Economic Aspects of Libre Software

Master on Libre Software (URJC) http://master.libresoft.es

Jesus M. Gonzalez-Barahona, Felipe Ortega

jgb@gsyc.es jfelipe@libresoft.es @jgbarah @felipe GSyC/LibreSoft, Universidad Rey Juan Carlos

November 2011



Presentation

Libres oft

©2010, 2011 Jesus M. Gonzalez-Barahona, Felipe Ortega. Some rights reserved.

This document is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 3.0 licence, available in



The (business, economic) role of libre software

- Functionality:
 Easy access to cutting-edge functionality
- Acquisition of technology:
 Libre software is a transfer of technology engine
- Economic efficiency:
 In many cases, libre software case is the most efficient
- New opportunities:
 Libre software changes rules and permits new opportunities
- Service economy:
 Software as a service, instead of software as a product
- Adaptability, conformance to needs:

 Jesus M. Gonzalez-Barahona, Felipe Ortega

 Economic

 Economic

Specific impact in the business fabric

- Creation of production fabric:
 Expenditure in services, network of companies of different sizes
- Creation of quality employment:
 Jobs related to development, maintenance, management, innovation
- Cost savings, better use of public expenditure (funds for development): More and better impact of public expenditure
- Improved competitiveness:
 Use of specific libre software, incremental development in IT sectors
- Promotion of the value of innovation:



Libre software as a disruptive factor

Libre software means new opportunities with disruptive potentials, creation of a sustainable production fabric and provision of means for improvements in many sectors



Some consequences of software "freedom"

- Cost: model very different from proprietary software
- Openness: can be modified, inspected, studied
- Distribution: new channels, new methods
- Development: 'surprising' development models
- Maintenance and support: Real competition

Mixture of two powerful mechanisms:

- Competition (with the same software base)
- Cooperation (even involuntary)



Some business arguments

- Advantages of public scrutiny and chances for improvements
- Real competition in development and maintenance
- Technical feasibility vs. marketing
- Easy testing, deployment, update
- Lower barriers to business opportunities
- Non-formal collaboration and pooling of resources
- Technology transfer
- Libre software as an strategic tool



What disappears when a business uses libre software?

- Dependence on monopolies:
 Real competition, better products, better services
- Importance of vendor reliability:
 Future depends on product acceptance
- Decisions taken based on few elements:
 Software can be tested in its real environment, at a very low cost
- Dependence on the strategy of providers:
 Decisions on the evolution of a product taken for those contributing with resources
- Confidence on "black boxes":



Conclusions?

- Libre software is a viable business option
- Allows for new business opportunities...
- ...but it is important to know how to take advantage of those