



POLITECNICO MILANO 1863

CodeKataBattle

Design Document

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Revision History

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Contents

1	introduction	3
2	Architectural Design	4
2.1	Overview	4
2.2	Component view	5
2.2.1	Client components	5
2.2.2	Server components	6
2.2.3	Logical description of the data	8
2.3	Deployment view	9
3	Effort Spent	10

1. introduction

Questa parte qui è mooolto simile a quella che c'è nel RASD, quindi aspettiamo di avere il RASD definitivo per fare il merge

2. Architectural Design

2.1 Overview

The CKB platform system is composed by a 3-tier architecture.

Its software application architecture is organized into three logical tiers: the presentation tier, or user interface; the application tier, where data is processed; and the data tier, where the data associated with the application is stored and managed.

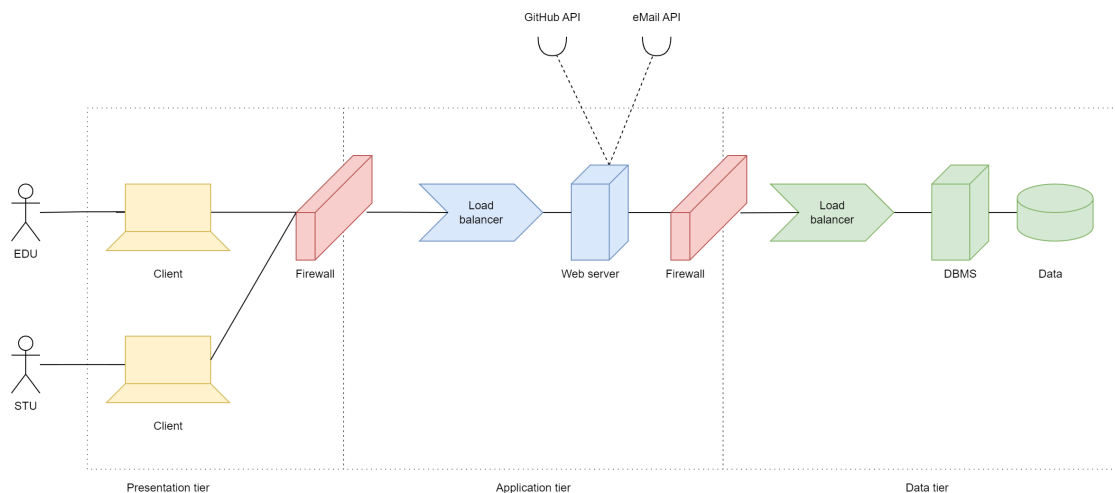


Figure 2.1: High level components diagram

qui i load balancer è un errore metterli?

Qualcosa mi fa pensare che debba mettere sia web server che application server, ma non sono sicuro

The service will be accessed through a web interface, employing a Single Page Application (SPA). Utilizing an SPA is ideal for this application, as it facilitates extensive interaction without necessitating frequent page reloads.

The system's architecture is structured into distinct layers, with application servers interacting with a database management system and utilizing APIs for data retrieval and storage. Adhering to REST standards, the application servers are intentionally designed to be stateless, -e le sessioni di log in come ce le gestiamo?- while the system will include

more than one firewall to ensure security.

2.2 Component view

The system is composed by the following components:

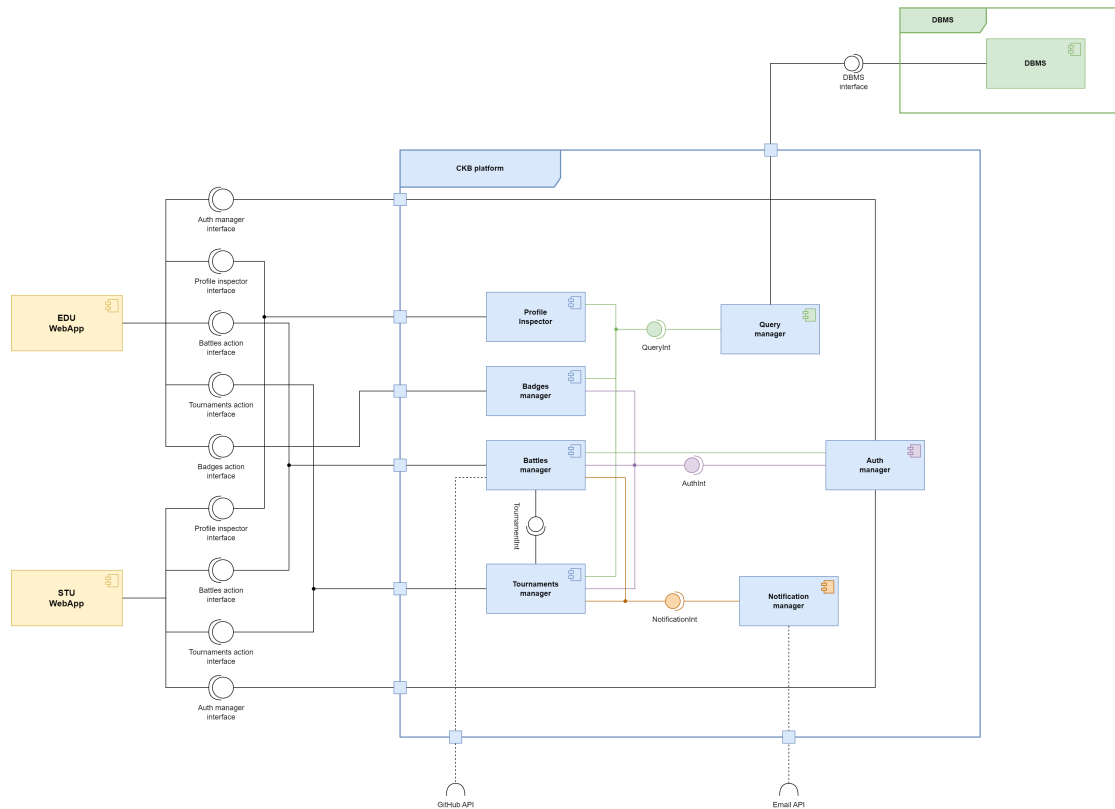


Figure 2.2: Component diagram

Qui va bene aver raggruppato le interfacce oppure vanno messe singolarmente, una per ogni endpoint?

2.2.1 Client components

The client components are represented by only a single component, a user-friendly WebApp, that will behave differently depending on the level of the user that is using it (whether it is an EDU or a STU).

The WebApp is interfaced with the server components through all the APIs offered by the server (see later for a detailed description of the APIs).

Vogliamo aggiungere come mai abbiamo scelto di fare una WebApp e non un'applicazione mobile?

2.2.2 Server components

Query manager

The query manager is the component that handles the queries made by the other components that need to access the database. It is responsible for the execution of the queries and for the communication with the database.

It is interfaced with all the internal models of the system that need to access the database, i.e. all the other components of the system except for the notification manager.

It is interfaced with the database through the DBMS API, external to the system.

Auth manager

The auth manager is the component that handles the authentication of the users and the authorization of the requests made by the other components that need to access the database with respect to the user that made the request.

It is interfaced with all the internal models of the system that behave differently depending on the level of the user that made the request, i.e. the badges manager, the tournament manager and the battle manager.

It isn't interfaced with any external component.

Notification manager

The notification manager is the component that handles the need of the system to notify the users of some events, such as the start of a tournament or the end of a battle.

It is interfaced with all the internal models of the system that need to notify the users, i.e. the tournament manager and the battle manager.

It is interfaced with the Email API, external to the system.

Badges manager

The badges manager is the component that handles the gamification badges.

It allows:

- the creation of new badges;
- the assignment of badges to the STUs;
- the visualization of the badges assigned to a user (?)

Qui devo interfacciare anche con battle e user? It is interfaced with the auth manager (since the creation of a badge is admissible only for the EDUs) and with the query manager (since it needs to access the database to store the badges).

It is interfaced with the EDU WebApp through the proper, external to the system.

Tournaments manager

The tournament manager is the component that handles the management of the tournaments.

It allows:

- the creation of new tournaments;
- the closure of the tournaments;
- the visualization of the tournaments;
- the exchange of admin permission between EDUs;
- the subscription of the STUs to the tournaments;
- the visualization of the scores of the EDUs in the tournaments, and so of the ranking

It is interfaced with the auth manager (to allow and perform different actions depending on the level of the user that made the request), with the query manager (since it needs to access the database) and the notification manager (since it needs to notify the users of the start and the end of a tournament).

It is interfaced with the WebApp, both EDU and STU, through the proper APIs, external to the system.

Battles manager

The battles manager is the component that handles the management of the battles.

It allows:

- the creation of new battles;
- the subscription of the STUs to the battles;
- the visualization of the scores of the teams in the battles, and so of the ranking
- the visualization of the battles;
- the automatic evaluation of the battles;
- the eventual manual evaluation of the battles by the EDUs

It is interfaced with the auth manager (to allow and perform different actions depending on the level of the user that made the request), with the query manager (since it needs to access the database) and the notification manager (since it needs to notify the users of the opening of subscriptions, the start and the end of a battle).

It is interfaced with the WebApp, both EDU and STU, through the proper APIs and with GitHub (to perform the manual evaluation), all external to the system.

Profile Inspector

The profile inspector is the component that handles the visualization of the profiles of the STUs and, consequently, of the badges that a STU has earned during the battles and the tournaments.

It is interfaced with the query manager (since it needs to access the database). It is interfaced with the WebApp, both EDU and STU, through the proper APIs, external to the system.

2.2.3 Logical description of the data

The data of the system is organized in a relational database, with the following entity-relationship diagram:

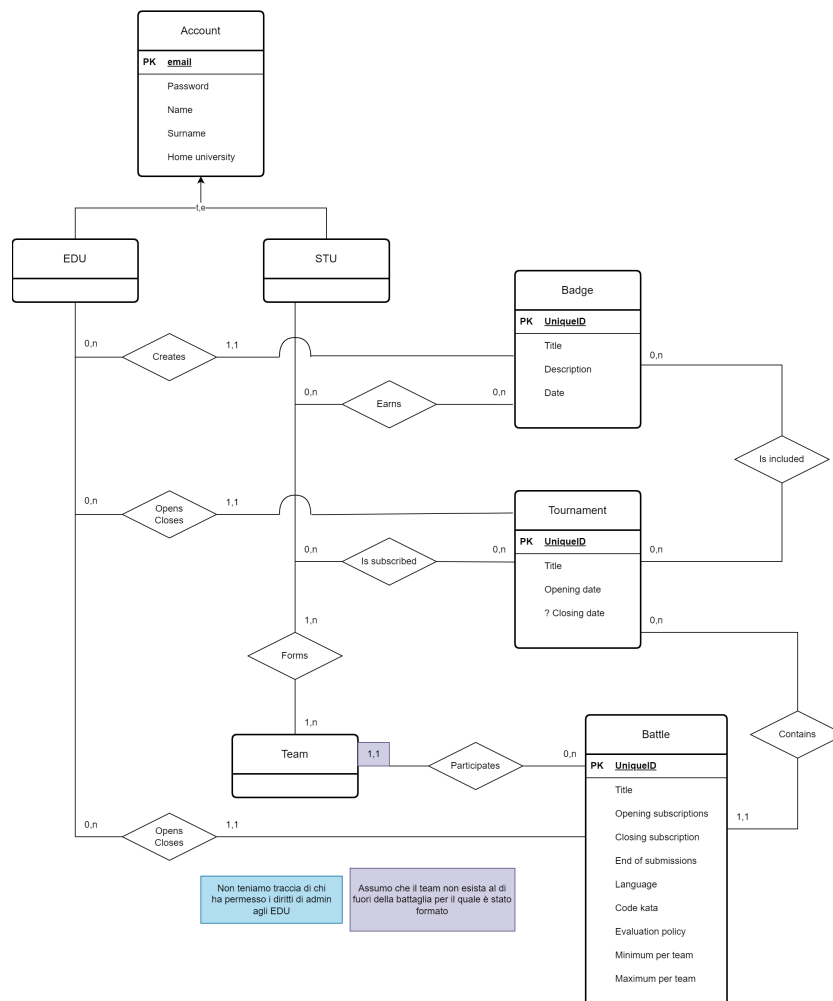


Figure 2.3: Entity-relationship diagram

2.3 Deployment view

3. Effort Spent

Team

Topic	Time
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Table 3.1: Effort Spent during team meetings

Tommaso Pasini

Topic	Time
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Table 3.2: Effort Spent by Tommaso Pasini

Elia Pontiggia

Topic	Time
Architectural design	4h

Table 3.3: Effort Spent by Elia Pontiggia

Michelangelo Stasi

Topic	Time
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Table 3.4: Effort Spent by Michelangelo Stasi