

POK - Introduction

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Forewords



The POK project

- Design and implement safe and secure system
- Complete development process with model-based engineering

POK O/S

- Part of the POK project
- Can be used independently
- Support several standards (ARINC653/POSIX/...)

Outline



POK rationale and overview

POK objectives and guidelines

Functionalities

Platforms

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Rationale - problems



- Safety-critical systems are difficult to build
 - Many requirements
 - Dedicated architectures
 - Specific standards: ARINC653, MILS, DO178B, ECSS, etc
- Need to validate/verify/specify/certify
 - At specification
 - At execution
 - Require an appropriate development process

Rationale – solution overview



- Framework to build safety-critical systems
 - From specifications down to the implementation
 - Enforce requirements at each development step
- Help designers as more as possible
 - But do not force him!
 - POK keeps you free!

Solution – Architecture outline



- Partitioned architecture
 - Time and space isolation
 - Resources isolation across partitions
- Fixed amount of resources
 - Avoid run-time overhead
 - Improve determinism

Solution - Architecture outline - cont'd



Partition 1 (size = 5Mo)

- 3 tasks
- •2 intrapart channels
- 1 out interpart port

Partition 2 (size = 4Mo)

- 4 tasks
- 1 intrapart channel
- 1 in interpart port

Isolation/Partitioning Kernel

- Isolation partitions in memory segments
- Allocate 500 ms for each partition
- Monitor inter-partitions communication

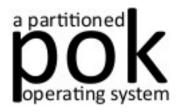
Architecture outline – space partiitoning

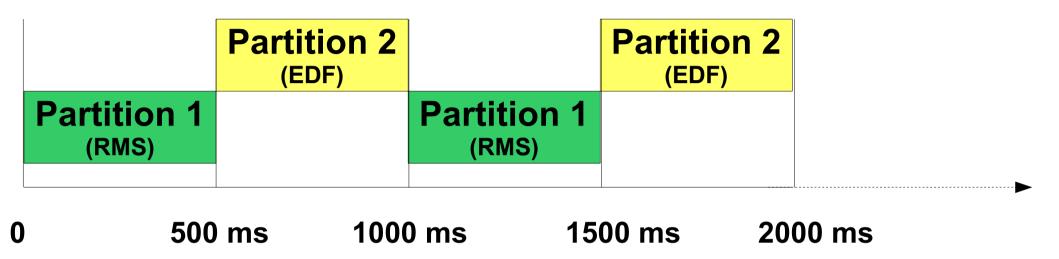




- Segmentation isolation
 - Determinism
 - Sometimes, emulate segmentation (e.g. LEON port)
- Allocate segments at initialization time

Architecture outline – time partitioning





- Strict time isolation
- Round-Robin policy for partition scheduling
- Partition-dependent scheduling algorithm

Technology overview (1)

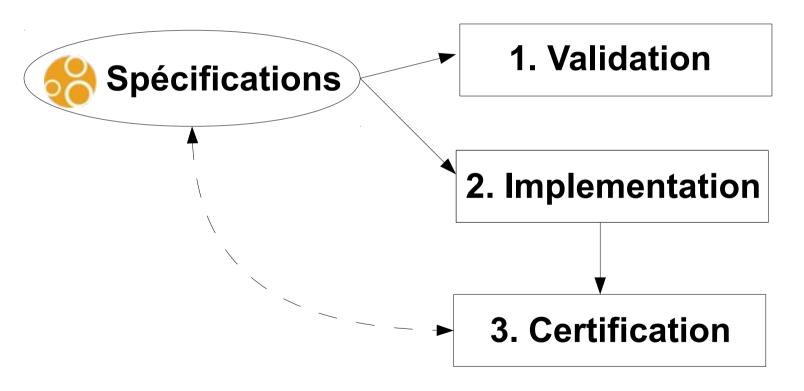


- Modeling framework (AADL modeling)
 - AADL modeling patterns
 - Requirements validation through AADL analysis
- Partitioned operating system & code generation
 - Provide time and space partitioning
 - Ensure requirements enforcement
- Certification tools
 - Verify implementation against specification requirements
 - Certify implementation against certification standards

Technology overview – cont'd



- Full development process
 - Some steps could be achieved manually
 - We don't force developers to do good things



Relation with current work



- We propose a nice development process
 - Requirements validation and enforcement
 - Many tools that may be well developed by computer geeks

- But we want industrial solutions!
 - Standard compliance
 - Ex : ARINC653, MILS, etc ...

Standards integration



ARINC653 or MILS modeling patterns

ARINC653 or MILS requirements validation

Spécifications

1. Validation

2. Implementation

3. Certification

ARINC653 automatic code generation

DO178B automatic certification

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POK objectives



- Build safe and secure systems
 - Provide a complete framework for the whole dev process
 - Detect errors as early as possible
 - Assist the user in each development step

- Potential industrial impact
 - Integrate industry-proven approaches
 - Development process can be adapted to customer needs

POK guidelines



KISS!

- Very simple: must be easy to read/understand/ maintain ...
- ... but very, very stupid

Keep the window open!

- Potential kernel certification
- Openness to other projects (ex : COUVERTURE)

Highly-customizable toolchain

- You can throw away some tools
- Integration of other tools (ex : OSATE, Eclipse, ...)

POK functionnalities



- Specification-level
 - System consistency, safety & security validation
 - Automatic code generation for kernel & partitions
- Runtime level (POK O/S functionnalities)
 - Partitioning support
 - Standards supports : ARINC653, POSIX
- Certification level
 - Code coverage analysis of both kernel and partitions
 - Execution instrumentation

POK architecture support



- X86 intel
 - Generic architecture
- SPARC
 - LEON3 board
 - Aerospace domain
- PowerPC
 - Wide-used architecture
 - Embedded-purpose domain



Questions?