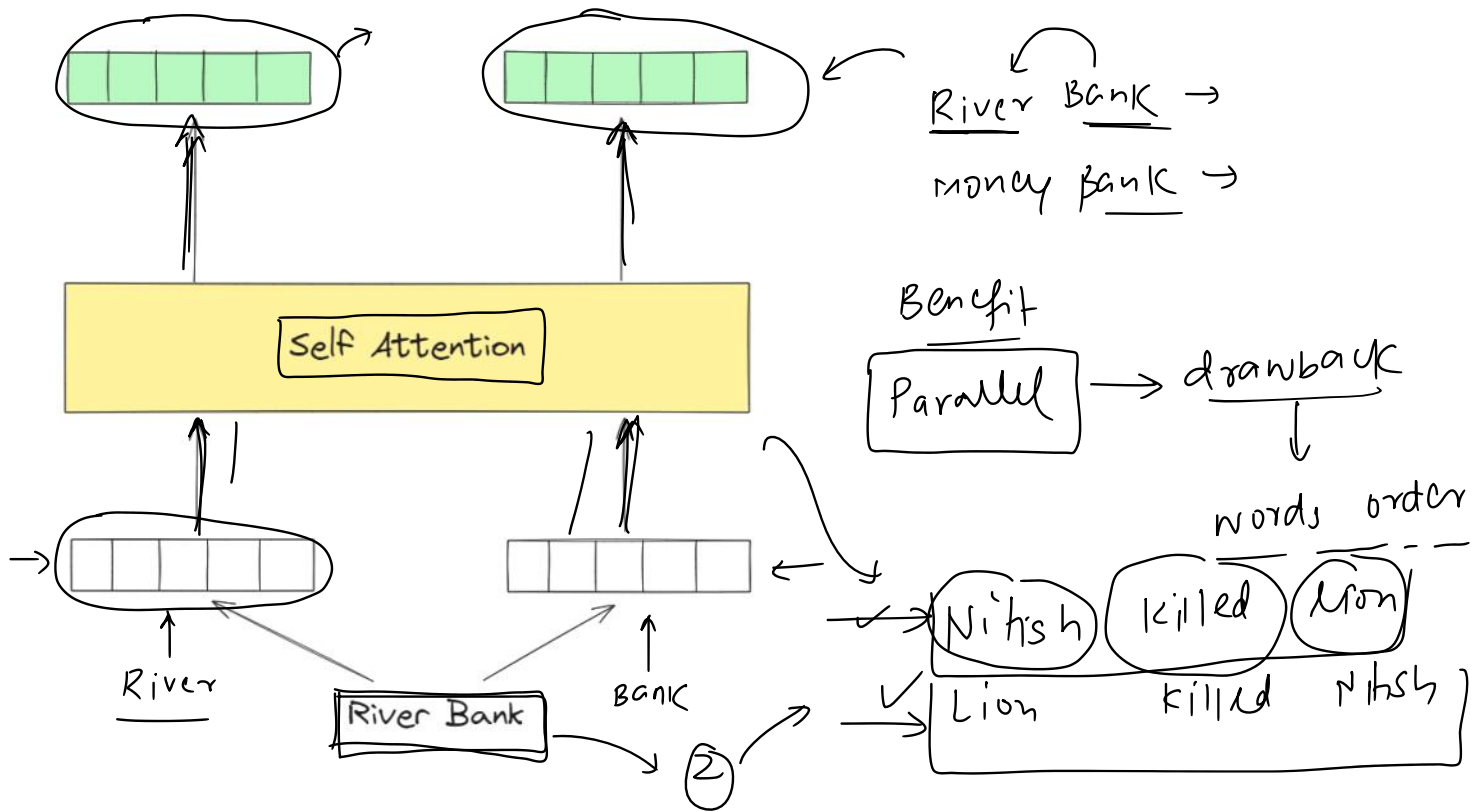
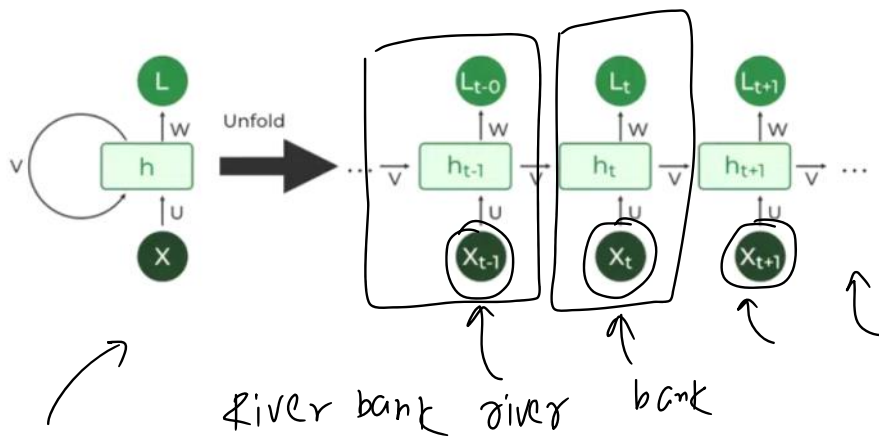


Self-Attention



RNN → sequential

nitish killed lion



Proposing a simple solution

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smooth handling continuous

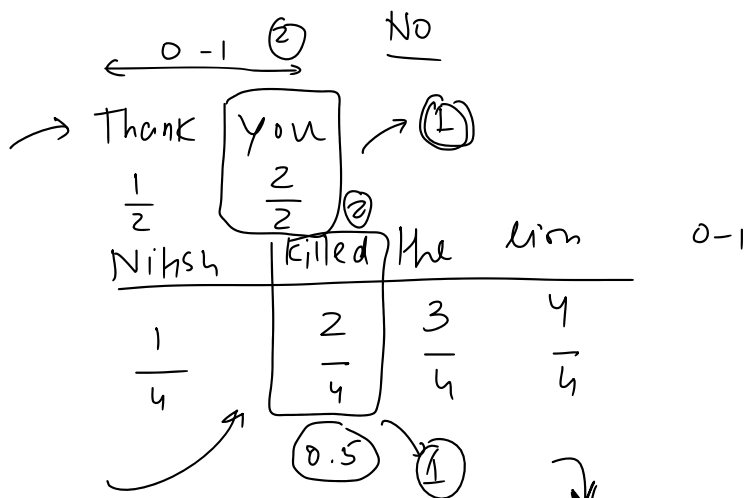
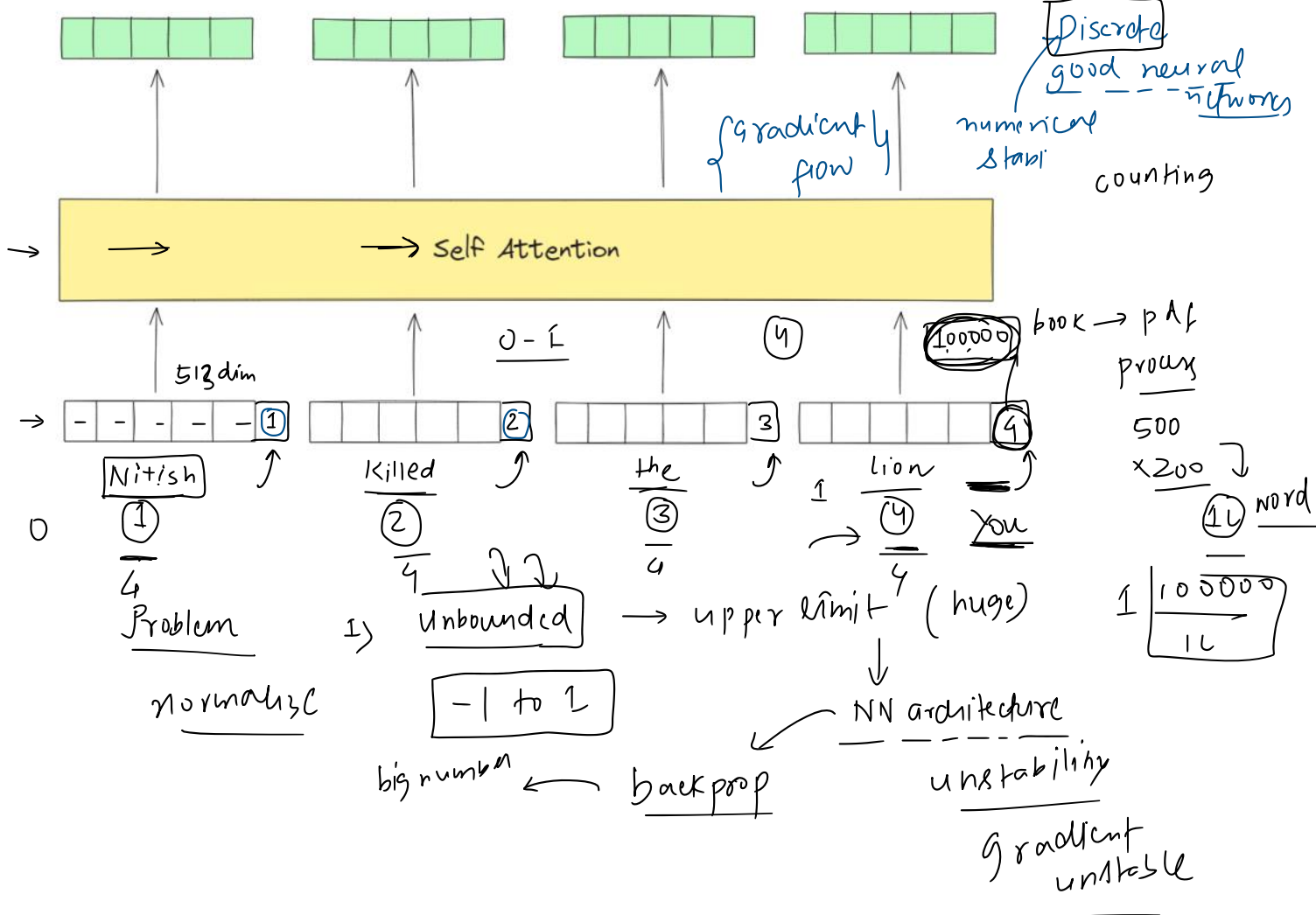
Problem 2

Discrete

good neural networks

numerical stability

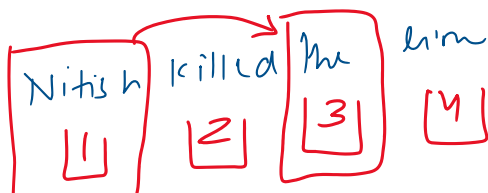
counting



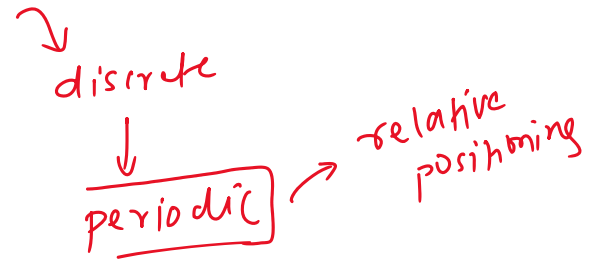
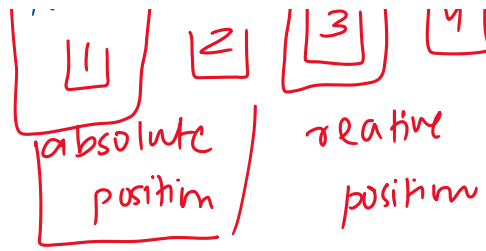
Problem 3 → can't

relative positioning

$$3-1=2$$

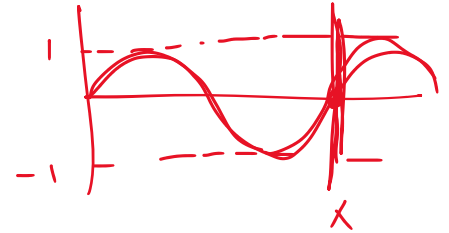


discrete



trigonometric

sine



- Problem
- unbounded (bounded) ✓✓
 - discrete (continuous) ✓
 - relative (periodic) ✓
- function →

positional encoding → sine

better solution

The sine function as a solution

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encoded
value

periodic

Bis problem

$$y = \sin(pos)$$

45

position 35

- 1) unbounded
- 2) discrete
- 3) relational positioning

encoded
value

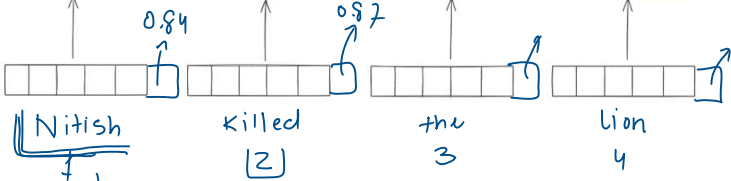
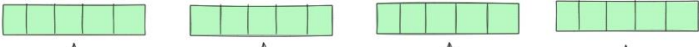
$$y = \sin(position)$$

$$y = \sin(1) = 0.84$$

$$y = \sin(2) = 0.87$$

$$y = \sin(3) = 0.14$$

$$y = \sin(4) = -0.90$$

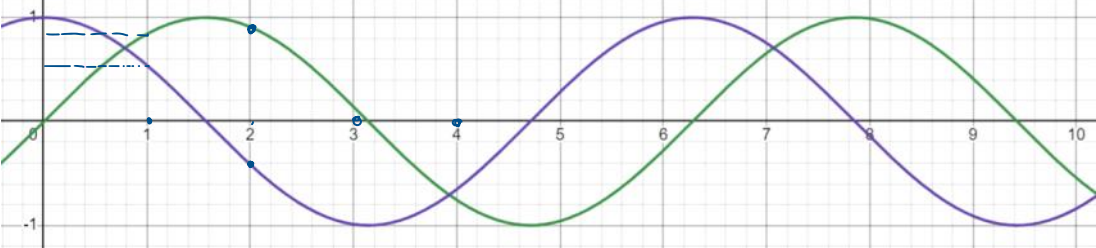


$$y = \sin(1) = 0.84$$

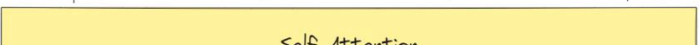
$$y = \cos(1) = 0.5$$

$$y = \sin(pos) \quad y = \cos(pos)$$

Encoded value



position

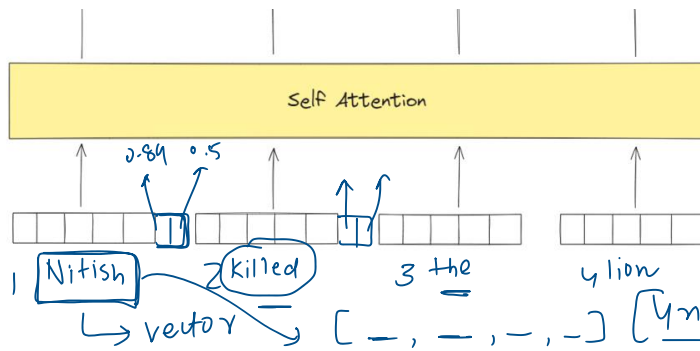


$$\text{Nitish} \rightarrow [0.84, 0.5]$$

$$y = \sin(2) \quad y = \cos(2)$$

$$[0.87, -0.4]$$

vector



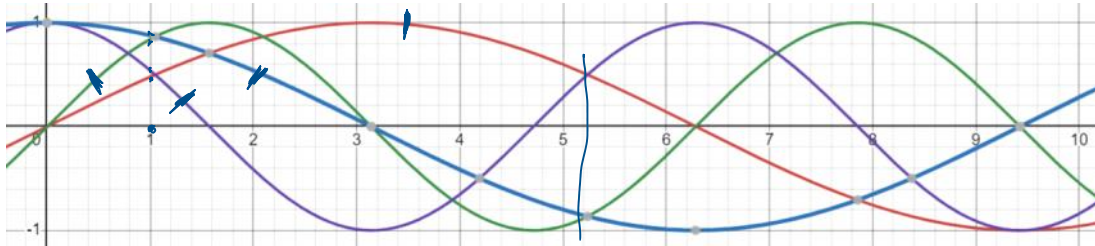
$[0.87, -0.4] \rightsquigarrow$
 scalar \rightarrow vector

$$y = \sin(pos)$$

$$y = \cos(pos)$$

$$y = \sin(pos/2)$$

$$y = \cos(pos/2)$$

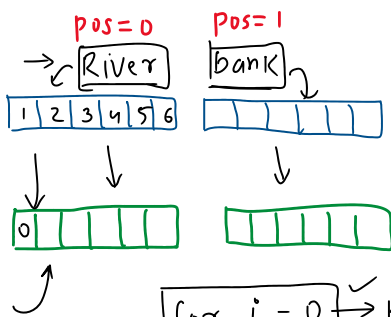
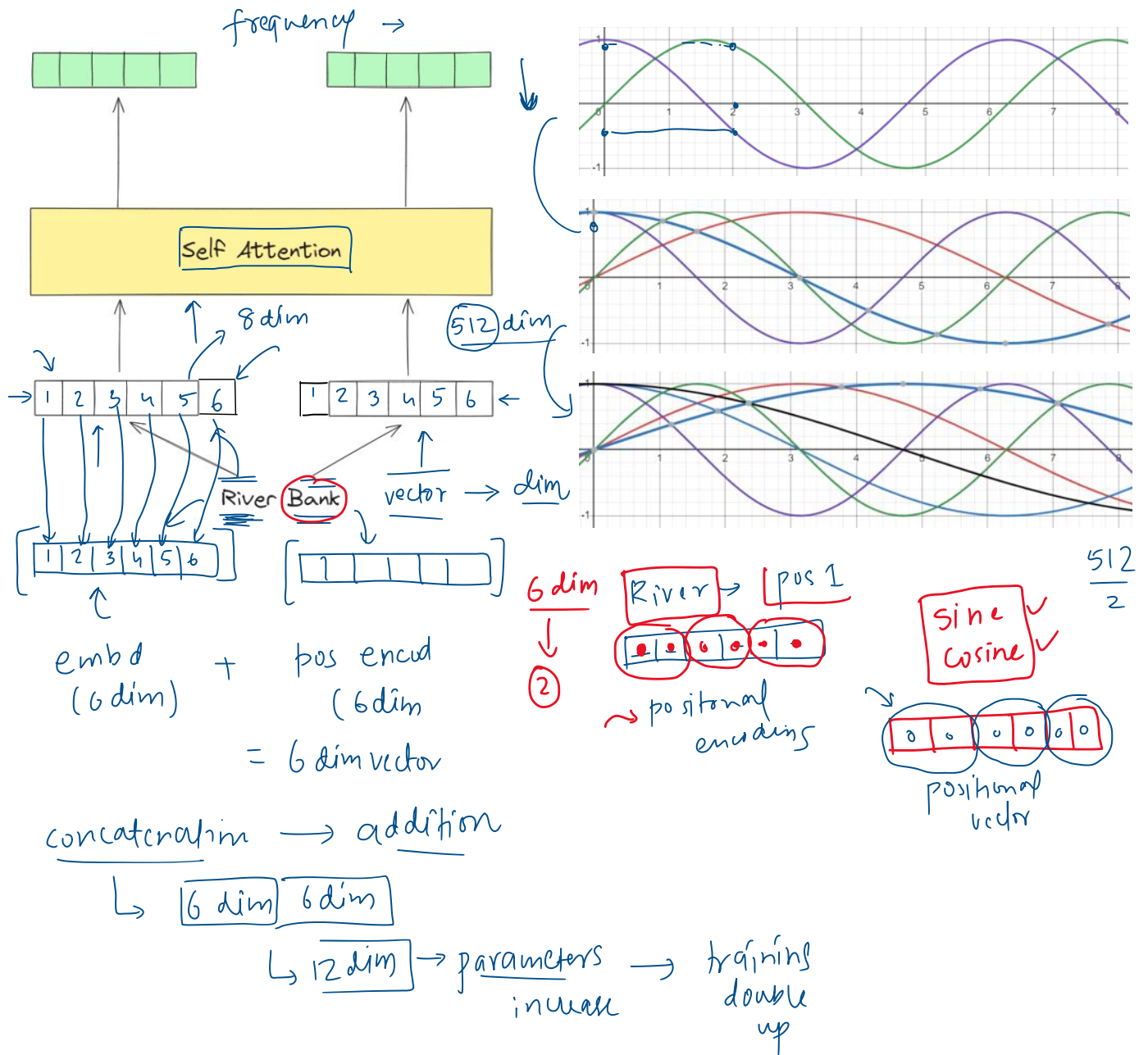


pos + 6 number
 vector

$$y = \sin(pos/3) \quad y = \cos(pos/3)$$

Positional Encoding

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pos → position

pos = 0 pos = 1

$d_{model} \rightarrow \text{dim of embedding}$

$d_{model} = 6$

$$PE_{(pos, 2i)} = \sin(pos / 10000^{2i / d_{model}})$$

$$PE_{(pos, 2i+1)} = \cos(pos / 10000^{2i / d_{model}})$$

$i = 0, 1, 2$

$i = 0 - \lfloor \frac{d_{model}}{2} \rfloor = 0 - \lfloor \frac{6}{2} \rfloor = 0 - 3 = -3$

for $i = 0$ $0 - 2$

for $i = 0$ ✓ pos = 0

$$PE(0, 0) = \sin(0 / 10000^0) = 0$$

$$PE(0, 1) = \cos(0 / 10000^0) = 1$$

$2i+1$

$$PE(1, 0) = \sin(1 / 10000^0) = 0.84$$

$$PE(1, 1) = \cos(1 / 10000^0) = 0.54$$

for $i = 1$ ✓

for $i = 1$

$$PE(1, 2) = \sin(1 / 10000^1) = 0.04$$

for i=1 ✓

$$PE(0,2) = \sin(0/10000^{1/3}) = 0$$

$$PE(0,3) = \cos(0/10000^{1/3}) = 1$$

for i=1

$$PE(1,2) = \sin(1/10000^{1/3}) = 0.04$$

$$PE(1,3) = \cos(1/10000^{1/3}) = 0.99$$

for i=2 ✓

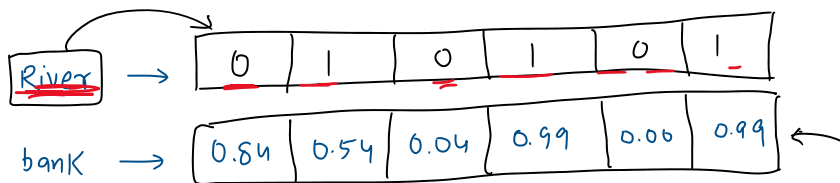
$$PE(0,4) = \sin(0/10000^{2/3}) = 0$$

$$PE(0,5) = \cos(0/10000^{2/3}) = 1$$

for i=2

$$PE(1,4) = \sin(1/10000^{2/3}) = 0.00$$

$$PE(1,5) = \cos(1/10000^{2/3}) = 0.99$$

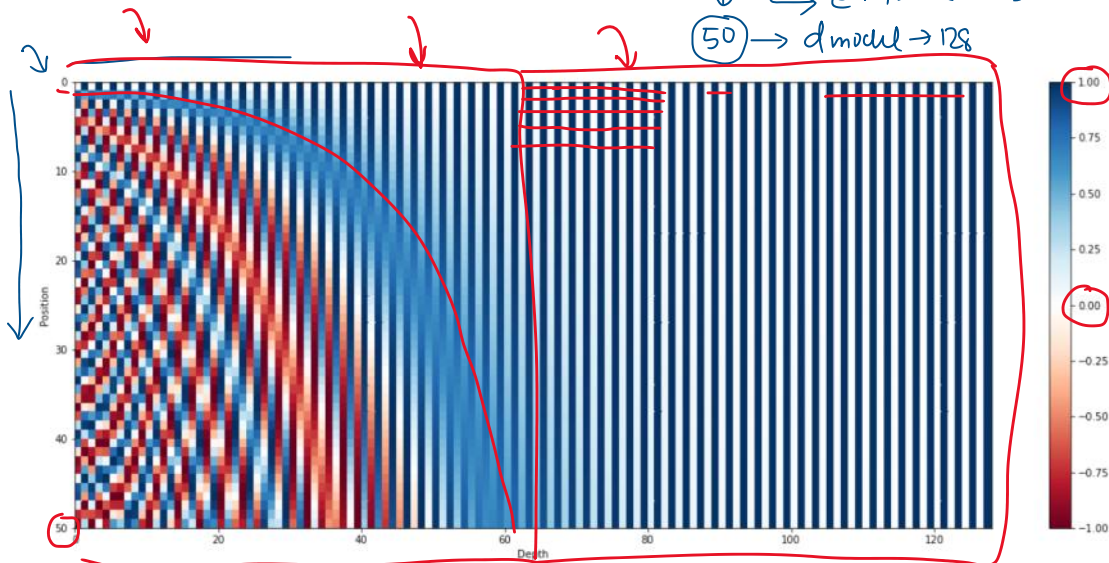


Interesting Observations

24 May 2024 02:06

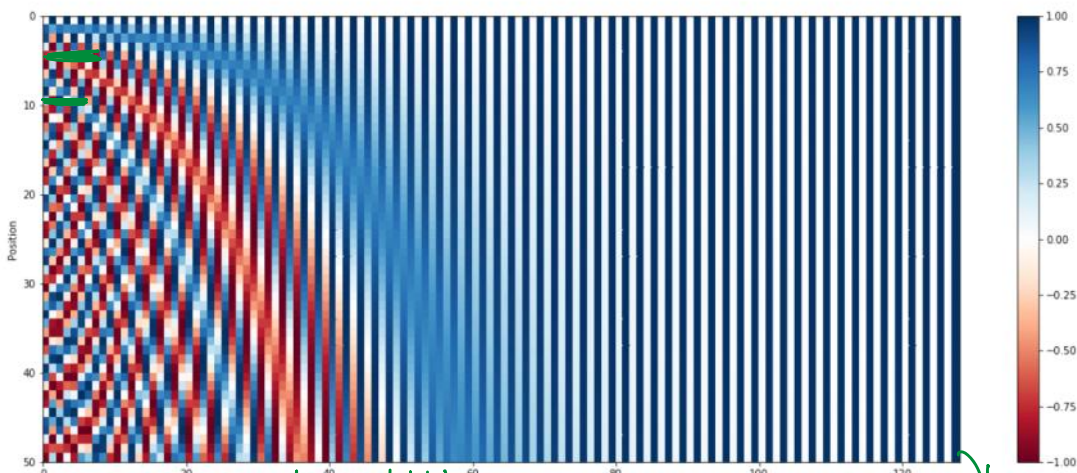
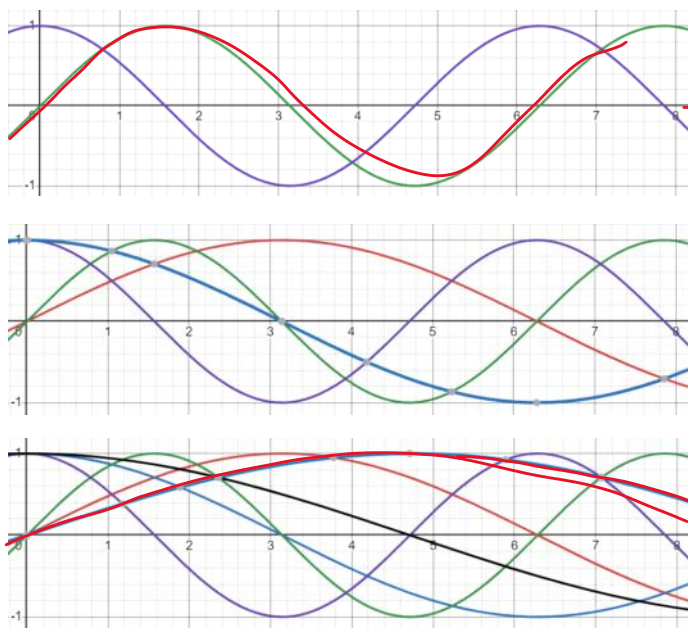
Sentence \rightarrow 50 words

$\downarrow \rightarrow$ embedding $\rightarrow 128$ $d_{model} = 128$
 $(50) \rightarrow d_{model} \rightarrow 128$



100 binary encoding 4bit 8bit

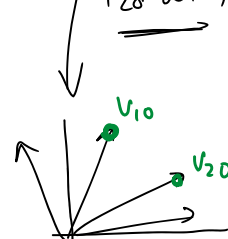
0:	0 0 0 0	8:	1 0 0 0
1:	0 0 0 1	9:	1 0 0 1
2:	0 0 1 0	10:	1 0 1 0
3:	0 0 1 1	11:	1 0 1 1
4:	0 1 0 0	12:	1 1 0 0
5:	0 1 0 1	13:	1 1 0 1
6:	0 1 1 0	14:	1 1 1 0
7:	0 1 1 1	15:	1 1 1 1



50 words

\downarrow
50 vectors

\downarrow
128 dim



\uparrow 10 delta

