## A12

Sunday, 3. November 2019 16:45

$$y(x) = a + b \cdot X$$
 $VAR( = E(x^2) - E(x)^2$ 
 $E(X_{LT}) = a + b \cdot E(x)$ 
 $E(X_{LT}) = a + b \cdot E(x^2)$ 
 $E(X_{LT})^2 = (a + b \cdot E(x^2))^2 = a^2 + 2bE(x) + b^2 \cdot E(x)^2$ 
 $VAR(x_{LT}) = 2 \cdot E(x^2) - (4 \cdot E(x) + 4 \cdot E(x)^2)$ 
 $VAR(y_{LT}) = 3 \cdot E(y^2) - (6 \cdot E(y) + 5 \cdot E(y)^2)$ 
 $VAR(x_{LT}) = 10 + E(x) - (100 + 2E(x) + E(y)^2)$ 
 $VAR(y_{LT}) = 20 + E(y) - (400 + 2E(y) + E(y)^2)$