

<WA/>

2024

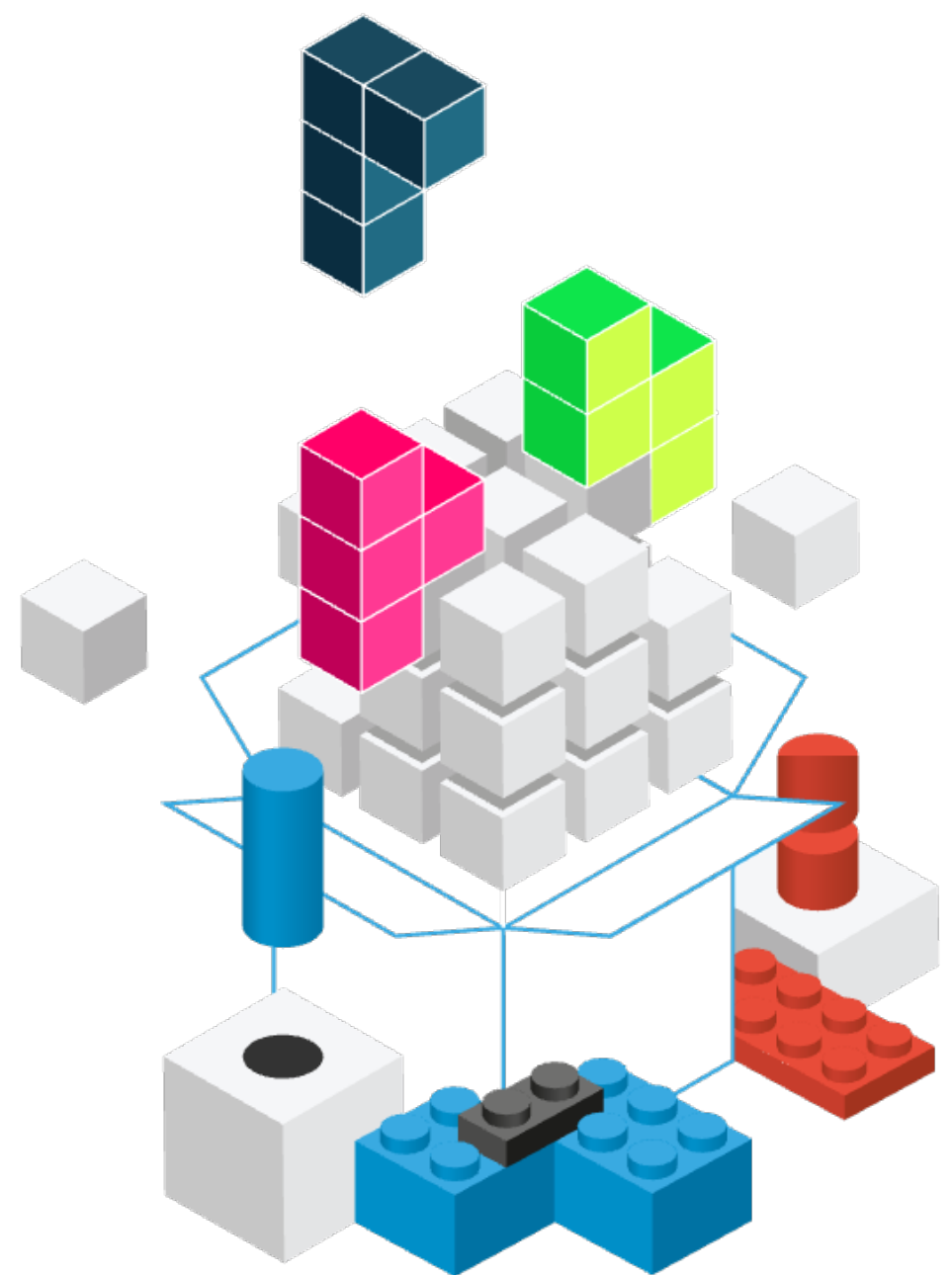
Forms

The Foundations of User Interaction

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<https://react.dev/reference/react-dom/components#form-components>

Full Stack React, Chapter “Forms”

React Handbook, Chapter “JSX”

Forms, Events and Event Handlers

FORMS IN JSX

HTML Forms

- (Native) HTML Forms are *inconsistent*: different ways of handling values, events etc. depending on the type of input element
 - Consequence of backward compatibility
- For instance:
 - `onChange` on a radio button is not easy to handle
 - `value` in a `textarea` does not work, etc.
- React flattens this behavior exposing (via JSX) a more uniform interface
 - Synthetic Events

Value in JSX forms

- The **value** attribute always holds the current value of the field
- The `defaultValue` attribute holds the default value that was set when the field was created
- This also applies to
 - `textarea`: the content is in the `value` attribute; it is NOT to be taken from the actual content of the `<textarea>...</textarea>` tag
 - `select`: do not use the `<option selected>` syntax, but `<select value='id'>`

Change Events in JSX Forms

- React provides a more consistent **onChange** event
- By passing a function to the onChange attribute you can subscribe to events on form fields (every time value changes)
- onChange fires when typing a single character into an input or textarea field
- It works consistently across fields: even radio, select and checkbox input fields fire a onChange event

Event Handlers

- An Event Handler callback function is called with one parameter: an **event object**
- All event objects have a standard set of properties
 - **event.target**: *source* of the event
- Some events, depending on categories, have more specific properties

Synthetic Events

- “High level events” wrap the corresponding DOM Events
- Same attributes as DOMEvent
- **target** points to the source of the event.
- In case of a *form element*
 - target.**value** = current input value
 - target.**name** = input element name

<https://react.dev/reference/react-dom/components/common#react-event-object>

```
boolean bubbles
boolean cancelable
DOMEventTarget currentTarget
boolean defaultPrevented
number eventPhase
boolean isTrusted
DOMEvent nativeEvent
void preventDefault()
boolean isDefaultPrevented()
void stopPropagation()
boolean isPropagationStopped()
DOMEventTarget target
number timeStamp
string type
```

Synthetic Events

<https://reactjs.org/docs/events.html>

Category	Events
Clipboard	<code>onCopy onCut onPaste</code>
Composition	<code>onCompositionEnd onCompositionStart onCompositionUpdate</code>
Keyboard	<code>onKeyDown onKeyPress onKeyUp</code>
Focus	<code>onFocus onBlur</code>
Form	<code>onChange <code>onInput</code> onInvalid <code>onReset</code> onSubmit</code>
Generic	<code>onError onLoad</code>
Mouse	<code>onClick <code>onContextMenu</code> <code>onDoubleClick</code> <code>onDrag</code> <code>onDragEnd</code> <code>onDragEnter</code> <code>onDragExit</code> <code>onDragLeave</code> <code>onDragOver</code> <code>onDragStart</code> <code>onDrop</code> <code>onMouseDown</code> <code>onMouseEnter</code> <code>onMouseLeave</code> <code>onMouseMove</code> <code>onMouseOut</code> <code>onMouseOver</code> <code>onMouseUp</code></code>
Pointer	<code><code>onPointerDown</code> <code>onPointerMove</code> <code>onPointerUp</code> <code>onPointerCancel</code> <code>onGotPointerCapture</code> <code>onLostPointerCapture</code> <code>onPointerEnter</code> <code>onPointerLeave</code> <code>onPointerOver</code> <code>onPointerOut</code></code>
Selection	<code>onSelect</code>
Touch	<code><code>onTouchCancel</code> <code>onTouchEnd</code> <code>onTouchMove</code> <code>onTouchStart</code></code>
UI	<code>onScroll</code>
Wheel	<code>onWheel</code>
Media	<code><code>onAbort</code> <code>onCanPlay</code> <code>onCanPlayThrough</code> <code>onDurationChange</code> <code>onEmptied</code> <code>onEncrypted</code> <code>onEnded</code> <code>onError</code> <code>onLoadedData</code> <code>onLoadedMetadata</code> <code>onLoadStart</code> <code>onPause</code> <code>onPlay</code> <code>onPlaying</code> <code>onProgress</code> <code>onRateChange</code> <code>onSeeked</code> <code>onSeeking</code> <code>onStalled</code> <code>onSuspend</code> <code>onTimeUpdate</code> <code>onVolumeChange</code> <code>onWaiting</code></code>
Image	<code><code>onLoad</code> <code>onError</code></code>
Animation	<code><code>onAnimationStart</code> <code>onAnimationEnd</code> <code>onAnimationIteration</code></code>
Transition	<code>onTransitionEnd</code>

Tip: Defining Event Handlers

- Define the function as...
 - an arrow function
 - a function expression

```
const handler = () => { ... }
```



```
handler = function() { ... }
```



Tip: Defining Event Handlers

- Pass the *name* of the function as a prop
 - As a function object (not string)
 - Do NOT *call* the function

```
return <div handler={handler} />
```



```
return <div handler={handler()} />
```

```
return <div handler='handler' />
```



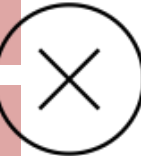
Tip: Defining Event Handlers

- Specify the *name* of the function prop in the event handler
- If you need to pass *parameters*, use an *arrow* function

```
return <button onClick=  
  {props.handler} />
```



```
return <button onClick=  
  {props.handler()} />
```



```
return <button onClick=  
  {props.handler(a, b)} />
```

```
return <button onClick=  
  {()=>props.handler()} />
```



```
return <button onClick=  
  {()=>props.handler(a, b)} />
```



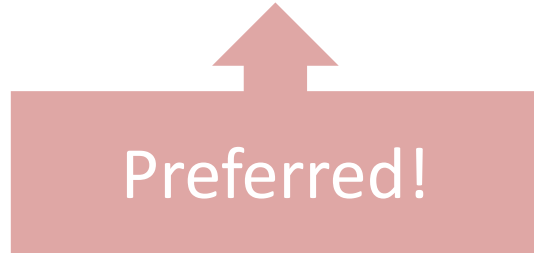
Who Owns The State?

- Form elements are **inherently stateful**: they hold a value
 - Input text form, selection, etc.
- React components are designed to handle the state
- The props and state are used to render the component
 - To correctly render the component from the virtual DOM, React needs to know which value must be set in the form element
 - Hence, on every change (onChange) React *must be notified* to get the new value and update the component state

Where Is The Source of Truth?

Controlled Form Components

- When the React component holds, in its state, the value to be shown in the form element, it is named a **controlled** form component



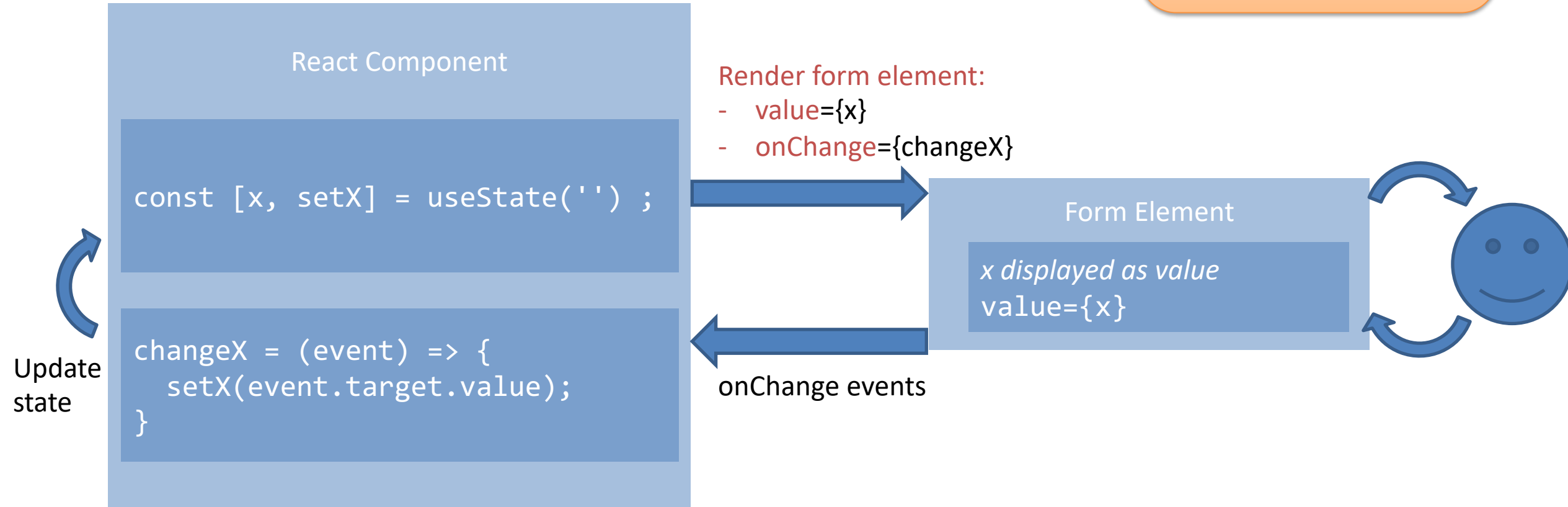
Uncontrolled Form Components

- In some occasions, it could be useful to keep the value directly in the HTML form element in the DOM: **uncontrolled** form component

Controlled Form Components



Setting value +
onChange makes the
form component fully
controlled



Controlled Form Component

- The event handler changes the state, `setXXX()` starts the update of the virtual DOM that then updates the actual DOM content

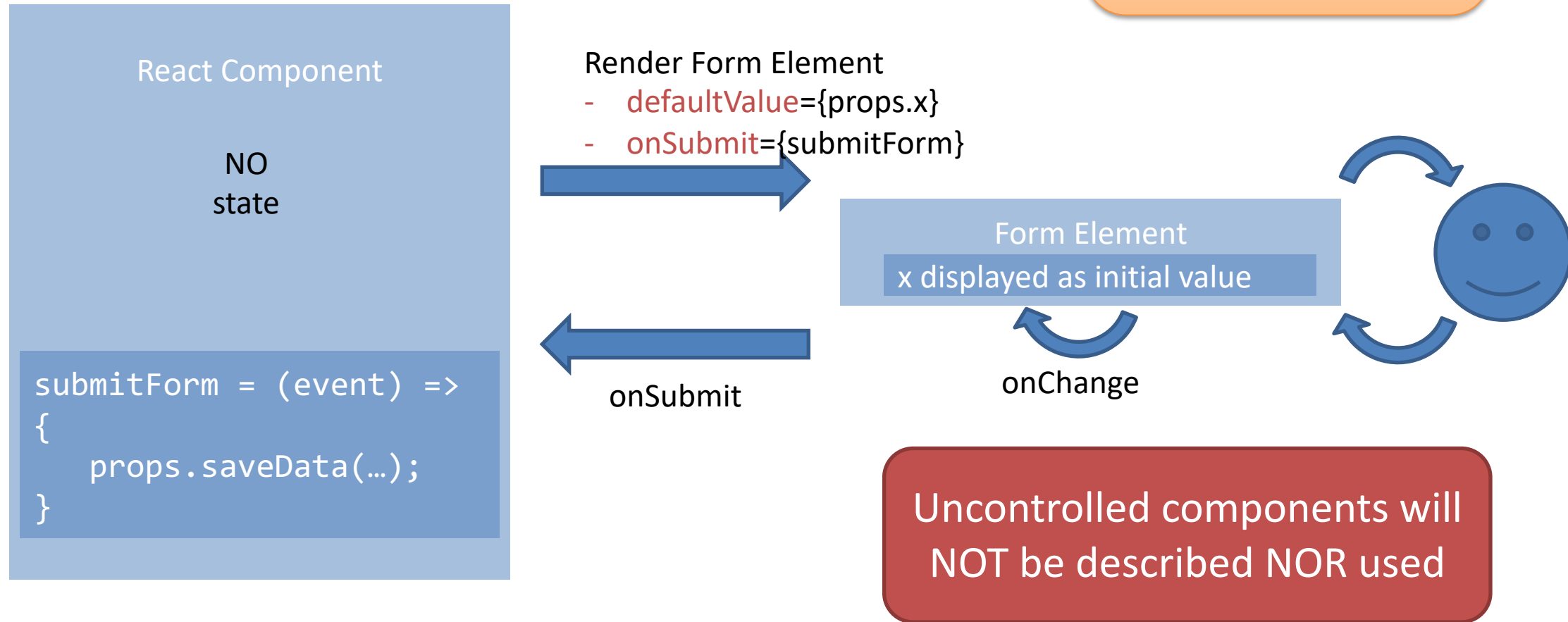
```
function MyForm (props) {  
  const [name, setName] = useState();  
  return <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>  
    <label> Name:  
      <input type="text" value={name}  
        onChange={handleChange} />  
    </label>  
    <input type="submit" value="Submit" />  
  </form> ;  
}
```

```
handleSubmit = (event) => {  
  console.log('Name submitted: ' +  
    name);  
  event.preventDefault();  
}  
  
handleChange = (event) => {  
  setName(event.target.value) ;  
};
```

Uncontrolled Form Components



Not setting value +
onChange makes the
form component
uncontrolled



Tip: Form Submission

- The `onSubmit` event is generated by the `<form>` element
- Always call `event.preventDefault()` to avoid the submission (and reloading of the page)
- Perform *validation of all form data* before proceeding
 - Using checks on state variables (on a controlled component, they contain updated information)
 - May use validator <https://github.com/validatorjs/validator.js>

Alternatives to Controlled Form Components

- Sometimes, it is tedious to use controlled form components
 - Need to write an event handler for every way data can change
 - Pipe all of the input state through a React component
- Alternatively, use a **library** such as Formik
 - Keep things organized without hiding them too much
 - Form state is inherently ephemeral and local: does not use state management solutions (e.g., Redux/Flux) which would unnecessarily complicate things
 - Includes validation, keeping track of the visited fields, and handling form submission
 - <https://jaredpalmer.com/formik>

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