GMM per al processat de veu

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1 Introducció

Les GMM ens permeten estimar la densitat de probabilitat, son una eina molt potentja que mitjançant un corpus de entrenament permeten entrenarles mitjançant un algoritme iteratiu com ho es el de expectation-maximitzation.
Així doncs si seleccionem bé les dades de entrenament podem crear classificadors molt potents , sent alhora computacionalment eficients, donat que nomes hem de calcular la probabilitat de que la nostre caracteristica pertanyi a un dels nostres models.

En aquest projecte farem servir les GMM per a la classificació de locutor, es a dir dir a qui pertany una grabació donat un senyal (o al menys a qui es probable que pertanyi).
També usarem aquesta eina per a la verificació de veu, es a dir identificar a un usuari mitjançant unicament una grabació.

2 Analisis

Per a la correcta implementació dels nostres proposits hem implementat una classe GMM, a més hem creat tambe les funcions gmm_classify i gmm_verify.

gmm_classify ens permet a partir de unes dades i un array de GMM (els nostres locutors) dir probablement de qui és la grabació.

gmm_verify ens permet a partir de unes dades i un array de GMM identificar un locutor,la diferencia principal entre classify i verify és que en verificació no podem només donar la opcio més probable, un intrus es inaceptable, aixi doncs creem una gmm background , un model del conjunt de locutors, i la comparem amb un treshold, aixi doncs un locutor no només ha de semblarse a ell mateix sino que ha de ser identificable, distingirse del conjunt de parlants.

Per a la extracció de caracteristiques dels audios farem servir el SPTK, un conjunts de programes per al processat de veu, que conté funcions com la de

calcular els mpcc els lpcc o enfinestraments.

A més a fi de probar i dissenyar el nostre sistema ens caldra un conjunt de audios prou ampli com per modelar un cas real, farem servir la base de dades speecon.

Així doncs hem realitzat les seguents tasques:

- Completar la classe GMM
- Completar la funció gmm_train , que és una implementacio del algoritme Expectation-Maximization per a entrenar les GMM.
- finalitzar la funció gmm_classify, que ens permetra decidir entre els locutors.
- S'analitzarà l'importància dels paràmetres.
  - Mètodes d'inicialització.
  - Nombre de Gaussianes.
  - lpcc i mpc.
- Utilitzarem programació bash o els scripts per a processos complexes i repetitius.

3 Síntesis

3.1 gmm.cpp

```
/* Copyright (C) Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya,
   Barcelona, Spain.
 *
 * Permission to copy, use, modify, sell and distribute
    this software
 * is granted provided this copyright notice appears in
    all copies.
 * This software is provided "as is" without express or
    implied
 * warranty, and with no claim as to its suitability for
    any purpose.
 * antonio.bonafonte@upc.edu
 * Barcelona, November 2011
 */
```

```
#include <fstream>
#include "gmm.h"

using namespace std;
using namespace upc;


namespace upc {

#define CTTE_GAUSSIAN 0.398942280401433 /* 1/sqrt(2 * PI)
    */

/*
   Compute log(x+y) from logx and logy.
   The basic expression,
       log(e^logx + e^logy),
   may result in 'nan', if e^logx or e^logy is too large

   => if logx is larger,
   log(e^logx + e^logy)=log(e^logx * (1+e^logy/e^logx)) =
       logx +log(1+e^(logy-logx))
 */

float add_logs(float logx, float logy) {
        if (logx > logy)
                return logx + log(1.0 + exp(logy-logx));
        else
                return logy + log(1.0 + exp(logx-logy));
}


/*
  // Working directly with probabilities can give
     numerical problems;
  // It is better to work with logprob (see below)

  float gaussian_prob(unsigned int vector_size, const
     float *mu, const float *inv_sigma, const float *x) {
    float e=0.0F, c=1.0F, p;
    unsigned int j;
    for (j=0; j<vector_size; ++j) {
      float f = (x[j]-mu[j]) * inv_sigma[j];
      e += (f*f);
      c *= CTTE_GAUSSIAN * inv_sigma[j];
    }
    e /= 2;
```

```
    p = c * exp(-e);
    return p;
  }
 */

float gaussian_logprob(unsigned int vector_size, const
   float *mu, const float *inv_sigma, const float *x) {
        float e=0.0F, c=0.0F, logp;
        unsigned int j;
        for (j=0; j<vector_size; ++j) {
                float f = (x[j]-mu[j]) * inv_sigma[j];
                e += (f*f);
                c += log(inv_sigma[j]);
        }
        e /= 2;
        logp = vector_size * CTTE_GAUSSIAN + c - e;
        return logp;
}

void GMM::delete_mixture(unsigned int k) {
        if (k >= nmix)
                return;

        unsigned int last = nmix-1;

        if (k != last) {
                //save last mixture in position k
                w[k] = w[last];
                unsigned int i;
                for (i=0; i<vector_size; ++i) {
                        mu[k][i] = mu[last][i];
                        inv_sigma[k][i] = inv_sigma[last
                            ][i];
                }
        }
        resize(nmix-1, vector_size);
}


///Compute logprob of the input data
float GMM::gmm_logprob(const float *x) const {
        float log_prob_x,f;
        unsigned int k;
        log_prob_x = log(w[0]) + gaussian_logprob(
            vector_size, mu[0], inv_sigma[0], x);
```

```
        for (k=1; k<nmix; ++k) {
                f = log(w[k]) +  gaussian_logprob(
                    vector_size, mu[k], inv_sigma[k], x);
                log_prob_x = add_logs(log_prob_x, f);
        }
        return log_prob_x;
}

///TODO: Compute logprob a sequence of input data
float GMM::logprob(const fmatrix &data) const {

        if (nmix == 0 || vector_size == 0 || vector_size
           != data.ncol())
                return -1e38F;

        float lprob = 0.0;
        unsigned int n;

        for (n=0; n<data.nrow(); ++n) {
                //        TODO
                lprob+=gmm_logprob(data[n]);

        }
        return lprob/n;
}


int GMM::centroid(const upc::fmatrix &data) {
        if (data.nrow() == 0 || data.ncol() == 0)
                return -1;

        resize(1, data.ncol());

        unsigned int n;
        fmatrix weights(data.nrow(), 1);

        for (n=0; n < weights.nrow(); ++n)
                weights[n][0] = 1.0F;
        em_maximization(data, weights);
        return 0;
}


///Compute the best mixtures (weights, means, variances)
    given
/// -the input data
```

```
/// -the weights that the input data is generated for
    each gaussian

int GMM::em_maximization(const upc::fmatrix &data, const
    upc::fmatrix &weights) {
        unsigned int n, j, k;

        w.reset();
        mu.reset();
        inv_sigma.reset();

        for (n=0; n<data.nrow(); ++n) {
                for (k=0; k < nmix; ++k) {
                        w[k] +=  weights[n][k];
                        for (j=0; j < vector_size; ++j) {
                                mu[k][j] += weights[n][k]
                                    * data[n][j]; /* sum{
                                    x w_i} */
                                inv_sigma[k][j] +=
                                    weights[n][k] * data[n
                                    ][j] * data[n][j]; /*
                                    sum{x^2 w_i} */
                        }
                }
        }
        for (k=0; k < nmix; ++k) {
                for (j=0; j < vector_size; ++j) {
                        mu[k][j] /= w[k]; /* sum{x w_i}/
                            sum{w_i} */
                        inv_sigma[k][j] /= w[k]; /* sum{x
                            ^2 w_i}/sum{w_i} */
                        inv_sigma[k][j] = 1.0F/sqrt(
                            inv_sigma[k][j] - mu[k][j]*mu[
                            k][j]); /* 1/sigma */
                }
                w[k] /=  data.nrow();
        }
        return 0;
}

///For each input data compute the probability that the
    data is generated from each mixture
///We work with log of probabilities to avoid numerical
    problems on intermediate results
```

```
float GMM::em_expectation(const fmatrix &data, fmatrix &
    weights) const {
        unsigned int n, k;
        float log_prob_total, log_prob_x;

        if (data.ncol() != vector_size)
                return -1.0;

        if (weights.nrow() != data.nrow() ||
                        weights.ncol() != nmix)
                weights.resize(data.nrow(), nmix);

        //use log(prob) for intermediate computation, to
            avoid underflow

        //For each input data ...
        for (n=0, log_prob_total = 0.0F; n<data.nrow();
            ++n) {
                //For each mixture ...
                for (k=0, log_prob_x = -1e20F; k < nmix;
                    ++k) {
                        weights[n][k] = log(w[k]) +
                            gaussian_logprob(vector_size,
                            mu[k], inv_sigma[k], data[n]);
                        log_prob_x = add_logs(log_prob_x,
                             weights[n][k]);
                }

                for (k=0; k < nmix; ++k)
                        weights[n][k] = exp(weights[n][k
                            ]-log_prob_x);
                log_prob_total += log_prob_x;
        }

        log_prob_total /= data.nrow();
        return log_prob_total;
}

int GMM::em(const fmatrix &data, unsigned int max_it,
    float inc_threshold, int verbose) {
        unsigned int iteration;
        float old_prob=0.0F, new_prob=0.0F, inc_prob=1.0F
            ;

        fmatrix weights(data.nrow(), nmix);
```

```
        for (iteration=0; iteration<max_it; ++iteration)
            {

                ///TODO: loop, em_expectation +
                    em_maximization
                ///Stop if the prob. does not increases
                    more than inc_threshold
                ///Update old_prob, new_prob, inc_prob
                em_expectation(data,weights);
                em_maximization(data,weights);

                new_prob=logprob(data);

                inc_prob=new_prob-old_prob;
                old_prob=new_prob;
                if(inc_prob<inc_threshold){break;}
                if (verbose & 01)
                        cout << "GMM_nmix=" << nmix << "\
                            tite=" << iteration << "\tlog(
                            prob)=" << new_prob << "\tinc=
                            " << inc_prob << endl;

        }
        return 0;
}

int GMM::em_split(const fmatrix &data, unsigned int
    final_nmix, unsigned int max_it, float inc_threshold,
    int verbose) {
        centroid(data);
        while (nmix <final_nmix) {
                split(final_nmix);
                em(data, max_it, inc_threshold, verbose);
        }
        return 0;
}

void GMM::split_mixture(unsigned int src, unsigned int
    dest) {
        unsigned int j;
        int sign;
        float r;

        for (j=0; j<vector_size; ++j) {
                r = (float) 2.0F *rand()/(float) RAND_MAX
                    - 1.0F; /* r: (-1,1) */
```

```
                sign = (r > 0 ? 1 : -1);

                mu[dest][j] = mu[src][j] + sign * 0.5/
                    inv_sigma[src][j];
                mu[src][j] = mu[src][j] - sign * 0.5/
                    inv_sigma[src][j];

                inv_sigma[src][j] *= 2;
                inv_sigma[dest][j] = inv_sigma[src][j];

        }
        w[src] /= 2.0F;
        w[dest] = w[src];
}

int GMM::split(unsigned int target_size) {
        unsigned int i, j, old_size;

        if (nmix >= target_size)
                return nmix;

        if (2*nmix <= target_size) {
                target_size = 2*nmix;
                old_size = nmix;
                resize(2*nmix, vector_size);
                for (i=old_size, j=0; i<nmix; ++i, ++j)
                        split_mixture(j, i);
        } else {
                old_size = nmix;
                resize(target_size, vector_size);
                /* TO DO: select mixtures with larger
                    variance (now, the first ones) */
                for (i=old_size, j=0; i<nmix; ++i, ++j)
                        split_mixture(j, i);
        }
        return nmix;
}

int GMM::random_init(const upc::fmatrix &data, unsigned
    int nmix) {
        if (data.nrow() == 0 || data.ncol() == 0)
                return -1;
        resize(nmix, data.ncol());

        unsigned int n, k;
        fmatrix weights(data.nrow(), nmix);
```

```
        weights.reset();
        for (n=0; n < data.nrow(); ++n) {
                float r = (float) rand()/(float) RAND_MAX
                    ; /* r: [0,1] */
                k = (int) (nmix * r);
                if (k == nmix) k = nmix-1;
                weights[n][k] = 1.0F;
        }
        em_maximization(data, weights);
        return 0;
}

#define HEADER_SIZE 15
static char header[HEADER_SIZE] = "UPC: GMM V 2.0";

std::istream& GMM::read(std::istream &is) {
        char s[HEADER_SIZE];
        is.read(s, HEADER_SIZE);
        if (string(s) != string(header))
                is.setstate(ios::failbit);
        else
                is >> w >> mu >> inv_sigma;
        nmix = mu.nrow();
        vector_size = mu.ncol();
        return is;
}
std::ostream& GMM::write(std::ostream &os) const {
        os.write(header, HEADER_SIZE);
        os << w << mu << inv_sigma;
        return os;
}

std::ostream& GMM::print(std::ostream &os) const {
        unsigned int k, i;
        os << "GMM: nmix=" << nmix << "; vector_size=" <<
            vector_size << endl;
        for (k=0; k<nmix; ++k) {
                os << "w[" << k << "]=\t" << w[k] << '\n'
                    ;

                os << "mu[" << k << "]=" << mu[k][0];
                for (i=1; i<vector_size; ++i)
                        os << "\t" << mu[k][i];
                os << '\n';
```

```
                os << "sig[" << k << "]=" << 1/inv_sigma[
                    k][0];
                for (i=1; i<vector_size; ++i)
                        os << "\t" << 1/inv_sigma[k][i];
                os << '\n' << endl;

        }
        return os;
}
}
```

3.2 gmm_classify.cpp

```
#include <unistd.h> //getopt function, to parse options
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include "filename.h"
#include "gmm.h"

using namespace std;
using namespace upc;

const string DEF_FEAT_EXT = "mcp";
const string DEF_GMM_EXT  = "gmc";

int usage(const char *progname, int err);

int read_options(int ArgC, const char *ArgV[], vector<
    Directory> &input_dirs, vector<Ext> &input_exts,
                vector<Directory> &gmm_dirs, vector<Ext>
                    &gmm_exts,
                vector<string> &input_filenames,
                vector<string> &gmm_filenames);

int read_gmms(const Directory &dir, const Ext &ext, const
     vector<string> &gmm_filenames, vector<GMM> &vgmm);


int classify(const vector<GMM> &vgmm, const fmatrix &dat)
    {
  float  lprob, maxlprob = -1e38;
  int maxind  = -1;

  //TODO .. assign maxind to the best index of vgmm
  //for each gmm, call logprob. Implement this function
      in gmm.cpp
```

```
  maxind = 0;

  for(int i=0;i<vgmm.size();i++){
        if(maxlprob < vgmm[i].logprob(dat)){maxind=i;
           maxlprob=vgmm[i].logprob(dat);}
  }

  return maxind;
}

int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {

  vector<Directory> input_dirs, gmm_dirs;
  vector<Ext> input_exts, gmm_exts;
  vector<string> input_filenames, gmm_filenames;

  int retv = read_options(argc, argv, input_dirs,
     input_exts,
                          gmm_dirs, gmm_exts,
                             input_filenames,
                             gmm_filenames);

  if (retv != 0)
    return usage(argv[0], retv);
#if 0
  cout << "IDIR----------\n"; for (unsigned int i=0; i<
     input_dirs.size(); ++i) cout << input_dirs[i] <<
     endl;
  cout << "GDIR----------\n"; for (unsigned int i=0; i<
     gmm_dirs.size(); ++i) cout << gmm_dirs[i] << endl;
  cout << "IEXT----------\n"; for (unsigned int i=0; i<
     input_exts.size(); ++i) cout << input_exts[i] <<
     endl;
  cout << "GEXT----------\n"; for (unsigned int i=0; i<
     gmm_exts.size(); ++i) cout << gmm_exts[i] << endl;
  cout << "INAM----------\n"; for (unsigned int i=0; i<
     input_filenames.size(); ++i) cout << input_filenames
     [i] << endl;
  cout << "GNAM----------\n"; for (unsigned int i=0; i<
     gmm_filenames.size(); ++i) cout << gmm_filenames[i]
     << endl;
#endif



  /*
```

```
    Toni: I have implemented the reading of arguments for
         multiple GMM/Features. Read GMMs
    But here I will only use the first set of GMM/vectors
        .

    You can use data like this ...
    <vector<vector<GMM> > mgmm; mgmm.resize(3); mgmm[0] =
         vgmm;
    <vector<fmatrix> vfmat;

  */

  vector<GMM> vgmm;
  retv = read_gmms(gmm_dirs[0], gmm_exts[0],
      gmm_filenames, vgmm);
  if (retv != 0)
    return usage(argv[0], retv);

  ///Read and classify files
  for (unsigned int i=0; i<input_filenames.size(); ++i) {
    fmatrix dat;
    string path = input_dirs[0] + input_filenames[i] +
        input_exts[0];
    ifstream ifs(path.c_str(), ios::binary);
    if (ifs.good())
      ifs >> dat;

    if (!ifs.good()) {
      cerr << "Error reading data file: " << path << endl
          ;
      return usage(argv[0],1);
    }

    int nclass;
    nclass = classify(vgmm, dat);
    cout << input_filenames[i] << '\t' << gmm_filenames[
        nclass] << endl;
  }

  return 0;
}

int read_gmms(const Directory &dir, const Ext &ext, const
     vector<string> &filenames, vector<GMM> &vgmm) {
  vgmm.clear();
  GMM gmm;
```

```
  for (unsigned int i=0; i<filenames.size(); ++i) {
    string path = dir + filenames[i] + ext;
    ifstream ifs(path.c_str(), ios::binary);
    if (ifs.good())
      ifs >> gmm;

    if (!ifs.good()) {
      cerr << "Error reading GMM file: " << path << endl;
      return -1;
    }
    vgmm.push_back(gmm);
    //     gmm.print(cout) << "-----------------------\n";
  }
  return 0;
}

int usage(const char *progname, int err) {
  cerr << "Usage: " << progname << " [options] list_gmm
      list_of_test_files\n\n";

  cerr << "Options can be: \n"
       << "   -d dir\tDirectory of the feature files (def.
           \".\")\n"
       << "   -e ext\tExtension of the feature files (def.
           \"" << DEF_FEAT_EXT << "\")\n"
       << "   -D dir\tDirectory of the gmm files (def.
           \".\")\n"
       << "   -e ext\tExtension of the gmm files (def. \""
            << DEF_GMM_EXT << "\")\n\n";

  cerr << "For each input sentence, different feature
      files (and different GMMs)\n"
       << "can be provided using several times the
           options -d -e -D and -E\n";

  return err;
}

int read_options(int ArgC, const char *ArgV[], vector<
    Directory> &input_dirs, vector<Ext> &input_exts,
                 vector<Directory> &gmm_dirs, vector<Ext>
                     &gmm_exts,
                 vector<string> &input_filenames,
                 vector<string> &gmm_filenames) {
  char option;
```

```
//optarg and optind are global variables declared and
    set by the getopt() function

while ((option = getopt(ArgC, (char **)ArgV, "d:e:D:E:"
    )) != -1) {
  switch (option) {
  case 'd': input_dirs.push_back(optarg); break;
  case 'e': input_exts.push_back(optarg); break;
  case 'D': gmm_dirs.push_back(optarg); break;
  case 'E': gmm_exts.push_back(optarg); break;
  case '?': return -1;
  }
}
if (input_dirs.empty()) input_dirs.push_back("./");
if (gmm_dirs.empty()) gmm_dirs.push_back("./");
if (input_exts.empty()) input_exts.push_back(
    DEF_FEAT_EXT);
if (gmm_exts.empty()) gmm_exts.push_back(DEF_GMM_EXT);


if (input_dirs.size() != input_exts.size() ||
     input_dirs.size() != gmm_dirs.size() ||
     input_dirs.size() != gmm_exts.size()) {
  cerr << ArgV[0] << ": ERROR - Same number of feature/
      gmm directories/extensions need to be provided."
      << endl;
  return -2;
}

//Add ending '/' to directories, and leading '.' to
    extensions
for (unsigned int i=0; i<input_dirs.size(); ++i) {
  if (!input_dirs[i].empty() && *(input_dirs[i].rbegin
      ()) != '/') input_dirs[i] += '/';
  if (!gmm_dirs[i].empty() && *(gmm_dirs[i].rbegin())
      != '/') gmm_dirs[i] += '/';
  if (!input_exts[i].empty() && input_exts[i][0] != '.'
      ) input_exts[i] = '.' + input_exts[i];
  if (!gmm_exts[i].empty() && gmm_exts[i][0] != '.')
      gmm_exts[i] = '.' + gmm_exts[i];
}

//advance argc and argv to skip read options
ArgC -= optind;
ArgV += optind;
```

```
  if (ArgC != 2)
    return -3;

  //Save name of gmm files in vector 'gmm_filenames'
  ifstream is(ArgV[0]);
  if (!is.good()) {
    cerr << "ERROR opening list of gmm files: " << ArgV
        [0] << endl;
    return -4;
  }
  string s;
  while (is >> s)
    gmm_filenames.push_back(s);
  is.close();

  //Save name of files in vector 'input_filenames'
  is.open(ArgV[1]);
  if (!is.good()) {
    cerr << "ERROR opening list of test files: " << ArgV
        [1] << endl;
    return -5;
  }
  while (is >> s)
    input_filenames.push_back(s);
  is.close();

  return 0;
}
```

3.3 gmm_train.cpp

```
#include <unistd.h> //getopt function, to parse options
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "gmm.h"
#include "filename.h"

using namespace std;
using namespace upc;

const string DEF_INPUT_EXT = "mcp";
const unsigned int DEF_ITERATIONS = 20;
const float DEF_THR = 1e-3;
const unsigned int DEF_NMIXTURES = 5;
const string DEF_GMMFILE = "output.gmc";
```

```
int read_data(const string & input_directory, const
    string & input_extension,
              const vector<string> &filenames, fmatrix &
                  dat);

int usage(const char *progname, int err);

int read_options(int ArgC, const char *ArgV[], Directory
   &input_dir, Ext &input_ext, vector<string> &filenames,
                unsigned int &nmix, string &gmm_filename
                    ,
                unsigned int &niterations, unsigned int
                   &ending_iterations, float &threshold,
                     float &ending_threshold,
                int &init_method, unsigned int &verbose)
                    ;

int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {

  Directory input_dir;
  Ext input_ext(DEF_INPUT_EXT);
  vector<string> filenames;
  unsigned int nmix = DEF_NMIXTURES, verbose;
  Filename gmm_filename(DEF_GMMFILE);
  unsigned int niterations=DEF_ITERATIONS,
     ending_iterations=DEF_ITERATIONS;
  float threshold=DEF_THR, ending_threshold=DEF_THR;
  int init_method=0;

  ///Read command line options
  int retv = read_options(argc, argv, input_dir,
     input_ext, filenames,
                          nmix, gmm_filename,
                          niterations, ending_iterations,
                             threshold, ending_threshold,
                          init_method, verbose);
  if (retv != 0)
    return usage(argv[0], retv);

  //Read data from filenames
  fmatrix data;
  read_data(input_dir, input_ext, filenames, data);
  cout << "DATA: " << data.nrow() << " x " << data.ncol()
      << endl;
```

```
  GMM gmm;
  //TODO: initialize GMM from data
  //You can use several options: random, vq, em_split ...
  gmm.vq_lbg(data,nmix,ending_iterations,threshold,
      verbose);

  //Apply EM to estimate GMM parameters (complete the
      funcion in gmm.cpp)
  gmm.em(data, ending_iterations, ending_threshold,
      verbose);


  //Create directory, if it is needed
  gmm_filename.checkDir();
  //Save gmm
  ofstream ofs(gmm_filename.c_str(), ios::binary);
  ofs << gmm;

  bool show_gmm=false;
  if (show_gmm)
    gmm.print(cout);

  return 0;
}

int usage(const char *progname, int err) {
  cerr << "Usage: " << progname << " [options]
      list_of_train_files\n";
  cerr << "Usage: " << progname << " [options] -F
      train_file1 ...\n\n";

  cerr << "Options can be: \n"
       << "   -d dir\tDirectory of the input files (def.
           \".\")\n"
       << "   -e ext\tExtension of the input files (def.
           \"" << DEF_INPUT_EXT << "\")\n"
       << "   -m mix\tNumber of mixtures (def. " <<
           DEF_NMIXTURES << ")\n"
       << "   -g name\tName of output GMM file   (def. " <<
            DEF_GMMFILE << ")\n"
       << "   -n ite\tNumber of (intermediate) iterations
           of EM (def. " << DEF_ITERATIONS << ")\n"
       << "   -N ite\tNumber of final iterations of EM (
           def. " << DEF_ITERATIONS << ")\n"
       << "   -i init\tInitialization method (def. 0)\n"
```

```
        << "   -t thr\tLogProbability threshold of (
            intermediate) EM iterations (def. " << DEF_THR
            << ")\n"
        << "   -T thr\tLogProbability threshold of final EM
            iterations (def. " << DEF_THR << ")\n"
        << "   -v int\tBit code to control \"verbosity\";
            eg: 5 => 00000101" << ")\n";
  return err;
}

int read_options(int ArgC, const char *ArgV[], Directory
    &input_dir, Ext &input_ext, vector<string> &filenames,
                 unsigned int &nmix, string &gmm_filename
                     ,
                 unsigned int &niterations, unsigned int
                     &ending_iterations, float &threshold,
                      float &ending_threshold,
                 int &init_method, unsigned int &verbose)
                     {

  char option;
  bool use_list = true;
  filenames.clear();

  //optarg and optind are global variables declared and
      set by the getopt() function

  while ((option = getopt(ArgC, (char **)ArgV, "d:e:m:g:n
      :N:t:T:i:v:F")) != -1) {
    switch (option) {
    case 'd': input_dir = optarg; break;
    case 'e': input_ext = optarg; break;
    case 'm': nmix = atoi(optarg); break;
    case 'g': gmm_filename = optarg; break;
    case 'n': niterations = atoi(optarg); break;
    case 'N': ending_iterations = atoi(optarg); break;
    case 't': threshold = atof(optarg); break;
    case 'T': ending_threshold = atof(optarg); break;
    case 'i': init_method = atoi(optarg); break;
    case 'v': verbose = atoi(optarg); break;
    case 'F': use_list=false; break;
    case '?': return -1;
    }
  }

  if (nmix == 0) {
```

```
    cerr << ArgV[0] << ": nmixtures must be > 0\n";
    return -2;
  }

  if (!input_dir.empty() && *input_dir.rbegin() != '/')
     input_dir += '/';
  if (!input_ext.empty() && input_ext[0] != '.')
     input_ext = '.' + input_ext;

  //advance argc and argv to skip read options
  ArgC -= optind;
  ArgV += optind;

  //Save name of files in vector 'filenames'
  if (use_list) {
    if (ArgC != 1) {
      cerr << "ERROR no list of files provided" << endl;
      return -2;
    }
    ifstream is(ArgV[0]);
    if (!is.good()) {
      cerr << "ERROR opening list of files: " << ArgV[0]
         << endl;
      return -3;
    }
    string s;
    while (is >> s)
      filenames.push_back(s);
  } else {
    for (int i=0; i<ArgC; ++i)
      filenames.push_back(ArgV[i]);
  }
  return 0;
}


int read_data(const string & input_directory, const
   string & input_extension,
              const vector<string> &filenames, fmatrix &
                 dat) {
  fmatrix dat1;
  for (unsigned int i=0; i<filenames.size(); ++i) {
    string path = input_directory + filenames[i] +
       input_extension;
    ifstream is(path.c_str(), ios::binary);
    if (!is.good()) {
```

```
      cerr << "Error reading file: " << path << endl;
      dat.reset();
      return -1;
    }
    if (i==0) {
      is >> dat;
    } else {
      is >> dat1;
      if (dat1.ncol() != dat.ncol()) {
        cerr << "Error in vector dimension: " <<
            filenames[i] << dat1.ncol()
              << " (expected: " << dat.ncol() << ")\n";
        dat.reset();
        return -1;
      }
      int row = dat.nrow();
      dat.resize(dat.nrow()+dat1.nrow(), dat.ncol());
      for (unsigned int i=0; i<dat1.nrow(); ++i, ++row)
        for (unsigned int j=0; j<dat1.ncol(); ++j)
          dat[row][j] = dat1[i][j];
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
```

3.4 gmm_verify.cpp

```
#include <unistd.h> //getopt function, to parse options
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include "filename.h"
#include "gmm.h"

using namespace std;
using namespace upc;

const string DEF_FEAT_EXT = "mcp";
const string DEF_GMM_EXT  = "gmc";


float verify(const vector<GMM> &vgmm,unsigned int u,const
    fmatrix &dat) {
        float back=vgmm[vgmm.size()-1].logprob(dat);
        float speaker=vgmm[u].logprob(dat);
        return (speaker-back);
}
```

```
int read_gmms(const Directory &dir, const Ext &ext, const
    vector<string> &filenames, vector<GMM> &vgmm) {
        vgmm.clear();
        GMM gmm;

        for (unsigned int i=0; i<filenames.size(); ++i) {
                string path = dir + filenames[i] + ext;
                ifstream ifs(path.c_str(), ios::binary);
                if (ifs.good())
                        ifs >> gmm;

                if (!ifs.good()) {
                        cerr << "Error reading GMM file:
                            " << path << endl;
                        return -1;
                }
                vgmm.push_back(gmm);
                //    gmm.print(cout) <<
                    "--------------------\n";
        }
        return 0;
}

int usage(const char *progname, int err) {
        cerr << "Usage: " << progname << " [options]
            list_gmm list_of_test_files list_of_candidate\
            n\n";

        cerr << "Options can be:\n"
                        << "  -d dir\tDirectory of the
                            feature files (def. \".\")\n"
                        << "  -e ext\tExtension of the
                            feature files (def. \"" <<
                            DEF_FEAT_EXT << "\")\n"
                        << "  -D dir\tDirectory of the
                            gmm files (def. \".\")\n"
                        << "  -e ext\tExtension of the
                            gmm files (def. \"" <<
                            DEF_GMM_EXT << "\")\n\n"
                        << "For each input sentence,
                            different feature files (and
                            different GMMs)\n"
                        << "can be provided using several
                            times the options -d -e -D
```

```
                                and␣-E\n";

        return err;
}

int read_options(int ArgC, const char *ArgV[], vector<
    Directory> &input_dirs, vector<Ext> &input_exts,
                vector<Directory> &gmm_dirs, vector<Ext>
                    &gmm_exts,
                vector<string> &input_filenames,
                vector<string> &gmm_filenames,
                vector<string> &candidates) {

        char option;
        //optarg and optind are global variables declared
             and set by the getopt() function

        while ((option = getopt(ArgC, (char **)ArgV, "d:e
            :D:E:")) != -1) {
                switch (option) {
                case 'd': input_dirs.push_back(optarg);
                    break;
                case 'e': input_exts.push_back(optarg);
                    break;
                case 'D': gmm_dirs.push_back(optarg);
                    break;
                case 'E': gmm_exts.push_back(optarg);
                    break;
                case '?': return -1;
                }
        }
        if (input_dirs.empty()) input_dirs.push_back("./"
            );
        if (gmm_dirs.empty()) gmm_dirs.push_back("./");
        if (input_exts.empty()) input_exts.push_back(
            DEF_FEAT_EXT);
        if (gmm_exts.empty()) gmm_exts.push_back(
            DEF_GMM_EXT);


        if (input_dirs.size() != input_exts.size() ||
                        input_dirs.size() != gmm_dirs.
                            size() ||
                        input_dirs.size() != gmm_exts.
                            size()) {
```

```
        cerr << ArgV[0] << ": ERROR - Same number
            of feature/gmm directories/extensions
            need to be provided." << endl;
        return -2;
}

//Add ending '/' to directories, and leading '.'
    to extensions
for (unsigned int i=0; i<input_dirs.size(); ++i)
    {
        if (!input_dirs[i].empty() && *(
            input_dirs[i].rbegin()) != '/')
            input_dirs[i] += '/';
        if (!gmm_dirs[i].empty() && *(gmm_dirs[i
            ].rbegin()) != '/') gmm_dirs[i] += '/'
            ;
        if (!input_exts[i].empty() && input_exts[
            i][0] != '.') input_exts[i] = '.' +
            input_exts[i];
        if (!gmm_exts[i].empty() && gmm_exts[i
            ][0] != '.') gmm_exts[i] = '.' +
            gmm_exts[i];
}

//advance argc and argv to skip read options
ArgC -= optind;
ArgV += optind;

if (ArgC != 3)
        return -3;

//Save name of gmm files in vector 'gmm_filenames
    '
ifstream is(ArgV[0]);
if (!is.good()) {
        cerr << "ERROR opening list of gmm files:
            " << ArgV[0] << endl;
        return -4;
}
string s;
while (is >> s)
        gmm_filenames.push_back(s);
is.close();

//Save name of files in vector 'input_filenames'
is.open(ArgV[1]);
```

```
        if (!is.good()) {
                cerr << "ERROR opening list of test files
                    : " << ArgV[1] << endl;
                return -5;
        }
        while (is >> s)
                input_filenames.push_back(s);
        is.close();

        //Save name of files in vector 'input_filenames'
        is.open(ArgV[2]);
        if (!is.good()) {
                cerr << "ERROR opening list of user
                    candidates: " << ArgV[2] << endl;
                return -6;
        }
        while (is >> s)
                candidates.push_back(s);
        is.close();

        return 0;
}
int main(int argc, const char *argv[]) {

        vector<Directory> input_dirs, gmm_dirs;
        vector<Ext> input_exts, gmm_exts;
        vector<string> input_filenames, gmm_filenames,
            candidates;
        int retv = read_options(argc, argv, input_dirs,
            input_exts,gmm_dirs, gmm_exts, input_filenames
            , gmm_filenames,candidates);

        if (retv != 0)
                return usage(argv[0], retv);
#if 0
        cout << "IDIR----------\n"; for (unsigned int i
            =0; i<input_dirs.size(); ++i) cout <<
            input_dirs[i] << endl;
        cout << "GDIR----------\n"; for (unsigned int i
            =0; i<gmm_dirs.size(); ++i) cout << gmm_dirs[i
            ] << endl;
        cout << "IEXT----------\n"; for (unsigned int i
            =0; i<input_exts.size(); ++i) cout <<
            input_exts[i] << endl;
        cout << "GEXT----------\n"; for (unsigned int i
            =0; i<gmm_exts.size(); ++i) cout << gmm_exts[i
```

```
        ] << endl;
    cout << "INAM----------\n"; for (unsigned int i
        =0; i<input_filenames.size(); ++i) cout <<
        input_filenames[i] << endl;
    cout << "GNAM----------\n"; for (unsigned int i
        =0; i<gmm_filenames.size(); ++i) cout <<
        gmm_filenames[i] << endl;

#endif

    if (input_filenames.size() != candidates.size())
        {
            cerr << "Error: num_candidates != num_files\n";
    }

    /*
  Toni: I have implemented the reading of arguments for
      multiple GMM/Features. Read GMMs
  But here I will only use the first set of GMM/vectors
     .

  You can use data like this ...
  <vector<vector<GMM> > mgmm; mgmm.resize(3); mgmm[0] =
      vgmm;
  <vector<fmatrix> vfmat;

     */

    vector<GMM> vgmm;
    retv = read_gmms(gmm_dirs[0], gmm_exts[0],
        gmm_filenames, vgmm);
    if (retv != 0)
            return usage(argv[0], retv);



    ///Read and verify files
    for (unsigned int i=0; i<input_filenames.size();
        ++i) {
            fmatrix dat;
            string path = input_dirs[0] +
                input_filenames[i] + input_exts[0];
            ifstream ifs(path.c_str(), ios::binary);
            if (ifs.good())
                    ifs >> dat;
```

```
                if (!ifs.good()) {
                        cerr << "Error reading data file:
                            " << path << endl;
                        return usage(argv[0],1);
                }
                unsigned int aux;
                for(unsigned int j=0;j<gmm_filenames.size
                    ();++j){
                        if(candidates[i]==gmm_filenames[j
                            ]){aux=j; break;}
                }
                cout<<input_filenames[i]<<'\t'<<
                    candidates[i]<<'\t'<<verify(vgmm,aux,
                    dat)<<endl;
        }

        return 0;
}
```

3.5 run_spkid

El script run_spkid.sh ens permetra avaluar el nostre projecte.

- la opció **lists** selecciona una part dels fitxers dels fitxers de la base de dades per a entrenament i en reserva una altre part per a la avaluació del sistema.
- la opció **mcp** computa el vector de caracteristiques de tots els audios de la base de dades, lpcc o mpcc.
- la opció **gmm_mcp** entrena una gmm per a cada locutor de la base de dades.
- la opció **background** entrena una gmm amb tots els locutors de la base de dades.
- la opció **test_mcp** testeja el nostre sistema mitjançant els audis que ens haviem reservat.
- la opció **verify** fa un test de verificació de locutors.

```
#!/bin/bash

# Scripting is very useful to repeat tasks, as testing
    different configuration, multiple files, etc.
# This bash script is provided as one example
# Please, adapt at your convinience
# Antonio Bonafonte, April 2013
```

```
# Set the proper value to the next variables

w=$HOME/tmp # work directory
db=$HOME/Descargas/speecon # directory with the input
    database
pavbin=$HOME/bin/release # directory with the programs

# Add the path of bin files to the path where the
    operative system looks for 'programs'
PATH=$PATH:$pavbin

CMDS="lists mcp d1c d2c gmm_mcp test_mcp finaltest"

if [[ $# < 1 ]]; then
   echo "$0 cmd1 [...]"
   echo "Where commands can be:"
   echo "    lists: create, for each spk, training and
       devel. list of files"
   echo "        mcp: feature extraction (mel cepstrum
       parameters)"
#   echo "       d1c: 1st derivative"
#   echo "       d2c: 2nd derivative"
   echo "   gmm_mcp: train gmm for the mcp features"
   echo " background: compute the background model"
   echo " verify: run a verify test with candidates.list"
   echo "  test_mcp: test GMM using only mcp features"
   exit 1
fi


for cmd in $*; do
   echo `date`: $cmd '---';

   if [[ $cmd == lists ]]; then
       \rm -fR $w/lists
       mkdir -p $w/lists
       for dir in $db/BLOCK*/SES* ; do

           name=${dir/*\/}
           echo Create list for speaker $dir $name ----
           (find $db/BLOCK*/$name -name "*.wav" | perl -
               pe 's/^.*BLOCK/BLOCK/; s/\.wav$//' | unsort
                > $name.list) || exit 1
```

```
            # split in test list (5 files) and train list
                (other files)
            (head -5 $name.list | sort > $w/lists/$name.
                test) || exit 1
            (tail -n +6 $name.list | sort > $w/lists/$name
                .train) || exit 1
            \rm -f $name.list
        done
        cat $w/lists/*.train | sort > $w/lists/all.train
        cat $w/lists/*.test | sort > $w/lists/all.test
    elif [[ $cmd == mcp ]]; then
        for line in $(cat $w/newmcp.txt); do
            mkdir -p `dirname $w/mcp/$line.mcp`
            echo "$db/$line.wav" "$w/mcp/$line.mcp"
            wav2mcp "$db/$line.wav" "$w/mcp/$line.mcp" ||
                exit 1
        done
    elif [[ $cmd == gmm_mcp ]]; then
        for dir in $db/BLOCK*/SES* ; do
            name=${dir/*\/}
            echo $name ----
            gmm_train -v 1 -m 12 -d $w/mcp -e mcp -g $w/
                gmm/mcp/$name.gmm $w/lists/$name.train
            echo
        done
    elif [[ $cmd == test_mcp ]]; then
        find $w/gmm/mcp -name '*.gmm' -printf '%P\n' |
            perl -pe 's/.gmm$//' | sort > $w/lists/gmm.
            list
        gmm_classify -d $w/mcp -e mcp -D $w/gmm/mcp -E gmm
            $w/lists/gmm.list $w/lists/all.test | tee $w/
            result.log
        perl -ne 'BEGIN {$ok=0; $err=0}
                  next unless /^.*SA(...).*SES(...).*$/;
                  if ($1 == $2) {$ok++}
                  else {$err++}
                  END {printf "nerr=%d\ntntot=%d\
                      terror_rate=%.2f%%\n", ($err, $ok+
                      $err, 100*$err/($ok+$err))}' $w/
                      result.log

    elif [[ $cmd == background ]]; then
      gmm_train -v 1 -m 12 -d $w/mcp -e mcp -g $w/gmm/mcp/
          background.gmm $w/lists/all.train

elif [[ $cmd == verify ]]; then
```

```
    gmm_verify -d $w/mcp -e mcp -D $w/gmm/mcp -E gmm $w/
        lists/gmm.list  $w/verif_files.txt $w/verif_target
        .txt | tee $w/resultverify.log

  elif [[ $cmd == final_test ]]; then
      echo "To be implemented ..."
  else
      echo "undefined command $cmd" && exit 1
  fi
done

exit 0
```

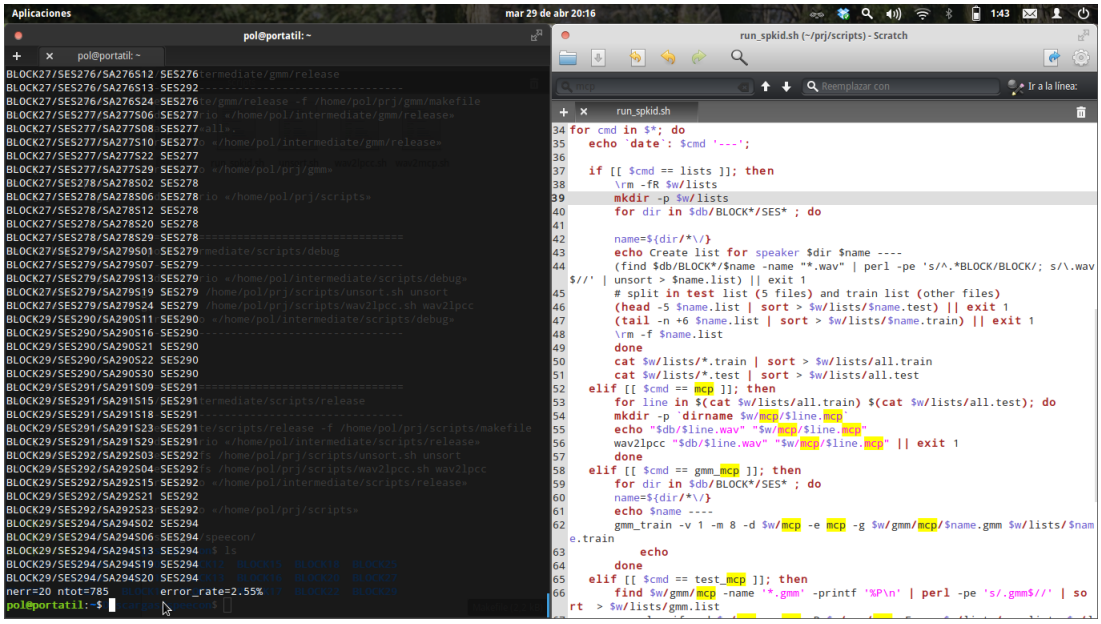

Figure 1: eficacia del sistema amb coeficients lpc

4 Conclusions

En el apartat de classificació de locutor el nostre sistema ha estat clarament un exit,hem apreciat una millora en el nostre sistema al usar mel frequency cepstrums. En les nostres proves hem vist que el nombre de coeficients optim era de 13, mes enllà no hem vist una millora significativa. A més hem suposat que cada coeficient tindria una variança associada i per tant una única gaussiana, suposit que mes tard hem vist que era erroni, sent un parametre clau del sistema.

En quant a la verficació hem obtingut els seguents resultats:

```
=========================================
THR: 5.35862779999998
Missed:      343/374=0.9171
FalseAlarm: 0/11981=0.0000
-----------------------------------------------
==> CostDetection: 91
=========================================
```

Els resultats en aquesta aplicació no son tant bons, no obstant aixo es causat en part per la curta llongitud dels audios de verificació, molt més curts que en els que hem fet servir per classificació.

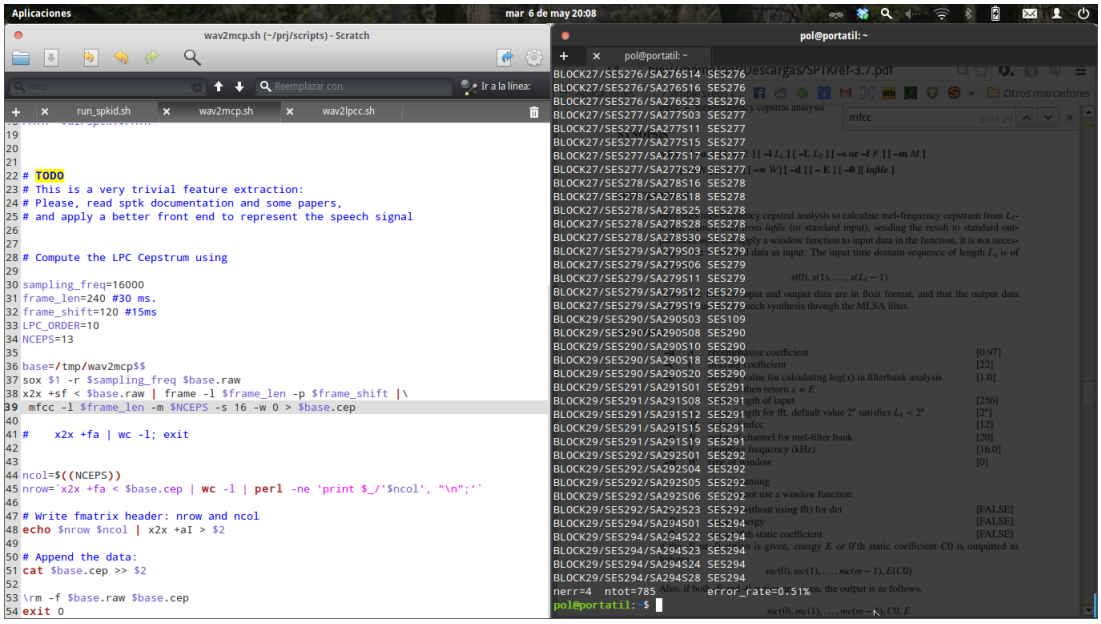

Figure 2: eficacia del sistema amb coeficients mpc

De totes maneres podriem millorar el sistema inicialitzant les gaussianes amb el model de background en comptes de amb vq, ja que d'aquesta manera es té en compte el model de background en cada una de les gmm i els usuaris legitims en surten beneficiats.
Descartem el ús de cadenes de markov per aquesta aplicació, no obstant podriem fer servir un model més sofisticat que permetin un corpus de entrenament mes elevat, com poden ser les xarxes neuronals.