# Managing Home Buyer Expectations

Evaluating the relationship between house prices and home availability by neighborhood

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#### Problem at hand

#### **Background**

Explore Ames Housing Data to iteratively build a model that would predict Sale Prices of Homes

#### Question to be solved

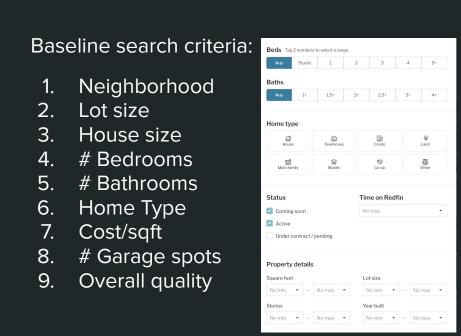
What should a home buyer expect when looking to buy a specific house type?

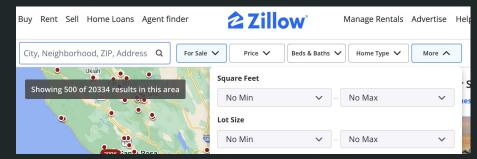
#### **Approach**

- Keep it simple
- Add complexity
- Focus on the variables that most consumers pay attention to

# Dataset

A dataset, encompassing 81 features of houses -- mostly single family suburban dwellings -- that were sold in Ames, lowa in the period 2006-2010, which encompasses the housing crisis





# Model performance

	Model	Summary	R²	RMSE
1	Simple Linear Regression	No transformations/feature engineering. Variables with multicollinearity were not included. Variables include: Overall Quality, Total Basement SF, Gr Living Area, 1st Flr SF, Garage Cars	Train: 0.78; Test: 0.82	33980
2	Linear Regression	Feature engineered and scaled features. Variables include: Total sqft, Overall Condition, Overall Quality, Interaction Condition and Quality, Zone (Dummy), Neighborhood (Dummy)	Train: 0.81; Test: 0.85	31248
3	Same as Model 2, but Lasso Regularization		Train: 0.81; Test: 0.85	31043
4	Linear Regression	Feature engineered and scaled features. Variables include: Total sqft, Overall Condition, Overall Quality, Interaction Condition and Quality, Bathrooms, Bedrooms, Month sold, Neighborhood (Dummy)	Train: 0.79; Test: 0.80	34671
5	Linear Regression	Feature engineering and scaled features. Variables include: Total sqft, Lot Area, Overall Condition, Overall Quality, Interaction Condition and Quality, Bathrooms, Bedrooms, Neighborhood (Dummy), Garage Capacity, House Style (Dummy)	Train: 0.81; Test: 0.80	35175
6	Lasso Regression	Feature engineering and scaled features. Variables include: Overall Condition (log), Overall Quality, Interaction Condition and Quality, Bathrooms, Bedrooms, Total sqft House (log), Total sqft Lot Area (log)	Train: 0.77; Test: 0.80	34435
7	Linear Regression	Feature engineering and scaled features. Variables include: Overall Condition, Overall Quality, Interaction Condition and Quality, Bathrooms, Bedrooms, Total sqft Lot Area (log), Price per Sqft (per neighborhood)	Train: 0.82; Test: 0.84	30908
8	Lasso Regression	Feature engineering and scaled features. Variables include: Total sqft House (feature engineering), Overall Condition, Overall Quality, Interaction of Condition/Quality, Bathrooms, Bedrooms, Total sqft Lot Area (log), Price per Sqft (per neighborhood), Total sqft Lot Area (log), Price per Sqft (per neighborhood), Zone, Building Type	Train: 0.82; Test: 0.84	30800
9	Lasso Regression	Feature engineering and scaled features. Variables include: Neighborhood (dummy), Total sqft Lot Afea (log), Total sqft House (log), Bedrooms, Bathrooms, House Type (dummy), Bldg Type (dummy), Cost/Sqft (per neighborhood), Garage Capacity, Overall Quality	Train: 0.84; Test: 0.83	31773

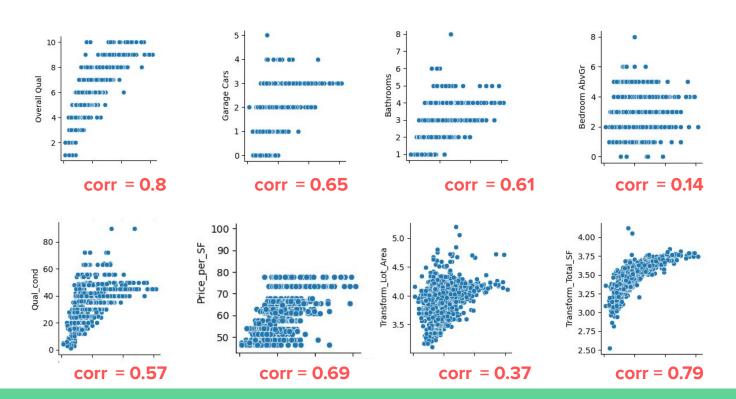
#### What Consumers Look for First

- 1. Sq Feet (House)
- 2. Sq Feet (Lot)
- 3. Bedrooms
- 4. Bathrooms
- 5. Garage Capacity
- 6. Neighborhood
- 7. House Type
- 8. Building Type
- 9. Quality



How will this impact their home purchase budget?

# In general, House Prices are not going to prevent consumers from getting what they want in a house



#### What Consumers Don't See

	Coefficient
Log(Sqft House)	20,679
Price per Sqft (Neighborhood)	18,182
Overall Quality	18,052
Number of Bathrooms	14,393
Single-Family Detached House Type	9,456
Log(Sqft Lot Area)	7,719
Quality and Condition (int)	7,364

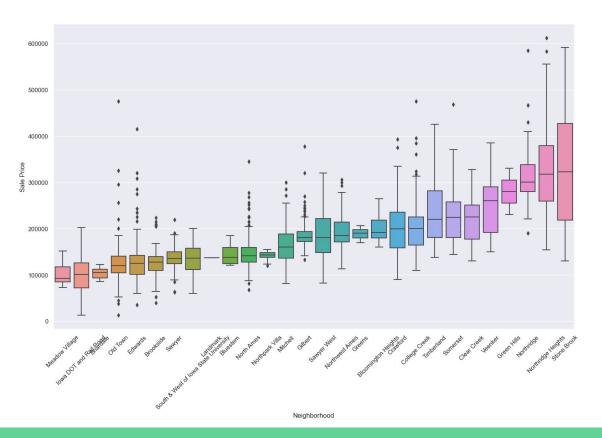
- An extra sqft does not increase price in a uniform way
- Overall finish and materials used for the house matter
- Making a decision to go for a specific house type will change your expected sale price
- Number of bathrooms can make a difference to sale price

#### What Consumers Don't See

	Coefficient
Northwest Ames (relative to Sawyer)	-1,734
Two and one-half story - 2nd level unfinished (relative to Split Level)	-1,828
Bedrooms	-2,072
Northpark Villa (relative to Sawyer)	-2,332
Meadow Village (relative to Sawyer)	-2,491
Old Town (relative to Sawyer)	-3,404
Somerset (relative to Sawyer)	-5,154

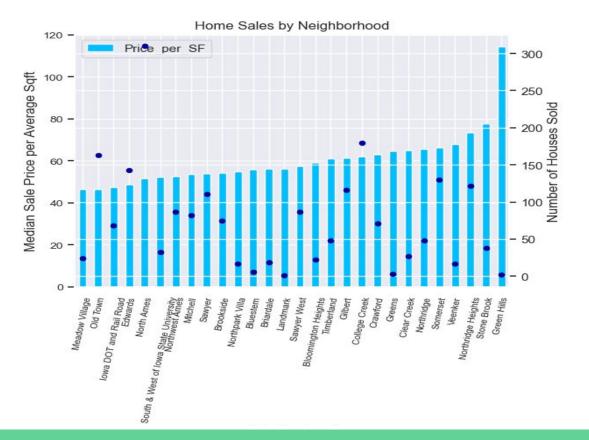
- We excluded Sawyer
  neighborhood from our
  analysis in order to give us a
  point of comparison
- We can see that home prices in some neighborhoods are likely to be significantly cheaper than Sawyer, all else being equal

### Sale Price by Neighborhood



 Predicted house prices are expected to continue to reinforce the current neighborhood stack rank by median house price

## Sale Price by Neighborhood



- However, sale price does not necessarily decrease when there are more houses sold in a given neighborhood
- At first glance, the most expensive neighborhoods (as evaluated by Median Sale Price/ Average Square Foot Sold) saw lower than average (73) houses sold

#### What's next?

- Run the full analysis to determine whether scarcity value is a driver or outcome of Housing Market Activity
- 2. Conduct lead/lag analysis to determine how prices impact sale volumes by neighborhood
- 3. Make a shortlist of features that would be helpful for consumers to have on Realtor Aggregator websites, stack-ordered by impact on sale price
- 4. Provide insights to how much 'on average' a home price would change based on a consumer's selection (either of additional features or within a specific feature)
- 5. Conduct additional analysis by year and season, to ensure time horizon and seasonality are included in recommendations
- 6. Look at by-neighborhood or by-neighborhood group behavior of various features, in case recommendations need to be adjusted based on where a consumer is looking to buy