# Московский авиационный институт (национальный исследовательский университет)

## Институт информационных технологий и прикладной математики

Кафедра вычислительной математики и программирования

Журнал по исследовательской практике (индивидуальный план)

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## Сводная таблица за весну 2021

Дата	Название	Время	Место проведения	Решенные задачи
14.02.2021	Grand Prix of Belarus	11:00	Дистанционно	N, P
21.02.2021	Grand Prix of Suwon	11:00	Дистанционно	M
28.02.2021	Grand Prix of Tokyo	11:00	Дистанционно	N
14.03.2021	20-21 своя тренировка 2: Semi-FFT	12:00	Дистанционно	F, G, H, I, J
21.03.2021	20-21 своя тренировка 3: Graphs	11:00	Дистанционно	C, F, I, J, K
11.04.2021	20-21 своя тренировка 4	11:00	Дистанционно	B, D, F, L, M
25.04.2021	RuCode 3.0	11:00	Дистанционно	A
09.05.2021	Grand Prix of Urals	11:00	Дистанционно	A, N

### Явка на контесты

Дата	Название	Присутствующие
14.02.2021	Grand Prix of Belarus	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
21.02.2021	Grand Prix of Suwon	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
28.02.2021	Grand Prix of Tokyo	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
14.03.2021	20-21 своя тренировка 2: Semi-FFT	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
21.03.2021	20-21 своя тренировка 3: Graphs	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
11.04.2021	20-21 своя тренировка 4	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
25.04.2021	RuCode 3.0	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев
09.05.2021	Grand Prix of Urals	Кузьмичев, Орозбакиев

#### Решения задач

#### Grand Prix of Belarus 14.02.2021

Short name	Long name	Input file name	Output file name	Time limit Language
3	Best Meeting Places	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	5000 ms
0	Colorful Squares	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	8000 ms
Ξ	Expected Distance	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	6000 ms
=	Find the XOR	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms
Э	Generate The Array	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms
	Integer Array Shuffle	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	1000 ms
J	Junkyeom's Contest	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms
M	Move To The Equality	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms
1	Numbers	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms
Э	Olympic Tournament	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms
כ	Product Game	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms
2	Quantum Robot	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms

#### Решение 1

```
1 \parallel \text{\#include <iostream>}
2 | #include <cmath>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 | int main() {
6
       long long a, b, c, d, a1, b1, c1, d1;
7
       while(true){
8
           cin >> a >> b >> c >>d;
9
           int k = 0;
10
           if (a == 0){
11
               break;
12
           } else {
13
               while (true){
14
                   if(a == b){
15
                       if(b == c){
                           if (c == d){
16
17
                               if (d == a){
18
                                   break;
19
20
                           }
21
                       }
                   }
22
23
                   k += 1;
24
                   a1 = abs(a - b);
25
                   b1 = abs(b - c);
26
                   c1 = abs(c - d);
27
                   d1 = abs(d - a);
```

```
28 |
                      a = a1;
29
                      b = b1;
30
                      c = c1;
31
                      d = d1;
32
33
                 }
34
                 cout << k << endl;</pre>
35
             }
36
37 || }
```

#### Решение 2

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2
   #include <ctime>
 3
 4
   using namespace std;
 5
 6
   long long digitsSum(long long n) {
 7
       long long sum = 0;
 8
     while (n != 0) {
 9
       sum += n \% 10;
10
       n /= 10;
     }
11
12
     return sum;
13
14
15
16
   long long digitsProduct(long long n) {
17
       long long sum = 1;
18
       while (n != 0) {
19
           sum *= n % 10;
20
           n /= 10;
21
        }
22
       return sum;
23 || }
24
25
   long long num_of_digits(long long n){
26
       long long sum = 1;
27
       while (n > 9){
28
           sum *= 10;
29
           n /= 10;
30
       }
31
       sum -= 1;
32
       return sum;
33 || }
34
35
36 | int main() {
37
```

```
38
        long long n, k, z;
39
40
41
        long long max_sum = 0, max = 0, answer = 0;
42
43
        cin >> n;
44
45
46
47
        if (n > 9 \&\& n < 1000000000){
48
49
        k = num_of_digits(n);
50
51
        for (long long i = k; i \le n; ++i) {
            z = digitsProduct(i);
52
53
            if(z > max_sum){
54
               max_sum = z;
55
                max = i;
56
            }
57
        }
58
59
60
            std::cout << max_sum << std::endl ;</pre>
61
62
63
        else if(n >= 1000000000){
64
            cout << 387420489 << endl;</pre>
65
        } else if(n < 10) {
66
            cout << n;</pre>
67
68
        return 0;
69 || }
```

#### Решение 7 (Не засчитано)

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2
   #include <vector>
3 | #include <algorithm>
4 | #include <cmath>
5
6
   using namespace std;
7
8 struct skater {
9
       int x;
10
       int y;
11
       int number;
12 || };
13
14 | bool comp(const skater a, const skater b) {
15 | return (a.x < b.x) | | (a.x == b.x && a.y < b.y);
```

```
16 || };
17
18
   int main() {
19
       int n;
20
       skater a;
21
       vector<skater> skaters;
22
       cin >> n;
23
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
24
           cin >> a.x >> a.y;
25
           a.number = i + 1;
26
           skaters.push_back(a);
27
       }
28
       for (int i = 0; n / 2 > i; ++i) {
29
           int min_dist = -1;
30
           int number;
31
           int del;
32
           for (int j = 1; j < skaters.size(); j++) {
33
               int x, y;
34
               if (skaters.front().x > skaters[j].x) {
35
                   x = skaters.front().x - skaters[j].x;
36
               } else {
37
                   x = skaters[j].x - skaters.front().x;
38
39
               if (skaters.front().y > skaters[j].y) {
40
                   y = skaters.front().y - skaters[j].y;
41
               } else {
42
                   y = skaters[j].y - skaters.front().y;
43
44
               int dist = pow(x, 2) + pow(y, 2);
45
               if (min_dist < 0) {</pre>
46
                   min_dist = dist;
47
                   number = skaters[j].number;
48
                   del = j;
49
               } else if (min_dist > dist) {
50
                   min_dist = dist;
51
                   number = skaters[j].number;
52
                   del = j;
53
               }
           }
54
           cout << skaters.front().number << ' ' ' << number << endl;</pre>
55
56
           skaters.erase(skaters.begin() + del);
57
           skaters.erase(skaters.begin());
58
59
       return 0;
60 || }
```

#### Grand Prix of Suwon 21.02.2021

Short name	Long name	Input file name	Output file name	Time limit	Language TL's	Memory limit	Stack limit	Source limit	Submits left	Status	Failed test	Run ID
В			output.txt or standard output			1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
С	Colorful Squares	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	8000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
E	Expected Distance	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	6000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
F	Find the XOR	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
G	Generate The Array	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
I			output.txt or standard output			1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
J	Junkyeom's Contest	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
M	Move To The Equality	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1998	OK		257
N			output.txt or standard output			1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
0	Olympic Tournament	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1999	Wrong answer	1	463
Р	Product Game	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1997	Time-limit exceeded	8	316
Q	Quantum Robot	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			

#### Решение М

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2
   #include <cmath>
 3 using namespace std;
 4
 5
   int main() {
 6
       long long a, b, c, d, a1, b1, c1, d1;
 7
        while(true){
 8
           cin >> a >> b >> c >>d;
           int k = 0;
 9
10
           if (a == 0){
11
               break;
12
           } else {
13
               while (true){
14
                   if(a == b){
15
                       if(b == c){
16
                           if (c == d){
17
                              if (d == a){
18
                                  break;
19
20
                           }
                       }
21
22
                   }
23
                   k += 1;
24
                   a1 = abs(a - b);
25
                   b1 = abs(b - c);
26
                   c1 = abs(c - d);
27
                   d1 = abs(d - a);
28
                   a = a1;
                   b = b1;
29
30
                   c = c1;
31
                   d = d1;
32
33
               }
34
               cout << k << endl;</pre>
35
           }
36
       }
37 | }
```

#### Решение О (не засчитано)

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2 | #include <vector>
3 | #include <algorithm>
   #include <cmath>
4
5
6 using namespace std;
7
8
   struct skater {
9
       int x;
10
       int y;
11
       int number;
12
   };
13
14
   bool comp(const skater a, const skater b) {
15
       return (a.x < b.x) \mid | (a.x == b.x && a.y < b.y);
   };
16
17
18 || int main() {
19
       int n;
20
       skater a;
21
       vector<skater> skaters;
22
       cin >> n;
23
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
24
           cin >> a.x >> a.y;
25
           a.number = i + 1;
26
           skaters.push_back(a);
27
28
       for (int i = 0; n / 2 > i; ++i) {
29
           int min_dist = -1;
30
           int number;
31
           int del;
           for (int j = 1; j < skaters.size(); j++) {
32
33
               int x, y;
34
               if (skaters.front().x > skaters[j].x) {
35
                   x = skaters.front().x - skaters[j].x;
36
               } else {
37
                   x = skaters[j].x - skaters.front().x;
38
39
               if (skaters.front().y > skaters[j].y) {
40
                   y = skaters.front().y - skaters[j].y;
41
               } else {
42
                   y = skaters[j].y - skaters.front().y;
43
44
               int dist = pow(x, 2) + pow(y, 2);
               if (min_dist < 0) {</pre>
45
46
                   min_dist = dist;
47
                   number = skaters[j].number;
48
                   del = j;
```

```
49
               } else if (min_dist > dist) {
50
                   min_dist = dist;
51
                   number = skaters[j].number;
52
                   del = j;
53
54
           }
           cout << skaters.front().number << ' ' ' << number << endl;</pre>
55
56
           skaters.erase(skaters.begin() + del);
57
           skaters.erase(skaters.begin());
       }
58
59
       return 0;
60 || }
```

#### Решение Р (не засчитано)

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2
 3
   using namespace std;
 4
 5 | int digitsSum(int n) {
 6
     int sum = 0;
 7
     while (n != 0) {
       sum += n \% 10;
 8
 9
       n /= 10;
10
11
     return sum;
12
13
14
15
   int digitsProduct(int n) {
16
       int sum = 1;
17
       while (n != 0) {
           sum *= n % 10;
18
19
           n /= 10;
20
       }
21
       return sum;
22
   }
23
24
   int num_of_digits(int n){
25
        int sum = 9;
26
        while (n > 100){
27
           sum *= 10;
28
           n /= 10;
29
        }
30
       return sum;
31 || }
32
33
34 || int main() {
35
```

```
36
        int n, k;
37
38
39
        int max_sum = 0, max = 0, answer = 0;
40
41
        cin >> n;
42
43
        if (n > 9){
44
45
        k = num_of_digits(n);
46
47
        for (int i = k; i \le n; ++i) {
48
            if(digitsProduct(i) > max_sum){
49
                max_sum = digitsProduct(i);
50
                max = i;
            }
51
52
53
54
        std::cout << max_sum << std::endl;</pre>
            } else {
55
56
            cout << n;</pre>
57
        }
58
        return 0;
59 || }
```

#### Grand Prix of Tokyo 28.02.2021

#### **Problem status summary**

Short name					Language TL's	Memory limit	Stack limit	Source limit	Submits left	Status	Failed test	Run ID
В	Bit Operation	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
E	Edge Subsets	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	9000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
G	Games	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	6000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
H	Harsh Comments	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
l .	Inverse Problem	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
K	King and Highways	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	1000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
L	Looking For Plagiarism	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	1000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1997	Wrong answer	3	542
M	Megafactorial	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	1000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1997	Time-limit exceeded	11	287
N	N-Dimensional Game	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	1000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1994	OK		289
0	Odds For Palindrome	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	1000 ms		1024 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			

#### Решение N

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cmath>

using namespace std;

long long stepen(long long base, long long p) {
   if (p == 1) {
      return base;
}
```

```
12 |
13
       if (p \% 2 == 0) {
14
           long long t = stepen(base, p / 2);
15
           return t * t % 998244353;
16
        } else {
17
           return stepen(base, p - 1) * base % 998244353;
18
       }
19 || }
20
21 | int main() {
22
       long long n;
23
        long long a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, d = 0;
24
       cin >> n;
25
        if(n == 3){
26
           cout << 60;
27
           return 0;
28
       } else if (n == 4){}
29
           cout << 5 + 8 + 16 + 24 + 120 + 600;
30
       } else {
31
           a = (n + 1) \% 998244353;
32
           b = (n * 2) \% 998244353;
33
           d = (a + b) \% 998244353;
34
           c = stepen(2, n);
35
           cout << (d + c) % 998244353;
36
       }
37 || }
```

#### Решение М (не засчитано)

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2 | #include <vector>
 3 | #include <algorithm>
 4 | #include <cmath>
 5
 6 using namespace std;
 7
 8
   long long factoria(long long n){
 9
       long long fact = 1;
10
        while (n > 0){
11
            fact *= n;
12
            fact %= 998244353;
13
            n--;
14
        }
15
       return fact;
16 || };
17
18 | int main() {
19
       long long n;
20
        cin >> n;
21 \parallel
       long long ans;
```

```
22 | ans = factoria(n);

23 | long long otvet;

24 | otvet = factoria(ans);

25 | cout << otvet;

26 | }
```

#### Решение L (не засчитано)

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2
 3
   using namespace std;
 4
 5 | long long stepen(long long base, long long p) {
        if (p == 1) {
 6
 7
           return base;
 8
 9
10
        if (p \% 2 == 0) {
11
           long long t = stepen(base, p / 2);
12
           return t * t % 998244353;
13
        } else {
14
           return stepen(base, p - 1) * base % 998244353;
15
        }
16
   }
17
18
   int main() {
19
       long long r = 1;
20
        long long n;
21
        cin >> n;
22
        if (n == 2){
23
           cout << 1;
24
           return 0;
        } else if(n == 4){
25
26
           cout << 2;
27
       } else{ n /=2;
28
29
       r = stepen(2, n);
30
        if(n \% 2 == 1){
31
           r = (r - 2) \% 998244353;
32
        } else {
33
           r = (r + 2) \% 998244353;
34
        }
35
       cout << r;</pre>
36
37
38 || }
```

#### 20-21 своя тренировка 2: Semi-FFT 14.03.2021

19	MAI #35 Korostelev, Trofimov, Cheremisinov	4	580		-3	<b>+3</b> 01:44	+ 00:12	<b>+6</b> 03:29	-12	+ 01:15
20	MAI #47 Arkhipov, Poley-Dobronravova, Essaulov	4	658			<b>+4</b> 02:33	+ 00:21		<b>+2</b> 03:08	+3 01:56
21	MAI #22 Ilarionov, Firfarov, Sharapov	4	664			+2 02:49	+ 01:12	+2 02:58	-1	+4 01:25
22	MAI #24 Bakharev, Sindyukov	4	702			+3 02:47	+ 00:36		+1 00:44	<b>+7</b> 03:55
23	MAI #38 Kuzmichev, Orozbakiev	3	264				+ 00:32	+ 02:18	-2	+ 01:34
24	MAI #28 Batyanovsky, Veprintsev, Tyuneev	3	308			+ 02:13	+ 01:33			+ 01:22
25	MAI #44 Vakhramyan, Kosogorov, Simonov	3	377				+ 00:36		<b>+4</b> 01:02	<b>+3</b> 02:19
26	MAI #40 Dubovitsky, Kuzmin, Leshkova	3	449			-5	+ 00:39	<b>+2</b> 01:38	-1	+3 03:32
27	MAI #25 Vasiliev, Ilyin, Marochkin	3	500			<b>+2</b> 03:50	+ <b>1</b> 00:25			<b>+1</b> 02:45
28	MAI #30 Dergach, Moskalenko, Khasanov	2	387				+ 01:58	-6		<b>+3</b> 03:29
29	MAI #26 Krassotkin, Revunov, Fedorov	1	50	-1			+ 00:50	-4		-1
30	MAI #36 Vankov, Dubinin, Poskryakov	1	181			-1	<b>+2</b> 02:21			
	* MAI #38 Kuzmichev, Orozbakiev	2				+			+1	
	* MAI #35 Korostelev, Trofimov, Cheremisinov	1							+	
	* MAI #23 Kudinov, Leychenko, Markov	0				-2				
	* MAI #24 Bakharev, Sindyukov	0								

#### Решение F

```
1 | #include < cstdio >
 2 | #include<iostream>
 3 | #include<cstring>
 4 | using namespace std;
 5 const int maxn=1e5+5;
 6 | char a[maxn],b[maxn],aa[maxn],bb[maxn];
 7 | int main(){
 8
     int T;
 9
     scanf("%d",&T);
10
     while(T--){
11
       int n;
12
       scanf("%d",&n);
13
       scanf("%s",a+1);
14
       scanf("%s",b+1);
15
       int t=0;
16
       for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
17
         if(a[i]!=b[i]){
18
           aa[t]=a[i];
19
           bb[t]=b[i];
20
           t++;
21
         }
22
23
       bool flag=true;
24
       for(int i=0;i<t;i++){</pre>
25
         if(bb[i]==aa[(i+1)%t])
26
         continue;
27
         else{
```

#### Решение G

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2
3
   using namespace std;
4
5
6
    int main() {
7
        int N;
8
        long long n, x, y;
9
        cin >> N;
10
        for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
            cin >> n >> x >> y;
11
12
            if(n \% 2 == 0){
13
                if(n/2 \le x){
14
                    if(n/2 \le y){
15
                        cout << "YES" << endl;</pre>
16
                    } else {cout << "NO" << endl;}</pre>
17
                }else {cout << "NO" << endl;}</pre>
18
            } else {
19
                if(n/2+1<=x){
20
                    if(n/2 \le y){
21
                        cout << "YES" << endl;</pre>
22
                    }else {cout << "NO" << endl;}</pre>
23
                }else {cout << "NO" << endl;}</pre>
24
            }
        }
25
26 || }
```

#### Решение Н

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2
   #include <vector>
3
4 | using namespace std;
5
6
   int main() {
7
       int T;
8
       cin >> T;
9
       for (int i = 0; i < T; ++i) {
10
           long long a, b;
```

```
11 |
           vector<long long> rep_a;
12
           vector<long long> rep_b;
13
           cin >> a >> b;
           int pow = 1;
14
15
           while(a != 0){
16
               rep_a.push_back((a % 10) * pow);
17
               a /= 10;
18
               pow *= 10;
           }
19
20
21
           pow = 1;
22
23
           while(b != 0){
24
               rep_b.push_back((b % 10) * pow);
25
               b /= 10;
26
               pow *= 10;
27
28
           for (int j = 0; j < rep_a.size(); ++j) {
29
               for (int k = 0; k < rep_b.size(); ++k) {</pre>
30
                   if(rep_a[j] != 0 && rep_b[k] != 0){
31
                       if(j == rep_a.size() - 1 && k == rep_b.size() - 1){
32
                           cout << rep_a[j] << " " << "x" << " " << rep_b[k] << endl;
33
                       }else {
                          cout << rep_a[j] << " " << "x" << " " << rep_b[k] << " " << "+"
34
                              << " ";
35
                       }
36
                   }
37
               }
38
           }
39
       }
40
       return 0;
41 || }
```

#### Решение І

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2
   #include <cstring>
3
4
5
   using namespace std;
6
7
8
   int main() {
9
       long long T;
10
       cin >> T;
11
       for (long long i = 0; i < T; ++i) {
12
           long long n, m, k, ans = 0;
13
           long long alphabet [26] [26];
14
           long long counter[26];
15
           memset(alphabet, 0, sizeof(alphabet));
```

```
16
           memset(counter, 0, sizeof(counter));
17
           cin >> n >> m >> k;
18
           string a, b;
19
           cin >> a;
20
           cin >> b;
21
           for (long long j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
22
               if(j + k - 1 < n){
23
                   alphabet[a[j + k - 1] - 'a'][a[j] - 'a'] = 1;
24
25
           }
26
           for (long long j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
27
               counter[b[j] - 'a']++;
28
               for (long long 1 = 0; 1 < 26; ++1) {
29
                   if(alphabet[b[j]-97][1]){
30
                       ans+=counter[1];
31
                   }
32
               }
33
           }
34
           cout << ans << endl;</pre>
35
36
       return 0;
37 || }
```

#### Решение G

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2 | #include <vector>
3 | #include <string>
4
5 \parallel using namespace std;
6
7
   int main() {
8
        int T;
9
       cin >> T;
10
        for (int i = 0; i < T; ++i) {
11
12
           long long n, m, k;
13
           cin >> n >> m >> k;
14
           char a, b;
15
           long long counter = 0, c;
16
           vector<int> siz;
17
           for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
18
               cin >> a;
               if ((a == 'S') \&\& (j < k)) {
19
20
                   siz.push_back(1);
21
               } else if (a == 'S') {
22
                   siz.push_back(0);
23
               } else {
24
                   siz.push_back(-1);
25
```

```
26
           }
27
           for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
28
               cin >> b;
29
               if (b == 'W') {
30
                   cin >> c;
31
                   if (siz[c - 1] == 1) {
32
                       counter++;
33
                   }
34
                   if (siz[c - 1] == 0 || siz[c - 1] == -1) {
                       for (int 1 = 0; 1 < c; ++1) {
35
36
                           if (siz[1] == 0) {
37
                               siz[1] = 1;
38
                       }
39
                   }
40
41
               } else {
42
                   for (int 1 = 0; 1 < n; ++1) {
43
                       if (siz[1] == 0) {
44
                           siz[1] = 1;
                       }
45
46
                   }
47
               }
48
49
           cout << counter << endl;</pre>
50
       return 0;
51
52 || }
```

#### 20-21 своя тренировка 3: Graphs 21.03.2021



#### Решение С

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3 //adjacency list
4 | std::vector<std::list<int>> adjacency_list;
5 | std::vector<bool> visited;
6
   std::vector<bool> leaf;
7
   int res = 0;
8
9
   void dfs_visit(int u) {
10
       visited[u] = true;
11
       int cnt = 0;
12 |
       int son = 0;
```

```
13 |
        for (int v : adjacency_list[u]) {
14
           if (!visited[v]) {
15
               cnt++;
16
               son = v;
17
               dfs_visit(v);
18
           }
19
       }
20
21
        if (cnt == 0) {
22
           leaf[u] = true;
23
        } else if (cnt == 1) {
24
           if (leaf[son]) {
25
               res++;
26
           }
27
       }
28
29
   }
30
31
   void dfs() {
32
        visited[0] = true;
        for (int u : adjacency_list[0]) {
33
34
           if (!visited[u]) {
35
               dfs_visit(u);
36
           }
37
       }
   }
38
39
   int main() {
40
41
        int n;
42
        std::cin >> n;
43
        adjacency_list.resize(n);
44
        visited.assign(n, false);
45
       leaf.assign(n, false);
46
47
        int from, to;
        for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
48
49
           std::cin >> from >> to;
50
           adjacency_list[from - 1].push_back(to - 1);
51
           adjacency_list[to - 1].push_back(from - 1);
52
        }
53
54
       dfs();
55
        std::cout << res << "\n";
56
57
       return 0;
58 | }
```

#### Решение F

1 | #include <iostream>

```
2 \parallel \text{\#include} < \text{ctime} >
 3
    #include <vector>
 4
 5 using namespace std;
 6
 7
 8 | int mark_cc(int i, int j, int n, int m, const std::vector <std::vector <char>>& g, std
        ::vector <std::vector <int>>& used) {
 9 \parallel \text{if (i < 0 | | i >= n) } 
10 | return 0;
11 || }
12
13 \parallel \text{if (j < 0 | | j >= m) } 
14 | return 0;
15 || }
16
17 | if (used[i][j]) {
18 | return 0;
19 || }
20
21 || if (g[i][j] != '#') {
22 || return 0;
23 || }
24
25 \| used[i][j] = 1;
26
27 \| \text{mark\_cc(i + 1, j, n, m, g, used)};
28 \| mark_cc(i - 1, j, n, m, g, used);
29 \mid \text{mark\_cc(i, j + 1, n, m, g, used)};
30 \| mark_cc(i, j - 1, n, m, g, used);
31
32 | return 1;
33 || }
34
35 | int main()
36
37 | std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
38 \parallel \text{int n, m};
39 \parallel std::cin >> n >> m;
40 \parallel \text{int cnt} = 0;
41 | std::vector <std::vector <char>> gr(n, std::vector <char> (m));
42 \parallel \text{for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)}  {
43 | std::string s;
44 | std::cin >> s;
45 \parallel \text{for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j)}  {
46 | gr[i][j] = s[j];
47 || if (gr[i][j] == '#') {
48 \parallel \text{cnt} += 1;
49 || }
```

```
50 || }
51 || }
52
53 \parallel \text{if (cnt < 3)} \ 
54 | std::cout << -1 << '\n';
55 | return 0;
56 || }
57
58 \parallel \text{for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)}  {
59 \parallel \text{for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j)}  {
60 \parallel \text{if } (\text{gr[i][j]} == '#') 
61 | std::vector <std::vector <int>> used(n, std::vector <int> (m));
62 \parallel cnt += 1;
63 || gr[i][j] = '.';
64 \parallel \text{int side\_steps} = 0;
65 \parallel \text{side\_steps} += \text{mark\_cc(i + 1, j, n, m, gr, used)};
    //std::cout << i << " " << j << " " << side_steps << '\n';
67 \parallel \text{side\_steps} += \text{mark\_cc(i - 1, j, n, m, gr, used)};
68 //std::cout << i << " " << j << " " << side_steps << '\n';
69 \parallel \text{side\_steps} += \text{mark\_cc(i, j + 1, n, m, gr, used)};
    //std::cout << i << " " << j << " " << side_steps << '\n';
71 | side_steps += mark_cc(i, j - 1, n, m, gr, used);
72 //std::cout << i << " " << j << " " << side_steps << '\n';
73
74 \parallel \text{if (side\_steps} \ge 2)  {
75 || std::cout << 1 << '\n';
76 | return 0;
77 || }
78 | gr[i][j] = '#';
79
80 || }
81 || }
82 || }
83
84 | std::cout << 2 << '\n';
85 || return 0;
86 || }
     Решение І
 1 | #include < bits / stdc++.h>
 2 \parallel \text{using namespace std};
 3
 4 | struct Door {
 5 \parallel \text{int locked};
 6 | int first_switch = -1;
 7 | int second_switch = -1;
 8
```

9 | int GetIncident(int sw) { 10 | if (sw == first\_switch) {

```
11 || return second_switch;
12 || }
13 || return first_switch;
14 || }
15
16 | void AddVertex(int v) {
17 | if (first_switch == -1) {
18 || first_switch = v;
19 || } else {
20 | second_switch = v;
21 || }
22 || }
23 | };
24
25 | using Graph = vector<vector<Door*>>;
26
27
28 | bool bfs(const Graph& g, int start, vector<int>& color) {
29 | queue<int> q;
30 \| \operatorname{color}[\operatorname{start}] = 0;
31 | q.push(start);
32 | while (!q.empty()) {
33 || int u = q.front();
34 | q.pop();
35 | for (Door* door : g[u]) {
36 | int v = door->GetIncident(u);
37 | int door_status = door->locked;
38 | int correct_color = (color[u] + ((door_status + 1) & 1u)) & 1u;
39 | \text{if } (\text{color}[v] == -1)  {
40 | color[v] = correct_color;
41 | q.push(v);
42 || } else if (color[v] != correct_color) {
43 || return false;
44 || }
45
46 | }
47 || }
48 | return true;
49 || }
50
51 || int main() {
52 \parallel \text{int n,m};
53 \parallel cin >> n >> m;
54 | vector < Door > doors(n);
55 | for (Door& i : doors) {
57 | }
58 | Graph g(m);
59 \parallel \text{for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)}  {
```

```
60 \parallel \text{int c};
61 \parallel cin >> c;
62 || for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
63 | int door;
64 \parallel cin >> door;
65 door--;
66 \parallel g[i].push_back(&doors[door]);
67 | doors [door] . AddVertex(i);
68 || }
69 || }
70 | vector<int> color(g.size(), -1);
71
72 \| \text{for (int i = 0; i < g.size(); ++i)} \| 
73 || if (color[i] == -1) {
74 | if (!bfs(g, i, color)) {
75 || cout << "NO\n";
76 | return 0;
77 || }
78 || }
79 || }
80
81 || cout << "YES\n";
82 || }
```

#### Решение Ј

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3 #define ull unsigned long long
4
5 | std::vector<std::list<int>> adjacency_list;
6 | std::vector<bool> visited;
7
   std::vector<int> first_set;
8
   std::vector<int> second_set;
9
10 | void dfs_visit(int u, int set) {
11
       visited[u] = true;
12
       if (set == 1) {
13
           first_set.push_back(u);
14
       } else {
15
           second_set.push_back(u);
16
       }
17
       for (int v : adjacency_list[u]) {
18
           if (!visited[v]) {
19
               if (set == 1) {
20
                  dfs_visit(v, 2);
21
               } else {
22
                  dfs_visit(v, 1);
23
               }
24
           }
```

```
25 ||
       }
26
   }
27
28
   void dfs() {
29
       visited[0] = true;
30
       first_set.push_back(0);
31
       for (int u : adjacency_list[0]) {
           if (!visited[u]) {
32
33
               dfs_visit(u, 2);
34
           }
35
       }
36
   }
37
38
   ull res = 0;
39
40
   int main() {
41
        int n;
42
       std::cin >> n;
43
        adjacency_list.resize(n);
44
       visited.assign(n, false);
45
46
        int from, to;
47
       for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
           std::cin >> from >> to;
48
49
           adjacency_list[from - 1].push_back(to - 1);
50
           adjacency_list[to - 1].push_back(from - 1);
51
       }
52
        dfs();
53
54
55
        if (first_set.size() < second_set.size()) {</pre>
56
           for (int v : first_set) {
57
               res += second_set.size() - adjacency_list[v].size();
58
           }
59
        } else {
60
           for (int v : second_set) {
               res += first_set.size() - adjacency_list[v].size();
61
62
           }
        }
63
64
65
       std::cout << res << "\n";
66
67
        return 0;
68 || }
    Решение К
 1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2
```

3 | std::vector<std::list<int>> adjacency\_list;

```
4 | std::vector<bool> visited;
 5
   std::vector<int> height;
 6
 7
   void dfs_visit(int u, int h) {
 8
       visited[u] = true;
 9
       height[h]++;
10
       for (int v : adjacency_list[u]) {
           if (!visited[v]) {
11
12
               dfs_visit(v, h + 1);
13
           }
14
       }
15 | }
16
   void dfs() {
17
       visited[0] = true;
18
19
       height[0] = 1;
20
       for (int u : adjacency_list[0]) {
21
           if (!visited[u]) {
22
               dfs_visit(u, 1);
23
           }
24
       }
25 || }
26
27
   int main() {
28
       int n;
29
       std::cin >> n;
30
       adjacency_list.resize(n);
31
       visited.assign(n, false);
32
       height.resize(n);
33
34
       int to;
35
       for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
36
           std::cin >> to;
37
           adjacency_list[i + 1].push_back(to - 1);
38
           adjacency_list[to - 1].push_back(i + 1);
       }
39
40
41
       dfs();
42
       int res = 0;
43
       for (int i = 0; i < n && height[i] != 0; i++) {
44
           res += (height[i] % 2);
45
       }
46
47
       std::cout << res << "\n";
48
49
       return 0;
50 || }
```

#### 20-21 своя тренировка 4 11.04.2021

Lestikova									
* MAI #38 Kuzmichev, Orozbakiev	5		+	+	+			+	+
* MAI #37 Efimov, Katermin	2		+1						+1
* MAI #24 Bakharev, Sindyukov	1				+				

#### Решение В

```
1 | #include < bits / stdc++.h>
 2 #define 11 long long
 3
 4 using namespace std;
 5
 6 | int main() {
 7
    int n,k;
8 \parallel cin >> n >> k;
9 | if (k == 1 | | (k == 2 && n % 2 == 0) | | (n == 4 && k == 3)) {
10 | cout << "Yes\n";
11 | } else {
12 || cout << "No\n";
13 || }
14
15 || return 0;
16 || }
```

#### Решение D

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2
 3 | bool in(char ch, const std::vector<char> &vec) {
       for (int i = 0; i < vec.size(); i++) {
 4
 5
           if (ch == vec[i])
 6
               return true;
 7
 8
       return false;
   }
 9
10
11 | int main() {
12
       long long n;
13
       std::cin >> n;
14
       std::string s;
15
       std::cin >> s;
16
17
       std::vector<char> vowel{'a', 'i', 'o', 'u', 'e', 'y'};
18
19
       int help = 2;
20
       long long res = 0;
21
22
       for (long long i = 0; i < n; i++) {
23
           if (help == 2) {
24 |
               if (in(s[i], vowel)) {
```

```
25
                   help = 1;
26
               } else {
27
                   help = 0;
28
29
           } else if (help == 0) {
30
               if (in(s[i], vowel)) {
31
                   help = 2;
32
                   res++;
               }
33
34
           } else if (help == 1) {
35
               if (!in(s[i], vowel)) {
36
                   help = 2;
37
                   res++;
38
               }
39
           }
       }
40
41
42
       std::cout << res << "\n";
43
44
       return 0;
45 | }
```

#### Решение F

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2
   #include <vector>
 3
 4
   int main() {
 5
        int n;
 6
       std::cin >> n;
 7
       std::vector<int> a(n);
 8
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 9
10
           std::cin >> a[i];
11
       }
12
13
       if (n == 1) {
           std::cout << "Yes\n";</pre>
14
15
       } else {
16
           for (int i = 1; i < n - 1; i++) {
17
               if (a[i] == 2) {
18
                   a[i] = 0;
19
                   if (a[i - 1] - 1 < 0 || a[i + 1] - 1 < 0) {
20
                       std::cout << "No\n";</pre>
21
                       return 0;
22
                   } else {
23
                       a[i - 1]--;
24
                       a[i + 1]--;
25
                   }
26
               }
```

```
27
            }
28
            if (a[0] == 2) {
29
               a[0] = 0;
30
               if (a[1] - 1 < 0) {
                   std::cout << "No\n";</pre>
31
32
                   return 0;
33
               } else {
34
                   a[1]--;
35
36
            }
37
            if (a[n - 1] == 2) {
38
               a[n - 1] = 0;
               if (a[n - 2] - 1 < 0) {
39
40
                   std::cout << "No\n";</pre>
41
                   return 0;
42
               } else {
43
                   a[n - 2]--;
               }
44
            }
45
46
            int start = 0;
47
            int finish = n - 2;
48
            if (a[0] == 1) {
49
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                    if (a[i] == 0) {
50
51
                       start = i;
52
                       break;
53
                   }
               }
54
            }
55
56
            if (start == n) {
               std::cout << "Yes\n";</pre>
57
58
               return 0;
59
60
            if (a[n - 1] == 1) {
               for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
61
62
                    if (a[i] == 0) {
63
                       finish = i;
64
                       break;
65
                   }
66
               }
67
            }
            for (int i = start; i <= finish; i++) {</pre>
68
69
               if (a[i] == 1) {
                    if (a[i + 1] == 0) {
70
71
                       std::cout << "No\n";</pre>
72
                       return 0;
                   }
73
                   a[i] = a[i + 1] = 0;
74
               }
75
```

```
76 | }
77 | std::cout << "Yes\n";
78 | }
79 |
80 | return 0;
81 |}
```

#### Решение L

```
1 | #include < bits / stdc++.h>
   #define ll long long
 3 | #define MOD 100000007
 4
 5 using namespace std;
 6
 7 | template <class T>
    inline void hash_combine(std::size_t & seed, const T & v)
 8
 9
10 | std::hash<T> hasher;
11 | seed ^= hasher(v) + 0x9e3779b9 + (seed << 6) + (seed >> 2);
12 || }
13
14 | namespace std
15 || {
16
    template<typename S, typename T> struct hash<pair<S, T>>
17
18 | inline size_t operator()(const pair<S, T> & v) const
19 || {
20 \parallel \text{size\_t seed} = 0;
21 ::hash_combine(seed, v.first);
22 :: hash_combine(seed, v.second);
23 | return seed;
24 || }
25 | };
26 || }
27
28 | struct crate {
29 || int i;
30 \parallel \text{int j};
31 || };
32
33 || int main() {
34 | std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
35 \parallel \text{int n};
36 \parallel cin >> n;
37 | vector<crate> crates;
38 | std::unordered_map <std::pair<11, 11>, 11> mp;
39
40 \| \text{for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)} 
41 | int 1, r;
```

```
42 \parallel std::cin >> 1 >> r;
43 \parallel mp[\{1, r\}] = 0;
44 | crates.push_back({1, r});
45 || }
46 | sort(crates.begin(), crates.end(), [] (const crate& lhs, const crate& rhs) {
47 | return lhs.i + lhs.j > rhs.i + rhs.j;
48 | });
49 \| \text{for (int i = 0; i < crates.size(); ++i)} 
50 | const crate& cr = crates[i];
51 | 11& cur = mp[{cr.i, cr.j}];
52 | if (!mp.count({cr.i + 1, cr.j}) && !mp.count({cr.i, cr.j + 1})) {
53 || cur = 1;
54 || }
55 | if (mp.count({cr.i + 1, cr.j})) {
56 \parallel cur += mp[\{cr.i + 1, cr.j\}];
57 | cur %= MOD;
58 || }
59 | if (mp.count({cr.i, cr.j + 1})) {
60 \parallel \text{cur} += \text{mp}[\{\text{cr.i, cr.j} + 1\}];
61 || cur %= MOD;
62 || }
63 || }
64 \parallel \text{cout} << mp[\{1,1\}] << "\n";
65 || }
```

#### Решение М

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3
   #define ull unsigned long long
4
   const ull MOD = static_cast<ull>(std::pow(10, 9)) + 7;
5
6
7
   ull mod_bin_pow(ull a, ull n) {
8
       ull res = 1;
       while (n) {
9
10
           if (n & 1) {
               res = (res % MOD * a % MOD) % MOD;
11
12
               --n;
13
           } else {
14
               a = (a \% MOD * a \% MOD) \% MOD;
15
               n >>= 1;
16
           }
17
       }
18
19
       return res;
20 || }
21
22 || int main() {
       std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
```

```
24
       std::cin.tie(nullptr);
25
       int q;
26
       std::cin >> q;
27
28
       for (int it = 0; it < q; it++) {
29
           ull i1, i2, j1, j2;
30
           std::cin >> i1 >> i2 >> j1 >> j2;
           ull first = (mod_bin_pow(2, i1) % MOD * (mod_bin_pow(2, i2 - i1 + 1) % MOD - 1)
31
                % MOD) % MOD;
32
           ull second = (mod_bin_pow(3, j1) % MOD * ((mod_bin_pow(3, j2 - j1 + 1) % MOD -
               1) % MOD * mod_bin_pow(2, MOD - 2) % MOD) % MOD) % MOD;
33
34
           std::cout << (first * second) % MOD << "\n";</pre>
35
       }
36
37
       return 0;
38 || }
```

#### RuCode 3.0 25.04.2021

#### Решение А

```
1 | #include <iostream>
 2
 3 \parallel using namespace std;
 4
 5 \parallel \text{int main}()  {
 6 | long long n;
 7
    int L;
 8 \parallel cin >> n >> L;
 9 || int curr_team;
10 | int dist, team_one_score=0, team_two_score=0;
11 | for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
12 | cin >> curr_team >> dist;
13 | if(curr_team == 1){
14 | if (dist == -1){
15 | team_one_score+=1;
16 \parallel} else if (dist >= L){
17 | team_one_score+=3;
18 || } else {
19 | team_one_score+=2;
20 || }
21 || } else {
22 \parallel \text{if (dist == -1)} \{
23 | team_two_score+=1;
24 \parallel} else if (dist >= L){
25 | team_two_score+=3;
26 | } else {
27 | team_two_score+=2;
```

```
28 | }
29 | }
30 | }
31 | std::cout << team_one_score << ":" << team_two_score << std::endl;
32 | return 0;
33 | }
```

#### Grand Prix of Urals 09.05.2021

#### **Problem status summary**

Short name	Long name	Input file name	Output file name	Time limit	Language TL's	Memory limit	Stack limit	Source limit	Submits left	Status	Failed test	Run ID
Α			output.txt or standard output			64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1999	OK		278
В			output.txt or standard output			64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
С	Count Min Ratio	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
D	Diophantine Equation	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
E	Emperor's Palace	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
F	Five-pointed Queries	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	5000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
G	Gas and Minerals	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
I	Infection	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
J	Jumping Path	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	3000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
L	Laser Beam	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
M	Mirror Brackets	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	2000			
N	Numbers	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1997	OK		321
0	Overwhelming Vowels	input.txt or standard input	output.txt or standard output	2000 ms		64 M	64 M	65536 bytes	1998	Wrong answer	4	300

#### Решение А

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2
   #include <string>
3
4
5
   using namespace std;
6
7
   int main() {
8
       string zod;
9
       string month, day;
10
       bool flag = false;
        cin >> zod;
11
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
12
           if(i == 5 || i == 6){
13
14
               month.push_back(zod[i]);
           }
15
16
           if(i == 8 \mid \mid i == 9){
17
               day.push_back(zod[i]);
           }
18
        }
19
20
        int a = stoi(month);
        int b = stoi(day);
21
22
        if (a == 3 \&\& b > 20){
23
           cout << "Aries" << endl;</pre>
24
        }
        if (a == 3 \&\& b < 21){
25
           cout << "Pisces" << endl;</pre>
26
27
        if (a == 4 \&\& b < 20){
28
```

```
29 |
            cout << "Aries" << endl;</pre>
30
31
        if (a == 4 \&\& b > 19){
32
            cout << "Taurus" << endl;</pre>
33
34
        if (a == 5 \&\& b < 21){
35
            cout << "Taurus" << endl;</pre>
36
        }
37
        if (a == 5 \&\& b > 20){
38
            cout << "Gemini" << endl;</pre>
39
        }
40
        if (a == 6 \&\& b < 21){
41
            cout << "Gemini" << endl;</pre>
42
        }
43
        if (a == 6 \&\& b > 20){
44
            cout << "Cancer" << endl;</pre>
45
        }
46
        if (a == 7 \&\& b < 23){
47
            cout << "Cancer" << endl;</pre>
48
        }
49
        if (a == 7 \&\& b > 22){
50
            cout << "Leo" << endl;</pre>
51
        }
52
        if (a == 8 \&\& b < 23){
            cout << "Leo" << endl;</pre>
53
54
55
        if (a == 8 \&\& b > 22){
            cout << "Virgo" << endl;</pre>
56
57
        }
        if (a == 9 \&\& b < 23){
58
59
            cout << "Virgo" << endl;</pre>
60
        if (a == 9 \&\& b > 22){
61
62
            cout << "Libra" << endl;</pre>
63
        if (a == 10 \&\& b < 23){
64
            cout << "Libra" << endl;</pre>
65
66
        }
67
        if (a == 10 \&\& b > 22){
            cout << "Scorpio" << endl;</pre>
68
69
        }
        if (a == 11 \&\& b < 23){
70
71
            cout << "Scorpio" << endl;</pre>
72
73
        if (a == 11 \&\& b > 22){
74
            cout << "Sagittarius" << endl;</pre>
75
76
        if (a == 12 \&\& b < 22){
77
            cout << "Sagittarius" << endl;</pre>
```

```
78
        }
79
        if (a == 12 \&\& b > 21){
80
            cout << "Capricorn" << endl;</pre>
81
        }
82
        if (a == 1 \&\& b < 20){
83
            cout << "Capricorn" << endl;</pre>
84
        }
85
        if (a == 1 \&\& b > 19){
            cout << "Aquarius" << endl;</pre>
86
87
        }
88
        if (a == 2 \&\& b < 19){
89
            cout << "Aquarius" << endl;</pre>
90
91
        if (a == 2 \&\& b > 18){
92
            cout << "Pisces" << endl;</pre>
93
        }
94
        return 0;
95 || }
    Решение N
```

```
1  | low, high = map(int, input().split())
2  | ans = 0
4  |
5  | for i in range(low, high + 1):
        if (i == 1):
            ans += 10
        else:
            ans += int('9' * i) - int('1' + '0' * (i - 1)) + 1
10  | print(ans)
```

#### Решение О (не засчитано)

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2
   #include <string>
3
4
   using namespace std;
5
6
   int main() {
7
       string a;
8
       int counter = 0;
9
       cin >> a;
10
       int b = a.length();
       for (int i = 0; i < a.length(); ++i) {</pre>
11
           if(a[i] == 'a' || a[i] == 'e' || a[i] == 'i' || a[i] == 'o' || a[i] == 'u'){
12
13
               counter++;
14
           }
15
       b = (b/2 + 1) - counter;
16
```

```
17 | if(b > 0){
    cout << b << endl;
    } else {
    cout << '0' << endl;
    }
21 | }
```