

# Assignment 2\_Final

June 5, 2022

## 1 Preparation

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import statsmodels.api as sm
import numpy as np
from statsmodels.tools.eval_measures import mse
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning)
```

```
[2]: temp1 = pd.read_stata("Assignment_2(StockReturn).dta")
temp2 = pd.read_stata("Assignment_2(Factors).dta")
```

```
[3]: df = temp1.set_index('ym').join(temp2.set_index('ym'))
df.head()
```

```
[3]:
```

	permno	ticker		comnam	date	\
ym						
2001-01-01	10107.0	MSFT		MICROSOFT CORP	2001-01-31	
2001-01-01	11850.0	XOM		EXXON MOBIL CORP	2001-01-31	
2001-01-01	12490.0	IBM	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHS	COR	2001-01-31	
2001-01-01	14593.0	AAPL		APPLE COMPUTER INC	2001-01-31	
2001-01-01	55976.0	WMT		WAL MART STORES INC	2001-01-31	

  

	prc	vol	ret	shrout	marketcap	\
ym						
2001-01-01	61.062500	10208871.0	0.407781	5335391.0	325792320.0	
2001-01-01	84.150002	1558784.0	-0.032063	3476189.0	292521312.0	
2001-01-01	112.000000	1989212.0	0.317647	1754380.0	196490560.0	
2001-01-01	21.625000	2482727.0	0.453782	346029.0	7482877.0	
2001-01-01	56.799999	1799279.0	0.069176	4466336.0	253687888.0	

  

	turnover	mktrf	smb	hml	rmw	cma	rf
ym							
2001-01-01	1.913425	0.0313	0.0545	-0.0511	-0.0546	-0.0505	0.0054
2001-01-01	0.448418	0.0313	0.0545	-0.0511	-0.0546	-0.0505	0.0054
2001-01-01	1.133855	0.0313	0.0545	-0.0511	-0.0546	-0.0505	0.0054
2001-01-01	7.174910	0.0313	0.0545	-0.0511	-0.0546	-0.0505	0.0054

```
2001-01-01    0.402853    0.0313    0.0545 -0.0511 -0.0546 -0.0505    0.0054
```

```
[4]: # check if null exists
df.isnull().values.any()
```

```
[4]: False
```

## 2 First Part: Seeking Alpha

### 2.1 IBM

Times-series regression is implemented to IBM. The outcome of the regressions for the return on market premium factor, Fama-French 3 factors & 5 factors, and the Newey-West estimator are as stated. Accordingly, the market premium factor plays a critical rule in all the models, while other factors are insignificant in the two Fama-French models.

#### 2.1.1 Market premium factor

```
[5]: df_IBM = df[df["ticker"]=="IBM"]
Y_IBM = df_IBM["ret"]
X_IBM = df_IBM["mktrf"]
X_IBM = sm.add_constant(X_IBM)
model_IBM = sm.OLS(Y_IBM, X_IBM)
results_IBM = model_IBM.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[6]: results_IBM.summary()
```

```
[6]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
```

```

                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          ret      R-squared:                0.385
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:            0.383
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:          59.93
Date:                  Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):      2.44e-13
Time:                  22:07:07      Log-Likelihood:          371.80
No. Observations:      252      AIC:                    -739.6
Df Residuals:          250      BIC:                    -732.5
Df Model:               1
Covariance Type:       HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	-0.0005	0.004	-0.133	0.894	-0.008	0.007
mktrf	0.9848	0.127	7.741	0.000	0.735	1.234

```
=====
Omnibus:                67.363      Durbin-Watson:          1.977
```

Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	331.897
Skew:	0.962	Prob(JB):	8.50e-73
Kurtosis:	8.282	Cond. No.	22.5

=====

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction  
 ""

### 2.1.2 Fama-French 3 factors

```
[7]: X_IBM_3 = df_IBM[["mktrf", "smb", "hml"]]
X_IBM_3 = sm.add_constant(X_IBM_3)
model_IBM_3 = sm.OLS(Y_IBM, X_IBM_3)
results_IBM_3 = model_IBM_3.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[8]: results_IBM_3.summary()
```

```
[8]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
""
```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                  0.402
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:              0.395
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                 31.11
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):          4.17e-17
Time:                22:07:07      Log-Likelihood:              375.27
No. Observations:                252      AIC:                        -742.5
Df Residuals:                    248      BIC:                        -728.4
Df Model:                        3
Covariance Type:                  HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	-0.0005	0.004	-0.152	0.879	-0.008	0.007
mktrf	1.0133	0.140	7.231	0.000	0.739	1.288
smb	-0.0527	0.254	-0.208	0.835	-0.550	0.444
hml	-0.2904	0.214	-1.357	0.175	-0.710	0.129

```

=====
Omnibus:                    53.837      Durbin-Watson:              1.935
Prob(Omnibus):              0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):           223.909
Skew:                      0.789      Prob(JB):                   2.39e-49
Kurtosis:                   7.340      Cond. No.                   44.2
=====

```

Notes:

```
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```

### 2.1.3 Fama-French 5 factors

```
[9]: X_IBM_5 = df_IBM[["mktrf", "smb", "hml", "rmw", "cma"]]
X_IBM_5 = sm.add_constant(X_IBM_5)
model_IBM_5 = sm.OLS(Y_IBM, X_IBM_5)
results_IBM_5 = model_IBM_5.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[10]: results_IBM_5.summary()
```

```
[10]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                0.413
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:            0.401
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                18.92
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):        6.51e-16
Time:                  22:07:07      Log-Likelihood:            377.73
No. Observations:                252      AIC:                      -743.5
Df Residuals:                    246      BIC:                      -722.3
Df Model:                            5
Covariance Type:                  HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0018	0.004	0.406	0.685	-0.007	0.011
mktrf	0.9379	0.132	7.106	0.000	0.679	1.197
smb	-0.1407	0.271	-0.520	0.603	-0.671	0.390
hml	-0.1762	0.184	-0.956	0.339	-0.538	0.185
rmw	-0.3754	0.209	-1.795	0.073	-0.785	0.034
cma	-0.1016	0.262	-0.387	0.698	-0.615	0.412

```

=====
Omnibus:                        49.300      Durbin-Watson:              1.921
Prob(Omnibus):                  0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):           180.777
Skew:                          0.754      Prob(JB):                   5.56e-40
Kurtosis:                      6.865      Cond. No.                   71.4
=====

```

Notes:

```
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```

## 2.2 TSM

Times-series regression is implemented to TSM. The outcome of the regressions for the return on market premium factor, Fama-French 3 factors & 5 factors, and the Newey-West estimator are as stated. Accordingly, the market premium factor plays a critical rule in all the models, while other factors are insignificant in the two Fama-French models. Nevertheless, the smb and hml results are significant in Fama-French 3 factors model, and hml and rmw factors are significant in five factors model, implying that hml is important for TSM's stock price.

### 2.2.1 Market premium factor

```
[11]: df_TSM = df[df["ticker"]=="TSM"]
      Y_TSM = df_TSM["ret"]
      X_TSM = df_TSM["mktrf"]
      X_TSM = sm.add_constant(X_TSM)
      model_TSM = sm.OLS(Y_TSM, X_TSM)
      results_TSM = model_TSM.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[12]: results_TSM.summary()
```

```
[12]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
      """
```

```

                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          ret      R-squared:                0.377
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.374
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:        40.84
Date:                   Sun, 05 Jun 2022    Prob (F-statistic):    8.04e-10
Time:                   22:07:07           Log-Likelihood:      294.42
No. Observations:       252             AIC:                -584.8
Df Residuals:           250             BIC:                -577.8
Df Model:                1
Covariance Type:        HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0084	0.004	1.910	0.056	-0.000	0.017
mktrf	1.3158	0.206	6.390	0.000	0.912	1.719

```
=====
Omnibus:                 44.443      Durbin-Watson:           2.051
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):        128.917
Skew:                     0.751      Prob(JB):                1.01e-28
Kurtosis:                 6.166      Cond. No.                22.5
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction

```
"""
```

## 2.2.2 Fama-French 3 factors

```
[13]: X_TSM_3 = df_TSM[["mktrf", "smb", "hml"]]
X_TSM_3 = sm.add_constant(X_TSM_3)
model_TSM_3 = sm.OLS(Y_TSM, X_TSM_3)
results_TSM_3 = model_TSM_3.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[14]: results_TSM_3.summary()
```

```
[14]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
```

```
"""
```

### OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          ret      R-squared:                0.405
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.398
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:         17.82
Date:                  Sun, 05 Jun 2022     Prob (F-statistic):      1.66e-10
Time:                  22:07:07      Log-Likelihood:         300.25
No. Observations:      252      AIC:                   -592.5
Df Residuals:          248      BIC:                   -578.4
Df Model:               3
Covariance Type:       HAC
=====
```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0077	0.004	1.913	0.056	-0.000	0.016
mktrf	1.2817	0.186	6.878	0.000	0.916	1.647
smb	0.3514	0.245	1.435	0.151	-0.129	0.831
hml	-0.5360	0.232	-2.309	0.021	-0.991	-0.081

```
=====
Omnibus:                29.319      Durbin-Watson:           2.063
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):        64.698
Skew:                    0.565      Prob(JB):                8.93e-15
Kurtosis:                 5.210      Cond. No.                 44.2
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction

```
"""
```

### 2.2.3 Fama-French 5 factors

```
[15]: X_TSM_5 = df_TSM[["mktrf", "smb", "hml", "rmw", "cma"]]
X_TSM_5 = sm.add_constant(X_TSM_5)
model_TSM_5 = sm.OLS(Y_TSM, X_TSM_5)
results_TSM_5 = model_TSM_5.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kws={'maxlags':12})

[16]: results_TSM_5.summary()
```

```
<class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                0.441
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.430
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:            19.11
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):       4.66e-16
Time:                  22:07:07      Log-Likelihood:          308.12
No. Observations:          252      AIC:                     -604.2
Df Residuals:              246      BIC:                     -583.1
Df Model:                    5
Covariance Type:            HAC
=====
               coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0131      0.005      2.711      0.007      0.004      0.023
mktrf          1.1125      0.138      8.086      0.000      0.843      1.382
smb            0.1352      0.237      0.572      0.568     -0.328      0.599
hml           -0.3100      0.156     -1.985      0.047     -0.616     -0.004
rmw           -0.9123      0.284     -3.216      0.001     -1.468     -0.356
cma           -0.0958      0.456     -0.210      0.834     -0.990      0.799
=====
Omnibus:                 29.927    Durbin-Watson:           1.983
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):        67.905
Skew:                     0.567    Prob(JB):                1.80e-15
Kurtosis:                 5.276    Cond. No.                71.4
=====

Notes:
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```

## 3 Second Part: Turnover and Out-of-Sample Tests

**Do stocks with weaker liquidity have to compensate investors with higher returns?**

We present the result of time series regression of stock return on the turnover ratio in the previous

month by using the Newey-West estimator, which includes the coefficient estimated, the t-statistic, and the corresponding p-value. **With the negative coefficient, we can roughly draw a conclusion that stocks with weaker liquidity do have to compensate investors with higher returns; However, the p-value is insignificant.**

```
[17]: df_MSFT = df[df["ticker"]=="MSFT"]
      Y_MSFT = df_MSFT["ret"][1:]

      x = df_MSFT["turnover"].copy()
      X_MSFT = pd.DataFrame(x[:-1]).set_index(df.index.unique()[1:]) # reset index
      ↪ for lag X

      X_MSFT = sm.add_constant(X_MSFT)
      model_MSFT = sm.OLS(Y_MSFT, X_MSFT)
      results_MSFT = model_MSFT.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[18]: results_MSFT.summary()
```

```
[18]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
      """
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                  0.012
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:              0.008
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                  3.120
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):          0.0786
Time:                  22:07:07      Log-Likelihood:              317.95
No. Observations:                251      AIC:                        -631.9
Df Residuals:                    249      BIC:                        -624.8
Df Model:                          1
Covariance Type:                  HAC
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0348      0.011      3.067      0.002      0.013      0.057
turnover     -0.0175      0.010     -1.766      0.077     -0.037      0.002
=====
Omnibus:                 9.417      Durbin-Watson:              2.181
Prob(Omnibus):            0.009      Jarque-Bera (JB):            11.728
Skew:                     0.309      Prob(JB):                    0.00284
Kurtosis:                 3.860      Cond. No.                     5.92
=====
```

Notes:

```
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```



## Model Comparison

With the comparison of turnover model and random walk model, we can see the result of MSE as below. For the turnover model, its MSE is slightly higher than the random walk model. **The result shows that turnover model cannot be a good model for stock return since the model underperform the random walk model.**

MSE of Rolling Regression

```
[19]: ret = df_MSFT["ret"]
      turnover = df_MSFT["turnover"]
      all_res = []
      a = []
      b = []

      for i in range(df_MSFT.shape[0]-24):
          ret_i = ret.iloc[i:i+23]
          turnover_i = turnover.iloc[i:i+23]
          turnover_i = sm.add_constant(turnover_i)
          model = sm.OLS(ret_i, turnover_i).fit()
          residual = ret.iloc[i+24] - (model.params[0] + model.params[1]*turnover.
          ↪iloc[i+24])
          all_res.append(residual)

      for i in range(len(all_res)):
          all_res[i] = all_res[i]**2

      sum(all_res)/228
```

```
[19]: 0.004213175991491555
```

MSE of average of 24 month model

```
[20]: past_average = []
      for end_time in range(len(Y_MSFT)):
          avg = np.mean(Y_MSFT[end_time-24:end_time])
          if np.isnan(avg) == False:
              past_average.append(avg)

      mse(past_average, Y_MSFT[24:])
```

```
[20]: 0.004087260674424726
```

## 4 Third Part: Portfolio Analysis

using the information between 2001 and 2010

```
[21]: df.index.unique()[120]
```

```
[21]: DatetimeIndex(['2001-01-01', '2001-02-01', '2001-03-01', '2001-04-01',
                    '2001-05-01', '2001-06-01', '2001-07-01', '2001-08-01',
                    '2001-09-01', '2001-10-01',
                    ...
                    '2010-03-01', '2010-04-01', '2010-05-01', '2010-06-01',
                    '2010-07-01', '2010-08-01', '2010-09-01', '2010-10-01',
                    '2010-11-01', '2010-12-01'],
                    dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='ym', length=120, freq=None)
```

using the information between 2011 and 2021

```
[22]: df.index.unique()[120:]
```

```
[22]: DatetimeIndex(['2011-01-01', '2011-02-01', '2011-03-01', '2011-04-01',
                    '2011-05-01', '2011-06-01', '2011-07-01', '2011-08-01',
                    '2011-09-01', '2011-10-01',
                    ...
                    '2021-03-01', '2021-04-01', '2021-05-01', '2021-06-01',
                    '2021-07-01', '2021-08-01', '2021-09-01', '2021-10-01',
                    '2021-11-01', '2021-12-01'],
                    dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='ym', length=132, freq=None)
```

## 4.1 First Portfolio

### Equal-weighted

```
[23]: df_first = {
        "ret": [],
        "mktrf": [],
        "smb": [],
        "hml": [],
        "rmw": [],
        "cma": []
    }
```

```
[24]: for i in range(len(df.index.unique())):
        df_first["ret"].append(df.loc[df.index.unique()[i]]["ret"].mean())
        df_first["mktrf"].append(df.loc[df.index.unique()[i]]["mktrf"].mean())
        df_first["smb"].append(df.loc[df.index.unique()[i]]["smb"].mean())
        df_first["hml"].append(df.loc[df.index.unique()[i]]["hml"].mean())
        df_first["rmw"].append(df.loc[df.index.unique()[i]]["rmw"].mean())
        df_first["cma"].append(df.loc[df.index.unique()[i]]["cma"].mean())
```

```
[25]: df_first = pd.DataFrame(df_first).set_index(df.index.unique())
```

```
[26]: df_first.head()
```

```
[26]:
```

	ret	mktrf	smb	hml	rmw	cma
ym						
2001-01-01	0.255562	0.0313	0.0545	-0.0511	-0.0546	-0.0505
2001-02-01	-0.103990	-0.1005	0.0279	0.1248	0.0912	0.0906
2001-03-01	0.034233	-0.0726	0.0236	0.0643	0.0339	0.0390
2001-04-01	0.139320	0.0794	-0.0088	-0.0470	-0.0348	-0.0318
2001-05-01	-0.047119	0.0072	0.0359	0.0336	0.0025	0.0191

#### 4.1.1 Market premium factor (2001-2010)

```
[27]: Y1_first = df_first["ret"][df.index.unique()[:120]]
X_first = df_first["mktrf"][df.index.unique()[:120]]
X_first = sm.add_constant(X_first)
model_first = sm.OLS(Y1_first, X_first)
results_first = model_first.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[28]: results_first.summary()
```

```
[28]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                0.700
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:            0.698
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                275.8
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):          1.14e-32
Time:                  22:07:09      Log-Likelihood:             234.98
No. Observations:                  120      AIC:                       -466.0
Df Residuals:                      118      BIC:                       -460.4
Df Model:                            1
Covariance Type:                  HAC
=====
                                coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const                0.0108      0.004      2.839      0.005      0.003      0.018
mktrf                1.0833      0.065     16.608      0.000      0.955      1.211
=====
Omnibus:                 87.556      Durbin-Watson:             1.578
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):          743.461
Skew:                     2.387      Prob(JB):                   3.63e-162
Kurtosis:                 14.220      Cond. No.                   20.7
=====

Notes:
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```

#### 4.1.2 Market premium factor (2011-2021)

```
[29]: Y2_first = df_first["ret"][df.index.unique()[120:]]
      X_first = df_first["mktrf"][df.index.unique()[120:]]
      X_first = sm.add_constant(X_first)
      model_first = sm.OLS(Y2_first, X_first)
      results_first = model_first.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})

[30]: results_first.summary()
```

```
[30]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
      """
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                0.790
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.788
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:             698.1
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):       4.09e-54
Time:                  22:07:09      Log-Likelihood:           330.04
No. Observations:                132      AIC:                   -656.1
Df Residuals:                    130      BIC:                   -650.3
Df Model:                        1
Covariance Type:                HAC
=====
               coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0032      0.001      2.277      0.023      0.000      0.006
mktrf          0.9595      0.036     26.421      0.000      0.888      1.031
=====
Omnibus:                 1.209      Durbin-Watson:           2.156
Prob(Omnibus):            0.546      Jarque-Bera (JB):         0.774
Skew:                    0.061      Prob(JB):                 0.679
Kurtosis:                3.355      Cond. No.                 24.9
=====

Notes:
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
      """
```

#### 4.1.3 Fama-French 3 factors (2001-2010)

```
[31]: X_first_3 = df_first[["mktrf", "smb", "hml"]]
      X_first_3 = sm.add_constant(X_first_3)
      model_first_3 = sm.OLS(Y1_first, X_first_3[:120])
      results_first_3 = model_first_3.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[32]: results_first_3.summary()
```

```
[32]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
```

```

"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret    R-squared:                  0.706
Model:                          OLS    Adj. R-squared:             0.698
Method:                        Least Squares    F-statistic:                113.0
Date:                          Sun, 05 Jun 2022    Prob (F-statistic):        2.85e-34
Time:                          22:07:09    Log-Likelihood:            236.10
No. Observations:              120    AIC:                      -464.2
Df Residuals:                  116    BIC:                      -453.0
Df Model:                       3
Covariance Type:               HAC
=====
               coef    std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0107     0.003     3.344     0.001     0.004     0.017
mktrf          1.0740     0.071    15.089     0.000     0.935     1.214
smb            0.0822     0.196     0.419     0.676    -0.303     0.467
hml           -0.1504     0.175    -0.858     0.391    -0.494     0.193
=====
Omnibus:                 77.770    Durbin-Watson:             1.523
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):          525.237
Skew:                     2.132    Prob(JB):                  8.84e-115
Kurtosis:                 12.320    Cond. No.                  41.4
=====

Notes:
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""

```

#### 4.1.4 Fama-French 3 factors (2011-2021)

```

[33]: X_first_3 = df_first[["mktrf", "smb", "hml"]]
X_first_3 = sm.add_constant(X_first_3)
model_first_3 = sm.OLS(Y2_first, X_first_3[120:])
results_first_3 = model_first_3.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})

```

```
[34]: results_first_3.summary()
```

```
[34]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
```

```

"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====

```

```

Dep. Variable:          ret    R-squared:          0.809
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:       0.804
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:       270.7
Date:                  Sun, 05 Jun 2022    Prob (F-statistic): 3.18e-55
Time:                  22:07:09    Log-Likelihood:    336.29
No. Observations:      132    AIC:               -664.6
Df Residuals:          128    BIC:               -653.1
Df Model:               3
Covariance Type:       HAC

```

```

=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0029      0.001      1.937      0.053     -3.37e-05      0.006
mktrf          0.9998      0.039     25.633      0.000       0.923      1.076
smb           -0.2394      0.098     -2.445      0.014      -0.431     -0.048
hml           0.1498      0.052      2.873      0.004       0.048      0.252
=====
Omnibus:                1.810    Durbin-Watson:          2.157
Prob(Omnibus):           0.405    Jarque-Bera (JB):        1.449
Skew:                   -0.031    Prob(JB):                0.484
Kurtosis:                3.510    Cond. No.                 48.1
=====

```

Notes:

```

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""

```

#### 4.1.5 Fama-French 5 factors (2001-2010)

```

[35]: X_first_5 = df_first[["mktrf", "smb", "hml", "rmw", "cma"]]
X_first_5 = sm.add_constant(X_first_5)
model_first_5 = sm.OLS(Y1_first, X_first_5[:120])
results_first_5 = model_first_5.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})

```

```

[36]: results_first_5.summary()

```

```

[36]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""

```

```

              OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          ret    R-squared:          0.746
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:       0.735
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:       166.5
Date:                  Sun, 05 Jun 2022    Prob (F-statistic): 1.12e-50
Time:                  22:07:09    Log-Likelihood:    244.90
No. Observations:      120    AIC:               -477.8

```

```

Df Residuals:          114    BIC:          -461.1
Df Model:              5
Covariance Type:      HAC

```

```

=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0143      0.004      3.622      0.000      0.007      0.022
mktrf          0.8955      0.128      6.970      0.000      0.644      1.147
smb            0.0610      0.177      0.345      0.730     -0.286      0.408
hml            0.1742      0.153      1.142      0.253     -0.125      0.473
rmw           -0.3824      0.150     -2.545      0.011     -0.677     -0.088
cma           -0.6133      0.219     -2.797      0.005     -1.043     -0.184
=====

Omnibus:          59.598    Durbin-Watson:          1.406
Prob(Omnibus):    0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):        257.119
Skew:             1.696    Prob(JB):                1.47e-56
Kurtosis:         9.318    Cond. No.                 67.2
=====

```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction  
 ""

#### 4.1.6 Fama-French 5 factors (2011-2021)

```

[37]: X_first_5 = df_first[["mktrf", "smb", "hml", "rmw", "cma"]]
      X_first_5 = sm.add_constant(X_first_5)
      model_first_5 = sm.OLS(Y2_first, X_first_5[120:])
      results_first_5 = model_first_5.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kws={'maxlags':12})

```

```

[38]: results_first_5.summary()

```

```

[38]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
      ""

```

```

              OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          ret      R-squared:          0.810
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:        0.802
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:        176.3
Date:                  Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):    4.21e-55
Time:                  22:07:09      Log-Likelihood:       336.62
No. Observations:      132      AIC:                 -661.2
Df Residuals:          126      BIC:                 -643.9
Df Model:              5
Covariance Type:      HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
const	0.0031	0.002	1.943	0.052	-2.6e-05	0.006
mktrf	0.9916	0.041	24.163	0.000	0.911	1.072
smb	-0.2496	0.087	-2.870	0.004	-0.420	-0.079
hml	0.1832	0.070	2.617	0.009	0.046	0.320
rmw	-0.0190	0.121	-0.157	0.875	-0.257	0.219
cma	-0.0962	0.227	-0.425	0.671	-0.540	0.348
=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Omnibus:		1.094	Durbin-Watson:			2.122
Prob(Omnibus):		0.579	Jarque-Bera (JB):			0.666
Skew:		-0.048	Prob(JB):			0.717
Kurtosis:		3.334	Cond. No.			81.2
=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction  
 ""

## 4.2 Second portfolio

62% AAPL & 14% WMT & 24% XOM

```
[39]: df_second = {
    "ret": [],
    "mktrf": [],
    "smb": [],
    "hml": [],
    "rmw": [],
    "cma": []
}
```

```
[40]: ## test: stock == "AAPL" & column = "ret" & specific date
df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["ret"][df.index.unique()[0]]
```

```
[40]: 0.45378151535987854
```

```
[41]: for i in range(len(df.index.unique())):
    df_second["ret"].append(df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["ret"][df.index.
    ↪unique()[i]]*0.62 + df[df["ticker"]=="WMT"]["ret"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.
    ↪14 + df[df["ticker"]=="XOM"]["ret"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.24)
    df_second["mktrf"].append(df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["mktrf"][df.index.
    ↪unique()[i]]*0.62 + df[df["ticker"]=="WMT"]["mktrf"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.
    ↪14 + df[df["ticker"]=="XOM"]["mktrf"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.24)
```



```

df_second["smb"].append(df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["smb"][df.index.
↪unique()[i]]*0.62 + df[df["ticker"]=="WMT"]["smb"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.
↪14 + df[df["ticker"]=="XOM"]["smb"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.24)
df_second["hml"].append(df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["hml"][df.index.
↪unique()[i]]*0.62 + df[df["ticker"]=="WMT"]["hml"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.
↪14 + df[df["ticker"]=="XOM"]["hml"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.24)
df_second["rmw"].append(df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["rmw"][df.index.
↪unique()[i]]*0.62 + df[df["ticker"]=="WMT"]["rmw"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.
↪14 + df[df["ticker"]=="XOM"]["rmw"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.24)
df_second["cma"].append(df[df["ticker"]=="AAPL"]["cma"][df.index.
↪unique()[i]]*0.62 + df[df["ticker"]=="WMT"]["cma"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.
↪14 + df[df["ticker"]=="XOM"]["cma"][df.index.unique()[i]]*0.24)

```

```
[42]: df_second = pd.DataFrame(df_second).set_index(df.index.unique())
```

```
[43]: df_second.head()
```

```
[43]:
```

	ret	mktrf	smb	hml	rmw	cma
ym						
2001-01-01	0.283334	0.0313	0.0545	-0.0511	-0.0546	-0.0505
2001-02-01	-0.120888	-0.1005	0.0279	0.1248	0.0912	0.0906
2001-03-01	0.130969	-0.0726	0.0236	0.0643	0.0339	0.0390
2001-04-01	0.122032	0.0794	-0.0088	-0.0470	-0.0348	-0.0318
2001-05-01	-0.133126	0.0072	0.0359	0.0336	0.0025	0.0191

#### 4.2.1 Market premium factor (2001-2010)

```
[44]: Y1_second = df_second["ret"][:120]
X_second = df_second["mktrf"][:120]
X_second = sm.add_constant(X_second)
model_second = sm.OLS(Y1_second, X_second)
results_second = model_second.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kws={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[45]: results_second.summary()
```

```
[45]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                0.367
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.361
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                88.65
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):        4.86e-16
Time:                  22:07:12      Log-Likelihood:            155.48
No. Observations:                  120      AIC:                      -307.0
Df Residuals:                      118      BIC:                      -301.4

```

```

Df Model:                                1
Covariance Type:                        HAC
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0254      0.006      4.299      0.000      0.014      0.037
mktrf          1.0452      0.111      9.415      0.000      0.828      1.263
=====
Omnibus:                6.858    Durbin-Watson:                1.961
Prob(Omnibus):           0.032    Jarque-Bera (JB):                7.550
Skew:                    0.376    Prob(JB):                      0.0229
Kurtosis:                3.972    Cond. No.                      20.7
=====

```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction  
 """

#### 4.2.2 Market premium factor (2011-2021)

```

[46]: Y2_second = df_second["ret"][120:]
      X_second = df_second["mktrf"][120:]
      X_second = sm.add_constant(X_second)
      model_second = sm.OLS(Y2_second, X_second)
      results_second = model_second.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kws={'maxlags':12})

```

```

[47]: results_second.summary()

```

```

[47]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
      """

```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                ret      R-squared:                0.488
Model:                        OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.484
Method:                    Least Squares      F-statistic:            105.4
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):      1.80e-18
Time:                22:07:12      Log-Likelihood:          237.85
No. Observations:                132      AIC:                    -471.7
Df Residuals:                130      BIC:                    -465.9
Df Model:                        1
Covariance Type:                HAC
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0063      0.004      1.600      0.110     -0.001      0.014
mktrf          0.9710      0.095     10.266      0.000      0.786      1.156

```

```
=====
Omnibus:                9.596    Durbin-Watson:                1.897
Prob(Omnibus):          0.008    Jarque-Bera (JB):          11.716
Skew:                   -0.450    Prob(JB):                  0.00286
Kurtosis:               4.149    Cond. No.                  24.9
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)  
using 12 lags and without small sample correction  
"""

### 4.2.3 Fama-French 3 factors (2001-2010)

```
[48]: X_second_3 = df_second[["mktrf", "smb", "hml"]]
X_second_3 = sm.add_constant(X_second_3)
model_second_3 = sm.OLS(Y1_second, X_second_3[:120])
results_second_3 = model_second_3.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kws={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[49]: results_second_3.summary()
```

```
[49]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                ret    R-squared:                0.413
Model:                        OLS    Adj. R-squared:          0.398
Method:                        Least Squares    F-statistic:          66.29
Date:                        Sun, 05 Jun 2022    Prob (F-statistic):    4.86e-25
Time:                        22:07:12    Log-Likelihood:        160.03
No. Observations:            120    AIC:                   -312.1
Df Residuals:                116    BIC:                   -300.9
Df Model:                    3
Covariance Type:              HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0250	0.006	4.029	0.000	0.013	0.037
mktrf	1.0103	0.122	8.298	0.000	0.772	1.249
smb	0.3138	0.237	1.322	0.186	-0.152	0.779
hml	-0.5816	0.171	-3.409	0.001	-0.916	-0.247

```

=====
Omnibus:                9.638    Durbin-Watson:                1.842
Prob(Omnibus):          0.008    Jarque-Bera (JB):          10.513
Skew:                   0.534    Prob(JB):                  0.00521
Kurtosis:               3.980    Cond. No.                  41.4
=====

```

Notes:

```
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```

#### 4.2.4 Fama-French 3 factors (2011-2021)

```
[50]: X_second_3 = df_second[["mktrf", "smb", "hml"]]
X_second_3 = sm.add_constant(X_second_3)
model_second_3 = sm.OLS(Y2_second, X_second_3[120:])
results_second_3 = model_second_3.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kws={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[51]: results_second_3.summary()
```

```
[51]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
```

```

                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          ret      R-squared:                0.533
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.522
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:        58.36
Date:                  Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):    7.65e-24
Time:                  22:07:12      Log-Likelihood:       243.93
No. Observations:      132      AIC:                 -479.9
Df Residuals:          128      BIC:                 -468.3
Df Model:               3
Covariance Type:       HAC
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0042	0.004	1.157	0.247	-0.003	0.011
mktrf	1.0795	0.104	10.349	0.000	0.875	1.284
smb	-0.3407	0.157	-2.173	0.030	-0.648	-0.033
hml	-0.2233	0.122	-1.827	0.068	-0.463	0.016

```
=====
Omnibus:                13.847      Durbin-Watson:           1.934
Prob(Omnibus):           0.001      Jarque-Bera (JB):        20.645
Skew:                   -0.539      Prob(JB):                3.29e-05
Kurtosis:                4.609      Cond. No.                 48.1
=====
```

Notes:

```
[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC)
using 12 lags and without small sample correction
"""
```

#### 4.2.5 Fama-French 5 factors (2001-2010)

```
[52]: X_second_5 = df_second[["mktrf", "smb", "hml", "rmw", "cma"]]
X_second_5 = sm.add_constant(X_second_5)
model_second_5 = sm.OLS(Y1_second, X_second_5[:120])
results_second_5 = model_second_5.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[53]: results_second_5.summary()
```

```
[53]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                  0.444
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:              0.419
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                 32.48
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):          1.83e-20
Time:                  22:07:12      Log-Likelihood:             163.27
No. Observations:                120      AIC:                       -314.5
Df Residuals:                    114      BIC:                       -297.8
Df Model:                          5
Covariance Type:                  HAC
=====
               coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0268      0.005      4.979      0.000      0.016      0.037
mktrf          0.9492      0.199      4.759      0.000      0.558      1.340
smb            0.3612      0.216      1.671      0.095     -0.062      0.785
hml           -0.2784      0.274     -1.015      0.310     -0.816      0.259
rmw            0.0391      0.229      0.171      0.865     -0.410      0.489
cma           -0.8554      0.267     -3.203      0.001     -1.379     -0.332
=====
Omnibus:                 9.900      Durbin-Watson:              1.868
Prob(Omnibus):            0.007      Jarque-Bera (JB):           11.479
Skew:                     0.512      Prob(JB):                   0.00322
Kurtosis:                 4.116      Cond. No.                    67.2
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction

```
"""
```

#### 4.2.6 Fama-French 5 factors (2011-2021)

```
[54]: X_second_5 = df_second[["mktrf", "smb", "hml", "rmw", "cma"]]
X_second_5 = sm.add_constant(X_second_5)
model_second_5 = sm.OLS(Y2_second, X_second_5[120:])
results_second_5 = model_second_5.fit(cov_type='HAC', cov_kwds={'maxlags':12})
```

```
[55]: results_second_5.summary()
```

```
[55]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  ret      R-squared:                0.573
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:            0.556
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                75.53
Date:                Sun, 05 Jun 2022      Prob (F-statistic):          3.12e-36
Time:                  22:07:12      Log-Likelihood:             249.84
No. Observations:                  132      AIC:                       -487.7
Df Residuals:                      126      BIC:                       -470.4
Df Model:                           5
Covariance Type:                  HAC
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          0.0027      0.003      0.892      0.373      -0.003      0.009
mktrf          1.0438      0.092     11.318      0.000       0.863      1.225
smb          -0.0852      0.162     -0.527      0.598      -0.402      0.231
hml          -0.3017      0.148     -2.042      0.041      -0.591     -0.012
rmw           0.6765      0.217      3.120      0.002       0.252      1.101
cma          -0.0691      0.364     -0.190      0.849      -0.782      0.644
=====
Omnibus:                 6.057      Durbin-Watson:           1.967
Prob(Omnibus):            0.048      Jarque-Bera (JB):         6.580
Skew:                   -0.322      Prob(JB):                 0.0373
Kurtosis:                3.884      Cond. No.                 81.2
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors are heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation robust (HAC) using 12 lags and without small sample correction

```
"""
```

### 4.3 Summary of Alphas

```
[56]: df = pd.DataFrame([("1.08%", "0.32%", "2.54%", "0.63%"),
                        ("1.07%", "0.29%", "2.50%", "0.42%"),
                        ("1.43%", "0.31%", "2.68%", "0.27%")],
                        index=["Market Premium", "Fama-French 3 Factors",
                              ↪ "Fama-French 5 Factors"],
                        columns=("Portfolio1 (2001-10)", "Portfolio1 (2011-21)",
                              ↪ "Portfolio2 (2001-10)", "Portfolio2 (2011-21)"))
df
```

```
[56]:
```

	Portfolio1 (2001-10)	Portfolio1 (2011-21)	\
Market Premium	1.08%	0.32%	
Fama-French 3 Factors	1.07%	0.29%	
Fama-French 5 Factors	1.43%	0.31%	

  

	Portfolio2 (2001-10)	Portfolio2 (2011-21)
Market Premium	2.54%	0.63%
Fama-French 3 Factors	2.50%	0.42%
Fama-French 5 Factors	2.68%	0.27%

### 4.4 Result

With the above coefficients and intercepts, we may know that the alphas between two periods (2001-2010 and 2011-2021) decrease for all three regression models whether it's equally weighted portfolio or tangency portfolio. We can interpret that the stock market may gradually become efficient with time passing, which makes a long position generates less alpha in a long run. However, the tangency portfolio generates more alpha than the equally weighted one. It may be resulted by AAPL since it generates more alpha than the average of all stocks, and AAPL takes up to 62% for the portfolio.