


Cheat sheet on refsheets

Version 1, 2018/09/01 or so...

Introduction

According to Wikipedia, a cheat sheet is a concise set of notes used for quick reference. Some might even call it a reference sheet, hence the name. In lieu of a proper documentation, we provide herewith a reference sheet for the documentclass `refsheet`.

This small class is aimed to make the typesetting of reference sheets a bit less tedious, so you can focus on using them. The class is inspired from the question and answer  Document Class for Reference Cards.

Since `refsheet` is based on `article` most options can be passed on.

Additional Options

`rscols=<num>` How many columns, default is 3.

`margin=<length>` Passed to `geometry`, default 1 cm.

Disabled Options

`portrait` only supports `landscape`; ignored, warning.

`titlepage` saving space, so no title page; ignored, warning.

`twocolumn` class uses `multicol`; break, error.

Features

- Dense settings to save maximum space.
- No enumeration of (sub)sections.
- Customised itemise environments.

Environments

Description based environments

All of the environments below have a mandatory argument, which determines the width of the description label. Therefore it should contain the longest label which is in use.

`rslist` Description based list, normal text

`rslisttt` dito, label in `truetype`

`rslistbf` dito, label in **bold**

`rslistit` dito, label in *italics*

The above is achieved with the following (abbreviated) code.

```
\begin{rslisttt}{rslisttt}
\item[rslist] Description based [...]
\item[rslisttt] dito, label in \texttt{truetype}
\item[rslistbf] dito, label in \textbf{bold}
\item[rslistit] dito, label in \textit{italics}
\end{rslisttt}
```

Inline description list

With the environment `rsinline` the list will be set as a single paragraph. It takes one optional argument for the font of the label: `\bfseries bold`; `\itshape italics`; `\ttfamily truetype`, which is the default if omitted.

A similar list like the above can be created with the following code.

```
One optional argument:
\begin{rsinline}{\ttfamily}
\item[\bfseries] \textbf{bold};
\item[\itshape] \textit{italics};
\item[\ttfamily] \texttt{truetype},
\end{rsinline}
which is the default.
```

Column assorted list

The environment `rscolslst` provides access to a list, which is set in multiple columns. The number of these can be given as an optional argument, the default is to use two.

The following example produces the list below it.

```
\begin{rscolslst}[3]
\item[\( \times \)] \lstinline\times|
\item[\( \infty \)] \lstinline|\infty|
\item[\( \supset \)] \lstinline|\supset|
\item[\( \alpha \)] \lstinline|\alpha|
\item[\( \epsilon \)] \lstinline|\epsilon|
\item[\( \theta \)] \lstinline|\theta|
\item[\( \lambda \)] \lstinline|\lambda|
\item[\( \pi \)] \lstinline|\pi|
\item[\( \Psi \)] \lstinline|\Psi|
\end{rscolslst}
```

\times \times	α \alpha	λ \lambda
∞ \infty	ϵ \epsilon	π \pi
\supset \supset	θ \theta	Ψ \Psi

Legacy environment

`ttdesc` Description based list, label has variable width in the `truetype` style

Table based environments

The table based environments uses the `tabularx` package. They predefine the table to fill the whole line.

The first one is `rstable`, which has a mandatory argument for the number of columns. An optional argument for the alignment of all but the last column can be specified. The last column is special, because it is used to balance the table and therefore the columntype `X`.

Mand.	Opt.	Description
2	c	First column centred, last column is a parbox.
3	l	First two columns left aligned,last column is a parbox.
4	r	First three columns right aligned,last column is a parbox.
4	-	Four columns of type X

The above is achieved with the following (abbreviated) code.

```
\begin{rstable}[c]{3}
\hline
Mand. & Opt. & Description \\
\texttt{2} & \texttt{c} & First column [...]\\
\texttt{3} & \texttt{l} & First two [...],%
last column [...]\\
\texttt{4} & \texttt{r} & First three [...],%
last column [...]\\
\texttt{4} & - & Four [...] \texttt{X}\\
\hline
\end{rstable}
```



The second one is meant to be used for maths notation, called `rsmathtable`, which has no argument. The first column is set in `displaystyle` maths mode and will be fitted to the widest entry. The second one is meant for the description and like before of columntype `X`.




For example, the following can be produced with the code below it.



$pV = nRT$	ideal gas law
$0 = e^{i\pi} + 1$	Euler's identity
$\log(MN) = \log(M) + \log(N)$	Log. addition rule




```
\begin{rsmathtable}
pV = nRT & ideal gas law \\
0 = e^{i\pi} + 1 & Euler's identity \\
\log(MN) = \log(M) + \log(N) & Log. addition
rule\\
\end{rsmathtable}
```


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マーチン  polyluxus

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