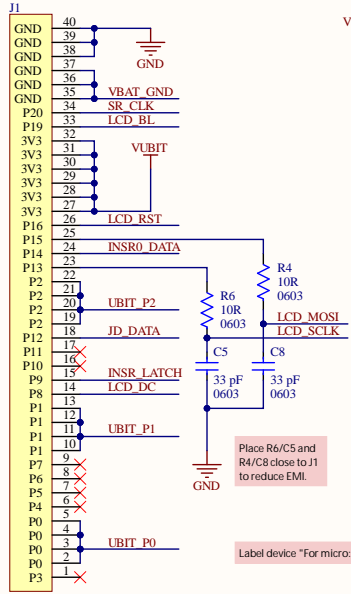


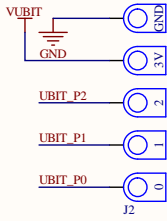
micro:bit connections

190 mA max current draw from micro:bit V2.

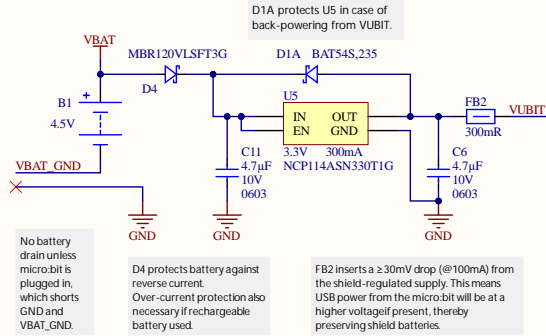


Dongguan Yuliang
MIC127-140-D01

Exposing the 5 micro:bit edge connector 'rings' means users can use them to extend the functionality of their games.



On-shield battery supply



No battery drain unless micro:bit is plugged in, which shorts GND and VBAT_GND.

D4 protects battery against reverse current. Over-current protection also necessary if rechargeable battery used.

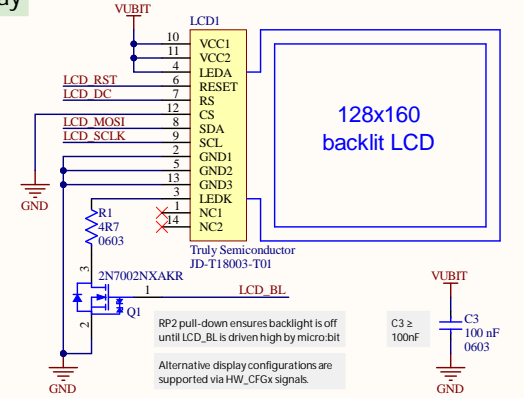
FB2 inserts a $\geq 30mV$ drop (@100mA) from the shield-regulated supply. This means USB power from the micro:bit will be at a higher voltage if present, thereby preserving shield batteries.

Shield display needs 3.3V to operate reliably.

If the micro:bit is USB-powered, 3.3V from the edge connector is used. Otherwise, 3x on-board AA cells provide 3.3V for the shield via U5.

If the micro:bit is battery powered and the 3x on-shield AA cells provide less than $\sim 3.0V$, shield operation is unreliable.

Display



Truly Semiconductor JD-T18003-T01

RP2 pull-down ensures backlight is off until LCD_BL is driven high by micro:bit.

Alternative display configurations are supported via HW_CFGx signals.

Hardware configuration

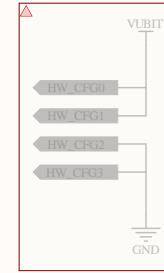
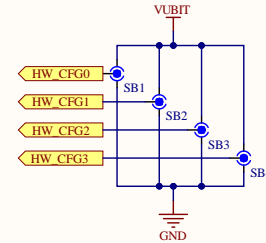
HW_CFG0	Display rotation
0	Rotated 180 degrees.
1	Not rotated.

HW_CFG3	HW_CFG2	HW_CFG1	Hardware configuration
0	0	0	Reserved, do not use.
0	0	1	S7735 (CFG1=0x0603 or =0x12c2d).
0	1	0	ILI9163C with BGR color order (CFG1=0xe14ff).
0	1	1	S7735 inverted color palette (CFG1 as above, CFG0=0x1?????).
1	0	0	Future configuration.
1	0	1	Future configuration.
1	1	0	Future configuration.
1	1	1	Reserved, do not use.

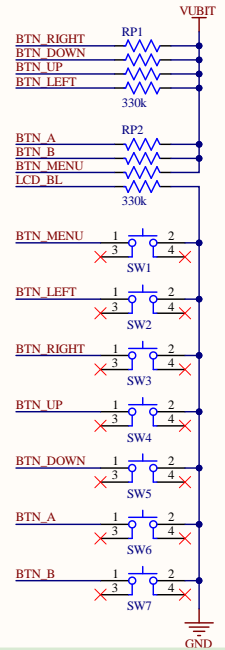
Inputs E-H of U2 (HW_CFG0 - HW_CFG3) are read at power-on to specify Arcade shield hardware configuration. Connect according to these tables.

This reference design uses un-rotated JD-T18003 display with S7735 controller so HW_CFG0/1 = 1 and HW_CFG2/3 = 0.

If you would like to propose a new configuration please email arcadehdw@microsoft.com.



Buttons

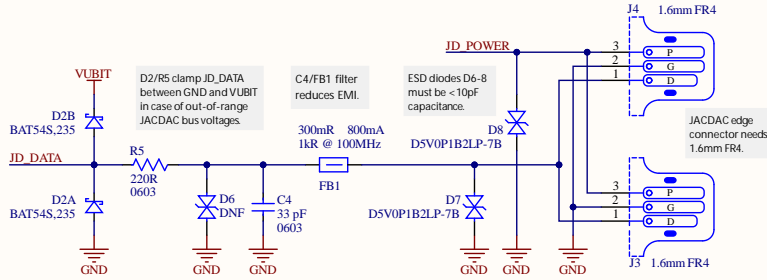


JACDAC interface

Optionally include 1 or more JACDAC connectors. Power delivery optional.

JACDAC (<https://aka.ms/jacdac>) is a new "plug and play" protocol for connecting microcontrollers and peripherals. Its flexible topology, dynamic discovery and power delivery provides a great user experience for makers and students.

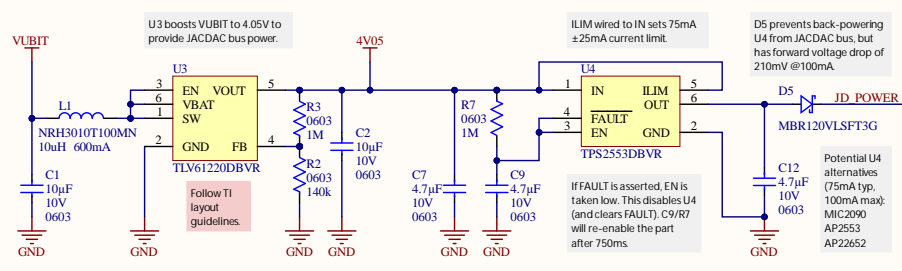
JACDAC provides 1Mbps communications and power delivery. JD_DATA uses 3.3V logic, JD_POWER is nominally 5V.



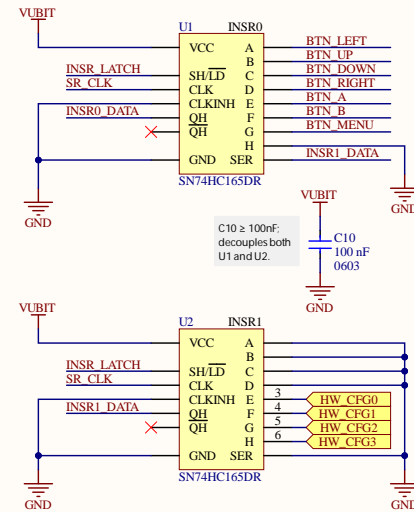
JACDAC power delivery is optional. Spec requires current limiting with auto retry, and that nothing gets hot! This shield delivers 75mA typical, 100mA max.

A JACDAC supply of up to 100mA must be $\geq 3.84V$ at the connector, i.e. U3 output $\geq 4.05V$. This draws $\sim 145mA$ from 3.3V UBIT supply. LCD1 takes $\sim 45mA$ to give 190mA total.

Check JACDAC spec for voltages required at higher currents and MCU-based "smart power providers".



Input shift registers



Microsoft

PROJECT DESCRIPTION
Arcade shield reference design for the BBC micro:bit V2

SHEET DESCRIPTION
complete design

SHEET FILENAME MicroBitArcadeShieldMVD 08.SchDoc

PROJECT FILENAME MicroBitArcadeShieldMVD 08.PrjPCB

PROJECT CODENAME MicroBitArcadeShieldMVD

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PAGE 1 OF 2

DRAWN BY JD, SH & MM

REVISION 1.1 PCB ID 08-1.1