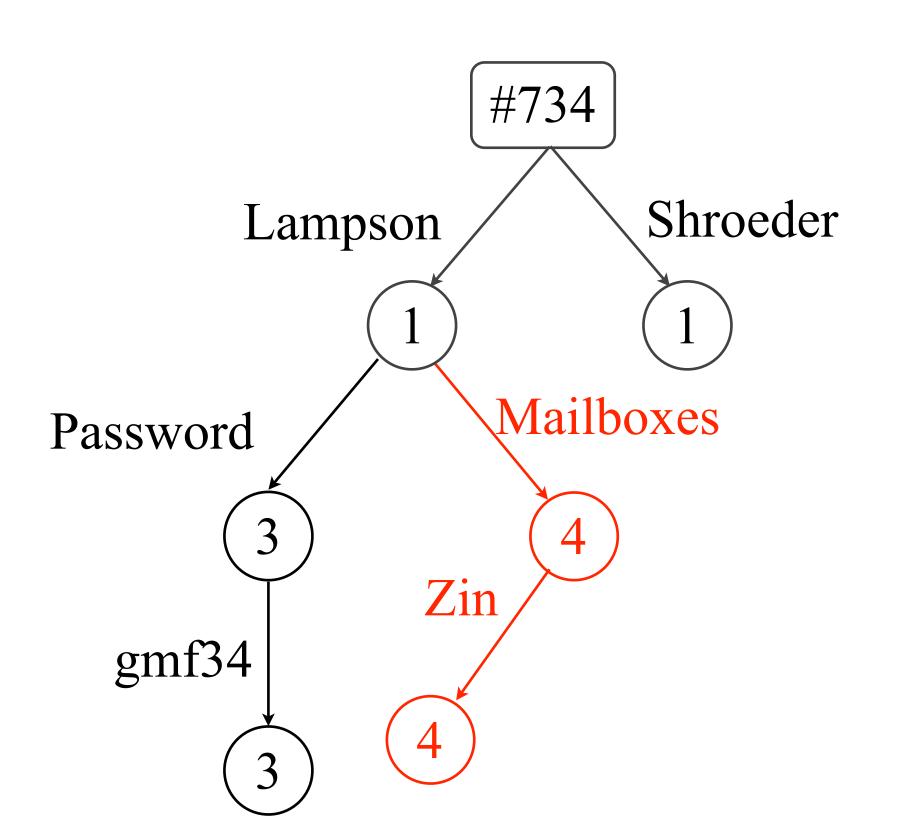


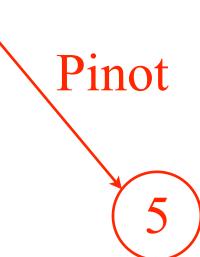


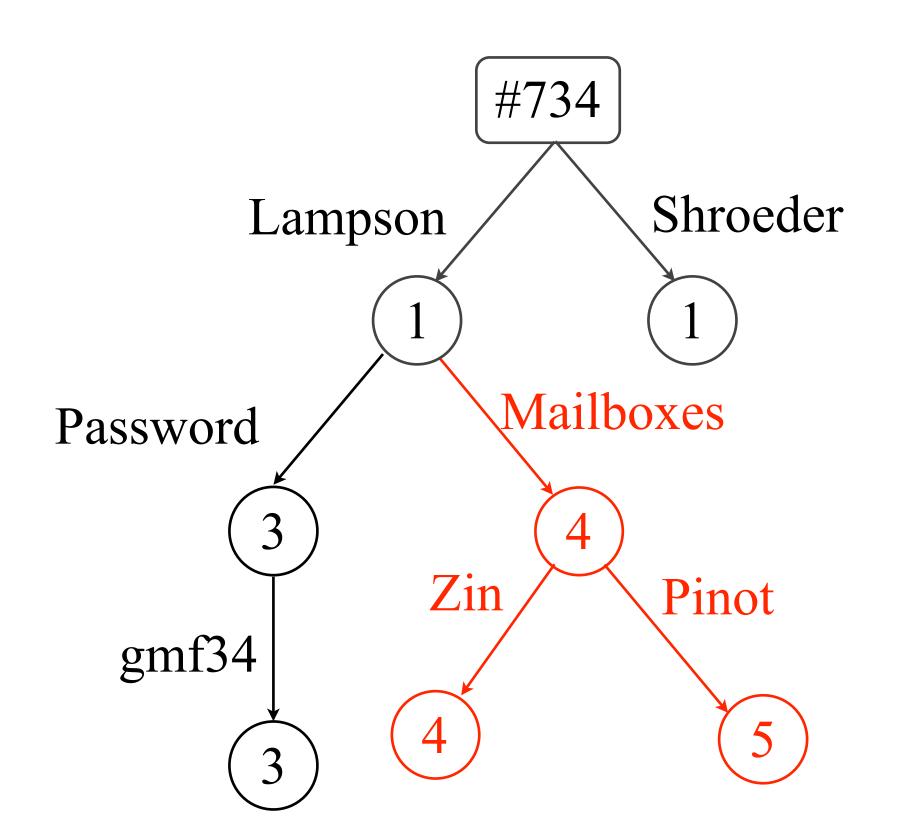


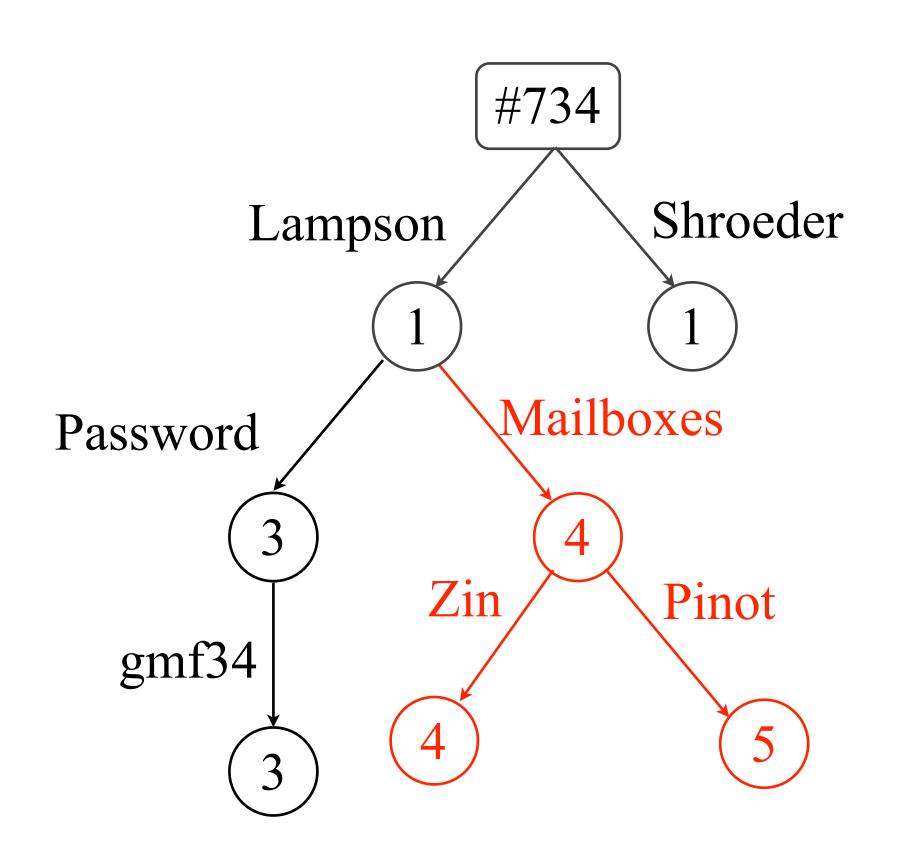


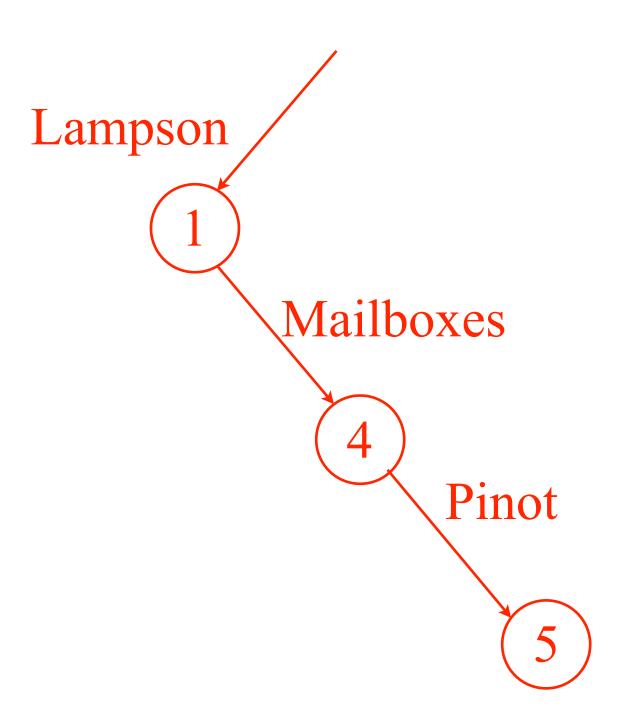


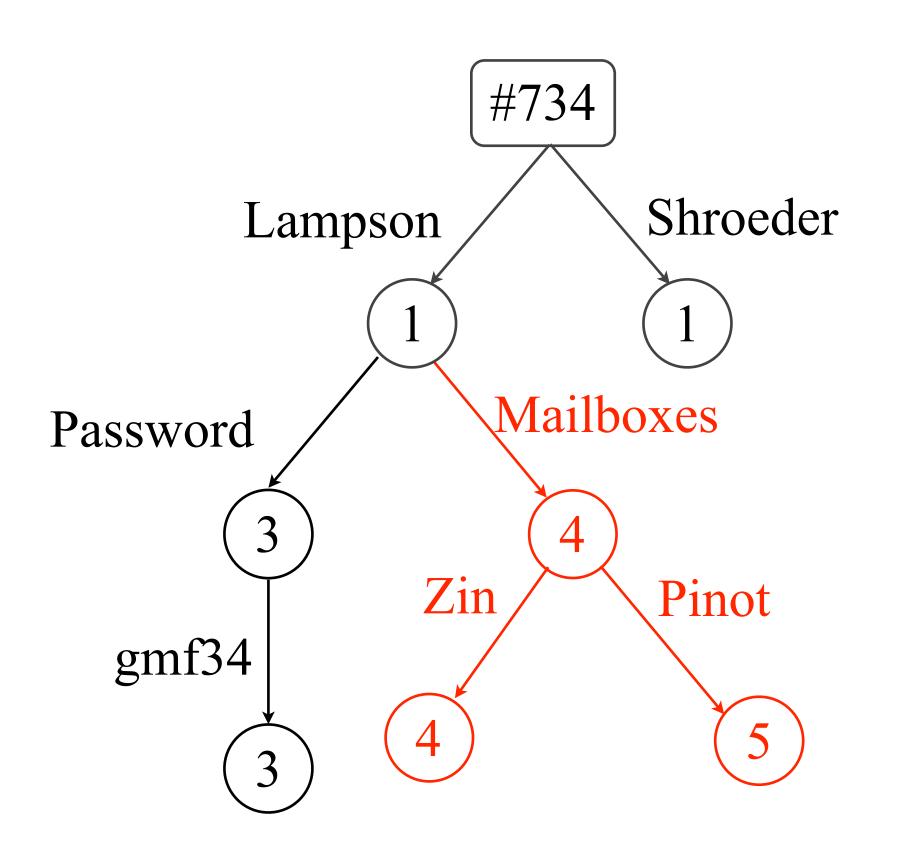


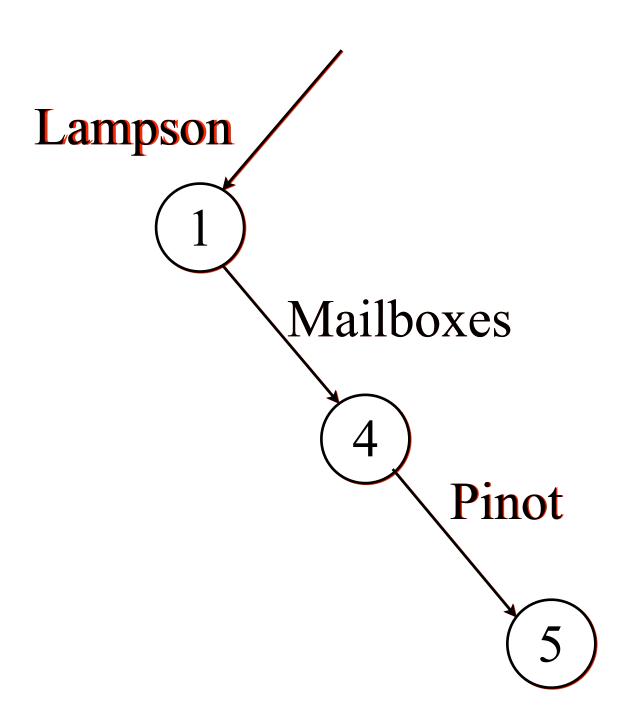


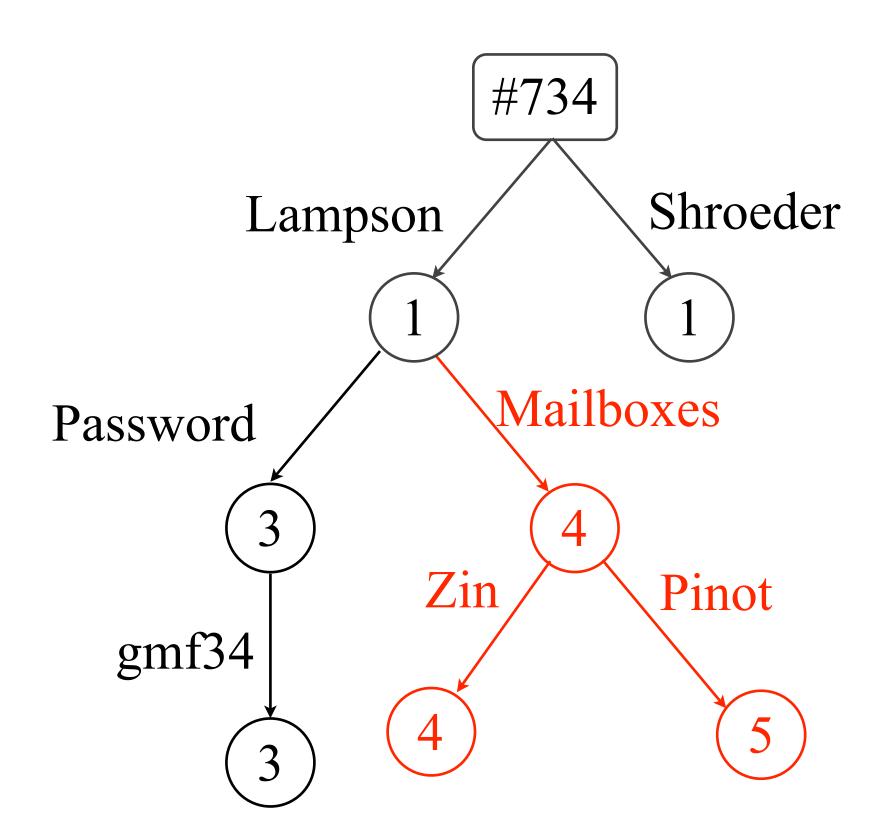












Updates

- Commutative: reordering updates does not affect the outcome
- Idempotent: reapplying updates does not affect the outcome
- Both achieved through timestamp ordering

Designing a Global Name Service

- Scalability: supports an arbitrary number of names and organizations
 - achieved through hierarchy
- Fault-tolerance: keeps functionality even when N servers fail
 - achieved through redundancy + eventual consistency
- Clients cache mappings
- Stale mappings avoided through expiration dates
- Updates are commutative and idempotent