# Standards for exchanging business data

7.9.2020, ELINA KOSKENTALO, XBRL FINLAND

### About me

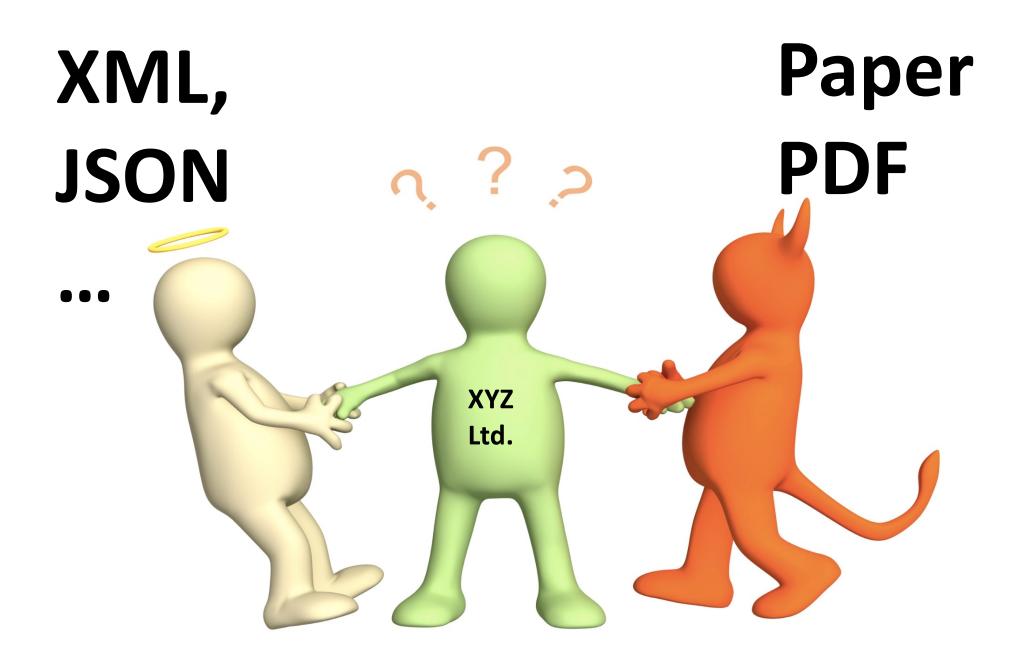


#### Career:

- 2016-> self employed consultant on electronic business domain / ICT technologies
- 2011-> project manager of XBRL Finland
- 2009-2016 Adviser at the Finnish Information Society Development Centre
- Involvement in standardization:
  - ISO/TC 295 Audit Data Services
  - UN/CEFACT: Accounting and Audit Reference Data Model
  - CEN: WS Data Point Modelling

#### Education:

 M. Sc. Communications Technologies, Helsinki University of Technology (Aalto)



# Letting go of paper with stuctural data

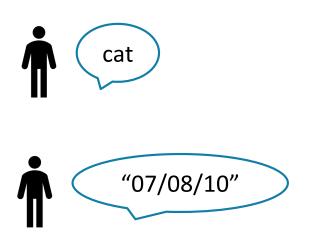
- Processing cost savings for all parties involved
- Improved customer service and better customer retention
- Environmental benefits

In Finland the <u>Real-Time Economy (RTE) project</u> (2006-2012) started the movement that has then continued as a chain of projects (TALTIO, eReceipt, NSG) under the RTE umbrella.

Video: <a href="https://youtu.be/eMDJAwHg5qM">https://youtu.be/eMDJAwHg5qM</a>

# Standardization in the context of business data

Is to have a common language and understanding of data, this involves the semantics of the data; meaning of the data, its representation, its context and syntax





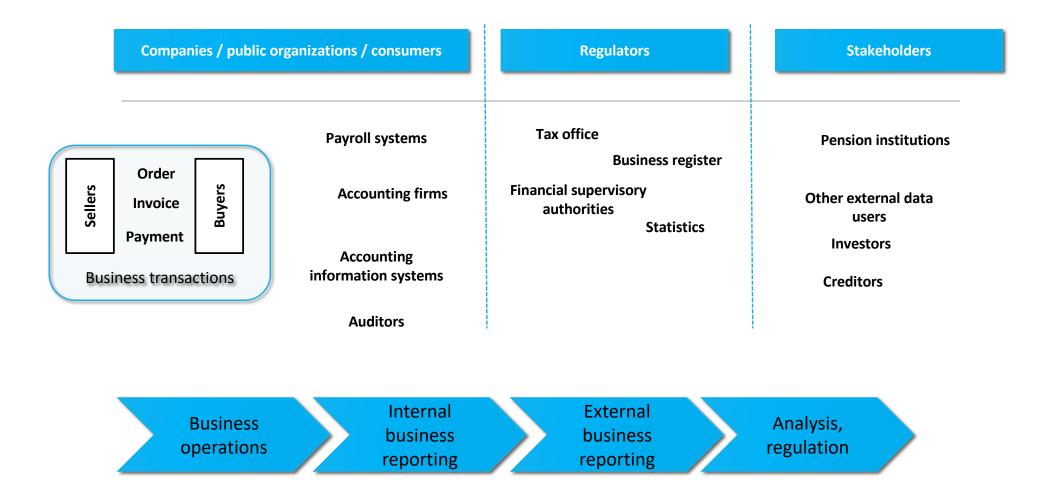


7.8.2010? July 7<sup>th</sup> 2010? August 10<sup>th</sup> 2007?

### Why do we need standards?

- Streamline and automate business processes
- •Quality data
- Real-time data
- Business intelligence
- Reduce manual human intervention
- •Flexible system architecture and interoperability

#### Financial value chain and RTE

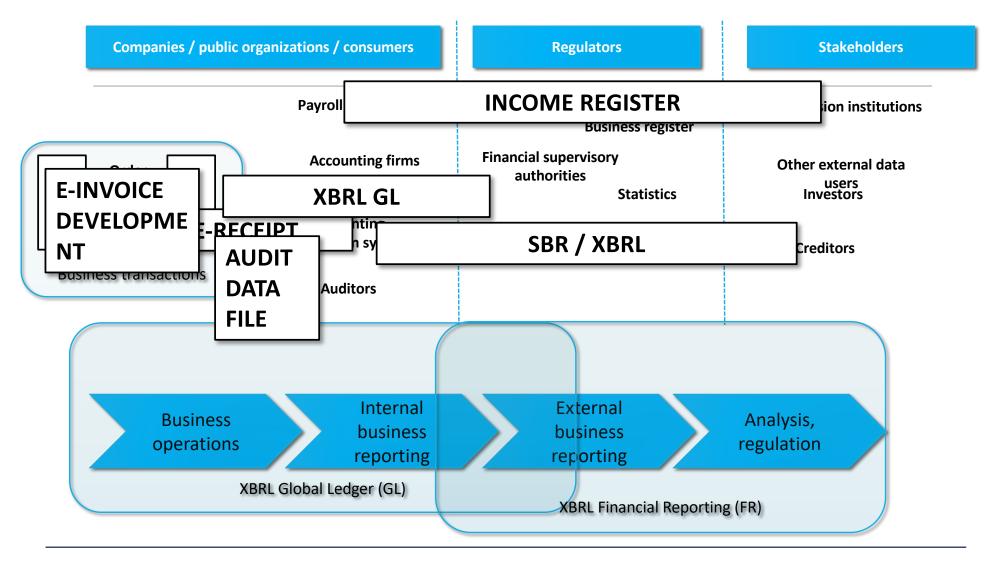




Source: Esko Penttien Aalto university

# Building the Real-time Economy

#### Financial value chain and RTE





Source: Esko Penttien Aalto university

# Adoption of structural business documents in Finland

- 1992: structural bank account statements with local format (TITO), nowadays moving towards the ISO2022 messages
- 1999: first elnvoices transmitted
  - Multiple local and international formats used that causes challenges
  - 2020: law allowing companies to demand elnvoice
  - Current adoption rate B2B up to 90% (lower for smaller companies)
  - New EU regulation enforces the adoption of the UBL invoice
  - eInvoices are transmitted trough an operator network (4corner model)
- •2019 -> Adoption of electronic receipt (finnish XML-based format "Finvoice" ongoing)

# Other RTE-related enabling technologies

- eOrders: Adoption along the Nordic smart government program
- Blockchain
- Al
- The National Interoperability Platform (YTI-project)
  - Common data dictionaries, code lists and models

# Structural financial reporting in Finland

### Financial reporting in XBRL

 Eralier already full adoption of XBRL reporting for banks and insurance oraganizations due to the EU regulation

#### **-**2019:

Voluntary inline XBRL based financial statement reporting for limited companies

#### **2**020:

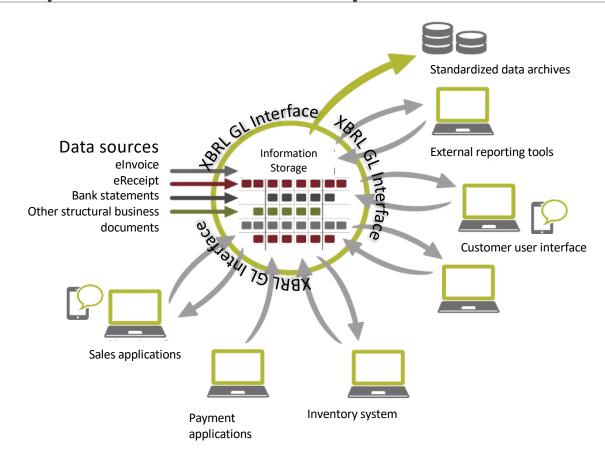
- Mandatory XBRL based reporting for municipalities (and regions)
- Voluntary inline XBRL based financial statement reporting for foundations

#### **-**2021:

Mandatory Inline XBRL based IFRS filings to all listed companies (ESEF mandate)

# The missing piece: business system interoperability

# XBRL GL as an enabler for new kind of interoperable ecosystems



### What is XBRL GL?

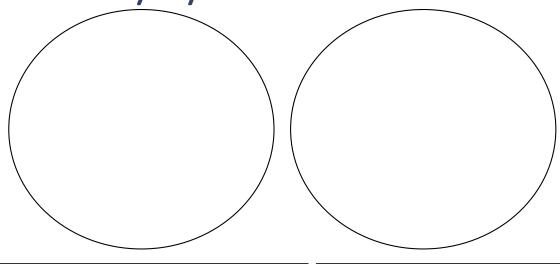
#### Purpose

- Vision ("a piece of business data")
- Taxonomy framework
- Operations, management, external reporting
- Not limited to "accounting", "financial", quantitative

#### **Building blocks**

- Accounts
- Identifier (parties, agents)
- Measurable
- Jobs
- Summarized reporting concepts
- Others

Every System as XBRL



Across language Across data definitions Across file formats

System 1

System 2

System 3

Account#

Description

Amount

PostDate

勘定科目番号

勘定科目説明文

金額

転記日付

Identificador de la Cuenta

Descripción Principal de la Cuenta

Monto Monetario

Fecha de Asignación/Ingreso

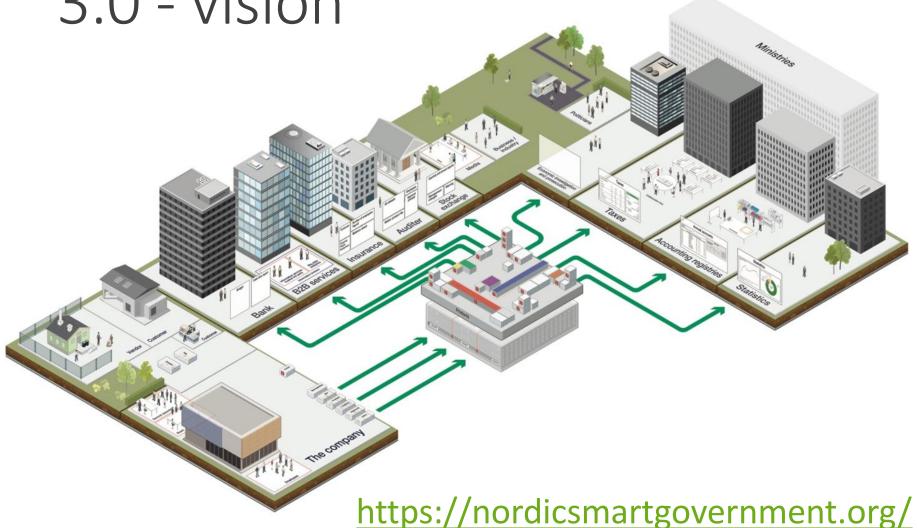
Source: Eric Cohen (PwC): "Standardized Evidence: Audit Data Standards", XBRL International conference 2012, Yokohama

### Happening now in Finland

# Nordic Smart Government 3.0 (2018-2020)

- Aims to create an integrated and interoperable Nordic countries
  - Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Iceland and Finland
- Funded by the Nordic Innovation / Nordic Council of Ministers
- Areas of work
  - Standardization and adoption of electronic business documents
  - Automation in information exchange and administrative processes to make life easier for businesses
  - Information exchange, accessibility and security

The Nordic Smart Government 3.0 - vision



### Future roadmap in the Nordics

- "...September 1st, the Nordic Ministers of Business approved the Roadmap for Nordic Smart Government (NSG)."
- The roadmap defines the common Nordic and national steps that need to be taken in order to realize the NSG vision
- By 2027 the potential value across the Nordics is estimated to be around 14 billion EUR annually (EY 2017)
- Please find the roadmap introduction <u>here</u> and full NSG 3.0 list of deliverables documentation <u>here</u>

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### NSG reference implementation and showroom

- Reference implementation
  - A sandbox data storage that simulates a real life business/accounting system
  - Anyone can interact with the sandbox via the standard APIs developed in the project (or the showroom apps)
  - Read more here

#### Showroom

- A collection of small business system simulations where you can "play to do business"
- The apps are producing and handling structural business documents and communicating with the sandbox
- Demonstration of the power of real-time structural data

### Other follow-up projects

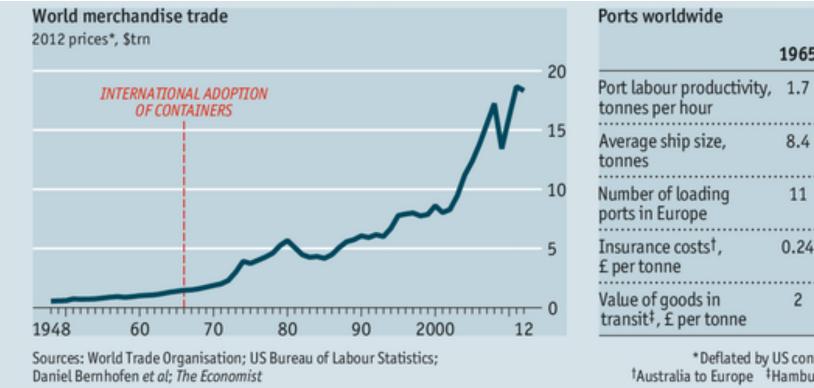
- Income Register (Tax administration)
- Real-time economy ecosystems and eReceipt (Teknologiateollisuus)
- <u>Common data management / Yhteinen tiedon hallinta, YTI</u>
  (Ministry of Finance)
- Mandates on elnvoicing (Ministry of Finance)
- Reporting 3.0. (Estonia)

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# Possibilities and challenges in adoption of electronic business documets

### Standards boost business

#### Impact of standard containers to world trade



\*Deflated by US consumer prices <sup>†</sup>Australia to Europe <sup>‡</sup>Hamburg to Sydney

1965

8.4

11

0.24

1970

30.0

19.7

0.04

### Challenges

- Adoption of electronic business documents is not complete
  - requires dedication and action from the government
- Data quality and completeness issues in elnvoicing
- Resistance to change
- Data security and identification
- Support from software vendors

### Thank you!

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