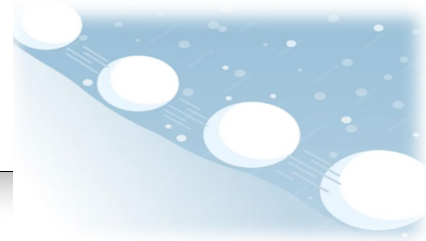
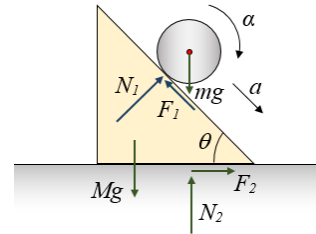


# Angry Santa

## GPU Snowball Simulation



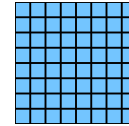
- Focus: physically simulate a snowball rolling downhill, growing in mass by collecting snow particles from terrain (stochastic process)



- Key Components:
  - Pseudo-realistic downhill motion (gravity, friction...)
  - Large-scale snowfield with thousands of particles
  - Parallel snow accumulation and terrain interaction
  - Real-time rendering (OpenGL)
- Core simulation is dominated by highly parallel particle processing

# GPU Leverage

1. Particle accumulation is massively parallel:
  - Each particle **independently** checks if it is absorbed by the ball
2. Real-time physics updates:
  - Requires parallel reductions and **atomic** operations
3. Strong CPU vs GPU **performance difference**:
  - CPU: sequential  $\rightarrow O(n)$  per timestep
  - GPU: thousands of threads  $\rightarrow$  huge speedup
4. CUDA Streams & Events:
  - Enables optimized **multi-kernel pipeline**
5. Memory **Optimization**:
  - Shared and Coalescing Memory, Occupancy, Reductions
6. Multi-GPU scalability:
  - Allows **near-linear scaling** for very large particle counts



**Asynchronous Versions**

H2D Engine	1	2	3	4			
Kernel Engine		1	2	3	4		
D2H Engine			1	2	3	4	

