multicolrule — Decorative rules between columns*

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Abstract

The multicolrule package lets you customize the appearance of the vertical rule that appears between columns of multicolumn text. It is primarily intended to work with the multicol package, hence its name, but it also supports the twocolumn option and \twocolumn macro provided by the standard classes (and related classes such as the KOMA-Script equivalents), as well as the bidi package (and through it, all RTL scripts loaded with polyglossia).

Contents

1	Intr	roduction 2
	1.1	Bugs and Known Limitations
	1.2	License
2	Pac	kage Options 3
	2.1	Default Operation
	2.2	Option 'tikz'
	2.3	Option 'twocolumn'
3	The	User Interface 4
	3.1	Styles with the 'line-style' option
	3	.1.1 Custom Patterns
	3.2	Colors
	3.3	Width
	3.4	Repeated Rules
	3.5	Extended Rules
	3.6	Rule Patterns
4	Imp	plementation 10
	4.1	Preliminaries
	4.2	Patching Output Routines
	4.3	Creating the Rules
	4	3.1 Tikz-only Routines
	4.4	Color
	4.5	Patterns
	4.6	Key-Values
	4 7	User Interface 22

^{*}This file describes version v1.2, last revised 2018/12/31.

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Change History

22

24

Index

1

Introduction

line-style=dashed

In LTEX, there are two lengths that control the formatting between columns of multicolumn text: \columnsep specifies the space between adjacent columns, and \columnseprule specifies the width of a solid vertical rule that is placed centered between the columns. The multicol package adds the ability to change the color of the rule, but in both vanilla LTEX and multicol, the rule itself is drawn directly inside the routines that output the column boxes, and is therefore difficult for users to alter.

Of course it's a legitimate question why anyone should *want* to change this rule, or indeed use one at all, as good typography tends

New for Version 1.2

Version 1.2 adds the ability to define patterns, which are aliases for a series of \SetMCRule settings. With patterns, you can change individual separators on the same page. For example, in three-column text, the left separator can differ from the right. You can also alter the appearance of one or more separators anywhere within the environment (see section ??).

1.1 Bugs and Known Limitations

line-stvle=dots

custom-line=

{\path (TOP) to [or-

nament=85] (BOT);},

extend-top=-24pt,

extend-bot=-8pt

The multicolrule package is written using expl3 syntax, and so requires a less-thanancient installation of ETEX. It requires the packages l3keys2e, xparse, xpatch, xcolor, scrlfile, and depending on the mode of operation may also require multicol and tikz. If you have an up-to-date distribution, these requirements should cause no issues.

I am sure that there are bugs that remain to be uncovered, inefficient methods that could stand improvement, and useful fea-

to avoid using large vertical lines. In my own case, I needed to modify the rule because of the requirements of a particular style I was imitating, and having done the hard work of creating the necessary infrastructure for one line style, it was simple to extend the solution to a more general case. I hope someone else will find the options here useful.

The basic line styles that multicolrule makes available are illustrated throughout this guide. The default line-width used is 0.4pt (thin), and the default color is Maroon. You can also find examples of rules created with all available options in the file mcrule-example.pdf.

New for Version 1.1

Version 1.1 supports drawing decorative rules if you have the bidi package loaded, which can occur automatically if you set a right-to-left language with polyglossia. It also provides a mechanism to extend or shrink rules beyond the natural height of the columns, as well as to have the rule fill the available space to the end of the text area (see section 3.5).

tures that still need to be implemented. The development code is maintained on github, and you can file feature requests or bug reports there. Alternatively, you can send an email to latex@polysyllabic.com. I welcome contributions for additional styles, especially to provide more options when running the package without tikz.

The following are the issues I'm currently aware of that aren't multicolrule errors but which may cause buggy looking behavior:

 $^{^1\}mathrm{See},$ for example, the remarks in the documentation for the booktabs package

2 PACKAGE OPTIONS

This package works by patching the output routines of either multicol or the ETeX kernel, depending on the mode of operation. If bidi is loaded, it will also patch that. It will have no effect if you use a class or package that outputs column text via alternate mechanisms. This includes parcolumns, and probably other classes and packages designed to typeset parallel-column text as well, although I have not done a survey to determine whether this is the case. If you would like support for one of these, please send me an email or file a feature request on github and I'll see what I can do.

The line styles that work by repeating elements in a tiled pattern may have significant gaps at the end of columns, particularly for larger patterns. You can mitigate this problem slightly by tweaking the spaces above

and below a pattern, but the basic problem is a side-effect of the way these patterns are implemented (with \cleaders), which means that only an integer number of copies can be produced. Lines drawn with tikz do not have this problem.

3

Extending rules beyond their natural column lengths can seriously mess up the output, including, in certain edge cases, causing multicol to overprint columns or even put them in the margins. The fact that the extended rule occupies space on the page instead of extending up into the margin was a deliberate design decision and is necessary to support the extend-fill and extend-reserve options work correctly. A future version may support drawing the rules to a background layer so that the text is not shifted.

1.2 License

line-style=dotted, width=ultra-thick

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http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt.

This work has the LPPL maintenance status 'maintained.' The Current Maintainer of this work is Karl Hagen.

2 Package Options

2.1 Default Operation

line-style=dash-dot

If you load multicolrule with its default settings, it will enable multicol support, and that package will be loaded if it hasn't been already. Note that if you need to pass any parameters to multicol, such as docolaction, you should load multicol with the appropriate settings before you load multicolrule, as LETEX does not support reloading packages with different parameters.

2.2 Option 'tikz'

You have access to a wider set of line styles if you also use the tikz package. Some line styles are only available if tikz is enabled, and others look better with it. The default

behavior of multicolrule depends on the status of the tikz package at the time multicolrule is loaded. If multicolrule detects that tikz is already loaded, then tikz support will be enabled by default. Otherwise, you need the tikz to enable it. This option also accepts explicit boolean values, so you can pass tikz=false if you want to explicitly disable tikz support. If tikz support is not enabled (or if it is explicitly disabled), the line styles marked *tikz only* in section 3.1 will be unavailable and errors will result if you try to use them.

2.3 Option 'twocolumn'

The multicolrule package recognizes the option twocolumn, either as a package option or as a global class option. If you pass this option to your document class, you do not need to pass it a second time to the package. It is only necessary to use the package option if you plan to have a predominantly one-column document and use \twocolumn to switch temporarily into two-column mode.

Because multicol does not work well with the ordinary two-column mode, multicolrule is only designed to work with one or the other at a time. If you try to use the twocolumn option when multicol has already been loaded, you will receive a warning and nothing is guaranteed. But the custom rules will at best only appear in the conventional two-column mode and not within a multicols environment.

3 The User Interface

 $\SetMCRule \{\langle key-value \ list \rangle\}$

line-style=circles,
width=2pt

The main user command for multicolrule is \SetMCRule. It takes one parameter containing a key-value list of all options you want to set. You can issue this command in the preamble or the document body. Changes to the rule settings are local to the current group. For example, if you call \SetMCRule inside a multicols environment, the rule settings will revert to their previous values once the environment ends. Also note that any changes made with \SetMCRule when

multiple columns are active will appear starting on the same page as your current location when you issue the command, and will extend the height of the full column box. It is not possible to have a rule change styles in the middle of a page unless you close out one multicols environment and begin another.

Table 1 summarizes the keys available in \SetMCRule. The functions of each is described in detail in the sections that follow.

Table 1: \SetMCRule keys

Key	Purpose
color	Set the color of the rule (see sec. 3.2)
color-model	Set the color model of the rule (see sec. 3.2)
custom-line	Set a custom tikz line for the rule (tikz only; see sec. 3.1.1)
custom-pattern	Set a custom individual pattern for the rule (see sec. 3.1.1)
custom-tile	Set a custom tiling pattern for the rule (see sec. 3.1.1)
double	Draw two copies of the rule (see sec. 3.4)
extend-bot	Set an extra amount to extend the rule at the bottom of the
	column (see sec. 3.5)
extend-fill	Extend rule to the bottom of the text area (<i>multicol</i> only; see sec. 3.5)
extend-reserve	Space to reserve at bottom of text area when using extend-fill (<i>multicol</i> only; see sec, 3.5)
extend-top	Set an extra amount to extend the rule at the top of the column (see sec. 3.5)
line-style	Select the type of rule printed (default= <i>default</i> ; see sec. 3.1)
pattern-after	Number of separators to delay before beginning to use the specified patterns (default=0; see sec. ??)

Table 1: \SetMCRule keys (cont.)

Key	Purpose
pattern-for	Number times separators to apply the patterns to before returning to default (default= -1 ; see sec. ??)
patterns	Specify one or more patterns use to draw rules. (default= <i>none</i> ; see sec. ??)
single	Draw a single copy of the rule (default; see sec. 3.4)
repeat	Set the number of times to draw the rule (see sec. 3.4)
repeat-distance	Set the horizontal space between adjacent copies of repeated rules (see sec. 3.4)
triple	Draw three copies of the rule (see sec. 3.4)
width	Set the width of the rule (see sec. 3.3)

3.1 Styles with the 'line-style' option

line-style=solidcircles, width=4pt You can choose a style for the rule with the line-style key. If the predefined styles are insufficient for your purpose, see section 3.1.1 for different ways to customize the rule in even more radical ways. The width of many line styles scales directly with the setting of \columnseprule, the default LTEX length that controls the width of the column rule, but even those that do not, the width must be non-zero for the rule to display (see section 3.3).

Table 2 summarizes the available line styles. Most of the basic patterns come in three versions, differing only in how closely the pattern is spaced: normal, dense, and loose. These settings parallel those found in tikz and use the same spacing between elements. There are no named settings for double lines and the like because you control that feature separately, with the repeat key. All line styles can be repeated as many times as you like (see section 3.4).

Table 2: Styles available for the line-style key

Style	Description
circles	A series of hollow circles (tikz only)
dash-dot	A dash followed by a square dot (tikz only)
dash-dot-dot	A dash followed by two square dots (tikz only)
dashed	A series of dashed lines
default	A solid rule drawn the same way as the default multicol
	rule. Does not support extended rules.
dense-circles	The same as circles but more closely spaced (tikz
	only)
dense-dots	The same as dots but more closely spaced
dense-solid-circles	The same as solid-circles but more closely spaced
	(tikz only)
densely-dash-dot	The same as dash-dot but more closely spaced (<i>tikz</i>
	only)
densely-dash-dot-dot	The same as dash-dot-dot but more closely spaced
	(tikz only)
densely-dashed	The same as dashed but more closely spaced

3 THE USER INTERFACE

Table 2: Available line-style settings (cont.)

Style	Description
densely-dotted	The same as dotted but more closely spaced
dots	A series of dots drawn with the period (full-stop) of
	the current font
dotted	A series of square dots
loose-dots	The same as dots but spaced further apart
loose-circles	The same as circles but spaced further apart (<i>tikz only</i>)
loose-solid-circles	The same as solid-circles but spaced further apart (tikz only)
loosely-dash-dot	The same as dash-dot but spaced further apart (<i>tikz</i> only)
loosely-dash-dot-dot	The same as dash-dot-dot but spaced further apart (tikz only)
loosely-dashed	The same as dashed but spaced further apart
loosely-dotted	The same as dotted but spaced further apart
solid	A solid line, like default, but supports extending
	rules
solid-circles	A series of filled circles (tikz only)

line-style=solid

The default and solid line styles are nearly the same, except that the solid line (as of version 1.1) supports the rule-extension commands described in section 3.5. This means that if you want a solid rule with altered top or bottom extensions, you must explicitly set the line style to solid. If you make no calls to \SetMCRule after loading multicolrule, the column divider will continue to behave exactly as it does with the ordinary multicol package.

You can alter the rule's width and color either through \SetMCRule with the width and color keys described in sections 3.3 and

3.2, respectively, or directly by changing the value of \columnseprule and renewing the \columnseprulecolor macro.

The dots style and its variants are rendered with a period (.) in the currently active font. This is one of the styles, mentioned above, that do not change their size as the line width increases. The same is true of custom tiles.

The dotted styles differ from dots in that the former are squares with side lengths equal to \columnseprule. This mirrors the behavior of the equivalently named dotted patterns in tikz.

3.1.1 Custom Patterns

custom-tile = $\{\langle pattern \rangle\}\ \{\langle space\ above \rangle\}\ \{\langle space\ below \rangle\}$

custom-tile=
{\SparkleBold}
{16pt}{16pt}

There are three options to create custom rules with multicolrule. The first is the custom-tile key. This creates a rule consisting of vertically stacked boxes of arbitrary content—the tile—running the height of the column separator. The custom-tile key takes three parameters, which must all be enclosed brackets and may not be omitted. The

first should contain the tokens you want to appear as the content of the tile. The second is a dimension specifying the leading vertical space to apply above each copy of the tile. The third is a dimension specifying the trailing vertical space to insert below each copy of the tile.

The rule in this section uses the

\SparkleBold symbol from bbding. Notice that when you use the custom-tile parameter, of any of the other custom key commands, you do *not* specify a separate line-style. If you try to provide both, the last style given in the list will be the one that is kept.

custom-pattern = $\{\langle pattern \rangle\} \{\langle shift down \rangle\} \{\langle shift up \rangle\}$

custom-pattern= {\HandRight} {0pt}{0pt}

The second custom option is with the custom-pattern key. The syntax is identical to that for custom-tile, but the content you specify will appear once per page or column pair (if the columns occupy less than a full page). This content will be vertically cen-

tered if the second and third parameters are both 0pt. You can shift the content down by increasing the second parameter, and up by increasing the third. The rule in this section uses the \HandRight symbol from bbding.

custom-line = $\{\langle draw \ command \rangle\}$

custom-line={\path
(TOP) to [ornament=88] (BOT);}

The third custom pattern involves setting your own tikz drawing function using the key custom-line. The rule in this section is drawn with an ornament from pgfornaments. Obviously, this feature requires tikz support. The value you provide to the custom-line key should consist of a tikz command, such as \draw or \path, without the surrounding tikzpicture environment.

Before the drawing command is called, multicolrule will set up a tikzpicture with both the x- and y-coordinates scaled to points, and two nodes, named (TOP) and (BOT), which are set to the coordinates of the top and bottom of the rule. You can then spec-

ify your own \draw or \path function in whatever way you like. The rule separating these columns was drawn with a decorative element from the pgfornaments package.

This function will use the color set in \columnseprulecolor if you don't set it explicitly within the tikz command, but you must provide everything else necessary to draw the line correctly, including the line width. Note that this function should be considered experimental. It works for single-line commands such as the one shown in the example, but I haven't tested it with anything more elaborate.

3.2 Colors

line-style=solid,
width=2pt
color-model=cmy,
color={0.7,0.5,0.3}

You can set colors for the rule through the color and, optionally, the color-model keys. multicolrule loads the xcolor package to manage colors, and the color parameter accepts any name that xcolor recognizes, either natively or as the result of any names you have defined with \definecolor (see the xcolor documentation). Note that if you want to use color names that are defined through the one of xcolor's package options, you must load xcolor before both multicolrule and tikz with the relevant options.

To specify a color by a numeric specification, you use the color-model parameter to specify any color model that xcolor recognizes (rgb, cmy, etc), and color to hold the

color-specification list. Because that list is itself comma-separated, you must enclose it in brackets.

The current color setting can always be found in \columnseprulecolor. If you are running in twocolumn mode without multicol, this command will be provided and colors will work the same way they do with multicol. Note that setting the color key causes \columnseprulecolor to be redefined within the current group only. If you directly redefine \columnseprulecolor, the color of the custom rule will reflect this setting. This way, the settings of any packages that might alter the rule color will be respected.

3.3 Width

line-style= dash-dotdot,
width=thick

You can set the width of the rule with the width key. Legal values are any explicit dimension or dimension expression, as well as with names that parallel those used by tikz, except that spaces in the key names are replaced with hyphens.

The current width of the rule is kept in \columnseprule, just as in vanilla LTEX, and if it is set separately, the custom rule's

width will reflect this change. Note that although some line styles do not depend directly on \columnseprule to calculate their actual width, the value of \columnseprule must be greater than 0pt for any rule to appear. This behavior is intentional and is in keeping with the way the default column rules work.

Table 3: Sizes of named line widths

Name	Width
ultra-thin	0.1pt
very-thin	0.2pt
thin	0.4pt
semithick	0.6pt
thick	0.8pt
very-thick	1.2pt
ultra-thick	1.6pt

111

3.4 Repeated Rules

line-style= dash-dotdot, triple=2pt

You can draw multiple, adjacent copies of any rule by setting the number of times to draw the rule with the repeat key. The space between copies is controlled with the repeat-distance key. Initially, this distance is set to \columnseprule. Note that you must enter an actual dimension expression for this distance. The names used for line widths are not accepted.

The keys single, double, and triple

are shorthand methods to set the number of repeats and the repeat-distance at the same time. If you use the key without a value repeat-distance is set to \columnseprule.

There are no checks made to ensure that repeated rules will fit in the available space between columns, so you should be careful using these commands, especially with thicker rules.

3.5 Extended Rules

line-style=dashed,
extend-top=-16pt,
extend-bot=-16pt

You can specify an additional amount by which the top or bottom of the rule projects beyond the column's natural length with the keys extend-top and extend-bot, each of which can be set to a dimension expression. Extending the top of the rule with a positive dimension will push the columns down from

any preceding material. A positive value for extend-bot does the same in the other direction when a column ends in the middle of a page, but the rule will extend into the the bottom margin if the column goes to the end of the page, and so you probably only want to use this in very limited situations where

you need a special effect for one column or a small multicol environment. Overprinting and other bizarre effects can result from extending the rule in the wrong place. Negative values for both keys may be more generally useful, as they have the effect of shrinking the rule. This behavior is illustrated with the rule for this section.

The extend-fill key is a boolean option that, when set to true, will extend the rule to occupy any space between the bottom of the columns and the end of the text area. Providing the key with no value is equivalent to extend-fill=true. This option has no effect unless the multicol package is loaded.

If you want text below the multicols environment when using extend-fill,

you can reserve space for it with extend-reserve, which takes a dimension expression specifying the vertical space to leave available after the rule. If the value is greater than zero, the height of the extended line will be reduced by the reserved amount plus the value of \multicolsep. In other words, you only have to specify the actual space you need for the text itself, not the space that multicol adds automatically below the columns. Note that if the amount you request for reserved space is less than the amount actually available at the end of the page, the rule will not extend below the columns and you probably will find this material spilling onto the next page anyway.

3.6 Rule Patterns

 $\DeclareMCRulePattern \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle key-value\ list \rangle\}$

patterns={right-hand,
left-hand}
See the code sample
below for the definitions of the patterns

A "pattern" refers to a bundle of settings used by multicolrule. You can declare a pattern for a line style with the command $\verb|\DeclareMCRulePattern|.$ The $\langle name \rangle$ should consist of letters and hyphens only. contain all keys that are valid for \SetMCRule with the exception of patterns. If you put something like patterns=foo in the definition of a pattern, you won't get an error, but it will be ignored.

Once you have declared a pattern, you can use it as

a value for the patterns argument of \SetMCRule. This key can accept either a single pattern or a commaseparated list of patterns. If you use a comma-separated list, make sure you enclose it in braces.

When a pattern is in effect, its settings are applied on top of whatever the prior settings are. If you set the key to an empty list, any patterns currently in effect will be canceled, and multicolrule will revert to the previous settings.

If the patterns key contains more than one pat-

tern, multicolrule will cycle through the list of patterns, using one pattern each time a rule is drawn between columns. (Note, the patterns do not cycle within a single column separator if you use the repeat key.) This cycle is global, so if the number columns is not a multiple of the number of patterns and you start a new multicols environment with the same patterns in effect, the cycle will pick up where it left off. Every time you set new patternss, however, the cycle begins anew.

The columns above were defined with the following:

```
\DeclareMCRulePattern{left-hand} {custom-tile={\HandLeft}{8pt}{8pt}}
\DeclareMCRulePattern{right-hand} {custom-tile={\HandRight}{8pt}{8pt}}
\begin{multicols}{3}
\SetMCRule{patterns={right-hand,left-hand}}
...
\end{multicols}
```

patterns=shrink-me,
pattern-for=1
See the code sample
below for the definition of 'shrink-me'

If you want to alter the rule only for certain column separators, you can use the pattern-after and pattern-for keys, both of which take integer values, in conjunction with patterns.

The pattern-for key means "use the given pattern or patterns for this many column separators only." Afterwards, the pattern will be disabled, meaning that it won't be applied any more and only the settings applied directly will be in effect until it is reset. A negative value to this key means that the patterns will be repeated indefinitely.

The default is -1.

The pattern-after key means "wait until after this many column separators before starting to apply the pattern. The default is 0. If you use it in conjunction with pattern-for, the count of modified column separators begins after the skipped columns.

For example, suppose you have four-column text and want to alter the third column separator on the first page of the environment only.² You could accomplish this task with the code above.

Using predefined patterns adds processing overhead, since they must be applied each time the rule is drawn. Therefore it is more efficient to avoid patterns unless you need to actually change the line style from column to column, although if you compile on a reasonably modern computer, you are unlikely to notice too much delay.

10

Note that any settings you provide in the same command where you apply a patterns key do not alter definition of the pattern. If you do this, you are altering the settings in effect before the pattern is applied.

Shrinking the final two column separators in four-column text:

```
\DeclareMCRulePattern{shrink-me}{line-style=solid,
    extend-top=-3\baselineskip}
\begin{multicols}{4}
  \SetMCRule{patterns=shrink-me,pattern-after=1,pattern-for=2}
  ...
\end{multicols}
```

4 Implementation

```
* \alpha*package\alpha
2 \alpha @@=mcrule\alpha
```

4.1 Preliminaries

```
ProvidesExplPackage {multicolrule} {2018/12/31} {1.2}

Decorative vertical rules between columns}

We always need these packages.

RequirePackage{13keys2e}

RequirePackage{xpatch}

RequirePackage{xcolor}

RequirePackage{scrlfile}

Define the messages we use.

msg_new:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-success} {Patched~#1.}

msg_new:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-failure} {Error~patching~#1.}

msg_new:nnnn {multicolrule} {tikz-required} {Tikz~required}
```

²Remember that you have one less column separator than you have columns.

```
12 {The~'#1'~setting~requires~tikz~to~work.~Either~load~tikz~before~you~load~
                                                                 multicolrule~or~use~multicolrule's~'tikz'~package~option.}
                                                          14 \msg_new:nnnn {multicolrule} {multicol-loaded} {Multicol~loaded} {You~are~
                                                               using~the~'twocolumn'~option~with~multicol~already~loaded.~You~will~likely~
                                                                 run~into~problems.}
                                                          17 \msg_new:nnnn {multicolrule} {pattern-undefined} {Pattern~undefined}
                                                                  {The~multicolrule~pattern~'#1'~has~not~been~defined.}
     \g__mcrule_twocolumn_bool
                                                         Flags for package options
      \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
                                                          19 \bool new: N \g mcrule twocolumn bool
                                                          20 \bool_new:N \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
                                                         (End definition for \g_{mcrule\_twocolumn\_bool} and \g_{mcrule\_use\_tikz\_bool}.)
                                                         Variables to support repeated copies of the rule.
            \l__mcrule_repeat_int
                \l_mcrule_repeat_distance_dim
                                                          21 \int new:N \l mcrule repeat int
                                                          22 \int_set:Nn \l__mcrule_repeat_int {1}
                                                          23 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_repeat_distance_dim
                                                         (\textit{End definition for } \verb|\|1\_mcrule\_repeat\_int | and \verb|\|1\_mcrule\_repeat\_distance\_dim.)
     \l__mcrule_extend_top_dim
                                                         Variables to control the distance to extend the rule above and below the natural column height.
    \l__mcrule_extend_bot_dim
                                                          24 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_top_dim
 \l_mcrule_extend_fill_bool
                                                          25 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_bot_dim
                 \l_mcrule_extend_reserve_dim
                                                        26 \bool_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_fill_bool
                                                          27 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim
                                                         Keep name and color model so we can set them separately while retaining the value of the other
      \l_mcrule_color_name_tl
    \l_mcrule_color_model_tl
                                                          28 \tl_new:N \l__mcrule_color_name_tl
                                                          29 \tl_new:N \l__mcrule_color_model_tl
                                                         \g__mcrule_patterns_prop
                                                         Variables to support defined patterns.
\g__mcrule_pattern_count_int
                                                          30 \prop_new:N \g__mcrule_patterns_prop
  \g__mcrule_pattern_for_int
                                                          \mbox{\em 1} \ \mbox{\em 1} \ \mbox{\em 1} \ \mbox{\em 2} \mbox{\em 2} \ \mbox{
\g__mcrule_pattern_after_int
                                                          \label{local_local_local_pattern_list_seq} $$ l__mcrule_pattern_list_seq $$
                                                          34 \seq_new:N \l__mcrule_pattern_list_seq
                                                         (End definition for \g_{mcrule\_patterns\_prop} and others.)
                                                                If tikz is already loaded, enable tikz-sensitive line styles unless the user explicitly disables
                                                         them. If tikz is not already loaded, these functions are disabled unless they are explicitly loaded.
                                                          35 \@ifpackageloaded{tikz}
                                                                 \bool_gset_true:N \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
                                                          38 } { }
```

Set up the keys for package options and process them.

```
39 \keys_define:nn {mcrule-opts}
40 {
41   twocolumn .bool_gset:N = \g__mcrule_twocolumn_bool,
42   tikz    .bool_gset:N = \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool,
43   tikz    .default:n = true,
44 }
45 \ProcessKeysOptions{mcrule-opts}
```

4.2 Patching Output Routines

__mcrule_column_height:
__mcrule_column_depth:

Get the height and depth of the box appropriate to the supported mode.

```
46 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_column_height: {}
47 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_column_depth: {}
```

Now that we know what mode we're going to run in, we patch the output routine(s) to substitute our custom rule for the vanilla one. Since multicol doesn't fully support twocolumn mode, we patch one or the other, but not both. As of version 1.2, we make \columnseprulecolor part of \mcruledivider so that we can set the color as part of a style pattern.

__mcrule_patch_mcol_output:N

```
48 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__mcrule_patch_mcol_output:N #1
49 {
50    \xpatchcmd{#1} {\columnseprulecolor\vrule\@width\columnseprule}
51    {\msruledivider}
52    {\msg_info:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-success} {#1}}
53    {\msg_info:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-failure} {#1}}
```

__mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N

Provide the column-color macro from multicol.

```
cs_gset:Npn \columnseprulecolor {\normalcolor}
  \cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_height: {\box_ht:N \@outputbox}
  \cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_depth: {\box_dp:N \@outputbox}
  \__mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N \@outputdblcol
```

Now patch the relevant code in \@outputdblcol, replacing the hard-coded rule with a macro that we can overwrite.

```
70 \__mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N \@outputdblcol
```

bidi has two output routines to patch, and it insists on being loaded after xcolor, tikz, and multicol, so it must always be loaded after us. We use \AfterPackage from scrlfile to insert the patch if bidi is loaded later on.

Although taking the height of \mult@rightbox is a reliable way to get the column height, the same isn't true for the depth, so we use \dimen\tw@, which multicol uses to hold the maximum depth of all the columns, instead.

```
s1 \cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_height: {\box_ht:N \mult@rightbox}
s2 \cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_depth: {\dimen\tw@}
```

We need to reissue \LRmulticolcolumns to update the actual code in \mc@align@columns.

```
83 \LRmulticolcolumns
```

The bidi package supplies its own versions of most core multicol functions, including the output boxes. Much of this is unnecessary, as current versions of multicol support printing the columns in right-to-left order, and the effect is to leave the original multicol definitions loaded but unused. As a result, after these changes, the multicol commands \LRmulticolcolumns and \RLmulticolcolumns have no visible effect. But as bidi also reworks the footnotes extensively, it's easier just to patch the equivalent output routines rather than rewrite it properly.

```
84  \AfterPackage!{bidi}
85   {
86    \cs_gset_eq:NN \LTR@column@boxes \LR@column@boxes
87    \cs_gset_eq:NN \RTL@column@boxes \RL@column@boxes
```

While we're at it, we also redefine \LRmulticolcolumns and \RLmulticolcolumns so they work the way people expect them to.

```
\cs_gset_eq:NN \LRmulticolcolumns \LTRmulticolcolumns
\cs_gset_eq:NN \RLmulticolcolumns \RTLmulticolcolumns
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```

4.3 Creating the Rules

Utility functions for different rule types

\mcruledivider

This is the function directly called by the patched output routines. It has a LageX2 name so the user can redefine it if necessary. Its main function is to call the internal function __-mcrule_divider:, which contains the actual rule-typesetting instructions, the number of times specified in \1__mcrule_repeat_int. multicol puts the rule in a group in order to keep the color contained, which means that any local changes here will be lost at the end of the rule. For this reason, we must set the pattern, if any, here in order to support having different line styles between different columns.

```
92 \cs_new_protected:Npn \mcruledivider
93 {
```

If the pattern-after counter is set, wait that many iterations of the rule before we apply the patterns.

```
94 \int_compare:nNnTF {\g__mcrule_pattern_after_int} > {\c_zero_int}
95 {
96    \int_gdecr:N \g__mcrule_pattern_after_int
97  }
98 {
```

Don't change if the pattern is empty or the pattern-for counter has expired. The way the logic works here, negative values of pattern-for result in an indefinite number of repeats.

```
\bool_lazy_and:nnT
      {\int_compare_p:nNn {\seq_count:N \l__mcrule_pattern_list_seq} > {\c_zero_int}}}
       {! \int_{c} \pi_{p:nNn} {\left\{ _{pattern\_for\_int} = {\left\{ _{c\_zero\_int} \right\}} \right\}}
101
102
       {
         \verb|\int_gincr:N \g__mcrule_pattern_count_int| \\
103
         \int_compare:nNnT {\g__mcrule_pattern_count_int} >
          {\seq_count:N \l__mcrule_pattern_list_seq}
105
         {
           \int_gset:Nn \g__mcrule_pattern_count_int {\c_one_int}
       \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\seq_item:Nn \l__mcrule_pattern_list_seq {\g__mcrule_pattern_cou
         \tl_if_blank:VF \l_tmpa_tl
         {
           \__mcrule_set_pattern:V \l_tmpa_tl
         }
         \int_compare:nNnT {\g__mcrule_pattern_for_int} > {\c_zero_int}
114
           \int_gdecr:N \g__mcrule_pattern_for_int
116
         }
118
       }
```

Now that the pattern has been changed we can set the color.

20 \columnseprulecolor

We only call $_\$ mcrule_divider: if $\$ columnseprule > 0, so that all line styles can be turned off by setting it to 0, just as is the case with the vanilla rules.

```
121 \bool_lazy_and:nnT
122 {\dim_compare_p:nNn {\columnseprule} > {\c_zero_dim}}
123 {\int_compare_p:nNn {\l__mcrule_repeat_int} > {\c_zero_int}}
124 {
```

```
125 \__mcrule_divider:
126 \prg_replicate:nn {\l__mcrule_repeat_int - \c_one_int}
127 {
128 \hspace{\l__mcrule_repeat_distance_dim}
129 \__mcrule_divider:
130 }
131 }
132 }
```

(End definition for \mcruledivider. This function is documented on page ??.)

__mcrule_column_total_height:
__mcrule_column_total_depth:

Get column height and depth with any explicit alterations.

__mcrule_extend_column_top:

Currently, the extend amount for the top is just the $\1_@@_extend_top_dim$ distance. In the future we may allow more complex criteria, such as by odd or even page, or on a particular page. Although these might theoretically be useful, I'm not going to implement them until someone comes along with a use-case for it.

```
142 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_extend_column_top:
143 {
144 \lambda_mcrule_extend_top_dim
145 }
```

__mcrule_extend_column_bottom:

The extend-fill option, which is only applicable with multicol, extends the rule from the bottom of the column to the end of the text area, minus whatever reserved space the user specifies. If there's less space available than requested, we give everything we can.

```
146 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_extend_column_bottom:
147 {
148
     \bool_lazy_and:nnTF
     \{\bool_if_p:n\ \{\l_mcrule_extend_fill_bool\}\}
149
     {\bool_not_p:n {\g__mcrule_twocolumn_bool}}
150
151
       \dim compare:nNnTF
152
     {\@colroom - \_mcrule_column_height: - \_mcrule_extend_reserve:} > {\c_zero_dim}
153
       {\@colroom - \__mcrule_column_height: - \__mcrule_extend_reserve:}
154
       {\c_zero_dim}
155
156
157
     {\lower \{ \lower le_extend\_bot\_dim \}}
158 }
```

mcrule extend reserve:

The reserved space is the amount of user-provided space we want, but we also have to account for the space added with \multicolsep.

```
159 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_extend_reserve:
160 {
161     \dim_compare:nNnTF {\l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim} > {\c_zero_dim}
162      {\dim_eval:n {\l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim + \multicolsep}}
163      {\c_zero_dim}
164 }
```

mcrule divider:

This is the internal routine that contains the instructions to draw one copy of rule between columns. The default is identical to the original definition used by multicol. It will be reset each time the user calls \MCSetRule to specify a new line style.

```
165 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_divider: {\vrule\@width\columnseprule}
```

__mcrule_pattern:nnn

```
\verb|\coloredge | above| $ \{ \langle space | below \rangle \} $
```

Typesets a single copy of a pattern, vertically centered, in a vertical box that is the height of the current column. The pattern must be something that can go in a horizontal box. The spaces above and below must be fixed dimensions.

Typesets multiple copies of pattern, tiled so as to occupy a vertical box that is the height of the current column. The pattern must be something that can go in a horizontal box. The spaces above and below must be fixed dimensions.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn #1#2#3
179 {
180
     \box_move_down:nn {\__mcrule_column_total_depth:}
181
       \vbox_to_ht:nn {\__mcrule_column_total_height:}
182
183
         \tex_cleaders:D \vbox:n
184
185
            \tex_kern:D #2 \hbox:n{#1} \tex_kern:D #3
186
         }
187
       \tex_vfill:D
188
       }
189
190
    }
191 }
```

This function can draw a line pattern using either a tikz name or directly (as a tiled pattern). The latter case is currently limited to line patterns that can be described in terms of a solid line of length $\langle height \rangle$ separated by spaces above and/or below the line.

_mcrule_solid_line:

Unlike the default solid line, which is created with a simple \vrule, this version allows us to extend the line beyond the natural space of the column.

```
202 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_solid_line:
203 {
204 \rule[-\__mcrule_column_total_depth:]{\columnseprule}{\__mcrule_column_total_height:}
205 }
```

4.3.1 Tikz-only Routines

If we're supporting tikz, make sure it's loaded and redefine the relevant functions. We turn off exp13 syntax to load the package because tikz relies on 2e catcodes, especially for spaces.

```
206 \bool_if:NTF \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
207 {
208 \ExplSyntaxOff
209 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

210 \ExplSyntaxOn

__mcrule_tikz_picture:n

```
\mbox{\ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \
```

Set up the tikzpicture environment and declare two nodes, named (TOP) and (BOT). This way we can pass a \draw routine directly, without worrying about the line's coordinates.

__mcrule_pattern_line:n

```
\__mcrule_pattern_line:n \{\langle tikz \ pattern \rangle\}
```

For the tikz versions of the predefined lines, we just draw a line the length of the column box. $\langle tikz \ pattern \rangle$ should contain the name of a line style that tikz recognizes.

```
220 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_pattern_line:n #1
221 {
222  \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt,
223  baseline={([yshift=\__mcrule_column_total_depth:]current~bounding~box.south)}]
224  \draw[line~width=\columnseprule,#1] (0,\__mcrule_column_total_height:) -- (0,0);
225  \end{tikzpicture}
226 }
```

__mcrule_circle:

Draw a hollow circle with a diameter equal to \columnseprule. This will be used as a tile pattern.

```
227 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_circle:
228 {
229 \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt]
230 \draw (0,0) circle[radius=.5\columnseprule];
231 \end{tikzpicture}
232 }
```

__mcrule_solid_circle:

Draw a filled circle with a diameter equal to \columnseprule. This will be used as a tile pattern.

```
233 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_solid_circle:
234 {
235 \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt]
236 \fill (0,0) circle[radius=.5\columnseprule];
237 \end{tikzpicture}
238 }
239 }
```

In case tikz functions are not active, we provide stubs that issue error messages.

```
<sup>240</sup> {
<sub>241</sub> \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_tikz_picture:n #1
```

4.4 Color

__mcrule_set_rule_color:

Reset color definition in \columnseprulecolor by name or by model and color specification.

```
250 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__mcrule_set_rule_color:
     \tl_if_empty:NT \l__mcrule_color_name_tl
252
253
     {
       \tl_set:Nn \l__mcrule_color_name_tl {black}
254
255
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__mcrule_color_model_tl
256
257
     {
       \cs_set:Npn \columnseprulecolor {\color{\l__mcrule_color_name_tl}}
258
259
     }
260
     {
       \cs_set:Npn \columnseprulecolor
       \label{lem:color_model_tl} $$ \color[\l_mcrule_color_model_tl]_{\l_mcrule_color_name_tl}$$
263
     }
264 }
```

4.5 Patterns

__mcrule_set_pattern_list:n

Sets a comma-separated list of patternss as a sequence for later use. The global counter that indicates where we are in the list is also reset here, so setting a list of patterns always means that the next rule will use the first pattern in the list.

```
265 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__mcrule_set_pattern_list:n #1
266 {
267   \seq_set_split:Nnn \l__mcrule_pattern_list_seq {,} {#1}
268   \int_gzero:N \g__mcrule_pattern_count_int
269   \int_gzero:N \g__mcrule_pattern_after_int
270   \int_gset:Nn \g__mcrule_pattern_for_int {-1}
271 }
```

__mcrule_set_pattern:n

Set the keys an individual pattern. To avoid potential recursion and loops, we filter out the key 'pattern' when it appears in a pattern definition.

```
272 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__mcrule_set_pattern:n #1
273 {
     \prop_get:NnNTF \g__mcrule_patterns_prop {#1} \l_tmpa_tl
274
    {
       \keys_set_filter:nnV {mcrule} {patterns} \l_tmpa_tl
276
    }
278
    {
       \msg_error:nnn {multicolrule} {pattern-undefined} {#1}
279
280
     \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\prop_item:Nn \g_mcrule_patterns_prop {#1}}
281
282 }
283 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__mcrule_set_pattern:n {V}
```

4.6 Key-Values

Set up all the key definitions. For the line styles, this involves resetting __mcrule_divider: to an appropriate value.

```
284 \keys define:nn {mcrule}
285 {
                                extend-top
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .dim_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_top_dim,
 286
                                extend-bot
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .dim_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_bot_dim,
                               extend-fill
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .bool_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_fill_bool,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .default:n = true,
                               extend-fill
                               extend-reserve
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           .dim_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim,
                                line-style
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .choice:,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \ \clim{thm} \_mcrule\_divider:
                               line-style / default
                                               {\vrule\@width\columnseprule},
                                line-style / solid
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                              {\__mcrule_solid_line:},
                                line-style / dots
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                              {\_mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {.}{1pt}{1pt}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                line-style / dense-dots
                                               {\mbox{\colored} \{\mbox{\colored} \{\mbox{\colored} \}, \{\mbox{\co
                                line-style / loose-dots
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                               {\mbox{\colored} \{\mbox{\colored} \mbox{\colored} \}}
  301
                                line-style / circles
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
  302
                                               {\cline{1.5} \{1pt\}\{1pt\}\}},
  303
                                line-style / dense-circles
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \ \clim{n} = \clim{n
  304
                                               {\column{c} \column{c} \column{
 305
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      line-style / loose-circles
                                               {\clustered} {\c
 307
                                line-style / solid-circles
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                               {\mbox{\lower.nnn } {\mbox{\lower.nnn } {\mbox{\lower.crule}}}{1pt}{1pt}}},
                                line-style / dense-solid-circles .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                               {\column{c} \column{c} \column{
                                line-style / loose-solid-circles .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                                               {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {\__mcrule_solid_circle:}{2pt}{2pt}},
                                line-style / dotted
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
 314
                                               {\cline{1pt}{1pt}{nr}},
```

```
line-style / densely-dotted
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
      {\__mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn {densely~dotted}{\columnseprule}{1pt}{0pt}},
    line-style / loosely-dotted
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
318
      {\ mcrule line pattern:nnnn {loosely~dotted}{\columnseprule}{2pt}{2pt}},
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
    line-style / dashed
      {\cline{ashed}} \{3pt\} \{1.5pt\} \{1.5pt\} \},
321
    line-style / densely-dashed
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
322
      {\cline{abely-dashed}{3pt}{1pt}{1pt}},
323
    line-style / loosely-dashed
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
324
       {\cline{abely-dashed}{3pt}{3pt}{3pt}},
325
    line-style / dash-dot
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \ \clim{thm} \_mcrule\_divider:
326
       {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{dash~dot}},
327
    line-style / densely-dash-dot
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
328
       {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{densely~dash~dot}},
329
    line-style / loosely-dash-dot
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
330
       {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{loosely~dash~dot}},
331
    line-style / dash-dot-dot
                                        .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
332
       {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{dash~dot~dot}},
    line-style / densely-dash-dot-dot .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
       {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{densely~dash~dot~dot}},
    line-style / loosely-dash-dot-dot .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
336
       {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{loosely~dash~dot~dot}},
337
    color
                                        .code:n = {
338
       \tl_set:Nn \l__mcrule_color_name_tl {#1}
339
       \__mcrule_set_rule_color:
340
341
    },
342
    color-model
                                        .code:n = {
      \tl_set:Nn \l__mcrule_color_model_tl {#1}
343
      \__mcrule_set_rule_color:
344
345
    },
346
    custom-line
                         .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
      {\__mcrule_tikz_picture:n {#1}},
347
                         .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
348
    custom-pattern
      {\__mcrule_pattern:nnn #1},
349
                         .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \ \clim{thm} \_mcrule\_divider:
    custom-tile
350
      {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn #1},
351
    width
                         .choice:,
352
    width / ultra-thin
                        .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.1pt},
353
354
    width / very-thin
                         .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.2pt},
    width / thin
                         .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.4pt},
    width / semithick
                         .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.6pt},
    width / thick
                         .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.8pt},
357
    width / very-thick   .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {1.2pt},
358
    width / ultra-thick .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {1.6pt},
359
    width / unknown
                         .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {#1},
360
    repeat
                         .int set:N
                                      = \l mcrule repeat int,
361
    repeat-distance
                         .dim_set:N
                                      = \l_mcrule_repeat_distance_dim,
362
    single
                         .meta:n
                                       = {
363
      repeat = 1,
364
365
      repeat-distance = #1
    },
367
    single
                         .default:n
                                       = \columnseprule,
368
    double
                         .meta:n
                                       = {
      repeat = 2,
```

369

Change History 22

```
repeat-distance = #1
    },
    double
                       .default:n = \columnseprule,
372
   triple
                       .meta:n
                                    = {
373
     repeat = 3,
     repeat-distance = #1
    triple
                       .default:n = \columnseprule,
    patterns
                       .code:n
                                    = \__mcrule_set_pattern_list:n {#1},
    patterns
                       .groups:n
                                    = {patterns},
                      . int\_gset:N = \g\_mcrule\_pattern\_after\_int,\\
    pattern-after
                       .int_gset:N = \g__mcrule_pattern_for_int,
    pattern-for
382 }
```

4.7 User Interface

\SetMCRule Set all keys for multicolrule

```
\SetMCRule \{\langle key\text{-}value\ list\rangle\}
```

All we do here is pass the argument to expl3's key-setting routine.

```
383 \NewDocumentCommand{\SetMCRule}{m}
384 {
385 \keys_set:nn {mcrule} {#1}
386 }
```

(End definition for \SetMCRule. This function is documented on page??.)

\DeclareMCRulePattern

Declare a new style pattern.

```
\DeclareMCRule \{\langle name \rangle\}\ \{\langle key\text{-}value\ list \rangle\}
```

If a pattern of that name exists, it will be overwritten silently.

```
387 \NewDocumentCommand{\DeclareMCRulePattern}{m m}
388 {
389 \prop_gput:Nnn \g__mcrule_patterns_prop {#1} {#2}
390 }
```

(End definition for \DeclareMCRulePattern. This function is documented on page ??.) </package>

Change History

```
      v1.0
      Support bidi
      1

      General: Initial public release
      1
      Support for bidi package
      13

      v1.1
      General: Added extend-top, extend-bot, extend-fill, and extend-reserve keys
      1
      \l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim: New variables
      11

      Allow extended rules
      1
      v1.1a

      New function
      15, 16
      General: Use ...:D commands for TEX primitives
      16, 17
```

Change History 23

v1.2	\mcruledivider 12
General: Added patterns, pattern-after,	New function
and pattern-for keys 20	Use predefined constants 10
Allow per-column rule changes 1	\lmcrule_pattern_list_seq:
Define rule patterns 1	New variables 1
Move \columnseprulecolor inside	\mcruledivider: Add pattern support 1

Index 24

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

Α	\l_mcrule_color_name_tl
\AfterPackage	
_	\mcrule_column_depth:
C	
\cleaders 3	\mcrule_column_height:
\color 258, 262	
\columnsep 2	\mcrule_column_total_depth:
\columnseprule 2, 5,	15, 138, 168, 180, 204, 214, 223
6, 8, 14, 50, 57, 122, 165, 199, 204, 224,	\mcrule_column_total_height:
230, 236, 293, 315, 317, 319, 353, 354,	15, 133, 170, 182, 204, 215, 224
355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 367, 372, 377	\mcrule_divider:
\columnseprulecolor	14, 14, 16, 20, 125, 129, 165, 292,
6, 7, 12, 19, 50, 66, 120, 258, 261	294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308,
	310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324,
D	326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 346, 348, 350
\DeclareMCRulePattern9	\l_mcrule_extend_bot_dim
\DeclareMCRulePattern 9, <u>387</u>	
\definecolor 7	\mcrule_extend_column
dim commands:	bottom:
\c_zero_dim 122, 153, 155, 161, 163	\mcrule_extend_column_top: .
\draw	
	\l mcrule extend fill bool
Н	
\HandRight 7	\ mcrule extend reserve:
·	
I	\lmcrule_extend_reserve_dim
int commands:	
\int_compare:nNnTF 94, 104, 114	\lmcrule_extend_top_dim
\int_gdecr:N 96, 116 \int_gincr:N 103	
\int_gsncr:N	\mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn
\int_gset:Nii	17, 192, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325
\c_one_int 107, 126	\mcrule_patch_mcol_output:N
\C_0116_111t 107, 120	
\c zero int 94 100 101 114 123	
\c_zero_int 94, 100, 101, 114, 123	
К	\mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands:	\mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
К	\mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands:	\mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn 276	\mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn	_mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
<pre>K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn 276 L \LRmulticolcolumns 13, 13, 13, 83, 88</pre>	_mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
<pre>K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn 276 L \LRmulticolcolumns 13, 13, 13, 83, 88</pre>	_mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn	_mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn	_mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn	\mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N
K keys commands: \keys_set_filter:nnn	_mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N

Index 25

\lmcrule_repeat_distance_dim	R
	\RLmulticolcolumns 13, 13, 89
\lmcrule_repeat_int	\RTLmulticolcolumns 89
\mcrule_set_pattern:n	S
	seg commands:
\mcrule_set_pattern_list:n .	\seq_count:N 100, 105
	\seq_item:Nn 109
\mcrule_set_rule_color:	\seq_new:N 34
	\seq_set_split:Nnn 267
\mcrule_solid_circle:	\SetMCRule 4
	\SetMCRule 2, 4, 6, 9, 383
\mcrule_solid_line: <i>17</i> , 202, 295	\SparkleBold 6
\mcrule_tikz_picture:n	(opuralesera : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	Т
\mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn	TFX and LTFX 2ε commands:
	\@colroom 153, 154
299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 351	\@outputbox
\gmcrule_twocolumn_bool	\@outputdblcol 69, 70
<u>19,</u> 41, 62, 150	\LR@column@boxes 79,86
\gmcrule_use_tikz_bool	\LTR@column@boxes 86
<u>19,</u> 37, 42, 194, 206	\LTR@outputdblcol 74
\mcruledivider 12, 51, 58, <u>92</u>	\mc@align@columns 13
\MCSetRule 16	\mult@rightbox
msg commands:	\RL@column@boxes 80,87
\msg_new:nnnn 11, 14, 17	\RTL@column@boxes 87
\multicolsep 9, 16, 162	\RTL@outputdblcol 73
	\vrule 17
	tex commands:
options:	\tex_cleaders:D 184
tikz 3	\tex kern:D 173, 186
twocolumn 3	\tex vfill:D 172, 174, 188
р	tikz (option)
\path	tl commands:
prop commands:	\tl if blank:nTF 110
\prop_get:NnNTF 274	\tl_set:Nn 109
\prop_gput:Nnn	\l_tmpa_t1 109, 110, 112, 274, 276, 281
\prop_item:\Nn 281	twocolumn (option)
\prop_new:N	\twocolumn 1, 4
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