multicolrule — Decorative rules between columns*

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Abstract

The multicolrule package lets you customize the appearance of the vertical rule that appears between columns of multicolumn text. It is primarily intended to work with the multicol package, hence its name, but it also supports the twocolumn option and \twocolumn macro provided by the standard classes (and related classes such as the KOMA-Script equivalents), as well as the bidi package (and through it, all RTL scripts loaded with polyglossia).

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^{*}This file describes version v1.1, last revised 2018/12/20.

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Change History

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1 Introduction

line-style=dashed

In LTEX, there are two lengths that control the formatting between columns of multicolumn text: \columnsep specifies the space between adjacent columns, and \columnseprule specifies the width of a solid vertical rule that is placed centered between the columns. The multicol package adds the ability to change the color of the rule, but in both vanilla LTEX and multicol, the rule itself is drawn directly inside the routines that output the column boxes, and is therefore difficult for users to alter.

Of course it's a legitimate question why anyone should *want* to change this rule, or indeed use one at all, as good typography tends to avoid using large vertical lines.¹ In my own

case, I needed to modify the rule because of the requirements of a particular style I was imitating, and having done the hard work of creating the necessary infrastructure for one line style, it was simple to extend the solution to a more general case. I hope someone else will find the options here useful.

Note—in case it isn't obvious yet—that this guide illustrates the basic line styles that multicolrule makes available throught the document. The default line-width is 0.4pt (thin), and the default color is Maroon. You can find examples of rules created with all available options in the file mcrule-example.pdf.

1.1 Bugs and Known Limitations

line-stvle=dots

There are likely bugs that remain to be uncovered, as well as missing features and inefficient methods that should be improved upon. The development code is maintained on github (https://github.com/polysyllabic/multicolrule), and you can file feature requests or bug reports there. Alternatively, you can send an email to latex@polysyllabic.com. I welcome contributions for additional styles, especially to provide more options when running the package without tikz.

The line styles that work by repeating elements in a tiled pattern may have significant gaps at the end of columns, particularly for larger patterns. You can mitigate this problem slightly by tweaking the spaces above and below a pattern, but the basic problem is a side-effect of the way these patterns are implemented (with \cleaders), which means that only an integer number of copies can be

produced. Lines drawn with tikz do not have this problem.

I have also noticed occasional instances, most noticeably when a multicols environment starts near the bottom of a page and the columns continue to the next one, where the rules are either somewhat shorter than they should be or shifted upward from where they belong. In the limited testing I have done, this appears to be a consequence of how multicol works, as the default rules show the same behavior. I may try to nail down this issue in future version, but as it's an edge case that disappears when you add page breaks or rewrite the text to alter how the columns are filled, it hasn't seemed worth taking the time to fix at this point.

This package works by patching the output routines of either multicol or the LATEX kernel, depending on the mode of operation. If bidi is loaded, it will also patch that. It

See, for example, the remarks in the documentation for the booktabs package

2 PACKAGE OPTIONS

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will have no effect if you use a class or package that outputs column text via alternate mechanisms. This includes parcolumns, and probably other classes and packages designed to typeset parallel-column text as well, although I have not done a survey to determine whether this is the case. If you would like support for one of these, please send me an email or file a feature request on github and

I'll see what I can do.

multicolrule is written using expl3 syntax, and so requires a less-than-ancient installation of ETEX. It uses the packages l3keys2e, xparse, xpatch, and xcolor, and depending on the mode of operation may also require multicol and tikz. If you have an up-to-date distribution, these requirements should cause no issues.

1.2 License

line-style=dotted, width=ultra-thick

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The latest version of this license is in http: //www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt.

This work has the LPPL maintenance status 'maintained.' The Current Maintainer of this work is Karl Hagen.

2 Package Options

2.1 Default Operation

line-style=dash-dot

If you load multicolrule with its default settings, it will enable multicol support, and that package will be loaded if it hasn't been already. Note that if you need to pass any parameters to multicol, such as docolaction, you should load multicol with the appropriate settings before you load multicolrule, as LTEX does not support reloading packages with different parameters.

2.2 Option 'twocolumn'

The multicolrule package recognizes the option twocolumn, either as a package option or as a global class option. If you pass this option to your document class, you do not need to pass it a second time to the package. It is only necessary to use the package option if you plan to have a predominantly one-column document and use \twocolumn to switch temporarily into two-column mode.

Because multicol does not work well with the ordinary two-column mode, multicolrule is only designed to work with one or the other at a time. If you try to use the twocolumn option when multicol has already been loaded, you will receive a warning, and nothing is guaranteed. But the custom rules will at best only appear in the conventional two-column mode and not within a multicols environment.

2.3 Option 'tikz'

You have access to a wider set of line styles if you also use the tikz package. Some line styles are only available if tikz is enabled, and others look better with it. The default behavior of multicolrule depends on the status of the tikz package at the time multicolrule is loaded. If multicolrule detects that tikz is already loaded, then tikz support will be enabled by default. Otherwise, you need the tikz to enable it. This option also accepts explicit boolean values, so you can pass tikz=false if you want to explicitly disable tikz support. If tikz support is not enabled (or if it is explicitly disabled), the line styles marked tikz only in section 3.1 will be unavailable and errors will result if you try to use them.

3 The User Interface

line-style=circles,
width=2pt

The multicolrule package has just a single user command:

 $\SetMCRule \{\langle key-value \rangle\}$

which takes one parameter containing a key-value list of all options you want to set. You can issue this command in the preamble or the document body. Changes to the rule settings are local to the current group. For example, if you call \SetMCRule inside a multicols environment, the rule settings will revert to their previous values once the environment ends. Also note that

any changes made with \SetMCRule when multiple columns are active will appear starting on the same page as your current location when you issue the command, and will extend the height of the full column box. It is not possible to have a rule change styles in the middle of a page unless you close out one multicols environment and begin another.

Table 1 summarizes the keys available in \SetMCRule. The functions of each is described in detail in the sections that follow.

Table 1: \SetMCRule keys

| Key | Purpose |
|-----------------|---|
| color | Set the color of the rule (see sec. 3.2) |
| color-model | Set the color model of the rule (see sec. 3.2) |
| custom-line | Set a custom tikz line for the rule (<i>tikz only</i> ; see 3.1.2) |
| custom-pattern | Set a custom individual pattern for the rule (see 3.1.2) |
| custom-tile | Set a custom tiling pattern for the rule (see 3.1.2) |
| double | Draw two copies of the rule (see sec. 3.4) |
| line-style | Select the type of rule printed (see sec. 3.1) |
| single | Draw a single copy of the rule (default; see sec. 3.4) |
| repeat | Set the number of times to draw the rule (see sec. 3.4) |
| repeat-distance | Set the horizontal space between adjacent copies of repeated |
| | rules (see sec. 3.4) |
| triple | Draw three copies of the rule (see sec. 3.4) |
| width | Set the width of the rule (see sec. 3.3) |

3.1 Styles with the 'line-style' option

line-style=solidcircles, width=4pt You choose a style for the rule with the line-style key. The default style is solid. In addition to the predefined styles, there are also several ways to get multicolrule to draw custom shapes in place of the column rule. The width of most line styles depends on the setting of \columnseprule, which is the default FTEX length that controls the width of the column rule (see section 3.3).

Table 2 summarizes the available line styles. Most of the basic shapes used to form the patterns come in three versions, which differ only in how closely the pattern is spaced: normal, dense, and loose. These settings parallel those found in tikz, and those line styles whose names are identical to the line patterns in tikz (apart from the substitution of '-' for spaces) produce the same effect.

Table 2: Styles available for the line-style key

| Style | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| circles | A series of hollow circles (tikz only) |
| dash-dot | A dash followed by a square dot (tikz only) |
| dash-dot-dot | A dash followed by two square dots (tikz only) |
| dashed | A series of dashed lines |
| dense-circles | The same as circles but more closely spaced (<i>tikz</i> only) |
| dense-dots | The same as dots but more closely spaced |
| dense-solid-circles | The same as solid-circles but more closely spaced (tikz only) |
| densely-dash-dot | The same as dash-dot but more closely spaced (<i>tikz only</i>) |
| densely-dash-dot-dot | The same as dash-dot-dot but more closely spaced (tikz only) |
| densely-dashed | The same as dashed but more closely spaced |
| densely-dotted | The same as dotted but more closely spaced |
| dots | A series of dots drawn with the period (full-stop) of |
| | the current font |
| dotted | A series of square dots |
| loose-dots | The same as dots but spaced further apart |
| loose-circles | The same as circles but spaced further apart (<i>tikz only</i>) |
| loose-solid-circles | The same as solid-circles but spaced further apart (<i>tikz only</i>) |
| loosely-dash-dot | The same as dash-dot but spaced further apart (<i>tikz</i> only) |
| loosely-dash-dot-dot | The same as dash-dot-dot but spaced further apart (tikz only) |
| loosely-dashed | The same as dashed but spaced further apart |
| loosely-dotted | The same as dotted but spaced further apart |
| solid | A solid line (<i>default</i>) |
| solid-circles | A series of filled circles (tikz only) |

3.1.1 Notes on the Styles

line-style=solid

The solid line style is the default. In fact, if you make no calls to \SetMCRule after loading multicolrule, the column divider will behave exactly as it does with the ordinary multicol package. You can alter its width and color either with the width and color keys described in sections 3.3 and 3.2, respectively, or you can set the width directly by changing the value of \columnseprule and renewing the \columnseprulecolor macro. Like all line styles, the solid line can be repeated as many times as you like (see section 3.4).

The dots style and its variants are rendered with a period (.) in the currently active font. This means that changing \columnseprule will not change the size of these dots, although, as with all rules, it will not appear at all if \columnseprule is set to 0pt.

The dotted styles differ from dots in that the former are squares with side lengths equal to \columnseprule. This mirrors the behavior of the equivalently named dotted patterns in tikz.

3.1.2 Custom Patterns

custom-tile= {\pattern\} {\space above\} {\space below\}

custom-tile=
{\SparkleBold}
{16pt}{16pt}

There are three options to create custom rules with multicolrule. The first is the custom-tile key. This creates a rule consisting of vertically stacked boxes of arbitrary content—the tile—running the height of the column separator. The custom-tile key takes three parameters, which must all be enclosed brackets and may not be omitted. The first should contain the tokens you want to appear as the content of the tile. The second

is a dimension specifying the leading vertical space to apply above each copy of the tile. The third is a dimension specifying the trailing vertical space to insert below each copy of the tile.

The rule in this section uses the \SparkleBold symbol from bbding. Notice that when you use the custom-tile parameter, you do *not* specify a separate line-style.

custom-pattern= $\{\langle pattern \rangle\}\ \{\langle shift\ down \rangle\}\ \{\langle shift\ up \rangle\}$

custom-pattern=
{\HandRight}
{0pt}{0pt}

The second custom option is with the custom-pattern key. The syntax is identical to that for custom-tile, but the content you specify will appear once per page or column pair (if the columns occupy less than a full page). This content will be vertically cen-

tered if the second and third parameters are both 0pt. You can shift the content down by increasing the second parameter, and up by increasing the third. The rule in this section uses the \HandRight symbol from bbding.

custom-line= $\{\langle draw \ command \rangle\}$

custom-line={
 \draw[line width=
 \columnseprule] (TOP)
to [ornament=88]
(BOT);},
width=1pt

The third custom pattern involves setting your own tikz drawing function using the key custom-line. The rule in this section is drawn with an ornament from pgfornaments. Obviously, this feature requires tikz support. The value you provide to the custom-line key should consist of a tikz command, such as \draw, without the surrounding tikzpicture environment.

Before the drawing command is called, multicolrule will set up a tikzpicture with both the x- and y-coordinates scaled to points, and two nodes, named (TOP) and (BOT), which are set to the coordinates of the top and bottom of the rule. You can then specify

your own \draw function in whatever way you like. The rule separating these columns was drawn with a decorative element from the pgfornaments package.

This function will use the color set in \columnseprulecolor if you don't set it explicitly within the tikz command, but you must provide everything else necessary to draw the line correctly, including the line width. Note that this function should be considered experimental. It works for single-line commands such as the one shown in the example, but I haven't tested it with anything more elaborate.

3.2 Colors

line-style=solid,
width=2pt
color-model=cmy,
color={0.7,0.5,0.3}

You can set colors for the rule through the color and, optionally, the color-model keys. multicolrule loads the xcolor package to manage colors, and the color parameter accepts any name that xcolor recognizes, either

natively or as the result of any names you have defined with \definecolor (see the xcolor documentation). Note that if you want to use color names that are defined through the one of xcolor's package options, you must

load xcolor before both multicolrule and tikz with the relevant options.

To specify a color by a numeric specification, you use the color-model parameter to specify any color model that xcolor recognizes (rgb, cmy, etc), and color to hold the color-specification list. Because that list is itself comma-separated, you must enclose it in brackets.

The current color setting can always be found in \columnseprulecolor. If you are

running in twocolumn mode without multicol, this command will be provided and colors will work the same way they do with multicol. Note that setting the color key causes \columnseprulecolor to be redefined within the current group only. If you directly redefine \columnseprulecolor, the color of the custom rule will reflect this setting. This way, the settings of any packages that might alter the rule color will be respected.

3.3 Width

line-style=dash-dotdot,
width=thick

You can set the width of the rule with the width key. Legal values are any explicit dimension or dimension expression, as well as with names that parallel those used by tikz, except that spaces in the key names are replaced with hyphens.

The current width of the rule is kept in \columnseprule, just as in vanilla LTEX, and if it is set separately, the custom rule's

width will reflect this change. Note that although some line styles do not depend directly on \columnseprule to calculate their actual width, the value of \columnseprule must be greater than 0pt for any rule to appear. This behavior is intentional and is in keeping with the way the default column rules work.

Table 3: Sizes of named line widths

| Name | Width |
|-------------|-------|
| ultra-thin | 0.1pt |
| very-thin | 0.2pt |
| thin | 0.4pt |
| semithick | 0.6pt |
| thick | 0.8pt |
| very-thick | 1.2pt |
| ultra-thick | 1.6pt |

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3.4 Repeated Rules

line-style=
dash-dot-dot,
triple=2pt

You can draw multiple, adjacent copies of any rule by setting the number of times to draw the rule with the repeat key. The space between copies is controlled with the repeat-distance key. Initially, this distance is set to \columnseprule.

The keys single, double, and triple are shorthand methods to set the number of repeats and the repeat-distance

at the same time. If use the key without a value repeat-distance is set to \columnseprule.

There are no checks made to ensure that repeated rules will fit in the available space between columns, so you should be careful using these commands, especially with thicker rules.

4 Implementation

\g__mcrule_twocolumn_bool \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool

\l_mcrule_repeat_int \l_mcrule_repeat_distance_dim

 $\label{local_local_local} $$ l_{mcrule_extend_top_dim} $$$

\l__mcrule_extend_bot_dim

\l_mcrule_color_name_tl

\l__mcrule_color_model_tl

\l_mcrule_extend_reserve_dim

30 } { }

\l__mcrule_extend_fill_bool

```
2 (@@=mcrule)
 4.1 Preliminaries
  3 \ProvidesExplPackage {multicolrule} {2018/12/20} {1.1}
          {Decorative~vertical~rules~between~columns}
          We always need these packages.
  5 \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
  6 \RequirePackage{xpatch}
  7 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
  8 \RequirePackage{scrlfile}
         Define the messages we use.
  9 \msg_new:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-success} {Patched~#1.}
  10 \msg_new:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-failure} {Error~patching~#1.}
 n \msg_new:nnn {multicolrule} {tikz-required}
 12 {The~'#1'~setting~requires~tikz~to~work.~Either~load~tikz~before~you~load~
          multicolrule~or~use~multicolrule's~'tikz'~package~option.}
 \verb|| \mbox{|} \mbox{
          option \verb|-with-multicol-| already-loaded.-You-will-likely-run-into-| problems.|
Flags for package options
 16 \bool_new:N \g__mcrule_twocolumn_bool
 17 \bool_new:N \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
(End definition for \g_{mcrule\_twocolumn\_bool} and \g_{mcrule\_use\_tikz\_bool.})
Variables to support repeated copies of the rule.
18 \int_new:N \l__mcrule_repeat_int
 19 \int_set:Nn \l__mcrule_repeat_int {1}
 20 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_repeat_distance_dim
(End definition for \1_mcrule_repeat_int and \1_mcrule_repeat_distance_dim.)
Variables to control the distance to extend the rule above and below the natural column height.
 21 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_top_dim
 22 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_bot_dim
23 \bool_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_fill_bool
 24 \dim_new:N \l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim
(End definition for \label{local_end} 1_{mcrule_extend_top_dim} and others.)
Keep name and color model so we can set them separately while retaining the value of the other
 25 \tl_new:N \l__mcrule_color_name_tl
 26 \tl_new:N \l__mcrule_color_model_tl
(\textit{End definition for } \ 1\_mcru1e\_co1or\_name\_t1 \ \textit{and } \ 1\_mcru1e\_co1or\_mode1\_t1.)
         If tikz is already loaded, enable tikz-sensitive line styles unless the user explicitly disables
 them. If tikz is not already loaded, these functions are disabled unless they are explicitly loaded.
 27 \@ifpackageloaded{tikz}
```

\bool_gset_true:N \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool

Set up the keys for package options and process them.

4.2 Patching Output Routines

__mcrule_column_height:
__mcrule_column_depth:

Get the height and depth of the box appropriate to the supported mode.

```
38 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_column_height: {}
39 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_column_depth: {}
```

Now that we know what mode we're going to run in, we patch the output routine(s) to substitute our custom rule for the vanilla one. Since multicol doesn't fully support twocolumn mode, we patch one or the other, but not both.

```
\__mcrule_patch_mcol_output:N
```

```
40 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__mcrule_patch_mcol_output:N #1
41 {
42  \xpatchcmd{#1} {\vrule\@width\columnseprule} {\mcruledivider}
43    {\msg_info:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-success} {#1}}
44    {\msg_info:nnn {multicolrule} {patch-failure} {#1}}
```

__mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N

Provide the column-color macro from multicol.

```
\cs_gset:Npn \columnseprulecolor {\normalcolor}
\cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_height: {\box_ht:N \@outputbox}
\cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_depth: {\box_dp:N \@outputbox}
\__mcrule_patch_twocol_output:N \@outputdblcol
```

Now patch the relevant code in <code>\@outputdblcol</code>, replacing the hard-coded rule with a macro that we can overwrite.

```
\label{eq:local_normalisation} $$ \sum_{merule\_patch\_twocol\_output:N \endownerse} $$
```

bidi has two output routines to patch, and it insists on being loaded after xcolor, tikz, and multicol, so it must always be loaded after us. We use \AfterPackage from scrlfile to insert the patch if bidi is loaded later on.

Although taking the height of \mult@rightbox is a reliable way to get the column height, the same isn't true for the depth, so we use \dimen\tw@, which multicol uses to hold the maximum depth of all the columns, instead.

```
72 \cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_height: {\box_ht:N \mult@rightbox}
73 \cs_gset:Npn \__mcrule_column_depth: {\dimen\tw@}
```

We need to reissue \LRmulticolcolumns to update the actual code in \mc@align@columns.

```
4 \LRmulticolcolumns
```

The bidi package supplies its own versions of most core multicol functions, including the output boxes. Much of this is unnecessary, as current versions of multicol support printing the columns in right-to-left order, and the effect is to leave the original multicol definitions loaded but unused. As a result, after these changes, the multicol commands \LRmulticolcolumns and \RLmulticolcolumns have no visible effect. But as bidi also reworks the footnotes extensively, it's easier just to patch the equivalent output routines rather than rewrite it properly.

```
75 \AfterPackage!{bidi}
76 {
77 \cs_gset_eq:NN \LTR@column@boxes \LR@column@boxes
78 \cs_gset_eq:NN \RTL@column@boxes \RL@column@boxes
```

While we're at it, we also redefine \LRmulticolcolumns and \RLmulticolcolumns so they work the way people expect them to.

4.3 Creating the Rules

Utility functions for different rule types

\mcruledivider

This is the function directly called by the patched output routines. It's given a LageX2 name so the user can redefine it if necessary. Its main function is to call the internal function __mcrule_-divider:, which contains the actual rule-typesetting instructions, the number of times specified in \l__mcrule_repeat_int. We only call __mcrule_divider: if \columnseprule > 0, so that all line styles can be turned off by setting it to 0, just as is the case with the vanilla rules.

 $(\textit{End definition for } \backslash \textit{mcruledivider}. \textit{ This function is documented on page \ref{eq:page-1}})$

```
\__mcrule_column_total_height:
\__mcrule_column_total_depth:
\__mcrule_extend_column_top:
\__mcrule_extend_column_bottom:
\__mcrule_extend_reserve:
```

Get column height and depth with any explicit alterations.

```
97 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_column_total_height:
98 {
99    \dim_eval:n {\__mcrule_column_height: + \__mcrule_column_depth: +
100    \__mcrule_extend_column_top: + \__mcrule_extend_column_bottom:}
101 }
102 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_column_total_depth:
103 {
104    \dim_eval:n {\__mcrule_column_depth: + \__mcrule_extend_column_bottom:}
105 }
```

Currently, the extend amount for the top is just the $\1_@@_extend_top_dim$ distance. In the future we may allow more complex criteria, such as by odd or even page, or on a particular page. Although these might theoretically be useful, I'm not going to implement them until someone comes along with a use-case for it.

```
106 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_extend_column_top:
107 {
108 \l__mcrule_extend_top_dim
109 }
```

The extend-fill option, which is only applicable with multicol, extends the rule from the bottom of the column to the end of the text area, minus whatever reserved space the user specifies. If there's less space available than requested, we give everything we can.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_extend_column_bottom:
111 {
     \bool_lazy_and:nnTF
     \{\bool_if_p:n\ \{\l_mcrule_extend_fill_bool\}\}
     \{\bool\_not\_p:n\ \{\g\_mcrule\_twocolumn\_bool\}\}
114
115
       \dim_compare:nNnTF
116
       {\@colroom - \_mcrule_column_height: - \_mcrule_extend_reserve:} > {0pt}
       \label{lem:column_height: - lem:crule_extend_reserve:} \\
118
119
       {0pt}
120
     }
     \{ \verb|\lambda| length{$<$} ule_extend_bot_dim \}
121
122 }
```

The reserve space is the amount of user-provided space we want, but we also have to account for the space added with \multicolsep.

```
123 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_extend_reserve:
124 {
125    \dim_compare:nNnTF {\l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim} > {0pt}
126    {\dim_eval:n {\l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim + \multicolsep}}
127    {0pt}
128 }
```

__mcrule_divider:

This is the internal routine that contains the instructions to draw one copy of rule between columns. The default is identical to the original definition used by multicol. It will be reset each time the user calls \MCSetRule.

```
\label{locality} $$ \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_divider: {\__mcrule_debug_log:n {default} } $$ \vrule_@width\columnseprule}
```

__mcrule_pattern:nnn

```
\mbox{$\ \subseteq$ mcrule\_pattern:nnn } \{\langle pattern \rangle\} \ \{\langle space\ above \rangle\} \ \{\langle space\ below \rangle\}
```

Typesets a single copy of a pattern, vertically centered, in a vertical box that is the height of the current column. The pattern must be something that can go in a horizontal box. The spaces above and below must be fixed dimensions.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \__mcrule_pattern:nnn #1#2#3
132 {
    \box_move_down:nn {\__mcrule_column_total_depth:}
133
134
       \vbox_to_ht:nn {\__mcrule_column_total_height:}
136
         \vfill
137
         \kern #2 \hbox:n{#1} \kern #3
138
         \vfill
139
      }
140
    }
141
142 }
143
  \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_debug_log:n #1
144 {
145
    \t1_log:n {#1}
    \dim_log:N \pagegoal
146
    \dim_log:N \maxdimen
147
    \dim_log:N \pagetotal
148
    \dim_log:n {\pagegoal - \pagetotal}
149
    \dim_log:N \page@free
150
    \dim_log:N \dimen@
    \dim_compare:nNnTF {\dimen@} = {\__mcrule_column_height:}
153
       \{ tl_log: n \{dimen@ = box~height \} \}
154
       {\dim_log:n {\__mcrule_column_height:}}
    \dim_log:N \@colroom
155
    \dim_log:n {\dimen\tw@}
156
    \dim_compare:nNnTF {\dimen\tw@} = {\__mcrule_column_depth:}
157
       \{ tl_log:n \{dimen@ = box~depth \} \}
158
       {\dim log:n {\ mcrule column depth:}}
159
    \dim_log:n {\__mcrule_column_total_height:}
160
    \dim_log:n {\__mcrule_column_total_depth:}
162 }
```

```
\cline{1.5} \cli
```

Typesets multiple copies of pattern, tiled so as to occupy a vertical box that is the height of the current column. The pattern must be something that can go in a horizontal box. The spaces above and below must be fixed dimensions.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn #1#2#3
164 {
165
       _mcrule_debug_log:n {tile~#1}
166
    \box_move_down:nn {\__mcrule_column_total_depth:}
167
       \vbox_to_ht:nn {\__mcrule_column_total_height:}
168
         \cleaders \vbox:n
           \kern #2 \hbox:n{#1} \kern #3
         }
       \vfill
174
175
       }
    }
176
177 }
```

This function can draw a line pattern using either a tikz name or directly (as a tiled pattern). The latter case is currently limited to line patterns that can be described in terms of a solid line of length $\langle height \rangle$ separated by spaces above and/or below the line.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn #1#2#3#4
179 {
180
       _mcrule_debug_log:n {line~#1}
     \bool_if:NTF \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
181
182
         _mcrule_pattern_line:n {#1}
183
    }
184
185
     {
         _mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {\rule{\columnseprule}{#2}}{#3}{#4}
186
     }
187
188 }
```

__mcrule_solid_line:

Unlike the default solid line, which is created with a simple \vrule, this version allows us to extend the line beyond the natural space of the column.

```
189 \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_solid_line:
190 {
191 \__mcrule_debug_log:n {solid~line}
192 \rule[-\__mcrule_column_total_depth:]{\columnseprule}{\__mcrule_column_total_height:}
193 }
```

4.3.1 Tikz-only Routines

If we're supporting tikz, make sure it's loaded and redefine the relevant functions. We turn off exp13 syntax to load the package because tikz relies on 2e catcodes, especially for spaces.

```
194 \bool_if:NTF \g__mcrule_use_tikz_bool
```

```
195 {
196  \ExplSyntaxOff
197  \RequirePackage{tikz}
198  \ExplSyntaxOn
```

__mcrule_tikz_picture:n

```
\mbox{\colored} \__mcrule_tikz_picture:n {\langle draw function \rangle}
```

Set up the tikzpicture environment and declare two nodes, named (TOP) and (BOT). This way we can pass a \draw routine directly, without worrying about the line's coordinates.

```
199 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_tikz_picture:n #1
200 {
201  \__mcrule_debug_log:n {tikz~picture}
202  \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt,
203  baseline={([yshift=\__mcrule_column_total_depth:]current~bounding~box.south)}]
204  \node (TOP) at (0,\__mcrule_column_total_height:) {};
205  \node (BOT) at (0,0) {};
206  #1
207  \end{tikzpicture}
208 }
```

__mcrule_pattern_line:n

```
\mbox{\ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \m
```

For the tikz versions of the predefined lines, we just draw a line the length of the column box. $\langle tikz \ pattern \rangle$ should contain the name of a line style that tikz recognizes.

```
209 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_pattern_line:n #1
210 {
211   \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt,
212    baseline={([yshift=\__mcrule_column_total_depth:]current~bounding~box.south)}]
213   \draw[line~width=\columnseprule,#1] (0,\__mcrule_column_total_height:) -- (0,0);
214   \end{tikzpicture}
215 }
```

__mcrule_circle:

Draw a hollow circle with a diameter equal to \columnseprule. This will be used as a tile pattern.

```
216 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_circle:
217 {
218 \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt]
219 \draw (0,0) circle[radius=.5\columnseprule];
220 \end{tikzpicture}
221 }
```

__mcrule_solid_circle:

Draw a filled circle with a diameter equal to \columnseprule. This will be used as a tile pattern.

```
222 \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_solid_circle:
223 {
224 \begin{tikzpicture}[x=1pt,y=1pt,inner~sep=0pt,outer~sep=0pt]
225 \fill (0,0) circle[radius=.5\columnseprule];
226 \end{tikzpicture}
227 }
228 }
```

In case tikz functions are not active, we provide stubs that issue error messages.

```
229 {
230     \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_tikz_picture:n #1
231     {\msg_error:nnn {multicolrule} {tikz-required} {#1}}
232     \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_pattern_line:n #1
233     {\msg_error:nnn {multicolrule} {tikz-required} {#1}}
234     \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_circle:
235     {\msg_error:nnn {multicolrule} {tikz-required} {circles}}
236     \cs_new:Npn \__mcrule_solid_circle:
237     {\msg_error:nnn {multicolrule} {tikz-required} {solid-circles}}
238 }
```

4.4 Color

__mcrule_set_rule_color:

Reset color definition in \columnseprulecolor by name or by model and color specification.

```
239 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__mcrule_set_rule_color:
240 {
     \tl_if_empty:NT \l__mcrule_color_name_tl
241
242
       \tl_set:Nn \l__mcrule_color_name_tl {black}
243
244
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__mcrule_color_model_tl
246
247
       \cs_set:Npn \columnseprulecolor {\color{\l_mcrule_color_name_tl}}
248
     }
249
       \cs_set:Npn \columnseprulecolor
250
       {\color[\l_mcrule_color_model_tl]{\l_mcrule_color_name_tl}}
251
252
253 }
```

4.5 Key-Values

Set up all the key definitions. For the line styles, this involves resetting __mcrule_divider: to an appropriate value.

```
254 \keys_define:nn {mcrule}
255 {
    extend-top
                                       .dim_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_top_dim,
256
    extend-bot
                                       .dim_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_bot_dim,
257
    extend-fill
                                       .bool_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_fill_bool,
    extend-fill
                                       .default:n = true,
    extend-reserve
                                     .dim_set:N = \l__mcrule_extend_reserve_dim,
    line-style
261
                                       .choice:,
    line-style / default
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
262
      {\__mcrule_debug_log:n {default}
263
        \vrule\@width\columnseprule},
264
    line-style / solid
                                       .code:n = \cs set:Npn \ mcrule divider:
265
      {\__mcrule_solid_line:},
266
                                       .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
267
    line-style / dots
      {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {.}{1pt}{1pt}},
```

```
line-style / dense-dots
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    270
             line-style / loose-dots
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {.}{2pt}{2pt}},
             line-style / circles
                                                                                                                 .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {\__mcrule_circle:}{1pt}{1pt}},
274
             line-style / dense-circles
                                                                                                                .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
275
                   {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {\__mcrule_circle:}{1pt}{0pt}},
             line-style / loose-circles
                                                                                                                .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\clustered} {\c
278
             line-style / solid-circles
                                                                                                                 .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
279
                    {\column{c} $\{\column{c} \column{c} \colum
280
             line-style / dense-solid-circles .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
281
                    \label{lem:nnn} $$ \{\sum_{circle:} \{1pt\} \{0pt\} \}$,
282
             line-style / loose-solid-circles .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
283
                    {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn {\__mcrule_solid_circle:}{2pt}{2pt}},
284
             line-style / dotted
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
285
                    {\cline{1pt}{1pt}{nr}},
286
             line-style / densely-dotted
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                   {\__mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn {densely~dotted}{\columnseprule}{1pt}{0pt}},
             line-style / loosely-dotted
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                   {\__mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn {loosely~dotted}{\columnseprule}{2pt}{2pt}},
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
             line-style / dashed
291
                    {\cluster {\cluster constraints of the constraint of the constraints of the constraints
292
             line-style / densely-dashed
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
293
                    {\__mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn {densely~dashed}{3pt}{1pt}{1pt}},
294
295
             line-style / loosely-dashed
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\__mcrule_line_pattern:nnnn {loosely~dashed}{3pt}{3pt}{3pt}},
296
             line-style / dash-dot
297
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{dash~dot}},
             line-style / densely-dash-dot
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{densely~dash~dot}},
300
             line-style / loosely-dash-dot
                                                                                                                  .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
301
                    {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{loosely~dash~dot}},
302
             line-style / dash-dot-dot
                                                                                                                     .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \ \ \_mcrule\_divider:
303
                    {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{dash~dot~dot}},
304
             line-style / densely-dash-dot-dot .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
305
                    {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{densely~dash~dot~dot}},
306
307
             line-style / loosely-dash-dot-dot .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                   {\__mcrule_pattern_line:n{loosely~dash~dot~dot}},
             color
                                                                                                                     .code:n = {
                    \tl_set:Nn \l__mcrule_color_name_tl {#1}
310
                    \__mcrule_set_rule_color:
311
             },
             color-model
                                                                                                                     .code:n = {
                    \tl_set:Nn \l__mcrule_color_model_tl {#1}
314
                    \__mcrule_set_rule_color:
             },
316
                                                                          .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
             custom-line
317
318
                    {\__mcrule_tikz_picture:n {#1}},
319
             custom-pattern
                                                                          .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
320
                    {\__mcrule_pattern:nnn #1},
321
             custom-tile
                                                                          .code:n = \cs_set:Npn \__mcrule_divider:
                    {\__mcrule_tile_pattern:nnn #1},
322
```

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```
.choice:,
  width
  width \ / \ ultra-thin \ \ .code:n = \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \{0.1pt\},
324
  width / very-thin .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.2pt},
325
  width / semithick   .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {0.6pt},
327
  width / very-thick .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {1.2pt},
  width / ultra-thick .code:n = \dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {1.6pt},
  width / unknown .code:n = {\dim_set:Nn \columnseprule {#1}},
332
  repeat
                   .int_set:N = \l__mcrule_repeat_int,
  333
                   .meta:n = {
334
   single
    repeat = 1,
335
    repeat-distance = #1
336
337
                  .default:n = \columnseprule,
   single
338
                   .meta:n = {
339
    repeat = 2,
     repeat-distance = #1
                   .default:n = \columnseprule,
343
   double
344
   triple
                   .meta:n = {
    repeat = 3,
345
    repeat-distance = #1
346
   },
347
348
   triple
                   .default:n = \columnseprule,
349 }
```

4.6 User Interface

With only one command, this section is short. All we do is set whatever keys the user passes. All the real work is done in the definitions above.

```
\SetMCRule \SetMCRule \{\langle key\text{-}value\ 1ist\rangle\}

350 \NewDocumentCommand\{\SetMCRule\}\{m\}

351 \{

352 \keys_set:nn \{mcrule\}\{\#1\}
```

353 }

(End definition for \SetMCRule. This function is documented on page ??.)

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