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Open Access | Published: 01 November 2016

Metabolic and physiological interdependencies in the Bathymodiolus azoricus symbiosis

Ruby Ponnudurai, Manuel Kleiner, Lizbeth Sayavedra, Jillian M Petersen, Martin Moche, Andreas Otto, Dörte Becher, Takeshi Takeuchi, Noriyuki Satoh, Nicole Dubilier, Thomas Schweder & Stephanie Markert \simeq

The ISME Journal 11, 463-477 (2017) | Cite this article 6955 Accesses | 76 Citations | 22 Altmetric | Metrics

Abstract

The hydrothermal vent mussel Bathymodiolus azoricus lives in an intimate symbiosis with two types of chemosynthetic Gammaproteobacteria in its gills: a sulfur oxidizer and a methane oxidizer. Despite numerous investigations over the last decades, the degree of interdependence between the three symbiotic partners, their individual metabolic contributions, as well as the mechanism of carbon transfer from the symbionts to the host are poorly understood. We used a combination of proteomics and genomics to investigate the physiology and metabolism of the individual symbiotic partners. Our study revealed that key metabolic functions are most likely accomplished jointly by B. azoricus and its symbionts: (1) CO₂ is pre-concentrated by the host for carbon fixation by the sulfur-oxidizing symbiont, and (2) the host replenishes essential biosynthetic TCA cycle intermediates for the sulfuroxidizing symbiont. In return (3), the sulfur oxidizer may compensate for the host's putative deficiency in amino acid and cofactor biosynthesis. We also identified numerous 'symbiosisspecific' host proteins by comparing symbiont-containing and symbiont-free host tissues and symbiont fractions. These proteins included a large complement of host digestive enzymes in the gill that are likely involved in symbiont digestion and carbon transfer from the symbionts to the host.

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Ethics declarations Additional information

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