Blue mussels *Mytilus edulis* L. and *M. trossulus* Gould in sympatry: assessment of ecological

niche divergence using species distribution modeling

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- V. Khaitov* ^{1,2}, P. Safonov ³, A. Zaichikova ⁴, M. Katolikova ¹, M. Ivanov ¹, P. Strelkov ^{1,5}
- ¹ St. Petersburg State University, University embankment 7–9, 199034 St. Petersburg, Russia
- ² Kandalaksha State Nature Reserve, Lineynaya 35, 184042 Kandalaksha, Russia
- ³ Institute of Cytology RAS, Tikhoretsky 4, 194064 St. Petersburg, Russia
- ⁴ Lomonosov Moscow State University, Leninskie gory 1c12, 119234 Moscow, Russia
- ⁵ Laboratory of Monitoring and Conservation of Natural Arctic Ecosystems, Murmansk Arctic
- 10 University, Kapitana Egorova 15, 183038 Murmansk, Russia
- * Corresponding author
- 12 Corresponding author's e-mail: polydora@rambler.ru
- 13 Abstract

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Species distribution models (SDMs) describing the relationship between species occurrence and environmental parameters can be used to assess the ecological niche of a species. Usually applied to morphologically distinct species, SDMs are also a promising tool for describing niche partitioning in coexisting cryptic species. An example of the latter in the marine realm are blue mussels *Mytilus edulis* (*ME*) and *M. trossulus* (*MT*). Despite considerable research effort, little is known about how they share space and resources in sympatry anywhere except the Baltic Sea. Salinity, substrate, surf and proximity to harbors have been suggested as candidate factors of segregation but no conclusion has been made.