

JavaScript packages: example with dates

"The" language of the Web

Enrico Masala Antonio Servetti







Example: Day.js Package

DAY.JS https://day.js.org/

Install (from command line)

```
# initialize the package manager files in the project
# if not already done (choose a name and default for
the rest)
```

npm init

download from registry, add to project package list
make it available to the scripts in the project
npm install dayjs

package.json

```
{
    "name": "my-project",
    "version": "1.0.0",
    "main": "index.js",
    . . .
    "dependencies": {
        "dayjs": "^1.11.10"
    }
}
```

Folder Structure after running npm

- my-project is the project root
- node_modules is the folder where packages are installed. This is automatically managed/reconstructed by npm, do not touch!
- package.json contains (also) the list of packages needed by the project, with their minimum version
- package-lock.json contains the list of packages actually installed in the project, with more details (version, package hash)
- index.js is the code of the project
 - Develop here!
 - Insert the require() statement here to use the package

Example: Day.js Package usage in node

In the Javascript file, after the package has been installed

index.js

```
// import (using name of my choice)
const dayjs = require ('dayjs');

// use (depends on the specific package)
let now = dayjs();
console.log(now.format());
```

Day.js main goals

- Compatible with moment.js (most used date library until a few years ago)
 - But very small (2kB) compared to moment.js
- Works in nodejs and in the browser
- All objects are immutable
 - All API functions that modify a date, will always return a new object instance
- Localization support
- Plugin system for extending functionality

Basic operations with Day.js

Creating date objects – dayjs() constructor

Displaying date objects – format()

https://day.js.org/docs/en/parse/parse

Get/Set date/time components

```
# obj.unit() -> get
# obj.unit(new_val) -> set
let now2 = now.date(15);
let now2 = now.set('date', 15);
        2021-03-<mark>15</mark>T16:50:26+01:00
let now3 = now.minute(45);
let now3 = now.set('minute',45);
        2021-03-02T16:45:26+01:00
let today_day = now.day();
let today_day = now.get('day');
```

and and	Unit	Shorthand	Description
	date	D	Date of Month
	day	d	Day of Week (Sunday as 0, Saturday as 6)
	month	М	Month (January as 0, December as 11)
	year	у	Year
	hour	h	Hour
	minute	m	Minute
	second	S	Second
	millisecond	ms	Millisecond

https://day.js.org/docs/en/get-set/get-set

Date Manipulation and Comparison

```
let wow = dayjs('2019-01-25').add(1, 'day').subtract(1, 'year').year(2009).toString();
// "Sun, 25 Jan 2009 23:00:00 GMT"
```

- Methods to "modify" a date (and return a modified one)
- .add/.subtract
- .startOf/.endOf
- d1.diff(d2, 'unit')
- Specify the unit to be added/subtracted/rounded
- Can be easily chained

- Day.js objects can be compared
- .isBefore / .isSame /
 - .isAfter
- .isBetween
- .isLeapYear / .daysInMonth

Day.js Plugins

- To keep install size minimal, several functions are only available in *plugins*
- Plugins must be
 - Loaded
 - Registered into the libraries
 - (in this case, they come with dayjs package, no need to install them)
- Then, functions may be freely used

```
const isLeapYear =
    require('dayjs/plugin/isLeapYear');
    // load plugin

dayjs.extend(isLeapYear);
    // register plugin

console.log(now.isLeapYear());
    // use function
```

Advanced Day.js Topics

- Localization / Internationalization
 - Language-aware and locale-aware parsing and formatting
 - Various formatting patterns for different locales/languages

Durations

- Measuring time intervals (the difference between two time instants)
- Interval arithmetic
- Time Zones
 - Conversion between time zones



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