WLAN tests algorithm:

- 1. Erstellung von 1 MB = 1_000_000 Bytes Dummy Datei mittels linux command: truncate -s 1000000 file.test
- 2. Upload file.test on remote server mittels scp.
- 3. Download file from remote adress with WLAN and working Wireshark.
- Filter captured packets in Wireshark: tcp and src host xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx (only tcp packets from specified host address.
- 5. Plot grafics.

Types of tests:

#1, #2 -> LAN tests.

#3 - #5 -> private WLAN with different signal quality

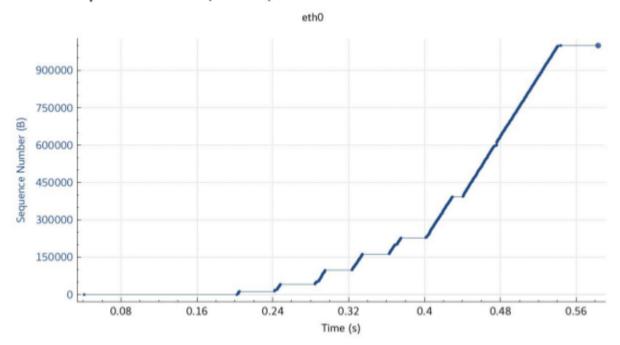
#6 - #8 -> public WLAN with different signal quality

#9 - #10 ->einwickeln des Routers mit Alufolie

LAN tests

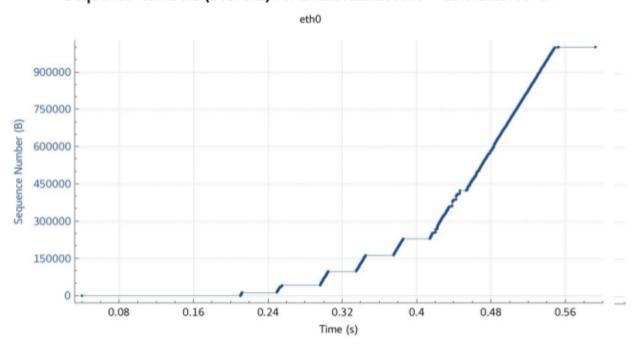
Messung 1 Lan:

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 10.0.2.15:40694



Messung 2 LAN:

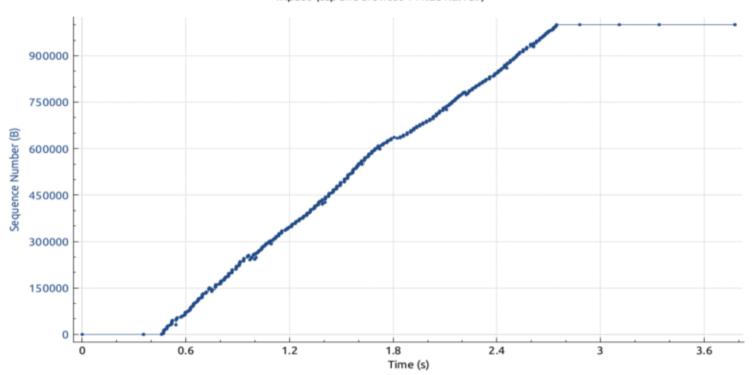
Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 10.0.2.15:40704



Private WLAN (100% quality):

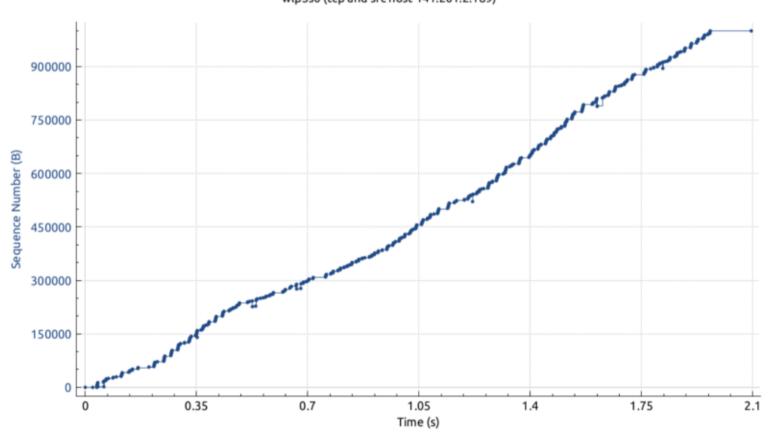
```
| New | New
```

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 192.168.0.163:35308



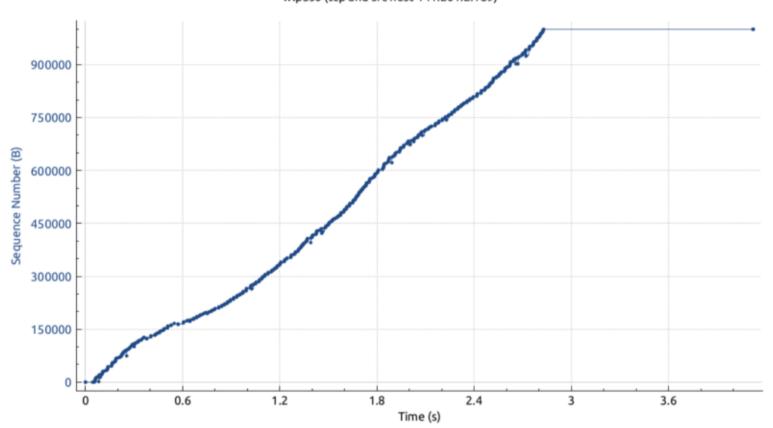
Private WLAN (76% quality):

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 192.168.0.163:35328



Private WLAN (50% quality):

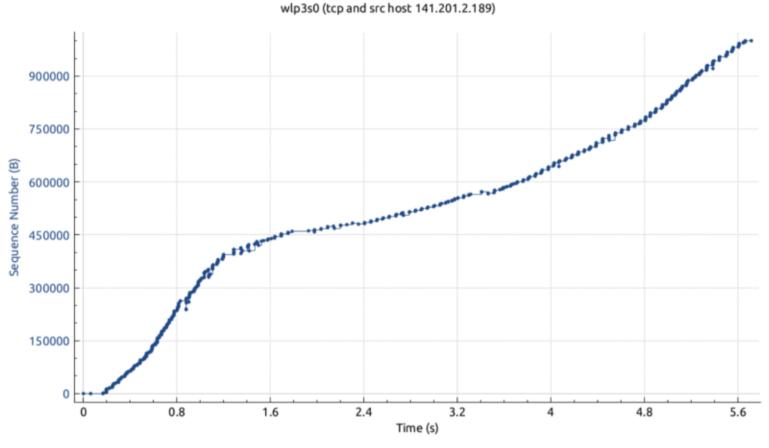
Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 192.168.0.163:35364



Public WLAN (94% quality):

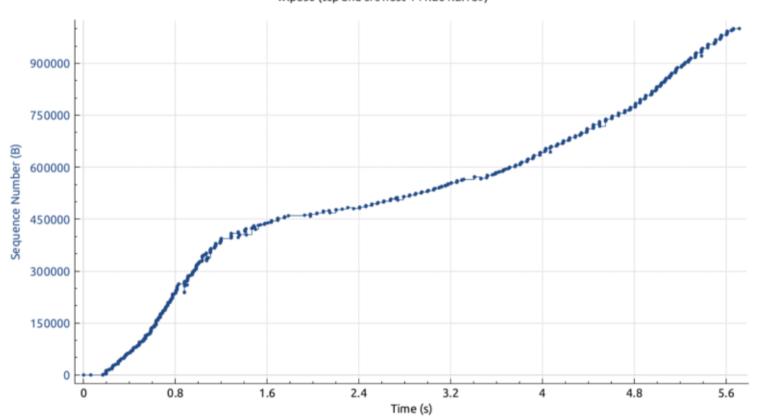
```
wlp3s0 (IEEE 802.11bgn, WPA/WPA2), phy 0, reg: AT (DFS-ETSI)
link quality: 94% (66/70)
signal level: -44 dBm (0,04 uW)
       76.409 (105,48 MiB), drop: 848
45.274 (4,27 MiB), retries: 5.561
            Managed, connected to: A8:9D:21:B3:B4:50, time: 4:52m, inactive: 0,0s
mode: Nanaged, Connected to: No.190:21:83:84:30, tthe: 4:32M, thactive: 0, freq: 2437 MMz, channel: 6 (width: 20 MMz) rx rate: 65.0 MBit/s MCS 6 short GI, tx rate: 65.0 MBit/s MCS 7 short GI becons: 2.687, avg sig: -52 dBm, interval: 0,1s, DTIM: 1 power mgt: on, tx-power: 14 dBm (25,12 mM) retry: short limit 7, rts/cts: off, frag: off encryption: n/a (requires CAP_NET_ADMIN permissions)
—Network
wlp3s0 (UP RUNNING BROADCAST MULTICAST)
mac: 78:92:9C:93:86:A2, qlen: 1000
ip: 172.16.7.99/16
```

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 172.16.7.99:55982



Public WLAN (89% quality):

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 172.16.7.99:55982



Public WLAN (64% quality):

```
wipss0 (1EEE 802.11bgn, WPA/WPA2), phy 0, reg: AT (DFS-ETSI)

-icvols

link quality: 64% (45/70)

-signal level: -65 dBn (0,32 nW)

-statistics

RX: 142.145 (185,83 MiB), drop: 4.493

TX: 114.643 (13,14 MiB), retries: 20.248, failed: 1

-info
node: Managed, connected to: A8:90:21:83:84:50, time: 13:49n, inactive: 0,0s

freq: 2437 MHz, channel: 6 (width: 20 MHz)

rx rate: 65.0 MBitys MC5 6 short GI, tx rate: 65.0 MBit/s MC5 6 short GI

beacons: 7.738, avg sig: -59 dBn, interval: 0,1s, DTIM: 1

power mgt: on, tx-power: 14 dBn (25,12 NW)

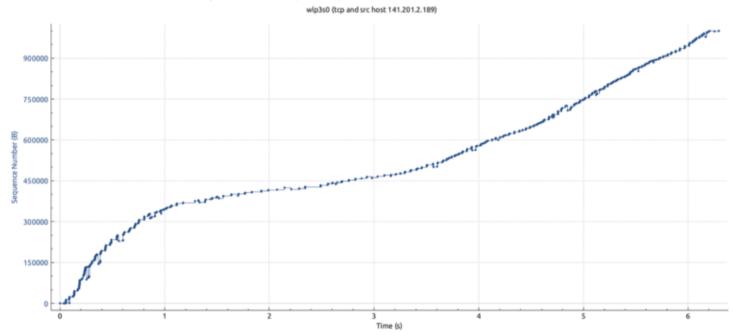
retry: short linit 7, rts/cts: off, frag: off
encryption: n/a (requires CAP_NET_ADMIN permissions)

-Network

Wipss0 (UP RUNNINO BROADCAST MULTICAST)
nac: 78:92:9C:93:86:A2, qlen: 1000

lp: 172.16.7-99/16
```

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 172.16.7.99:55960



Messen Sie dabei nur Ihren Download, warum?

Da man laut dem Gesetzt in einem öffentlichen Netz nur seine eigenen Download betrachten darf.

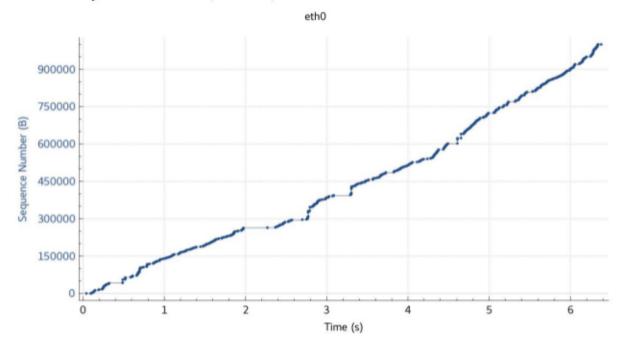
Bonus: Wie können Sie den Empfang verschlechtern, ohne sich vom AP zu entfernen?



Durch einwickeln des Routers mit Alufolie ergeben sich folgende Graphen:

Einwickeln des Routers mit Alufolie:

Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 10.0.2.15:40812



Sequence Numbers (Stevens) for 141.201.2.189:80 → 10.0.2.15:40822

