Cheat sheet on refsheet

Version 1, 2018/08/29

Introduction

According to Wikipedia, a cheat sheet is a concise set of notes used for quick reference. Some might even call it a reference sheet, hence the name. In lieu of a proper documentation, we provide herewith a reference sheet for the documentclass refsheet.

This small class is aimed to make the typesetting of reference sheets a bit less tedious, so you can focus on using them. The class is inspired from the question and answer Document Class for Reference Cards.

Since refsheet is based on article most options can be passed on.

Additional Options

rscols=<num> How many columns, default is 3. margin=<length> Passed to geometry, default 1 cm.

Disabled Options

portrait only supports landscape; ignored, warning.
titlepage saving space, so no title page; ignored, warning.
twocolumn class uses multicol; break, error.

Features

- Dense settings to save maximum space.
- No enumeration of (sub)sections.
- Customised itemise environments.

Environments

Description based environments

All of the environments below have a mandatory argument, which determines the width of the description label. Therefore it should contain the longest lable which is in use.

rslist Description based list, normal text rslisttt dito, label in truetype rslistbf dito, label in **bold** rslistit dito, label in *italics*

The above is achieved with the following (abbreviated) code.

Inline description list

With the environment rsinline the list will be set as a single paragraph. It takes one optional argument for the font of the label: \bfseries bold; \itshape italics; \ttfamily truetype, which is the default if omitted.

A similar list like the above can be created with the following code.

```
One optional argument:
\begin{rsinline}{\ttfamily}
\item[bfseries] \textbf{bold};
\item[itshape] \textit{italics};
\item[ttfamily] \texttt{truetype},
\end{rsinline}
which is the default.
```

Column assorted list

The environment rscolslist provides acess to a list, which is set in multiple columns. The number of these can be given as an optional argument, the default is to use two. The following example produces the list below it.

```
\begin{rscolslist}[3]
\item[\(\times\)]
                     \lstinline|\times|
\item[\(\infty\)]
                     \lstinline|\inftv|
\item[\(\supset \)]
                    \lstinline|\supset|
\item[\(\alpha\)]
                     \lstinline|\alpha|
\item[\(\epsilon\)] \lstinline|\epsilon|
\item[\(\theta\)]
                     \lstinline|\theta|
\item[\(\lambda\)]
                     \lstinline|\lambda|
\item[\(\pi\)]
                     \lstinline|\pi|
\item[\(\Psi\)]
                     \lstinline|\Psi|
\end{rscolslist}
```

× \times	$lpha$ \alpha	λ \lambda
∞ \infty	ϵ \epsilon	π \pi
⊃ \supset	$ heta$ \theta	Ψ \Psi

Legacy environment

ttdesc Description based list, label has variable width in the truetype style

Table based environments

The table based environments uses the tabularx package. They predefine the table to fill the whole line.

The first one is rstable, which has a mandatory argument for the number of columns. An optional argument for the alignment of all but the last column can be specified. The last column is special, because it is used to balance the table and therefore the columntype X.

Mand.	Opt.	Description
2	С	First column centred, last column is a
		parbox.
3	1	First two columns left aligned, last col-
		umn is a parbox.
4	r	First three columns right aligned, last
		column is a parbox.
4	-	Four columns of type X

The above is achieved with the following (abbreviated) code.

The second one is meant to be used for maths notation, called rsmathtable, which has no argument. The first column is set in displaystyle maths mode and will be fitted to the widest entry. The second one is meant for the description and like before of columntype X.

For example, the following can be produced with the code below it.

```
pV = nRT ideal gas law 0 = e^{i\pi} + 1 Euler's identity \log(MN) = \log(M) + \log(N) Log. addition rule
```

Acknowledgments

Mike Renfro	original code, \\$ Mike Renfro
	mikerenfro
Sean Allred	class implementation, \\$ Sean
	Allred • vermiculus
Eric Berquist	further development, $\mathbf{\Omega}$ berquist
Martin C Schwarzer	further development, # Martin-
	マーチン O polyluxus

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