PHP Session beyond \$_SESSION

Client & Server side

Introduction

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Client side

Cross Site Scripting (XSS) - CSRF Example

```
--HTML FORM--
<form action="/handler" method="POST">
    <input type="text" name="fullname" />
    <input type="submit" name="submit" value="Submit" />
</form>
-- PHP /handler--
>
    Fullname: <?php echo $_POST['fullname']; ?>
— Generated HTML——
>
  Fullname: <script type="text/javascript" src="http://somesite/csrf-initiator.js"></script>
```

Sanitise - Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

```
CSRF begins with the scope of Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Hence sanitise the XSS scope
```

```
--PHP /handler---
Fullname: <?php echo htmlspecialchars ( $_POST['fullname'] ); ?>

--Generated HTML---
Fullname: &lt;script type="text/javascript" src="http://somesite/csrf-initiator.js&quot;&gt;&lt;/script&gt;
```

Sanitise - CSRF cookie access (method 1)

```
<?php
// Non-sanitised
setcookie (
  $name = 'cookie_name',
  $value = 'cookie_value',
  $expires = 0
```

```
<?php
// Sanitised
setcookie (
  $name = 'cookie_name',
  $value = 'cookie_value',
  $expires = 0,
  $path = '/admin',
  $domain = 'ramesh.com',
  $secure = true,
  $httponly = true
```

Sanitise - CSRF cookie access (method 2)

```
<?php
// Sanitised
setcookie (
  $name = 'cookie_name',
  $value = 'cookie_value',
  $options = [
     'expires' => 0,
     'path' => '/admin',
     'domain' => 'ramesh.com',
     'secure' => true,
     'httponly' => true,
     'samesite' => 'Strict'
```

// samesite option values

'Lax' enables only first-party cookies to be sent/accessed. First-party Cookies are created by a visited website a visitor entered directly. Using first-party cookies means it's your domain collecting data.

'Strict' is a subset of 'lax' and won't fire if the incoming link is from an external site

'None' signals that the cookie data can be shared with third parties/external sites (for advertising, embedded content, etc)

Server side

Required skills / stuff

```
// Terminal ( Client side )
// CURL Commands to access a URL.
$ curl http://localhost/session/index.php
$ curl -H "Cookie: PHPSESSID=session-id;" http://localhost/session/index.php
// Benchmarking (Apache Benchmark) Commands for a URL
$ ab -c 1 -n 10 -l http://localhost/session/index.php
$ ab -c 1 -n 10 -H "Cookie: PHPSESSID=session-id;" -I http://localhost/session/index.php
// PHP end ( Server side )
In order to understand session internals we will be using PHP session set save handler function.
```

Server side

Session behaviour

Behaviour - Normal session

```
<?php
include 'session_set_save_handler.php';
session_start();
echo 'PHP Response' . PHP_EOL;
```

(No session id)

Output first execution
open
create_sid
read
PHP Response
write
close

Output following executions
open
validate_sid
read
PHP Response
write
close

Behaviour - Read-only session

```
<?php
include 'session_set_save_handler.php';
session_start (['read_and_close' => true]);
echo 'PHP Response' . PHP_EOL;
```

(No session id)

Output first execution
open
create_sid
read
close
PHP Response

(Session id)

Output following executions
open
validate_sid
read
close
PHP Response

Behaviour conclusion

- session_start()
 - Open
 - Create / Validate session id
 - Read
 - PHP Response
 - Write
 - Serialise \$_SESSION to save
 - Close

- session_start (['read_and_close' => true])
 - Open
 - Create / Validate session id
 - Read
 - Close
 - PHP Response

Server side

Benchmarking session

Benchmarking - Normal session

```
<?php // dashboard.php
include 'session_set_save_handler.php';
session_start ();
if (! isset ($_SESSION['id'])) { // Auth check
    die('Unauthorised'.PHP_EOL);
}
echo 'PHP Response'.PHP_EOL;</pre>
```

(No / Invalid session id)

Output
open
create_sid / validate_sid
read
Unauthorised
write
close

(Valid session id)

Output
open
validate_sid
read
PHP Response
write
close

Benchmarking - Read-only session

```
<?php // dashboard.php</pre>
include 'session_set_save_handler.php';
session_start (['read_and_close' => true]);
if (!isset ($_SESSION['id'])) { // Auth check
  die( 'Unauthorised' . PHP_EOL );
echo 'PHP Response' . PHP_EOL;
```

(No / Invalid session id)

Output
open
create_sid / validate_sid
read
close
Unauthorised

(Valid session id)

Output
open
validate_sid
read
close
PHP Response

Benchmarking conclusion

- session_start()
 - Additional write operation on access
 - Normal pages
 - Authentication required pages
 - Side effect
 - Data files / Entries created due to write operation during benchmarking
 - Scope for session attacks
- session_start (['read_and_close' => true]);
 - No side effects

Sanitise - scope for session attacks

```
<?php // dashboard.php</pre>
include 'session_set_save_handler.php';
session_start (['read_and_close' => true]);
if (!isset ($_SESSION['id'])) { // Auth check
  die( 'Unauthorised' . PHP_EOL );
echo 'PHP Response 1' . PHP_EOL;
session_start();
echo 'PHP Response 2' . PHP_EOL;
```

(No / Invalid session id)

Output
open
create_sid / validate_sid
read
close
Unauthorised

(Valid session id) <u>Output</u> open validate_sid read close PHP Response 1 open validate_sid read PHP Response 2 write close

Thank you!

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