



New work item proposal

Exchange formats for the Audit Data Collection Standard: XBRL

Semantic XBRL for Granular Data

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ISO/TC 295 Audit data services

Head of delegate Japanese Industrial Standards Committee (JISC)

April 19, 2021

19:00-21:00 Beijing time (GMT+8)

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Meeting Agenda

1. Proposal on
“Exchange formats for the Audit Data Collection Standard: XBRL”
presented by Mr. Nobuyuki Sambuichi
2. Discussions on data modeling
3. Other business

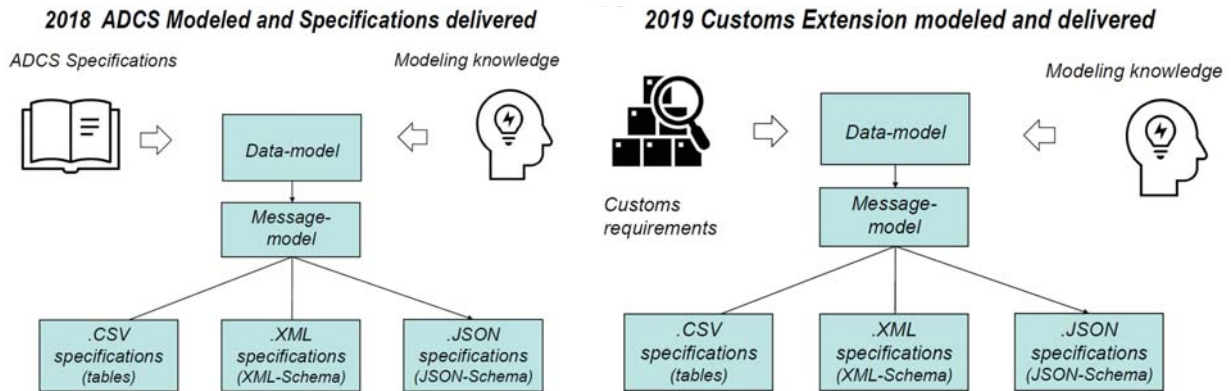


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Goal



SOURCE: "Audit Data Collection Standard Exchange Formats Modeling Approach" Frans van Basten, Jan Vrijenhoek

We need both a "data dictionary" and a "common data structure" which documented and preferably based on the CCTS.

Since CCTS is not supporting all the features of ADCS, We want to expand it with things like primary keys and references to the primary keys, as it is now included in tables in the existing ADCS.

If you need extensible semantic modeling with business rule validation, the solution is **"Semantic XBRL for Granular Data"**.



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-4 Prior confirmation

It is advisable to study history of the standard and be well prepared.

-3 Core Component Technical Specification

-2 Business Information Entity

-1 eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) 2.1

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Things to consider before writing a standard Don't climb mountain (ISO) in high heels

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It is advisable to study history of the standard and be well prepared.

Colorado hiker climbs Mount Elbert in high heels

"A hiker in the US is proving no mountain is too tough, by throwing away her boots and replacing with a pair of heels instead. "

Kenneth Garger, New York Post OCTOBER 23, 2020 9:24AM

What to Bring and Wear on the Mt. Fuji Climb

After the weather stabilizes in the summer, even beginners can climb Japan's symbolic Mt. Fuji. However, be warned, Mt. Fuji exceeds heights of 3,000 meters. Even if the lower part of the mountain is sunny, if the summit is covered in clouds, there is a chance you may run into bad weather. **We recommend fully preparing yourself against the cold and rain before climbing Mt. Fuji.**

* The below list is only a suggestion of what you should bring to Mt. Fuji. Please prepare for the trip according to the weather on the day of the climbs, your physical condition, sex, and age.

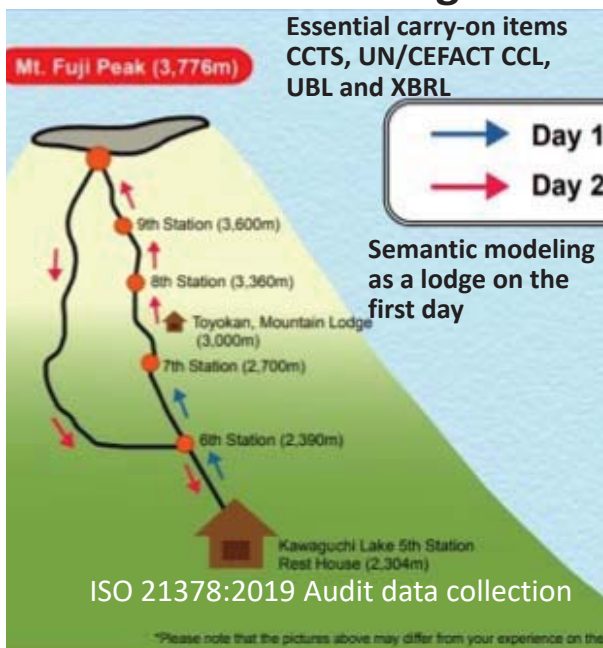


gh heels

Even if it looks strange in the city, this is the clothes that safely reach the summit within the scheduled time.

Standing on the shoulders of giants

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Day 1 Semantic modeling is defined based on following standards:

- 1) CCS (CCTS) defined in ISO 15000-5 Electronic Business Extensible Markup Language (ebXML) -- Part 5: **Core Components Specification (CCS);**
- 2) Business rule definition for Core Invoice Usage Specification (CIUS) in EN 16931-1 Electronic Invoicing - Semantic data model of the core elements of an electronic invoice; and
- 3) Business process modeling in UBL
- 4) Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) 2.1. Business rules can be validated using formula linkbase defined in taxonomy.

Day 2 We are standing on the shoulders of giants and defining new standards for new business domains for **audit**.

NOTE: Wikipedia says that it is a metaphor of dwarfs **standing on the shoulders of giants** and expresses the meaning of **"discovering truth by building on previous discoveries"**. Its most familiar expression in English is by Isaac Newton in 1675: **"If I have seen further, it is by standing on the shoulders of Giants."**

Industry doesn't need to reinvent the wheel

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ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2

Principles and rules for the structure and drafting of ISO and IEC documents

5.7 Avoidance of duplication and unnecessary deviations

Before standardizing any item or subject, **the writer shall determine whether an applicable standard already exists.**

If it is necessary to invoke a requirement that appears elsewhere, this should be done by reference, not by repetition – see Clause 10.

“Trusted standards mean that **industry doesn't need to reinvent the wheel**, that innovations will be compatible and work with existing technology, and that products and services will be trusted too.

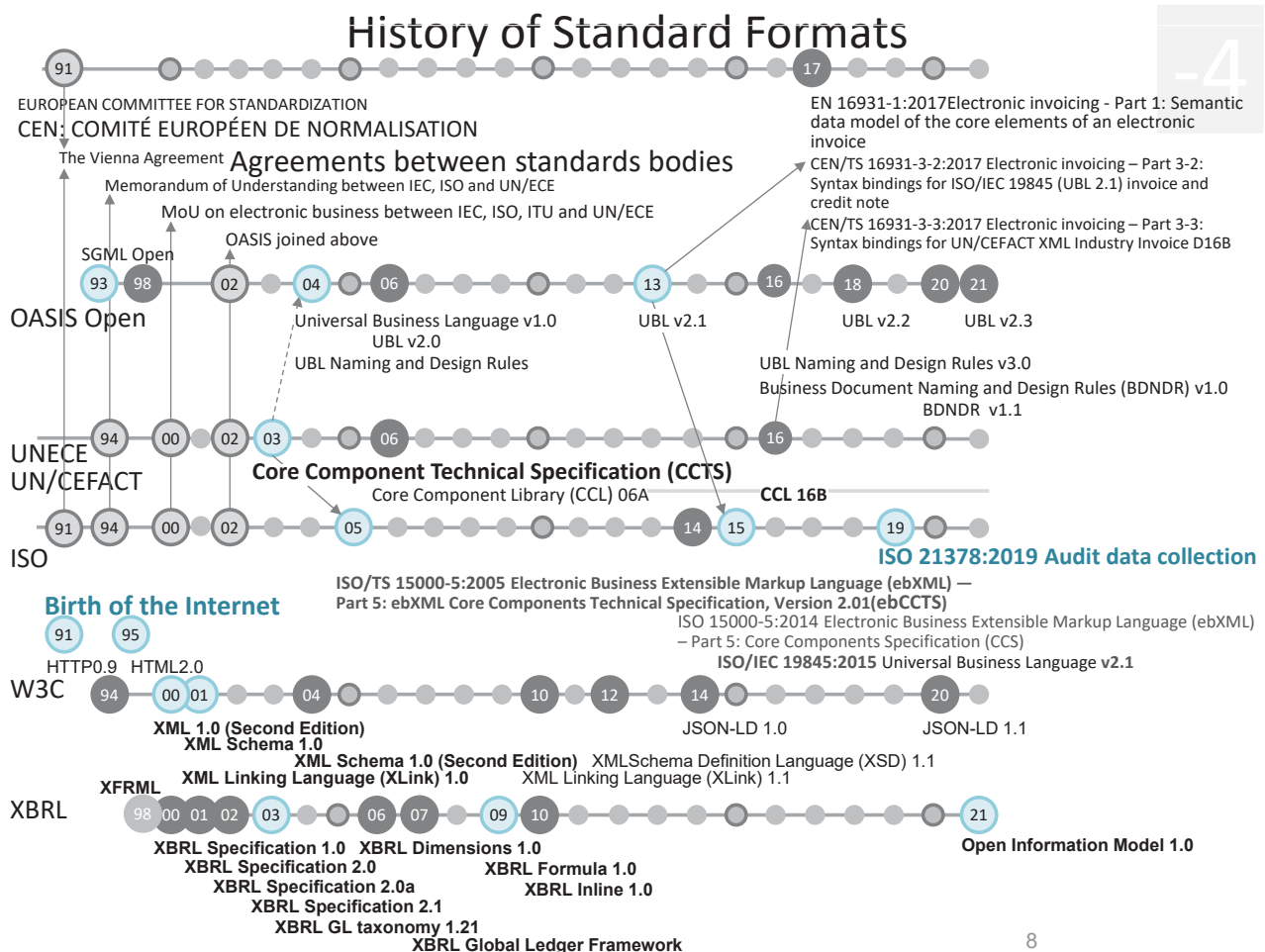
Governments use standards as trusted solutions to complement regulation, and they give peace of mind to consumers who know they are not putting themselves or their families at risk.”

NO TRUST IN WORLD WITHOUT STANDARDS, Maria Lazarte, October 2016

(<https://www.iso.org/news/2016/10/Ref2128.html>)

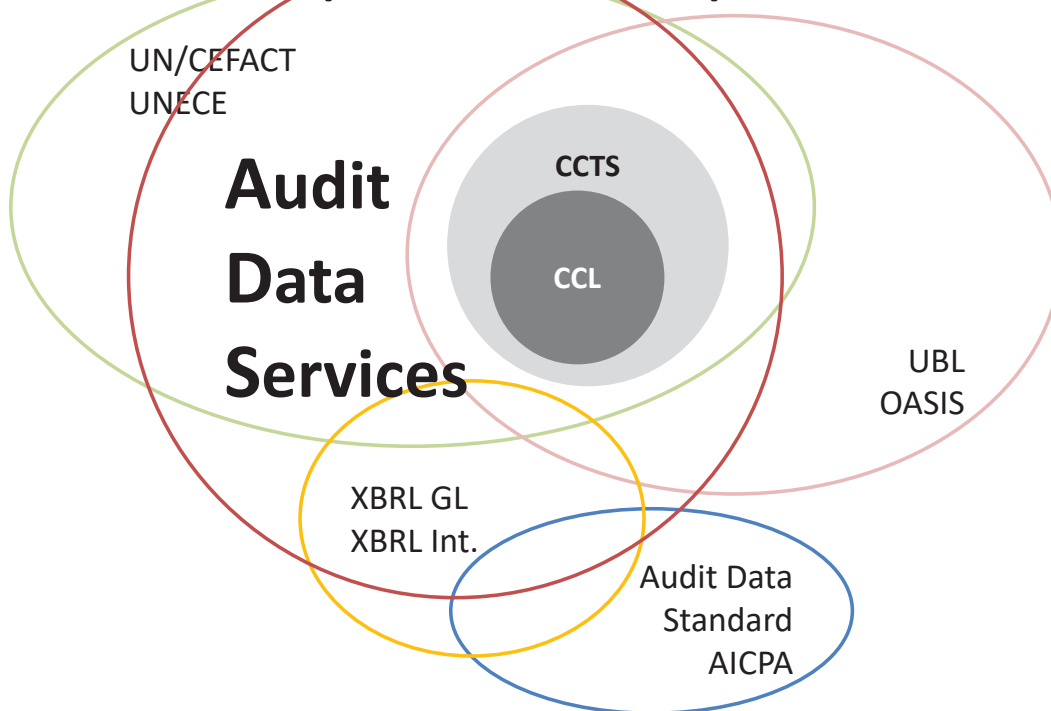
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Core Component Technical Specification

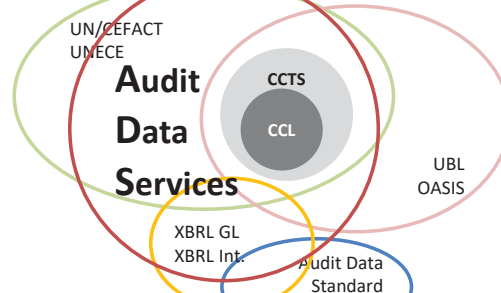


Both Universal Business Language (UBL) by OASIS and UN/CEFACT by UNECE are based on the same *Core Component Technical Specification (CCTS)*.

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Different standards from a CCTS perspective



ISO 21378:2019 Audit data collection				UN/CEFACT Core Components (UN/CCL 20A)			
Module	Table	Description		Object Class Term	Definition		
ABIE Base	Business Segment	The BAS_Business_Segment and the BAS_Business_Segment_Hierarchy	i	ACC Access Control List	A list of permissions attached to an object defining access rights, such...	0.1	i
ABIE Base	Business Segment Hierarchy	The fields in the BAS_Business_Segment_Hierarchy are used to c...	i	ACC Accompanying Person	A person that accompanies another person, such as a mother accompanying	0.1	i
The personnel information of the employee in an				ACC Accounting Book	A collection of accounting related data that pertains to specific docum...	0.1	i
ADC_Employee				Employee			
Name	Description			Short Name	Definition	Occ.	
BBIE Employee ID	The unique identifier for an employee.	1	i	BCC Employer Assigned ID	The unique employer assigned identification number for the employee.	0.1	i
BBIE Code	The code of the employee. Each employee has only one code. If someone do...	1	i	BCC Hired Date Time	The date the employee was hired by their current employer.	0.1	i
BBIE Name	The name of the employee.	1	i	BCC Hired Country Sub-Division ID	The unique identifier for the country sub-division in which the individu...	0.1	i
BBIE Inactive Flag Indicator	Indicate whether one employee is active or inactive. One employee may be...	2	i	BCC Full Pay Day Injured Indicator	The indication of whether or not the employee will be paid in full for t...	0.1	i
BBIE Type Code	The code of the employee types. EXAMPLE Using 004 to represent an on-the...	1	i	BCC Reporting Department Text	The name of the department or division of the company to which the emplo...	0.1	i
BBIE Type Name	The name of the employee type. EXAMPLE Employed, retired, probation and ...	1	i	BCC Started Current Job Date Time	The date, time, date time or other date time value on which the employee...	0.1	i
RBIE Department Business Segment	The code of department rosters. EXAMPLE The IT department is designated ...	1	i	BCC Entitled Tax Exemption Quantity	The number of tax exemptions that the employee is entitled to claim.	0.1	i
BBIE Job Title Name	The title of the person in an accounting unit. EXAMPLE Accounting manage...	2	i	BCC Exemption Withholding Quantity	The number of tax exemptions that the employee claims in their withholdi...	0.1	i
BBIE Academic Degree	The highest academic degree acquired. EXAMPLE Doctor, Master.	2	i	BCC Premium Determining Country Sub-Division Code	The unique identifier for the country sub-division whose rating values w...	0.1	i
BBIE Employment Date	The employment date of the employee.	2	i	BCC Insurer Contested Claim Indicator	The indication of whether or not the employee claim is or ever was conte...	0.1	i
BBIE Termination Date	The termination date of the employee from which the labor contract was n...	2	i	BCC Medical Record Release Authorization Indicator	The indication of whether or not there is written authorization to relea...	0.1	i
RBIE Associated User	The system user ID associated with the employee. hall match the User_ID ...	2	i	BCC Borrowed Department Name	The name, expressed as text, of the department or division of the compan...	0.1	i
Showing 1 to 12 of 12 entries				BCC Specified As Party	The party specified as an employee.	0.1	i
Preliminary findings are at the following site.				ASC Specified Employee Injury/Illness	An injury or illness specified for this employee.	0.*	i
https://www.wuwei.space/iso/tc295/				Showing 1 to 14 of 14 entries			

Does UBL conform to CCTS?

We believe the answer is “YES”.

The UBL TC believes that there is a broad consensus in the standards and user community that UBL is a valid implementation of the CCTS.

UBL was an early adopter of CCTS (probably the first) and was actually used as implementation verification for the CCTS standard itself.

Summary

The UBL TC believes that the CCTS is a valuable tool for creating eBusiness vocabularies and UBL has contributed to its development.

We believe we are fully conformant to the normative clauses in the CCTS and have been for several years.

We believe UBL has helped raise the profile of CCTS and promoted its adoption in other domains. We have also stimulated the development of open-source tools and technologies to support CCTS users.

On at least two occasions in the past 11 years (2003 and 2007) the UBL TC has had to justify our claims of conformance to the Core Components Technical Specification (CCTS) . This Committee Note makes the informal responses given in the past formal and makes them available to interested parties so as to avoid misunderstandings in the future.

It should also be understood that all references to CCTS in UBL are to ISO/TS 15000-5:2005 published by UN/CEFACT in 2003 as the “Core Components Technical Specification – Part 8 of the ebXML Framework”. UBL makes no claims with respect to the recently published ISO 15000-5:2014 version but have been assured by its authors that ISO 15000-5:2014 retains backward compatibility with ISO/TS 15000-5:2005.

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UBL 2.1 JSON Alternative Representation Version 1.0

Committee Note Draft 02 12 April 2017

Source: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ubl/UBL-2.1-JSON/v1.0/cnd02/UBL-2.1-JSON-v1.0-cnd02.html>

For users of JSON syntax, this note publishes a suite of JSON schemas with which one can validate the structural content of a JSON document against the constraints of the UBL 2.1 vocabulary. Also included is a transliteration of all of the UBL 2.1 example documents in JSON syntax with which one can test a number of the JSON schemas.

The structural patterns exhibited by JSON schemas that conform to the OASIS **Business Document Naming and Design Rules Version 1.1 [BDNDR]** are distinctive as document interchange structures. As such, their intent is only to convey in syntax the information content reflecting the same abstract model of the **UN/CEFACT Core Component Technical Specification 2.01 [CCTS]** with which the document model was designed. Accordingly, and in parallel to an application’s use of XML syntax, the JSON syntax used is generic in nature and is neither streamlined nor optimized for any particular application’s objectives.

As one would undertake the unmarshalling of XML syntax into internal application data structures suitable for processing, one must also undertake the unmarshalling of JSON interchange syntax into whatever internal application data structures (or other JSON representations) of the content that are suitable for the task at hand. Of note, it has been observed that there are commercial JSON database tools unable to ingest this JSON interchange syntax directly without an application massaging the content first to suit the database schema necessary to enable a particular arbitrary use. Nevertheless, the **JSON syntax used does conform to the published standard [ISO 21778 - ECMA JSON]** and has been successfully demonstrated to be ingested by Python and Node.js applications and so is not a barrier to use for application developers.

-3 Core Component Technical Specification

The first version ISO/TS 15000-5:2005 Electronic Business Extensible Markup Language (ebXML) — Part 5: ebXML Core Components Technical Specification, Version 2.01 (ebCCTS) HAS BEEN REVISED BY ISO 15000-5:2014 Electronic Business Extensible Markup Language (ebXML) — Part 5: Core Components Specification (CCS)

-2 Business Information Entity

-1 eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) 2.1




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Dictionary Entry Name

Dictionary Entry Name = **Object Class Term. Property Term. Representation Term**

e.g. name: *Fruits. Name. Text*
value: Strawberry

	Object Class	Property	Representation	Value	
	Fruits	Name	Text	Strawberry	
		Color	Text	Red	
		Weight	Quantity	30	g
		Price	Amount	0.10	USD
	Fruits	Name	Text	Apple	
		Color	Text	Red	
		Weight	Quantity	300	g
		Price	Amount	2.00	USD
	Fruits	Name	Text	Grape	
		Color	Text	Green	
		Weight	Quantity	380	g
		Price	Amount	5.00	USD

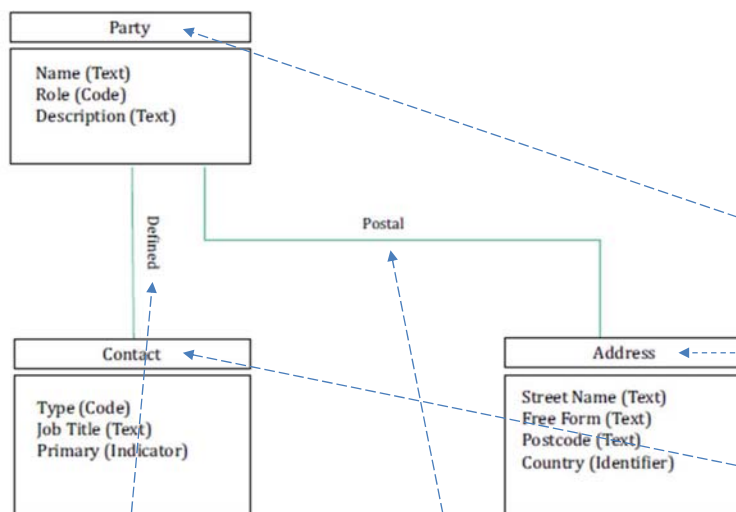


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Association Core Component

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- three *Aggregate Core Components (ACC)*: “**Party. Details**”, “**Contact. Details**” and “**Address. Details**”;
 - each *Aggregate Core Component (ACC)* has a number of **Properties** (i.e. business characteristics);
 - the *Aggregate Core Component (ACC)* “**Party. Details**” has five *Properties* (“Name”, “Role”, “Description”, “Defined. Contact” and “Postal. Address”);
 - the *Aggregate Core Component (ACC)* “**Address. Details**” has four *Properties* (“Street Name”, “Free Form”, “Postcode” and “Country”).
 - the *Aggregate Core Component (ACC)* “**Contact. Details**” has three *Properties* (“Type”, “Job Title” and “Primary”);
- NOTE: Each property has a **Representation (data type)** such as text, code, identifier, indicator, etc.

“**Party. Defined. Contact**” and “**Party. Postal. Address**” are **Association Core Components (ASCC)**.

The structures of these associated *Aggregate Core Components (ACC)* are defined by the *Aggregate Core Components (ACCs)* “**Contact. Details**” and “**Address. Details**”, respectively.



Aggregate Core Component (ACC) Party

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ACC Party
BCC Name (Text)
BCC Role (Code)
BCC Description (Text)
ASCC Postal (Address)
ASCC Defined (Contact)

ACC Address
BCC Street Name (Text)
BCC Free Form (Text)
BCC Postcode (Text)
BCC Country (Identifier)

ACC Contact
BCC Type (Code)
BCC Job Title (Text)
BCC Primary (Indicator)

No	ID	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O
0	BG-0	0	Party		0..n
1	BT-1	1	Name	Text	1..1
2	BT-2	1	Role	Code	0..n
3	BT-3	1	Description	Text	0..1
4	BG-1	1	Postal Address		1..1
5	BT-4	2	Street Name	Text	1..1
6	BT-5	2	Postcode	Code	0..1
7	BT-6	2	Country	Identifier	0..1
8	BG-2	1	Defined Contact		0..n
9	BT-7	2	Email	Code	1..1
10	BT-8	2	Job Title	Text	0..n
11	BT-9	2	Primary	Indicator	1..1

Key D: Depth O: Occurrence

Party		
Name	SS Ltd.	
Role	Customer	
Description		
Postal Address		
Street name	Postcode	Country
First St.	1234	JA
Defined Contact		
Type	Job Title	Primary
sam@ss.com		true

Party		
Name	XYZ Co.	
Role	Customer	
Description		
Postal Address		
Street name	Postcode	Country
Second St.	4567	US
Defined Contact		
Type	Job Title	Primary
peter@xyz.com	manager	true
marv@zvz.com	staff	false

Party		
Name	JG Co.	
Role	Provider	
Description	Gold	
Postal Address		
Street name	Postcode	Country
Third Ave.	8765	CN
Defined Contact		
Type	Job Title	Primary
john@jg.com	manager	false
beth@jg.com	assistant	true



Aggregate Core Component (ACC) Party

-3

No	ID	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O
0	BG-0	0	Party	(ACC)	0..n
1	BT-1	1	Name	Text	1..1
2	BT-2	1	Role	Code	0..n
3	BT-3	1	Description	Text	0..1
4	BG-1	1	Postal Address	(ASCC)	1..1
5	BT-4	2	Street Name	Text	1..1
6	BT-5	2	Postcode	Code	0..1
7	BT-6	2	Country	Code	0..1
8	BG-2	1	Defined Contact	(ASCC)	0..n
9	BT-7	2	Email	Code	1..1
10	BT-8	2	Job Title	Text	0..n
11	BT-9	2	Primary	Indicator	1..1

Key D: Depth O: Occurrence

ASCC can be thought of as a *has_a* or *is_part_of* relationship.

e.g. The Postal Address is part of the Party.
Below is a flat file that supports a CSV hierarchical data structure.

This flat file representation can also support occurrences (0..n) of ASCC.

The occurrence sequence number and the ID column of the business term group ID specify the occurrence data structure.

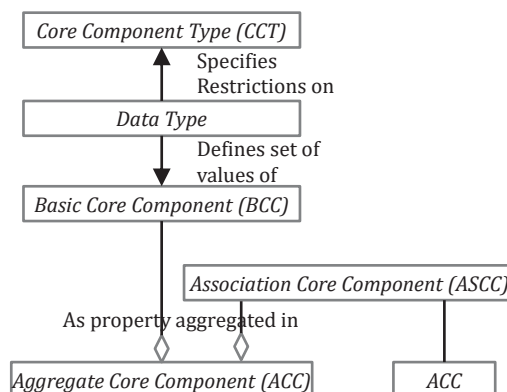
ID		BG-0 Party								
		BT-1 Name	BT-2 Role	BT-3 Desc	BG-1 Postal Address			BG-2 Defined Contact		
					BT-4 Street Name	BT-5 Postcode	BT-6 Country	BT-7 Email	BT-8 Job Title	BT-9 Primary
0	BG-0									
0	BG-0	0	BG-1		First St.	1234	JA			
0	BG-0	0	BG-2					sam@ss.com		true
1	BG-0									
1	BG-0	0	BG-1		Second St.	4567	US			
1	BG-0	0	BG-2					peter@xyz.com	manager	true
1	BG-0	1	BG-2					mary@zyz.com	staff	false
2	BG-0									
2	BG-0	0	BG-1		Third Ave.	8765	CN			
2	BG-0	0	BG-2					john@jg.com	manager	false
2	BG-0	1	BG-2					beth@jg.com	assistant	true

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CCTS Core Components

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Core Components are building blocks for the development and publication of a library of standard Core Components and Business Information Entities containing the information pieces needed to describe a specific concept.

There are four categories of Core Components:

- Core Component Type (CCT);
- Basic Core Component (BCC);
- Association Core Component (ASCC); and
- Aggregate Core Component (ACC).

The Core Component is a semantic building block, which is used as a basis to construct all electronic business messages.

Semantic datatypes

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Primitive types

Semantic data type content may be of the following primitive types. These primitive types were taken from ISO 15000-5:2014, Annex A.

Primitive type	Definition
Binary	A set of finite-length sequences of binary digits.
Date	Time point representing a calendar day on a time scale consisting of an origin and a succession of calendar ISO 8601:2004.
Decimal	A subset of the real numbers, which can be represented by decimal numerals.
String	A finite sequence of characters.

Semantic data types

The semantic data types are described in the tables on following slides, where various features such as attributes, format, and decimals as well as the basic type are defined for each semantic data type. They are based on 15000-5:2014.

Amount
 Numeric
 Quantity
 Code
 Identifier
 Indicator
 Date
 Time
 Text



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Semantic datatype (contd.)

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Semantic data type	Component	Primitive Type	Description
Amount	Amount. Content	Decimal	A number of monetary units specified in a currency where the unit of currency is explicit or implied.
	Amount. Currency. Identifier	String	
Numeric	Numeric. Content	Decimal	Numeric information that is assigned or is determined by calculation, counting, or sequencing. It does not require a unit of measure.
Quantity	Quantity. Content	Decimal	Quantities are used to state a number of units such as for items. The code for the Unit of Measure (Quantity Unit. Code) is explicit or implicit.
	Quantity Unit. Code	String	
	Quantity Unit. Code List. Identifier	String	
	Quantity Unit. Code List Agency. Identifier	String	
Code	Code. Content	String	Codes are used to specify allowed values in elements as well as for lists of options. Code is different from Identifier in that allowed values have standardized meanings that can be known by the recipient.
	Code List. Identifier	String	
	Code List. Agency. Identifier	String	
	Quantity Unit. Code List Agency. Identifier	String	
	Code List. Version. Identifier	String	



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Semantic datatype (contd.)

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Semantic data type	Component	Primitive Type	Description
Identifier	Identifier. Content	String	Identifiers (IDs) are keys that are issued by the sender or recipient of a document or by a third party.
	Identification Scheme. Identifier	String	
	Identification Scheme Agency. Identifier	String	
	Identification Scheme. Version. Identifier	String	
Indicator	Indicator. Content	String	A list of exactly two mutually exclusive values that express the only possible states of a Property.
Date	Date. Content	Date	Dates shall be in accordance with the "Complete representation of a calendar date" as specified by ISO 8601-1:2019, format YYYY-MM-DD.
Time	Time. Content	Time	Time shall be in accordance with the "Complete representation of a time of day" as specified by ISO 8601-1:2019, format hh:mm:ss
Text	Text. Content	String	Text is the actual wording of anything written or printed. Line breaks in the text may be present, and any line breaks should be preserved and respected by the receiver's system
	Language. Identifier	String	



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Core Component Rules for Dictionary Entry Names specified in ISO 15000-5

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[C1] The *Dictionary Entry Name (DEN)* of a **Basic Core Component (BCC)** shall consist of the following parts in the order specified:

- the **Object Class Term** of the *Aggregate Core Component (ACC)* owning the corresponding *Basic Core Component (BCC)* Property;
- the **Property Term** of the corresponding *Basic Core Component (BCC)* Property;
- the **Representation Term** of the Data Type on which the corresponding *Basic Core Component (BCC)* Property is based.

Object Class Term. Property Term. Representation Term

[C2] The *Dictionary Entry Name (DEN)* of an **Association Core Component (ASCC)** shall consist of the following parts in the order specified:

- the **Object Class Term** of the *Aggregate Core Component (ACC)* owning the corresponding *Association Core Component (ASCC)* Property;
- the **Property Term** of the corresponding *Association Core Component (ASCC)* Property;
- the **Object Class Term of the Aggregate Core Component** on which the corresponding *Association Core Component (ASCC)* Property is based.

Object Class Term. Property Term. Object Class Term of the Aggregate Core Component



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Permissible Representation Terms

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Primary Representation Term	Definition	Related CCT	Secondary Representation Terms
Amount	A number of monetary units specified in a currency where the unit of currency is explicit or implied.	Amount. Type	
Numeric	Numeric information that is assigned or is determined by calculation, counting or sequencing.	Numeric. Type	Value, Rate, Percent
Quantity	A counted number of non-monetary units. Quantities may be specified with a unit of quantity.	Quantity. Type	
Code	A character string (letters, figures or symbols) that for brevity and / or language independence may be used to represent or replace a definitive value or text of a Property.	Code. Type	
Identifier	A character string used to establish the identity of, and distinguish uniquely, one instance within an identification scheme from all others within the same scheme.	Identifier. Type	
Indicator	A list of exactly two mutually exclusive values that express the only possible states of a Property.	Indicator. Type	
Date Time	A particular point in the progression of time (ISO 8601).	Date Time. Type	Date, Time

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The CCTS “Association” is an “Aggregation” in UML

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CCTS uses the word “Association” in a different way than UML.

Association can be represented by a line between these classes with an arrow indicating the *navigation* direction.

Aggregation implies a relationship where the child can exist independently of the parent.

Example: Class (parent) and Students (child). Delete the Class and the Students still exist.

Composition implies a relationship where the child cannot exist independent of the parent.

Example: House (parent) and Room (child). Rooms don't exist separate to a House.

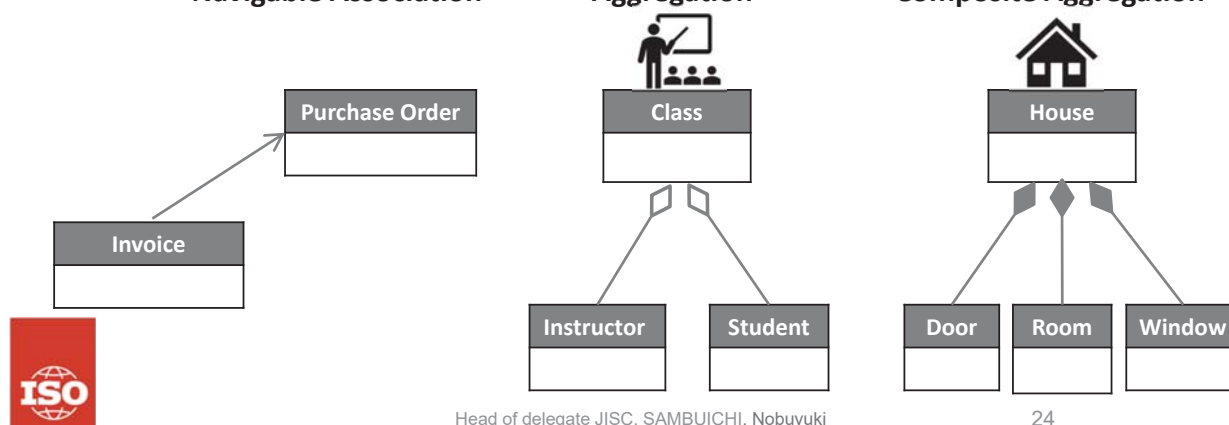
The CCTS “Association” is an “Aggregation” in UML.

There is no **Navigable Association** nor **Composite Aggregation** in CCTS. .

Navigable Association

Aggregation

Composite Aggregation



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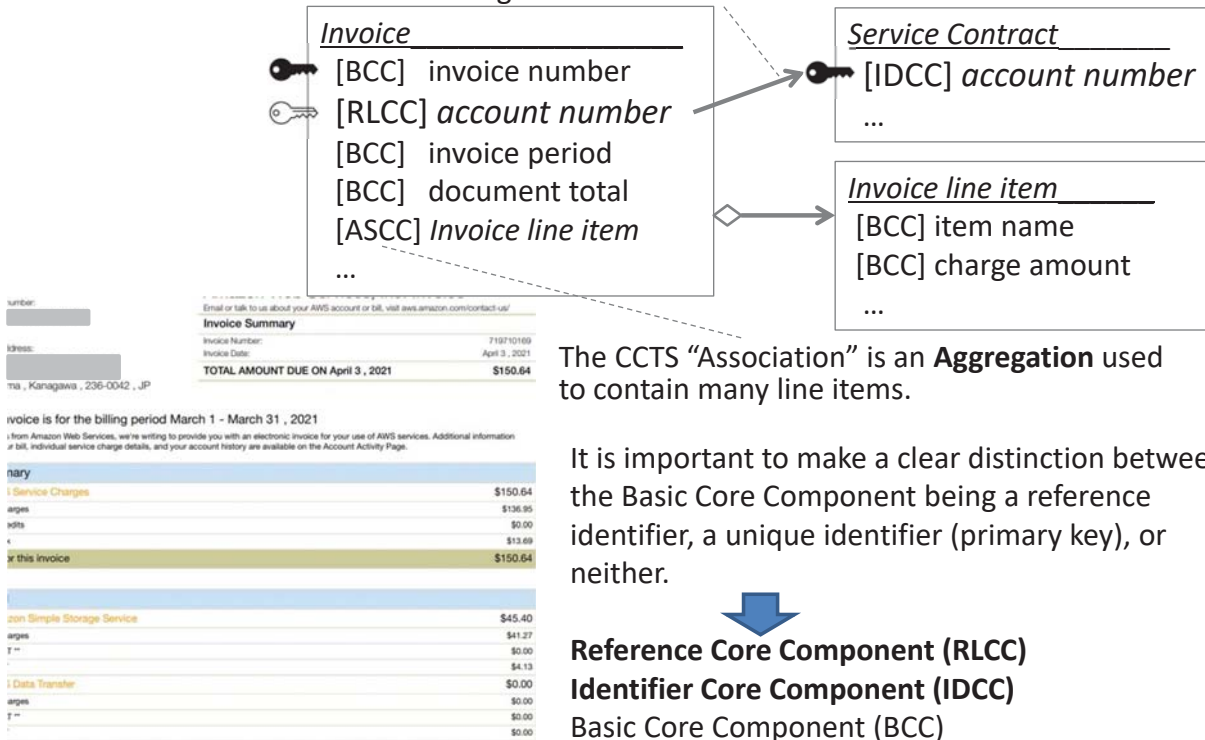
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Audit data requires Navigable Associations

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Reference Core Component (RFCC)

Navigable **Association** from “Invoice” to “Service Contract” using reference identifier “account number”

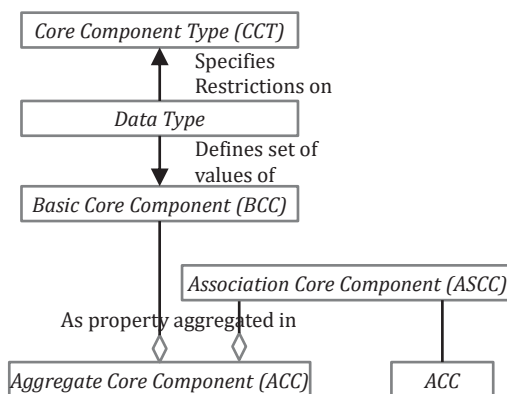


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CCTS Core Components

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Core Components are building blocks for the development and publication of a library of standard Core Components and Business Information Entities containing the information pieces needed to describe a specific concept. There are four categories of Core Components:

- Core Component Type;
- Basic Core Component;
- Association Core Component; and
- Aggregate Core Component.

The Core Component is a semantic building block, which is used as a basis to construct all electronic business messages.

Next slide shows extended Core Components for ADCS

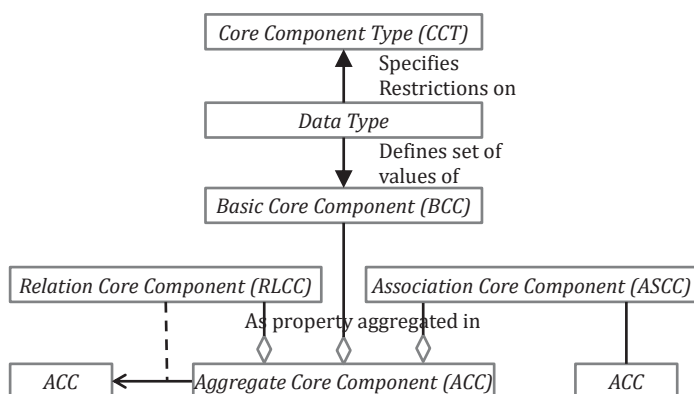


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Extend CCTS Core Components

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Core Components are building blocks for the development and publication of a library of standard Core Components and Business Information Entities containing the information pieces needed to describe a specific concept.

There are six categories of Core Components:

- Core Component Type;
- Basic Core Component;
- **Relation Core Component;**
- **Identifier Core Component;**
- Association Core Component; and
- Aggregate Core Component.

The Core Component is a semantic building block, which is used as a basis to construct all electronic business messages.

The **RLCC** is a BCC, which is a reference identifier with the value of referencing ACC's unique identifier.

The **IDCC** is a BCC, which is a **unique identifier** for ACC.

Basic Core Component is detailed in this standard, Relation Core Component and Identifier Core Component are newly defined in addition to the conventional Basic Core Component.

Unless otherwise specified, the provisions for Basic Core Component also apply to Relation Core Component and Identifier Core Component. Other Core Components shall be as specified in ISO 15000-5.



NOTE Audit data collection requires a concept to clearly define the relationships between ACCs using **identifier (primary key)** and **reference identifier**.

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Extend Semantic data types

-3

Primitive types

Semantic data type content may be of the following primitive types. These primitive types were taken from [ISO 15000-5:2014, Annex A](#).

Primitive type	Definition
Binary	A set of finite-length sequences of binary digits.
Date	Time point representing a calendar day on a time scale consisting of a point and a succession of calendar ISO 8601:2004 .
Decimal	A subset of the real numbers, which can be represented by decimal numerals.
String	A finite sequence of characters.

The same

Semantic data types

The different semantic data types are

Add new Semantic data type
Reference Identifier

and features such as attribute format, and decimals as well as the basic type are defined for each semantic data type. They are based on [ISO 15000-5:2014](#)

Amount
Code
Date
Identifier
Numeric
Quantity
Reference Identifier
Text



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Add new semantic data type Reference Identifier

Semantic data type	Component	Primitive Type	Description
Reference Identifier	Identifier. Content	String	Reference Identifiers (IDs) are identifiers that were assigned to a document or document line to reference another document or document line.
	Identification Scheme. Identifier	String	
	Identification Scheme Agency. Identifier	String	
	Identification Scheme. Version. Identifier	String	



Extended Core Component Rules for Dictionary Entry Names

[C3] The *Dictionary Entry Name* of an **Identifier Core Component** shall consist of the following parts in the order specified:

- the **Object Class Term** of the *Aggregate Core Component* owning the corresponding *Identifier Core Component* Property;
- the **Property Term** is "Identification";
- the **Representation Term** is "Identifier".

Object Class Term. Identification. Identifier

[C4] The *Dictionary Entry Name* of a **Relation Core Component** shall consist of the following parts in the order specified:

- the **Object Class Term** of the *Aggregate Core Component* owning the corresponding *Relation Core Component* Property;
- the **Property Term** reflects the *nature of the relation* between object classes;
- the **Object Class Term of the Aggregate Core Component** on which the referenced *Relation Core Component* Property is based.

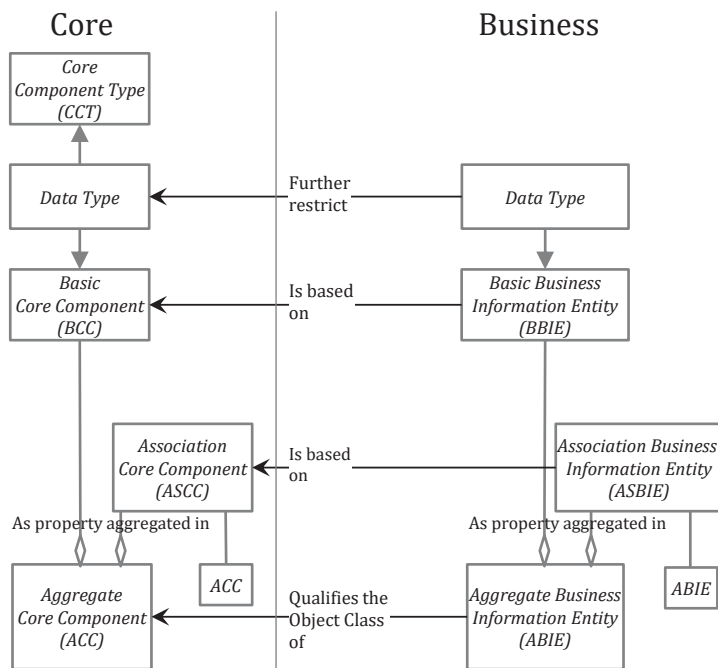
Object Class Term. Property Term. Object Class Term of the Aggregate Core Component



Core Components Specification

-3

Core Component Library



There are 4 different categories of *Core Components*:

- *Core Component Type*;
- *Basic Core Component*;
- *Association Core Component*;
- *Aggregate Core Component*.

There are 3 different categories of *Business Information Entity* :

- **Basic Business Information Entity** is based on *Basic Core Component*.
- **Association Business Information Entity** is based on *Association Core Component*.
- **Aggregate Business Information Entity** qualifies the Object Class of *Aggregate Core Component*.



Core Components Specification (CCS) is defined in [ISO 15000-5](#) Electronic Business Extensible Markup Language (ebXML) — Part 5: Core Components Specification (CCS).

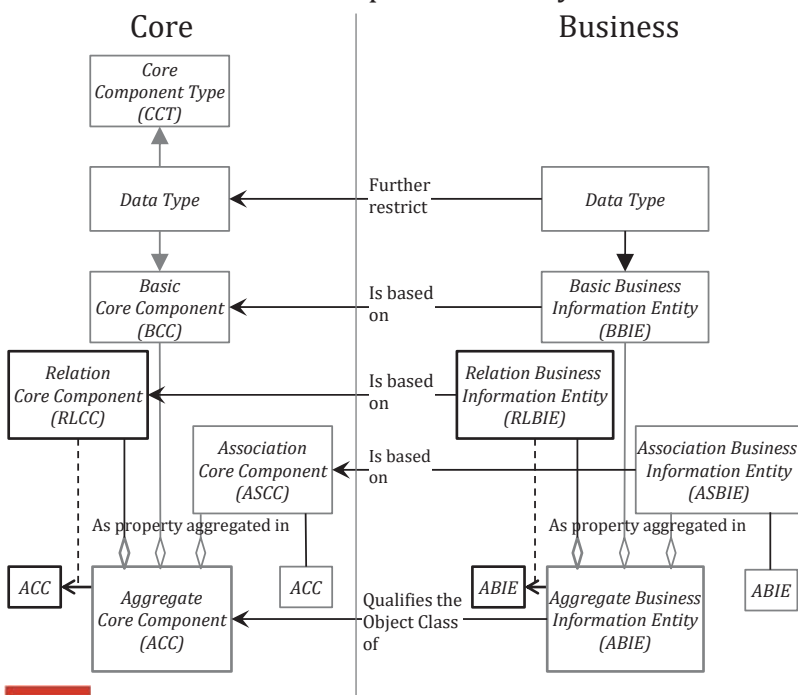
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Extended Core Components Specification

-3

Core Component Library



There are 6 different categories of *Core Components*:

- *Core Component Type*;
- *Basic Core Component*;
- **Relation Core Component**;
- **Identifier Core Component**;
- *Association Core Component*;
- *Aggregate Core Component*.

There are 3 different categories of *Business Information Entity* :

- *Basic Business Information Entity* is based on *Basic Core Component*.
- **Relation Business Information Entity** is based on *Relation Core Component*.
- **Identifier Business Information Entity** is based on *Identifier Core Component*.
- *Association Business Information Entity* is based on *Association Core Component*.
- *Aggregate Business Information Entity* qualifies the Object Class of *Aggregate Core Component*.



NOTE The RLCC is a BCC, which is a reference identifier with the value of referencing ACC's unique identifier. The IDCC is a BCC, which is a unique identifier for ACC.

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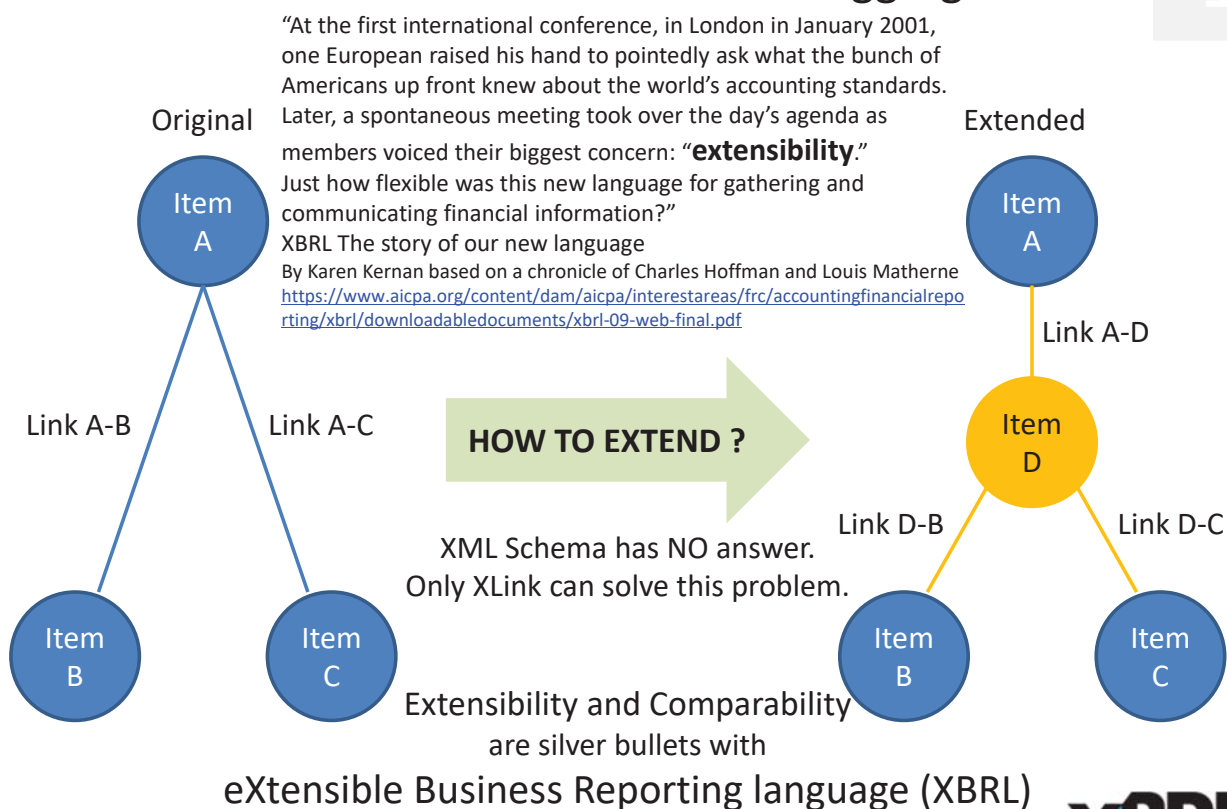
-1 eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) 2.1

An XBRL taxonomy defines the reporting concepts that may be used in instance documents and can also provide a wide range of structured meta-data about the concepts and how they should be used.

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How to extend the new intermediate aggregation item



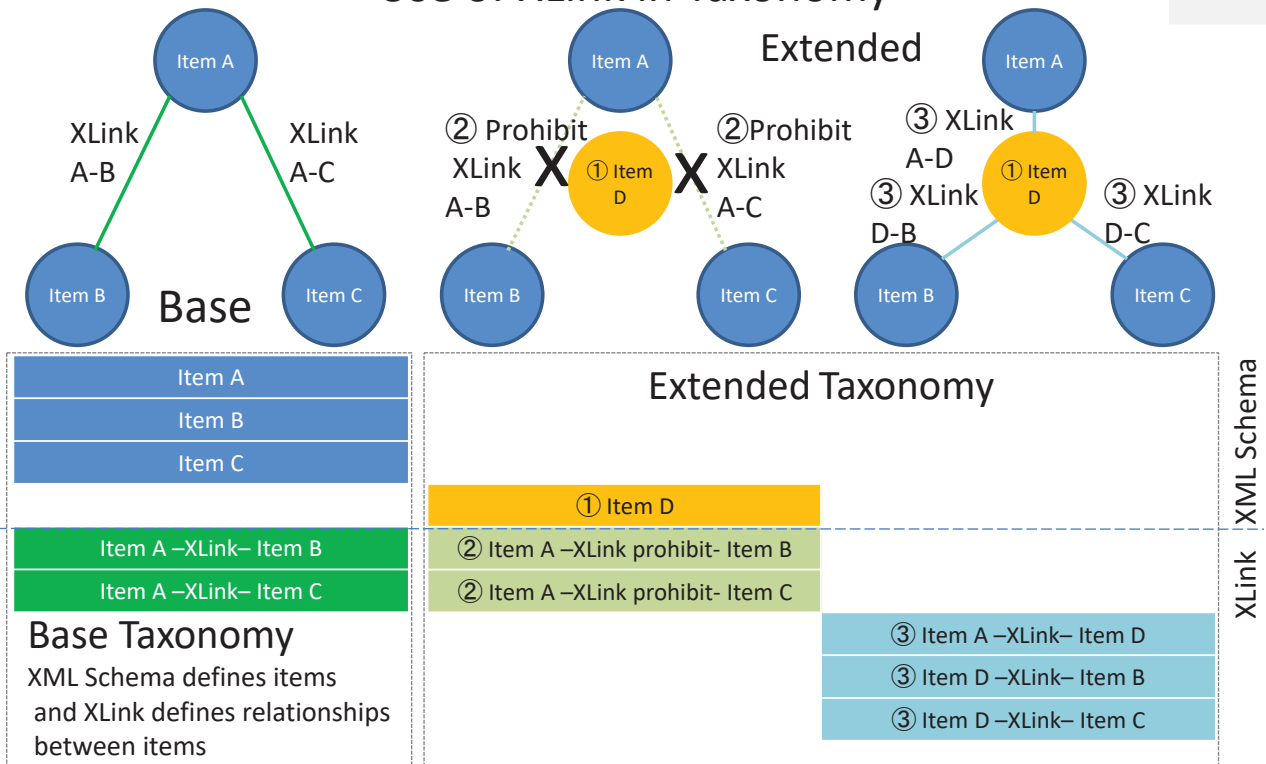
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XBRL style extension method

Use of XLink in Taxonomy

-1



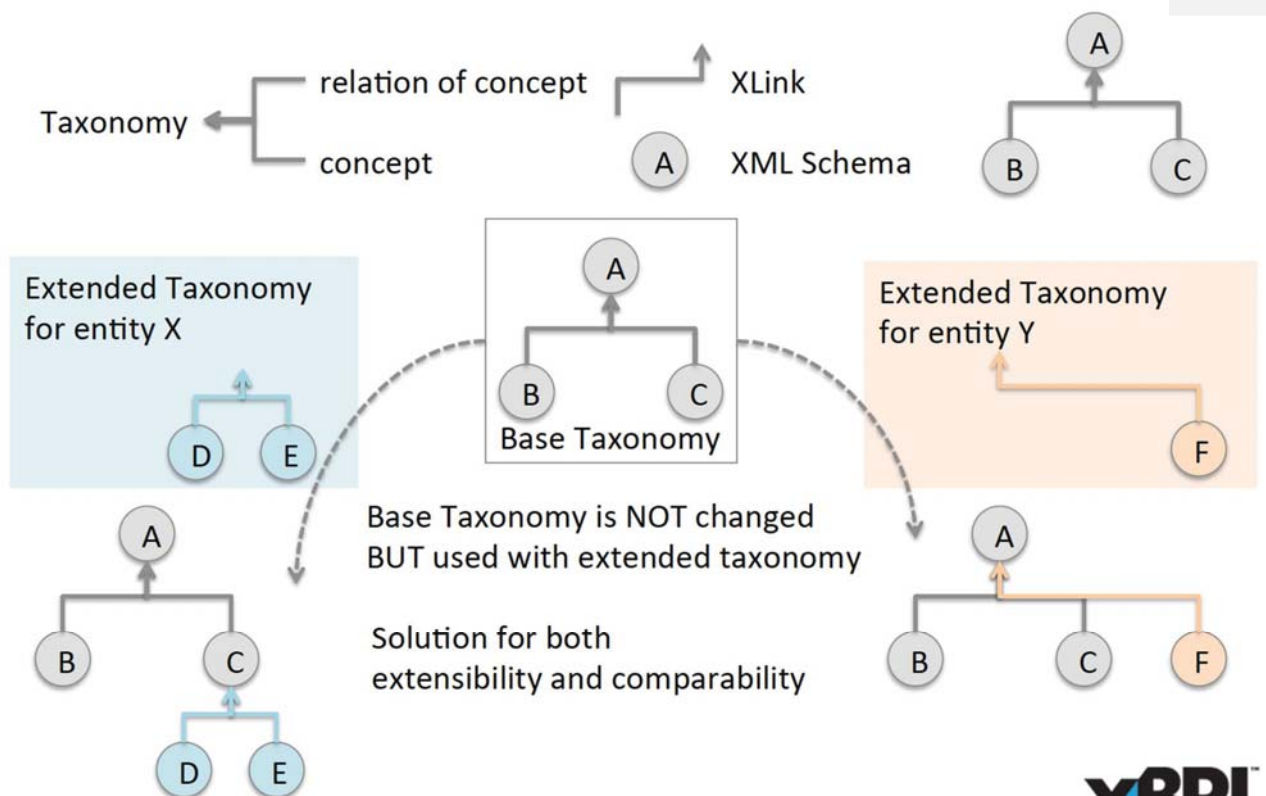
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Extensibility and Comparability

-1



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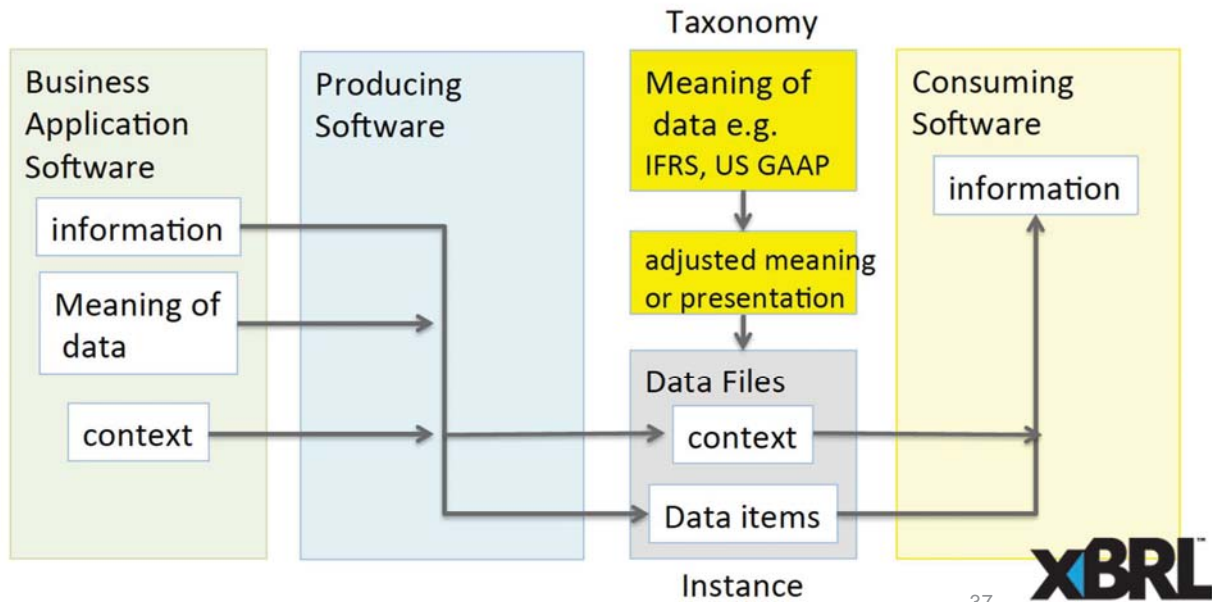
Taxonomy based Reporting Data Value Chain

-1

We need standards not only for data but also for the meaning of data.

Standards for data files, meaning of data, and application process.

-> XBRL(eXtensible Business Reporting Language)



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XBRL Specifications

-1

An XBRL taxonomy defines the reporting concepts that may be used in instance documents and can also provide a wide range of structured meta-data about the concepts and how they should be used. Meta-data that can be defined using the core specifications include:

Labels Taxonomies can provide a variety of different labels. For example, "standard labels" provide a general-purpose label for a concept, whereas "documentation labels" can provide a more verbose description defining the purpose of the concept. All labels can be provided in multiple languages.

References References provide structured meta-data, which can be used to provide links to authoritative reference material containing concept definitions.

Hierarchies Concepts can be arranged into hierarchies that provide an organized presentation of concepts in the taxonomy (presentation relationships) or that capture certain arithmetic relationships between them (calculation relationships).

Dimensions Taxonomies can use the specification to define hierarchies of dimensions that can be associated with concepts in order to report multi-dimensional data. Meta-data is primarily contained in linkbases, which form part of the taxonomy:

Linkbase A linkbase is an XML document that defines relationships using the W3C's XLink standard. Relationships are typically between concepts and other concepts, or between concepts and other resources such as labels. A number of additional specifications have been developed in order to further enhance the ability of XBRL to define and manage reporting requirements.

Internationalization and Translations

XBRL is an international standard and has been designed from the outset to support multiple languages and localized characters. All components in XBRL can be labelled in multiple languages, and the use of the linkbase mechanism makes it easy for third parties to define their own translations of taxonomies

Business rules validation

Reporting requirements often translate into business rules to which all reports are expected to conform. XBRL makes it possible for many of these rules to be defined and published in a standard format.

Source: Defining Reporting Requirements <https://specifications.xbrl.org/reporting-requirements.html>

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Exchange formats for the Audit Data Collection Standard: XBRL

Semantic data modeling and syntax binding for XBRL

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Semantic data modeling and syntax binding for XBRL

0

SCOPE

Standardization in the field of audit data services covers the content specification as well as the collection, pre-processing, management and analysis techniques for the identification, communication, receipt, preparation and use of audit data.

Note:

1. Audit: an official examination of an entity's financial and financial related records in order to check that they are correct.
2. The audit data includes data of different areas including public sector budget, financial report, nonfinancial enterprises, tax and social insurance, for the purpose of government audit, external independent audit, internal audit and other regulators.



TC 295 is intended for stakeholders, including **tax and financial reporting regulators who already require reporting in XBRL format.**



The syntactic binding of granular audit data to XBRL helps these stakeholders collect data in a consistent manner.



Semantic XBRL for Granular Data

Semantic XBRL for Granular Data

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Even if unusual signs can be detected from machine learning patterns in the data exchanged, it is difficult to explain what the problem is and deal with it.

What do you think if you were arrested for accounting fraud and when asked why you were told that AI had decided so?

Semantic XBRL can be used to define firm business rules as internal control, detect abnormalities against them, deal with problems, and, depending on the type of problem, improve internal control rules.



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Normative References

0

Business parties involved and their roles and relationships Employee roles and activities

ISO/IEC 19505-1:2012 Information technology — Object Management Group Unified Modeling Language (OMG UML) — Part 1: Infrastructure

ISO/IEC 19505-2:2012 Information technology — Object Management Group Unified Modeling Language (OMG UML) — Part 2: Superstructure

Semantic datatypes

ISO/IEC 11179-4:2004 Information technology — Metadata registries (MDR) — Part 4: Formulation of data definitions

ISO/IEC 11179-5:2015 Information technology — Metadata registries (MDR) — Part 5: Naming principles

ISO 15000-5:2014 Electronic Business Extensible Markup Language (ebXML) — Part 5: Core Components Specification (CCS)

Business processes

ISO/IEC 19845:2015 Information technology — Universal business language version 2.1 (UBL v2.1)

Business controls and audit trails

CEN EN 16931-1:2017+A1:2019 Electronic invoicing - Part 1: Semantic data model of the core elements of an electronic invoice

CEN/TS 16931-3-2:2020 Electronic invoicing - Part 3-2: Syntax binding for ISO/IEC 19845 (UBL 2.1) invoice and credit note



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- [2] **Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) 2.1**, Recommendation 31 December 2003 with errata corrections to 20 February 2013 <http://www.xbrl.org/Specification/XBRL-2.1/REC-2003-12-31/XBRL-2.1-REC-2003-12-31+corrected-errata-2013-02-20.html>
- [3] **XBRL Dimensions 1.0**, Recommendation 18 September 2006 with errata corrections to 25 January 2012 <https://www.xbrl.org/specification/dimensions/rec-2012-01-25/dimensions-rec-2006-09-18+corrected-errata-2012-01-25-clean.html>
- [4] **XBRL Formula Overview 1.0**, Public Working Draft 21 December 2011 <https://www.xbrl.org/wgn/xbrl-formula-overview/pwd-2011-12-21/xbrl-formula-overview-wgn-pwd-2011-12-21.html>
- [5] **Formula 1.0**, Recommendation 22 June 2009 <http://www.xbrl.org/Specification/formula/REC-2009-06-22/formula-REC-2009-06-22.html>
- [6] **Open Information Model 1.0**, Candidate Recommendation 16 February 2021, <http://www.xbrl.org/Specification/oim/CR-2021-02-16/oim-CR-2021-02-16.html>
- [7] **xBRL-XML: XML Mappings for the Open Information Model 1.0**, Candidate Recommendation 16 February 2021 <http://www.xbrl.org/Specification/xbrl-xml/CR-2021-02-16/xbrl-xml-CR-2021-02-16.html>
- [8] **xBRL-CSV: mapping from Open Information Model 1.0**, Candidate Recommendation 3 February 2021 <https://www.xbrl.org/Specification/xbrl-csv/CR-2021-02-03/xbrl-csv-CR-2021-02-03.html>
- [9] **Open Information Model 1.0**, Candidate Recommendation 14 October 2020 <https://www.xbrl.org/Specification/oim/CR-2020-10-14/oim-CR-2020-10-14.html>
- [10] **XBRL Global Ledger Taxonomy Framework 2017**, Public Working Draft 01 December 2016 <https://www.xbrl.org/int/gl/2016-12-01/gl-framework-2017-PWD-2016-12-01.html>



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Exchange formats for the Audit Data Collection Standard: XBRL

0

1. Semantic data modeling
2. Parties involved and their roles and relationships
3. Employee roles and user activities
4. Business processes
5. Business controls and audit trails
6. Business rules
7. Syntax binding for XBRL



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1. Semantic data modeling

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Document and Line item

-3

There are two types of business documents.

One is ***a list of data*** and the other is a ***header and line item***.

The list of data includes customer masters, supplier masters, subledgers such as accounts payable, trial balance and journal entries.

Most business transactions consist of ***header and line items***.

There are two ways to represent a business document that consists of headers and line items:

One is a format in which the header contains line items and is expressed in single document.

The other is to represent it as two documents, a header document and a line-item document.

Two approaches to represent Header and Line items -3

Header	H1	D11	D12	H2	D21	D22
Line item	L1	L1a	L1b	L3	L3a	L3b
	L2	L2a	L2b	L4	L4a	L4b
				L5	L5a	L5b

Transaction documents

Semantic model

Header			Line item		
ID	d1	d2	Association		
			L_id	La	L2
H1	D11	D12			
H1			L1	L1a	L1b
H1			L2	L2a	L2b
H2	D21	D22			
H2			L3	L3a	L3b
H2			L4	L4a	L4b
H2			L5	L5a	L5b

Single instance

identifier
Header

ID	d1	d2
H1	D11	D12
H2	D21	D22

reference identifier
Line item

RL	L_id	La	Lb
H1	L1	L1a	L1b
H1	L2	L2a	L2b
H2	L3	L3a	L3b
H2	L4	L4a	L4b
H2	L5	L5a	L5b

Two instances bound by the relationship between the reference identifier and the identifier.



Base architecture type A ASBIE for line items

In the first method, the line items are defined as ASBIE in the header



No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Description	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Header	—	—	The document header.	ADS Header_ Trade Transaction. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Header ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for the document header.	ADS Header_ Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier
x	ASBIE	1	Line Item	—	1..n	line items of this document	ADS Header_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item

0	ABIE	0	Line Item	—	—	The document line item.	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Line Item ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for the document line item.	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier
2	BBIE	1	Line Number	Code	1..1	Line number for the document line item	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Line. Numeric



Base architecture type B RLBIE for the header

-3

In the second method, the Line item ABIE contains the RLBIE for the header ABIE. In such cases, there are two lists.

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Description	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Header	—	—	The document header.	ADS Header_ Trade Transaction. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Header ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for the document header.	ADS Header_ Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier
			...				



No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Description	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Line Item	—	—	The document line item.	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Details
1	RLBIE	1	Header ID	Reference identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the document header.	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Header. ADS Header_ Trade Transaction
2	IDBIE	1	Line Item ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for the document line item.	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier
3	BBIE	1	Line Number	Code	1..1	Line number for the document line item	ADS Line Item_ Trade Line Item. Line. Numeric
			...				



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Step 1: Select Core Components

Trade Transaction (UN00002077) & Trade Line Item (UN00001308)

-3

UN00002077	ACC	Trade Transaction. Details	Agreement, contract, exchange, understanding, or transfer of cash or property that occurs between two or more parties.
UN00002078	BCC	Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier	A unique identifier for this trade transaction.
UN00002079	BCC	Trade Transaction. Type. Code	A code specifying the type of trade transaction.
UN00002080	BCC	Trade Transaction. Information. Text	Information, expressed as text, for this trade transaction.
UN00003254	BCC	Trade Transaction. Line Item. Quantity	A number of line items for this trade transaction.
UN00008735	BCC	Trade Transaction. Issue. Date Time	A date, time, date time or other date time value for the issuance of this trade transaction.
UN00008736	BCC	Trade Transaction. URL. Identifier	A Uniform Resource Locator (URL) of the web location of this trade transaction.
UN00002081	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Included. Trade Line Item	A trade line item included in this trade transaction.
UN00002082	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Associated. Document	A document associated with this trade transaction, such as the purchase order, invoice or packing list.
UN00002083	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Applicable. Trade Agreement	Trade agreement details applicable to this trade transaction such as payment or delivery terms.
UN00002084	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Applicable. Trade Delivery	Trade delivery details applicable to this trade transaction.
UN00002085	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Applicable. Trade Settlement	Trade settlement details applicable to this trade transaction.
UN00003217	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Specified. Package	A package specified for this trade transaction.
UN00005067	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Included. Product Group	A product group included in this trade transaction.
UN00008090	ASCC	Trade Transaction. Included. Product	A product included in this trade transaction.

UN00001308	ACC	Trade Line Item. Details	A collection of information specific to an item being used or reported on for trade purposes.
UN00001309	BCC	Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier	A unique identifier for this trade line item.
UN00001928	BCC	Trade Line Item. Sequence. Numeric	A sequence number for this trade line item.
UN00001929	BCC	Trade Line Item. Seller Assigned. Identifier	The unique identifier for this trade line item as assigned by the seller.
UN00001930	BCC	Trade Line Item. Buyer Assigned. Identifier	The unique identifier for this trade line item as assigned by the buyer.
UN00001932	BCC	Trade Line Item. Description. Text	A textual description of this trade line item.
UN00001933	BCC	Trade Line Item. Production Batch. Identifier	A unique production batch identifier for this trade line item.
UN00001934	BCC	Trade Line Item. Product Model. Identifier	A unique product model identifier for this trade line item.
UN00001935	BCC	Trade Line Item. Type. Code	A code specifying a type of trade line item.
UN00001936	BCC	Trade Line Item. Type Extension. Code	A code used as an extension to the type code for further specifying a type of trade line item.
UN00001937	BCC	Trade Line Item. Gross Weight. Measure	A measure of the gross weight (mass) of this trade line item which includes packaging but which excludes any associated transport equipment.
UN00001938	BCC	Trade Line Item. Net Weight. Measure	A measure of the net weight (mass) of this trade line item which excludes all packaging.
UN00001939	BCC	Trade Line Item. Gross Volume. Measure	A measure of the gross volume of this trade line item.
UN00001940	BCC	Trade Line Item. Charge Free. Indicator	The indication of whether or not this trade line item is free of charge.
UN00001941	BCC	Trade Line Item. Charge. Amount	A monetary value of a charge for this trade line item.
UN00001942	BCC	Trade Line Item. Invoice. Amount	A monetary value of an invoice for this trade line item.

“Trade Transaction” and “Trade Line Items” are Aggregate Core Components selected from the 2020 version of the Core Component Library (CCL).

The CCL is defined by UN/CEFACT. CCL contains 596 Aggregate Core Components and over 8,000 Core Components.

See <https://www.wuwei.space/iso/tc295/>



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Legend

-3

No	CC	Business Term	Definition	ID	Dictionary Entry Name
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Each information element that constitutes the semantic data model of the Core Components is described as a row in the table documented in the following sub-clause where the following information is provided.

No: A sequence number for the information element.

CC: Specifies which category of Core Component the information element belongs to.

ACC: Aggregate Core Component

ASCC: Association Core Component

BCC: Basic Core Component

IDCC: Identifier Core Component

RLCC: Relation Core Component

Business Term: A synonym used in business where a Core is commonly known.

Definition: A definition of the information element.

ID: A unique identifier **uniquely assigned by the United Nations** are numbered UNnnnnnnnn.

The Core Components **defined in this standard** are numbered ADCS-nnnnn.

Dictionary Entry Name: A unique official name of a Core Component registered by the United Nations. If there is no corresponding registered information element, named according to the naming convention defined in ISO 15000-1.



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Step 2: Extend Core Components to support ADCS

Trade Transaction (ADCS-00152) & Trade Line Item (ADCS-00160)

-3

No	CC	Business Term	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ACC	Trade Transaction		Trade Transaction. Details
1	IDCC	Trade Transaction ID	A unique identifier for this trade transaction.	Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier
2	BCC	Type Code	A code specifying the type of trade transaction.	Trade Transaction. Type. Code
5	BCC	Issue Date	A date, time, date time or other date time value for the issuance of this trade transaction.	Trade Transaction. Issue. Date Time
12	ASCC	Specified Period	A period specified in this trade transaction.	Trade Transaction. Defined. Period
13	ASCC	[Specified] Monetary Value	A monetary value [specified] in this trade transaction.	Trade Transaction. [Specified]. Monetary Value
14	ASCC	Trade Line Item	A trade line item included in this trade transaction.	Trade Transaction. Included. Trade Line Item

No	CC	Business Term	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ACC	Trade Line Item		Trade Line Item. Details
1	RLCC	Trade Transaction ID	A specified reference identifier for trade transaction including this trade line item.	Trade Line Item. Header. Trade Transaction
2	IDCC	Trade Line Item ID	A unique identifier for this trade line item.	Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier
3	BCC	Sequence Number	A sequence number for this trade line item.	Trade Line Item. Sequence. Numeric
65	BCC	Tax excluded Amount	A tax excluded amount for this trade line item.	Trade Transaction. Tax Excluded. Amount
65	BCC	Tax Included Amount	A tax included amount for this trade line item.	Trade Transaction. Tax Included. Amount
67	BCC	Transaction Amount	An amount for this trade line item intarnsaction currency.	Trade Transaction. Transaction Currency. Amount
40	ASCC	Accounting Account	An accounting account for this trade line item.	Trade Line Item. Account. Accounting Account

Add #13 "[Specified] Monetary Value" in "Trade Transaction" (ADCS-00152) to record monetary values.

Add #1 "Trade Transaction ID" in "Trade Line Item" (ADCS-00160) to specify the reference identifier for "Trade Transaction" including this "Trade Line Item".



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Step3: Define Business Information Entities

-3

Syntax mappings to audit data are defined from business information

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Invoices Received	—	—	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Invoice ID	Identifier	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier
2	BBIE	1	Invoice Number	Text	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Number_ Information. Text
3	ASBIE	1	Period	—	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS_ Fiscal Period
4	BBIE	2	Fiscal Year	Numeric	1..1	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Fiscal Year. Code
5	BBIE	2	Accounting Period	Code	1..1	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Accounting ADS_ Period. Code
6	BBIE	1	Official Invoice Code	Code	0..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Official. Code
20	ASBIE	1	Created Activity	—	0..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Created_ Activity
21	BBIE	2	Created Date	Date	1..1	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Date
22	BBIE	2	Created Time	Time	0..1	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Time
38	RLBIE	1	Business Segment [X] ^a	Reference Identifier	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. [X]. ADS Business Segment_ Code
39	ASBIE	1	Invoices Received Line Item	—	0..n	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Detail

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Invoices Received Line Item	—	—	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Detail
1	RLBIE	1	Invoice ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Header. ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Transaction
2	IDBIE	1	Invoice Line ID	Identifier	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier
3	BBIE	1	Sequence Number	Numeric	0..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Sequence. Numeric
4	RLBIE	1	Purchase Order ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction
5	RLBIE	1	Purchase Order Line ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item
6	ASBIE	1	Product	—	1..1	ADS Invoices Received_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS_ Product
7	IDBIE	2	Product ID	Identifier	1..1	ADS_ Product. Identification. Identifier
8	BBIE	2	Unit of Measurement Code	Code	1..1	ADS_ Product. Measurement. Code
11	BBIE	2	Basic UOM Quantity	Quantity	0..1	ADS_ Product. Basic UOM. Quantity
12	RLBIE	2	Basic UOM Code	Reference Identifier	0..1	ADS_ Product. Defined. ADS Measurement Unit_ Code



Invoices Received & Invoices Received Line Item

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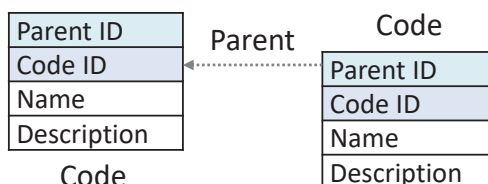
Relation Core Component in Code

-3

Although UN/CEFACT Core Component Library contains little ACC which contains BCC specifying reference identifier for another ACC, Audit data requires relationship among documents based on identifiers.

Core Components for Code

No	CC	Business Term	Definition	ID	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ACC	Code	A code.	ADCS-00008	Code. Details
1	RLCC	Parent ID	A reference identifier for the parent code.	ADCS-00009	Code. Parent. Code
2	IDCC	Code ID	A unique identifier for this code. A code of this code.	ADCS-00010	Code. Identification. Identifier
3	BCC	Name	A name, expressed as text, of this code.	ADCS-00011	Code. Name. Text
4	BCC	Description	A description, expressed as text, for this code.	ADCS-00012	Code. Description. Text



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ISO 21378:2019 Annex A Business Segment

-3

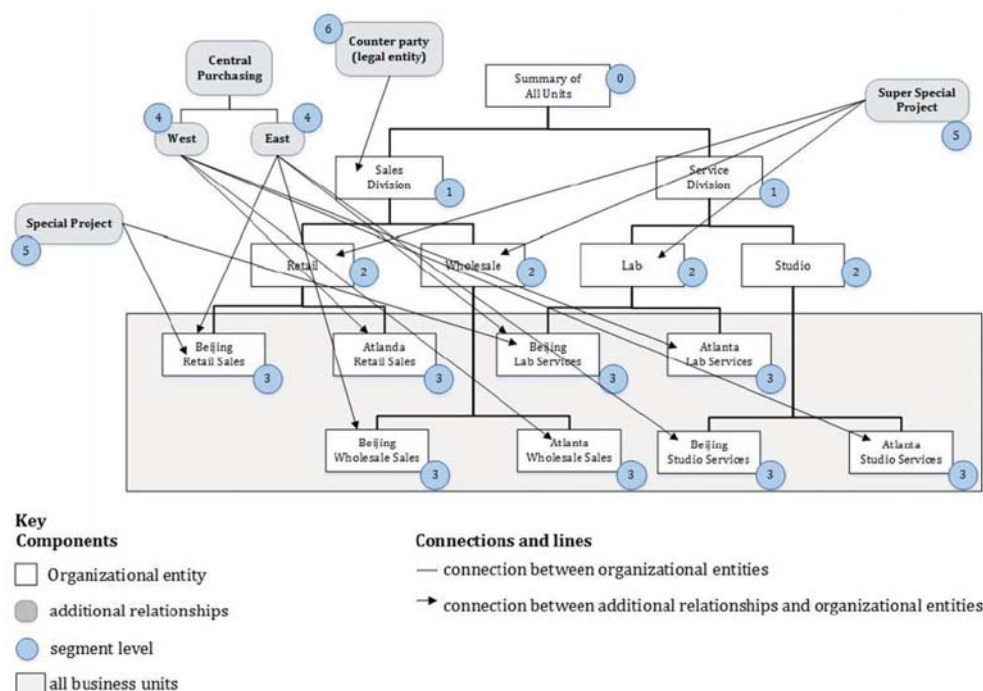


Figure A.3— Example of the level assignments



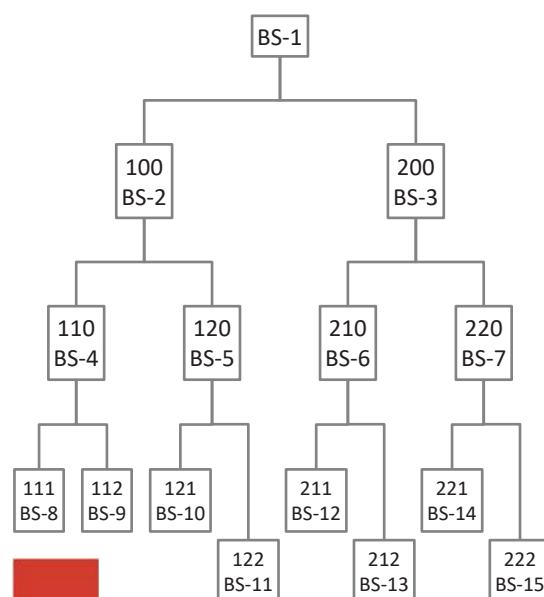
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Business Segment Code

No	BIE	D	Business Term	O	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Business Segment	—	ADS Business Segment _Code. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Business Segment ID	1..1	ADS Business Segment _Code. Identification. Identifier
2	BBIE	1	Organization Type	1..1	ADS Business Segment _Code. Organization Type. Code
3	BBIE	1	Business Segment Code	1..1	ADS Business Segment _Code. Business Segment Code
4	BBIE	1	Name	1..1	ADS Business Segment _Code. Name. Text
5	BBIE	1	Reference Level Code	1..1	ADS Business Segment _Code. Reference Level Code
6	RLBIE	1	Parent ID	0..1	ADS Business Segment _Code. Parent. ADS Business Segment _Code



ID	Organization Type	Code	Name	L	Parent ID
BS-1	Consolidated business		All Units Segment	0	
BS-2	Division	100	Sales Division Segment	1	BS-1
BS-3	Division	200	Service Division Segment	1	BS-1
BS-4	Department	110	Retail Segment	2	BS-2
BS-5	Department	120	Wholesale Segment	2	BS-2
BS-6	Department	210	Lab Segment	2	BS-3
BS-7	Department	220	Studio Segment	2	BS-3
BS-8	Business Unit	111	Beijing Retail Sales Segment	3	BS-4
BS-9	Business Unit	112	Atlanta Retail Sales Segment	3	BS-4
BS-10	Business Unit	121	Beijing Wholesale Sales Segment	3	BS-5
BS-11	Business Unit	122	Atlanta Wholesale Sales Segment	3	BS-5
BS-12	Business Unit	211	Beijing Lab Services Segment	3	BS-6
BS-13	Business Unit	212	Atlanta Lab Services Segment	3	BS-6
BS-14	Business Unit	221	Beijing Studio Services Segment	3	BS-7
BS-15	Business Unit	222	Atlanta Studio Services Segment	3	BS-7
BS-16	Purchasing Org	West	Central Purchasing West Segment	4	
BS-17	Purchasing Org	East	Central Purchasing East Segment	4	
BS-18	Project	A123	Special Project Segment	5	
BS-19	Project	C543	Super Special Project Segment	5	
BS-20	Legal Entity	43278	Counterparty Segment	6	

Head of dele



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This standard defines extendable Core Component with [].
Following is an example definition of Basic Core Component in Code.Detail. We can define the "Function Code" by replacing [Specified] with "Function" and resulting Dictionary Entry Name is "Code. Function. Code".

EXAMPLE Base definition

No	CC	Business Term	Definition	ID	Dictionary Entry Name
	BCC	[Specified] Code	A [Specified] code of this code.		Code. [Specified]. Code

EXAMPLE Extended definition

No	CC	Business Term	Definition	ID	Dictionary Entry Name
	BCC	Function Code	A Function code of this code.		Code. Function. Code



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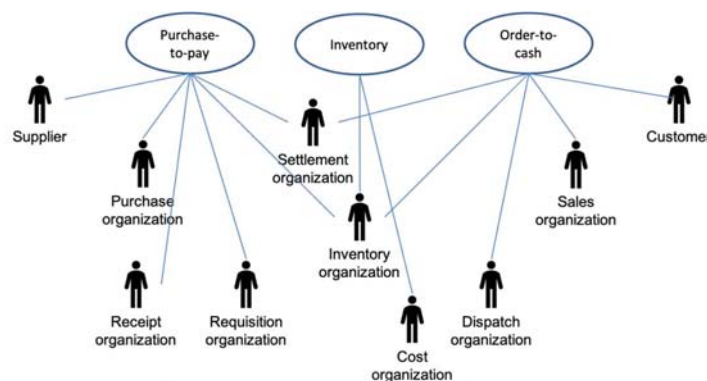
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- 2. Parties involved and their roles and relationships
- 3. Employee roles and user activities

Parties involved and their roles and relationships

2



For example, EN 16931-1 defines following party and roles.

Parties

Customer The customer is the legal person or organization who is in demand of a product or service.

Supplier The supplier is the legal person or organization who provides a product or service.

Roles

Creditor One to whom a debt is owe. The party that claims the payment and is responsible for resolving billing issues and arranging settlement. The party that sends the invoice or credit note.

Debtor One who owes debt. The party responsible for making settlement relating to a purchase. The party that receives the invoice or credit note.



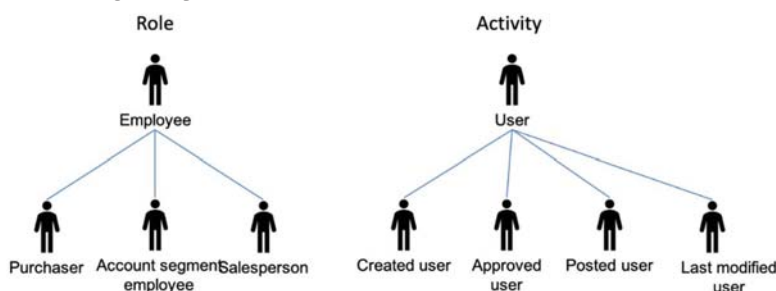
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Employee roles and user activities

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The **users** managing the ERP system shall have unique identification data, enabling job identification and authentication of the users. The identification and authentication data shall be revoked without delay in case of the cessation of user rights. Each employee shall have the necessary education, practice and professional experience for the provision of his scope of activities.

The party shall log every transactional event that can provide information on activity, changes happened in the ERP system, every verification activity performed related to transaction and / or accounting.

In case of every log entry, the following data shall be stored:

- the date and time of the activity;
- the type of the event;
- the success or failure of the implementation;

the identification of the user or the system who/what triggered the event



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Party Roles in UBL

“In the UBL supply chain processes, two main **actors**, **Customer** and **Supplier**, represent the key organizations or people involved in the processes. Each of these actors may play various **roles**. Some processes may also involve supplementary roles that may be provided by different parties.”

Table 1. Party Roles

Actor	Role	Description
Customer Party	Originator	The party that had the original demand for the goods and/or services and therefore initiated the procurement transaction. The Originator participates in pre-ordering activity either through Request for Quotation and Quotation or by receiving a Quotation as a response to a punch-out transaction on a marketplace or Seller's website. If the Originator subsequently places an Order , the Originator adopts the role of Buyer. The Originator is typically the contact point for queries regarding the original requirement and may be referred to in an Order Change , Order Cancellation , or Order Response .
Customer Party	Buyer	The party that purchases the goods or services on behalf of the Originator. The Buyer may be referred to in Order Response , Despatch Advice , Fulfillment Cancellation , Invoice , Self Billed Invoice , Credit Note , and Statement .
Customer Party	Delivery	The party to whom goods should be delivered. The Delivery Party may be the same as the Originator. The Delivery Party must be referred to at line item level in Request for Quotation , Quotation , Order , Order Change , Order Cancellation , and Order Response . The Delivery Party may be referred to at line level in Invoice , Self Billed Invoice , Credit Note , and Debit Note . The Delivery Party may be stipulated in a transport contract.
Customer Party	Accounting Customer	The party responsible for making settlement relating to a purchase and resolving billing issues using a Debit Note . The Accounting Customer must be referred to in an Order and may be referred to in an Order Response . In a Self Billing scenario, the Accounting Customer is responsible for calculating and issuing tax invoices.
Supplier Party	Seller	The party responsible for handling Originator and Buyer services. The Seller party is legally responsible for providing the goods to the Buyer. The Seller party receives and quotes against Request for Quotation documents and may provide information to the Buyer's requisitioning process through Catalogues and Quotations .
Supplier Party	Despatch	The party where goods are to be collected from. The Despatch Party may be stipulated in a transport contract.

Only part of this table is quoted here.



4. Business processes

5. Business controls and audit trails

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Definitions

5

Business Control

The COSO Model defines “business control” as:

a process, effected by an entity’s board of directors, management and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Audit Trail

An audit trail is:

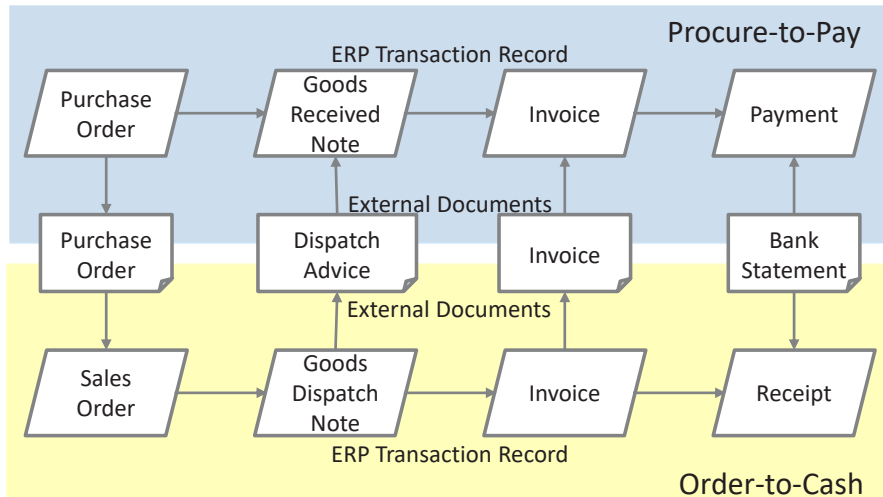
a paper and/or electronic record that gives a step by step documented history of a transaction, which can validate or invalidate accounting entries. Components of an audit trail include:

- (i) source records,
- (ii) list of transactions processed and
- (iii) transaction identifiers so that reference can be made to the source of a transaction.

Business controls and audit trails

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An electronic record of each of these events will usually be created in the ERP system. This record may directly contain values relating to the event, e.g. quantities, or reference master data to provide or derive content, e.g. pricing. It is this record of the sequence of events in the process that contributes to an audit trail. An audit trail will consist of documents outside the ERP and a transaction record within the ERP. For example, the audit trail for the 'procure-to-pay' cycle will often take the following form.



This represents the process that supports purchase of goods or services where the 3-way match control is implemented, typically: purchase order → goods received note → purchase invoice → payment. Left is the equivalent audit trail for an 'order-to-cash' cycle.



Source: CEN WORKSHOP AGREEMENT CWA 16460 May 2012 Good Practice: e-Invoicing Compliance Guidelines - The Commentary Partially modified by SAMBUICHI, Nobuyuki

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Overview of the semantic model of Core Invoice in EN 16931-1

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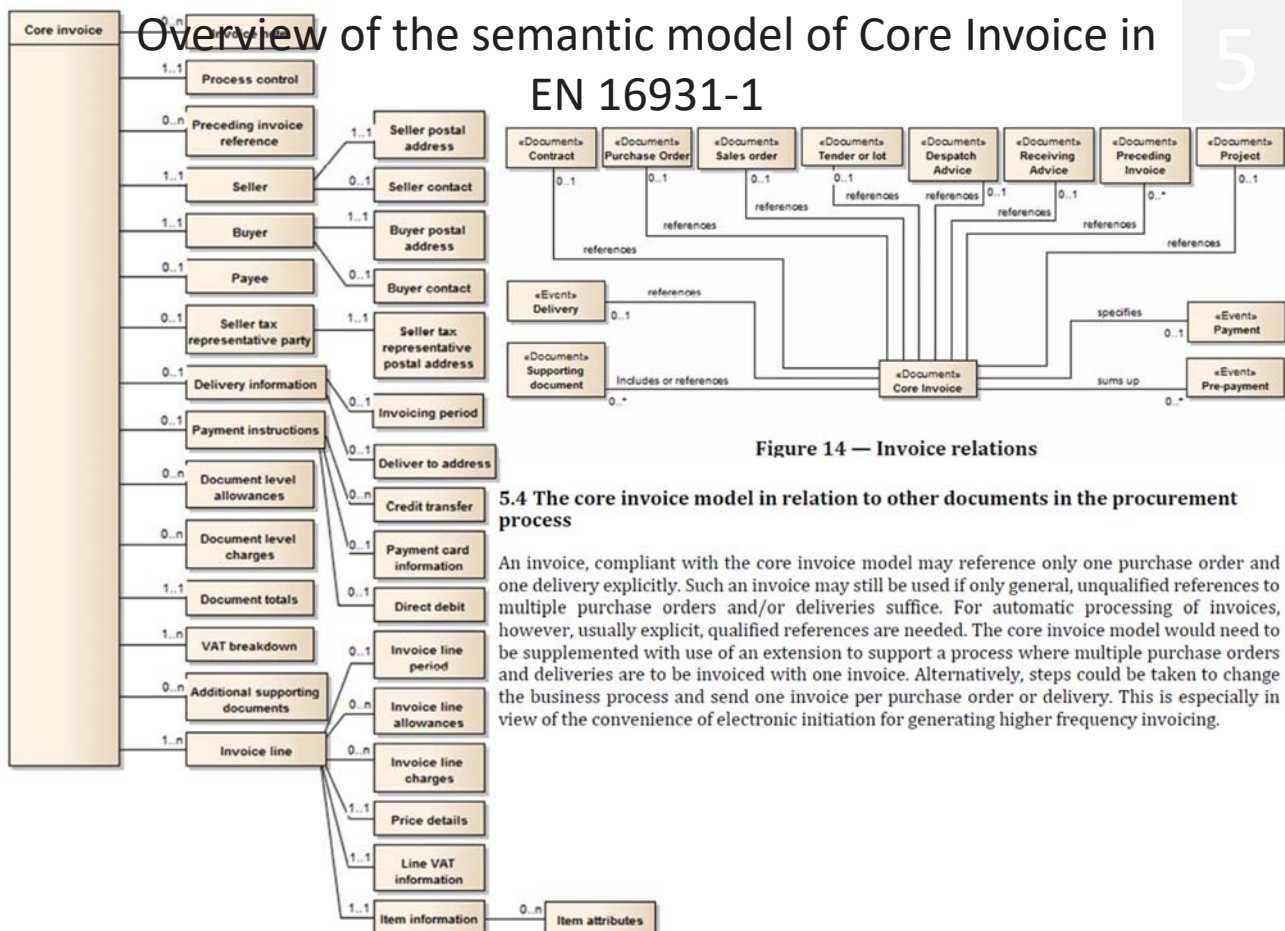


Figure 14 — Invoice relations

5.4 The core invoice model in relation to other documents in the procurement process

An invoice, compliant with the core invoice model may reference only one purchase order and one delivery explicitly. Such an invoice may still be used if only general, unqualified references to multiple purchase orders and/or deliveries suffice. For automatic processing of invoices, however, usually explicit, qualified references are needed. The core invoice model would need to be supplemented with use of an extension to support a process where multiple purchase orders and deliveries are to be invoiced with one invoice. Alternatively, steps could be taken to change the business process and send one invoice per purchase order or delivery. This is especially in view of the convenience of electronic initiation for generating higher frequency invoicing.

Universal Business Language (UBL) 2.3

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Business Objects

General Business Rules

Manifest Values
Items
Item Identification
Item Instances
Item Pricing
Hazardous Items
Parties
Multilingual Text
Taxation Rules
Item vs. Line Item
Shipment vs.
Consignment
Transport vs.
Transportation
Transport Events
Financial Information
Indirect Taxes

Supply Chain Business Processes

Supply Chain Overview
Plan
Procurement
Make
Deliver
Return
Pay
Business Directory and
Agreements

Party Roles

Document Schemas

Application Response
Attached Document
Awarded Notification
Bill Of Lading
Business Card
Call For Tenders
Catalogue
Catalogue Deletion
Catalogue Item
Specification Update
Catalogue Pricing Update
Catalogue Request
Certificate Of Origin
Common Transportation
Report
Contract Award Notice
Contract Notice
Credit Note
Debit Note
Despatch Advice
Digital Agreement
Digital Capability
Document Status
Document Status
Request
Enquiry
Enquiry Response
Exception Criteria
Exception Notification
Export Customs
Declaration
Expression Of Interest
Request
Expression Of Interest
Response
Forecast

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Forecast Revision
Forwarding Instructions
Goods Certificate
Goods Item Itinerary
Goods Item Passport
Guarantee Certificate
Import Customs
Declaration
Instruction For Returns
Inventory Report
Invoice
Item Information Request
Manifest
Order
Order Cancellation
Order Change
Order Response
Order Response Simple
Packing List
Prior Information Notice
Product Activity
Proof Of Reexportation
Proof Of Reexportation
Reminder
Proof Of Reexportation
Request
Qualification Application
Request
Qualification Application
Response
Quotation
Receipt Advice
Reminder
Remittance Advice
Request For Quotation
Retail Event
Self Billed Credit Note

Self Billed Invoice
Statement
Stock Availability Report
Tender
Tender Contract
Tender Receipt
Tender Status
Tender Status Request
Tender Withdrawal
Tenderer Qualification
Tenderer Qualification
Response
Trade Item Location
Profile
Transit Customs
Declaration
Transport Execution Plan
Transport Execution Plan
Request
Transport Progress Status
Transport Progress Status
Request
Transport Service
Description
Transport Service
Description Request
Transportation Status
Transportation Status
Request
Unawarded Notification
Unsubscribe From
Procedure Request
Unsubscribe From
Procedure Response
Utility Statement
Waybill
Weight Statement

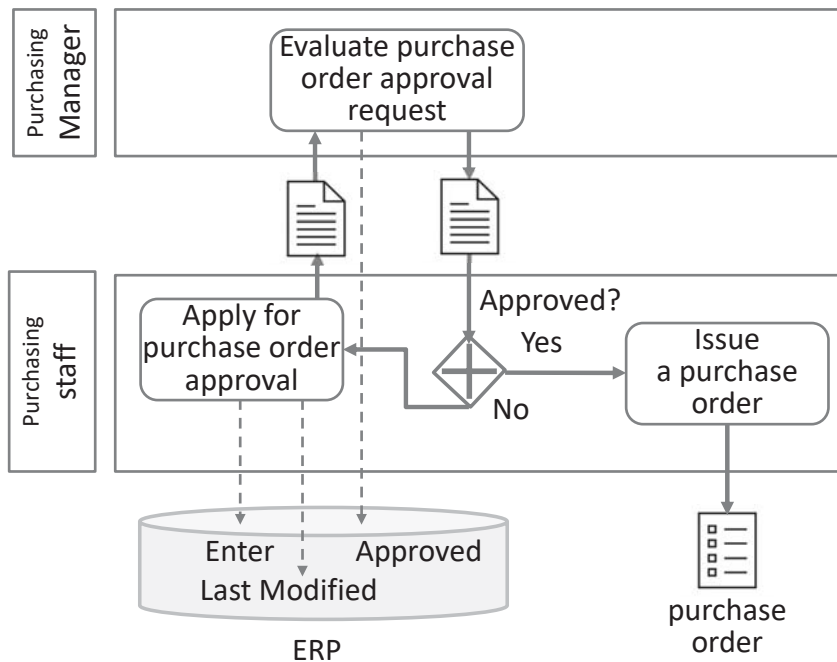
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6. Business rules

Enter and Approve Activity

6



Each case in the figure must be clearly defined so that the computer can detect illegal incidents.

You need to answer:

Need a reason for the last change?

What if the last change was after the PO was sent?

Is the change procedure documented in principle?

Is the timing recorded with that person legal?



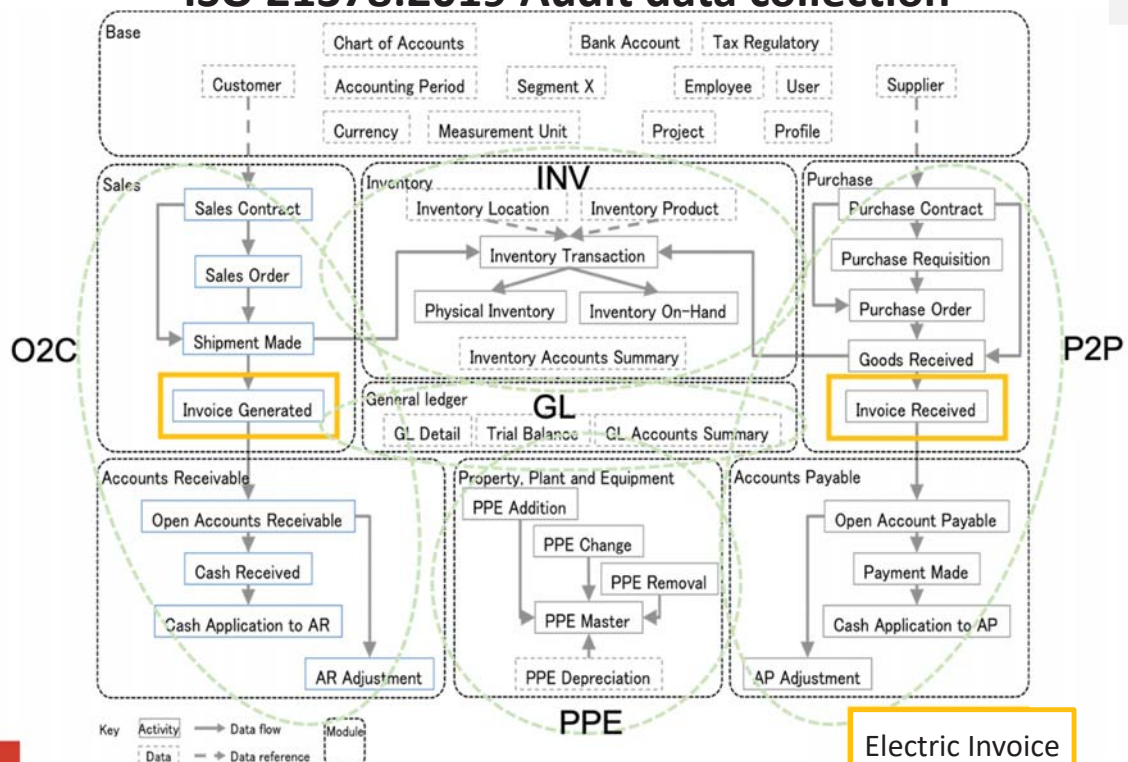
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ISO 21378:2019 Audit data collection

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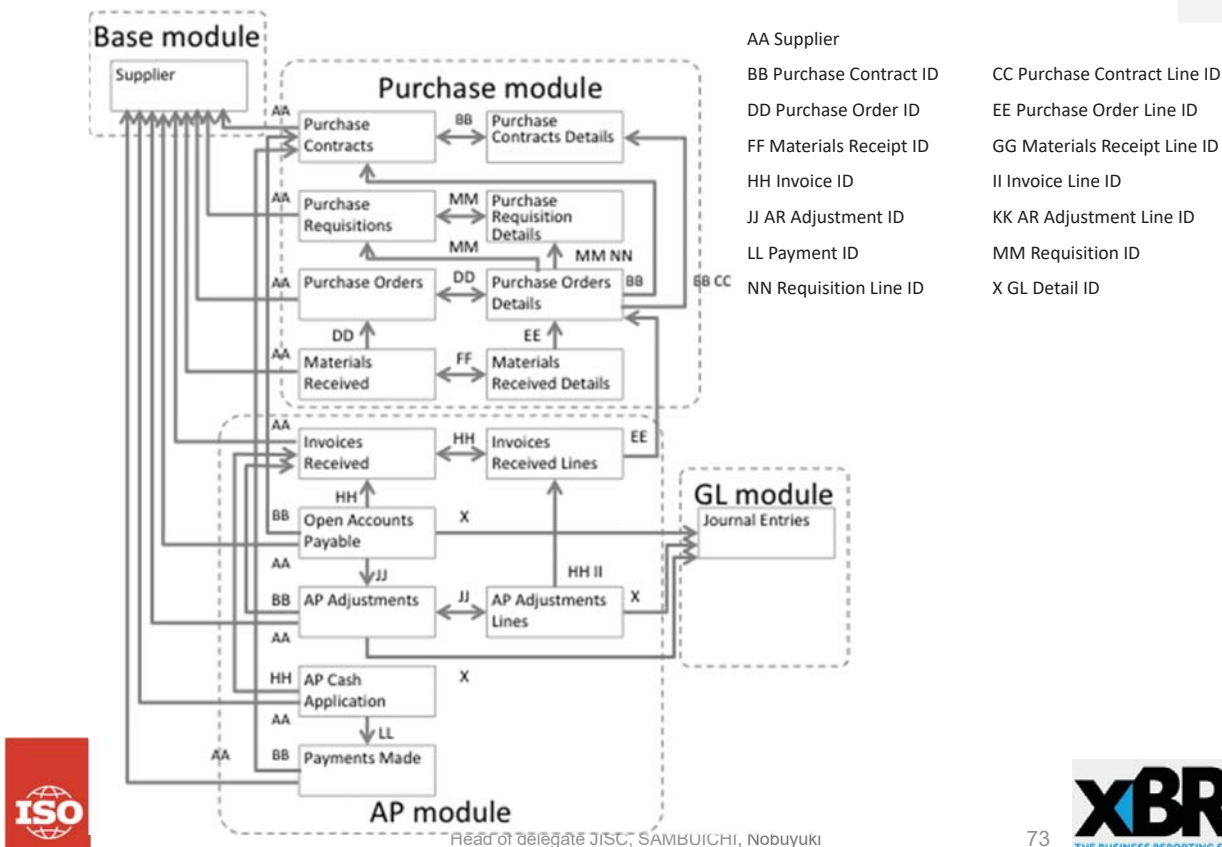


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Procure to pay



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Procure to Pay (3-way matching)

No Audit Trail		Invoice Component																	
		Authenticity	Integrity																
			VAT ID Supplier	Supplier (Name & Address)			VAT ID Customer	Customer (Name & Address)			Invoice Date	Date of Supply	Invoice Number	Nature of Supply	Quantity	Taxable Amount	VAT Rate	VAT Amount	Currency
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m				
1	Purchase Contract	3001	3001	3007	3007					3012		3017						3021	
2	Purchase Order	3002	3005	3008	3008					3013	3015	3018						3022	
3	Goods / Service Received Note						3010			3014	3016								
4	Invoice					3009													
5	Payment	3005	3006						3011			3019				3020	3023		

Audit Trail Contribution to Authenticity and Integrity in Purchasing Processes.

Business rules for P2P 3-way match

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Invoice Component	No	Audit Trail	Rule ID	Audit trail component contribution to Integrity
Authenticity	1	Purchase Contract	P2P-3001	Will identify the supplier for a particular supply.
	2	Purchase Order	P2P-3002	Will identify the supplier for a particular supply.
	5	Payment	P2P-3003	Will identify the supplier for a particular supply.
a) VAT ID Supplier	1	Purchase Contract	P2P-3001	Will identify the supplier for a particular supply.
b) Supplier (Name & Address)	2	Purchase Order	P2P-3005	Business records will contain a supplier account reference providing a link back to ERP supplier master data.
	5	Payment	P2P-3006	Payments allocated to invoices will identify the payee.
c) VAT ID Customer	1	Purchase Contract	P2P-3007	Purchase contract will identify the purchasing company.
d) Customer (Name & Address)	2	Purchase Order	P2P-3008	Purchase order will identify the purchasing company.
e) Invoice Date	4	Invoice	P2P-3009	There will be a correlation between invoice date and posting date of the invoice record in the ERP.
f) Date of Supply	3	Goods / Service Received Note	P2P-3010	Date of goods / service receipt will correlate with the date of supply.
g) Invoice Number	5	Payment	P2P-3011	Payment remittance advice may reference invoice number.
h) Nature of Supply	1	Purchase Contract	P2P-3012	Will contain a record of what is to be supplied.
	2	Purchase Order	P2P-3013	Will contain a record of what is to be supplied.
	3	Goods / Service Received Note	P2P-3014	Will contain a record of what has been supplied.
i) Quantity	2	Purchase Order	P2P-3015	Will contain a record of quantity requested.
	3	Goods / Service Received Note	P2P-3016	Will contain a record of quantity delivered.

Authenticity and Integrity in a Procure-to-Pay (goods 3-way matching) Cycle.

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Example: Auditing requirement for Invoice

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Source: PEPPOL BIS Billing <https://docs.peppol.eu/poacc/billing/3.0/bis/>

Auditing requirements

Id	Requirement (depending, as applicable, on the respective business case)
R56	sufficient information to support the auditing process with regard to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Identification of the invoice; •Identification of the date of issue of the invoice; •Identification of the products and services traded, including their description, value and quantity; •Information for relating the invoice to its settlement; •Information for relating the invoice to relevant documents such as a contract, a purchase order and a despatch advice;
R57	identification of the parties that fulfil the following roles at the invoice level, including their legal name and address: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •The Seller (including the Seller's trade name); •The Buyer; •The Deliver to party (if different from the Buyer); •The Payee (if different from the Seller); •The Tax representative of the Supplier;

Payment requirements

Id	Requirement (depending, as applicable, on the respective business case)
R58	identification of the means of settlement;
R59	the requested amount due for payment;
R60	the date on which payment is due;
R61	necessary details to support bank transfers in accordance with SEPA and national systems;
R62	a reference number and any additional reference data to be included in the payment;
R63	reference number and any additional reference data to be included in the payment, in order to relate the payment to the invoice;
R64	information for relating an invoice to a payment card used for settlement;
R65	basic information to support national payment systems for use in domestic trade;
R66	information about the amount that was pre-paid;
R67	invoices that have a total amount of zero;
R68	invoices that have an amount to pay of zero;
R69	necessary details to support direct debits.
R70	pre-payment invoices

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Example: Calculation of totals

Source: PEPPOL BIS Billing <https://docs.peppol.eu/poacc/billing/3.0/bis/>

id	Term name	Calculation
BT-106	Sum of invoice line net amounts	$\sum(\text{BT-131: Invoice line net amount})$
BT-107	Sum of allowances on document level	$\sum(\text{BT-92: Document level allowance amount})$
BT-108	Sum of charges on document level	$\sum(\text{BT-99: Document level charge amount})$
BT-109	Invoice total amount without VAT	BT-106: Sum of invoice line net amounts – BT-107: Sum of allowances on document + BT-108: Sum of charges on document level
BT-110	Invoice total VAT amount	$\sum(\text{BT-117: VAT category tax amount})$
BT-112	Invoice total amount with VAT	BT-109: Invoice total amount without VAT + BT-110: Invoice total VAT amount
BT-115	Amount due for payment	BT-112: Invoice total amount with VAT – BT-113: Paid amount + BT-114: Rounding amount



7. Syntax binding for XBRL

Semantic XBRL for Granular Data

7. Syntax binding for XBRL

7

7.1 Audit data binding for XBRL taxonomy

- Enable extension based on jurisdictional and/or agency requirements
- Internationalization

7.2 Business rules

Validation with formula linkbase

- Business rules
- Integrity constraints
- data profiling report
- data questionnaire

7.3 Syntax binding for xBRL-XML

7.4 Syntax binding for xBRL-CSV



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XBRL can define computer-readable business rules

7

Data profiling report

Test	Description
Date ranges	Minimum and maximum dates for the following dates
Control totals	Record count and total sum of amount fields
Missing data	Number of missing or blank values listed by field.
Invalid data	Count of records by field that do not comply with field format requirements.

Data profiling reports SHALL be processed with computer-readable rules for calculation and / or validation.



XBRL can define computer-readable business rules for data profiling report and data questionnaire in ISO 21378, as well as more general rules for business processes.



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AR standard data questionnaire

- c) Are ARs tracked by customer invoice or in aggregate for the customer?
- d) How are partial payments processed? Is the original invoice retained in the subledger with a remaining balance due when a partial payment is processed? Or is a new invoice raised with the remaining balance recorded at the time of partial payment? If new invoices are created, how are those identified in the system?
- e) How are transactions with related parties identified? For example, transactions with wholly or partially owned subsidiaries.
- f) What is the organizational policy to maintaining invoices in the open item table once the balance is paid off?
- g) What is the policy for cash application? Is cash applied only to specific documents, to oldest balances, to customer account?
- h) How do you differentiate non-customer receivables from customer receivables?



Data questionnaire answers SHALL be defined in a computer-readable way for automatic processing.

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Formula Overview

Value Assertion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Evaluate variables ▶ Apply testing expression 	Formula <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Evaluate variables ▶ Produce new fact item of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Value expression ◦ Aspects rules
Existence Assertion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Count evaluations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ variables & preconditions ▶ Apply a test to the count 	Consistency Assertion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Evaluate formula ▶ Compare to source fact <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ v-equals or value radius

The first column has the value and existence assertions, which operate on the input XBRL instance data and provide evaluation feedback (as a boolean successful or not successful result, along with possible message detailing cause and ancillary data).

The right column has formula which provides a resulting output fact when it is processed, and below is consistency assertion, which is used when it is desired to compare the formula's output fact with a matching one expected in the input XBRL instance.

Simple examples of each of these four models



Value Assertion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Ratio > minimum <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Capital adequacy ratio > 8% ◦ Interest cover ratio > 2.5% ▶ Cash balance is positive 	Formula <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Assets = liabilities + equity ▶ Ending balance = starting balance + flows
Existence Assertion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Total assets is reported ▶ Correct entity is reported ▶ No fact after cut off date 	Consistency Assertion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Reported item matches computed item <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Assets ◦ Ending balance



Source: <https://www.xbrl.org/wgn/xbrl-formula-overview/pwd-2011-12-21/xbrl-formula-overview-wgn-pwd-2011-12-21.html>

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Validation with XBRL Formula linkbase

The screenshot shows the arelle software interface. The top bar indicates the file is 'arelle - xbrl-gl_ubl_example1.xml'. The 'Formulae' tab is active, displaying a table of formula objects:

Formula object	Label	Cvr.	Cmp.	Seq.	Expression
▶ formula	BR-CO-10				if (abs(sum(\$invoiceLineNetAmount) - sum(\$sumOfInvoiceLineNetAmount)) lt 1.0) then concat('BR-
▶ formula	BR-CO-11				if (abs(\$documentLevelAllowanceAmount - \$sumOfAllowancesOnDocumentLevel) lt 1.0) then concat('
▶ formula	BR-CO-17				if (abs(sum(\$VAT_CategoryTaxAmount) - sum(\$VAT_CategoryTaxableAmount * \$VAT_CategoryRate

Below the table, the 'Formula Output Instance' tab is active, showing the resulting XBRL instance data. The data includes context, entity, and period information, as well as the calculated values for the formulae.



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7. Syntax binding for XBRL

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XBRL Certified Software™

arelle - whyOrWhyNot.xml

The screenshot shows the XBRL Viewer application interface. The left pane displays a tree view of the 'whyOrWhyNot.xml' instance, with 'xbrl-linkbase-2003-12-31' selected. The right pane shows the 'Concept' table with columns for Concept, Fact List, Presentation, Dimension, and Formulae. The table lists various concepts like '報告カレンダーコード' (SC2003), '報告カレンダー説明' (Standard Calenda), and '報告カレンダータイトル' (Fiscal YE 2003). Below the table, there is a section for '【報告カレンダー期間】' (Report Calendar Period) showing dates for January, February, November, and December. The bottom status bar displays error messages related to certificate verification and schema loading.

Concept	Fact List	Presentation	Dimension	Formulae
2007-05-31 - cG12007-05-31 - cG12007-05-31 - cG12007-05-31 - cG12007-05-31 - c				
業種説明				
会計年度開始日付				
会計年度終了日付				
▶ 【会計処理方法】				
▶ 【会計士情報】				
▶ 【CVE情報】				
▼ 【報告カレンダー】				
報告カレンダーコード	SC2003			
報告カレンダー説明	Standard Calenda			
報告カレンダータイトル	Fiscal YE 2003			
期間種別コード	4-5-4			
期間種別説明				
締状態	open			
報告目的	book			
報告目的説明				
▼ 【報告カレンダー期間】				
報告期間識別子	1	2	11	12
期間説明	January	February	November	December
期間開始日付	2003-01-01	2003-02-01	2003-11-01	2003-12-01
期間終了日付	2003-01-31	2003-02-28	2003-11-30	
期間締日付	2003-02-22			
▶ 【仕訳情報】				

messages Concepts

[webCache:retrievalError] [SSL: CERTIFICATE_VERIFY_FAILED] certificate verify failed (_ssl.c:749) retrieving https://www.wuwei.space/xBRL-alpha/xBRL-CSV/whyOrWhyNot.xml [FileNotLoadable] File can not be loaded: https://www.wuwei.space/xBRL-alpha/xBRL-CSV/whyOrWhyNot.xml - https://www.wuwei.space/xBRL-alpha/xBRL-CSV/whyOrWhyNot.xml not successfully loaded in 0.39 secs [info:duplicatedSchema] Schema file with same targetNamespace http://xbrl.org/2005/xbrldt loaded from http://www.xbrl.org/2005/xbrldt-2005.xsd and http://xbrl.org/2005/xbrldt-2005.xsd - .../SRCD/ loaded in 1.00 secs no relationships for Calculation

d1,d2,d3,cor-76,cor-79,cor-73,cen-81,cen-83,cen-84,cen-24,cen-35,cen-37,cen-38,cen-40,cen-46,cen-50,cen-52,cen-53,cen-55,muc-4,muc-33,cor-22,cen-129,cen-131,cen-151,cen-152,cen-146,bus-143,cen-106,cen-109,cen-111,cen-112,cen-115,cen-116,cen-117,cen-118,cen-119

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c19
CG2,,12115118,2015-01-09,380,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG2,eG16,,,,,30,Deb.10202.Fact.12115118,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG2,eG16,eG17,,,,,NL57RABOO107307510,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG2,eG2,,,,,,urn:cn:eu:en16931:2017,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG3,eG4,eG5,,,,,,Postbus71,Velsen-Noord,1950AB,NL,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG3,eG7,,,,,,10202,ODIN59,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG3,eG7,eG8,,,,,,POSTBUS367,HEEMSKERK,1960AJ,NL,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,,,,,,iso4217:EUR,iso4217:EUR,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,1,2,19.9,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5,cG19,,,,,,,,,,,,,S,0.06,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5,eG29,,,,,,,,,,,,,9.95,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
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CG4,cG5.1,,,,,,,,,,,,,2,1,9.85,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.1,cG19,,,,,,,,,,,,,S,0.06,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.1,eG29,,,,,,,,,,,,,9.85,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
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CG4,cG5.2,cG19,,,,,,,,,,,,,S,0.06,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.2,eG29,,,,,,,,,,,,,8.29,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
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CG4,cG5.4,,,,,,,,,,,,,5,1,35,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.4,cG19,,,,,,,,,,,,,S,0.06,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.4,eG29,,,,,,,,,,,,,35,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.4,eG31,,,,,,,,,,,,,KOFFIEBLIK3.SKGSNELF,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
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CG4,cG5.5,cG19,,,,,,,,,,,,,S,0.06,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CG4,cG5.5,eG29,,,,,,,,,,,,,35,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

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          "cen-119": { "dimensions": { "concept": "e:cen-119" } }
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          "c:d2": "$d2",
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          "entity": "ns0:XBRL GL Co."
        }
      }
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  }
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Business Information Entity Purchase Order

7. Syntax binding for XBRL

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Legend

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Description	Dictionary Entry Name
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Each information element that constitutes the semantic data model of the Business Information Entity is described as a row in the table documented in the following sub-clause where the following information is provided.

No: A sequence number for the information element.

BIE: Specifies which category of Business Information Entity the information element belongs to.

ABIE: Aggregate Business Information Entity
 ASBIE: Association Business Information Entity
 BBIE: Basic Business Information Entity
 IDBIE: Identifier Business Information Entity
 RLBIE: Relation Business Information Entity

D: Depth. Indicates on which depth in the model the information element occurs:

0: The first depth of the model;
 1: the second depth of the model. The information element (or the group of information elements) is part of a group of information elements which is defined at the first depth of the model.
 2: the third depth of the model. The information element (or the group of information elements) is part of a group of information elements which is defined at the second depth of the model.
 3: the fourth depth of the model. The information element (or the group of information elements) is part of a group of information elements which is defined at the third depth of the model.

Business Term: A synonym used in business where a Business Information Entity is commonly known.

Semantic data type: The data format that applies to the information element.

O: Occurrence

Description: A description of the information element.

Dictionary Entry Name: A unique official name of a Core Component registered by the United Nations. If there is no corresponding registered information element, named according to the naming convention defined in ISO 15000-1.

Hierarchical view of Purchase order

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No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Purchase Order	—	—	Summary information of purchase orders placed during the period under review.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Purchase Order ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier
2	BBIE	1	Purchase Order Number	Text	1..1	The number of the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Number_ Information. Text
3	ASBIE	1	Period	—	1..1	Accounting period in which the Purchase Order Date occurs.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS_ Fiscal Period
4	BBIE	2	Fiscal Year	Numeric	1..1	Fiscal year in which the Payment Date occurs see 4.6.3.3.8	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Fiscal Year. Code
5	BBIE	2	Accounting Period	Code	1..1	Accounting period in which the Payment Date occurs. see 4.6.3.3.8	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Accounting ADS_ Period. Code
6	BBIE	1	Purchase Order Type	Code	1..1	The name of the order type in purchase activities. EXAMPLE Ordinary purchasing, outsourcing parts and process outsourcing.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Type. Code
7	BBIE	1	Purchase Order Date	Date	1..1	The date of the purchase order regardless of the date the order is created.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Issue. Date Time
8	RLBIE	1	Purchase Organization ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the purchase organization which signed the order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Purchase Organization. ADS_ Business Segment
9	RLBIE	1	Purchaser ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the person who was responsible for purchase orders.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Purchaser. ADS_ Employee
10	RLBIE	1	Supplier ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the supplier account in the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Supplier_ Party
11	RLBIE	1	Settlement Method Code	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the method by which the transaction debit or credit amount was settled or apportioned by the customer or the supplier; for example, check, wire transfer and cash.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Settlement Method_ Code
12	RLBIE	1	Payment Term Code	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the payment term; for example, cash on delivery, payment 30 days after delivery date.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Payment Term_ Document
14	BBIE	1	Transaction Amount	Amount	1..1	The material or monetary worth of a thing that is associated with this purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Transaction Currency. Amount
15	ASBIE	1	Created Activity	—	1..1	The activity the record was created in the system.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Created_ Activity
16	RLBIE	2	Created By	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the system user who created the record. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 65	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User



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Hierarchical view of Purchase order (contd.)

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No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
17	BBIE	2	Created Date	Date	1..1	The date the record was created in the system. This should be a system generated date (rather than user-created date), when possible. This is sometimes referred to as the creation date. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 65	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Date
18	BBIE	2	Created Time	Time	0..1	The time this record was created into the system. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 65	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Time
19	ASBIE	1	Approved Activity	—	0..1	The activity the record additions or changes was approved.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Approved_ Activity
20	RLBIE	2	Approved By	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the system user who approved the record additions or changes. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 62	ADS_ Approved_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User
21	BBIE	2	Approved Date	Date	1..1	The date the record additions or changes was approved. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 62	ADS_ Approved_ Activity. Occurred. Date
22	ASBIE	1	Last Modified Activity	—	0..1	The activity the record was last modified.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Last Modified_ Activity
23	RLBIE	2	Last Modified By	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the system user who last modified the record. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 63	ADS_ Last Modified_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User
24	BBIE	2	Last Modified Date	Date	1..1	The date the record was last modified. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 63	ADS_ Last Modified_ Activity. Occurred. Time
25	BBIE	1	Status	Code	0..1	The status of the purchase order. EXAMPLE New, save, submit, approved and frozen.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Status. Code
26	BBIE	1	Remark	Text	1..1	Freeform text description.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Remark. Text
27	RLBIE	1	Business Segment [X] ^a	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the Business Segment.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. [X]. ADS Business Segment_ Code
28	ASBIE	1	Purchase Order Line Item	—	0..n	Line item details for purchase orders.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Detail

a X indicates the organization type. For example, division, department, business unit, purchasing organization, project or legal entity. A reserved field that shall be used for business segments / structures.



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Purchase Order

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No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Purchase Order	—	—	Summary information of purchase orders placed during the period under review.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Details
1	IDBIE	1	Purchase Order ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier
2	BBIE	1	Purchase Order Number	Text	1..1	The number of the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Number_ Information. Text
3	ASBIE	1	Period	—	1..1	Accounting period in which the Purchase Order Date occurs.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS_ Fiscal Period
6	BBIE	1	Purchase Order Type	Code	1..1	The name of the order type in purchase activities. EXAMPLE Ordinary purchasing, outsourcing parts and process outsourcing.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Type. Code
7	BBIE	1	Purchase Order Date	Date	1..1	The date of the purchase order regardless of the date the order is created.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Issue. Date Time
8	RLBIE	1	Purchase Organization ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the purchase organization which signed the order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Purchase Organization. ADS_ Business Segment
9	RLBIE	1	Purchaser ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the person who was responsible for purchase orders.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Purchaser. ADS_ Employee
10	RLBIE	1	Supplier ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the supplier account in the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Supplier_ Party
11	RLBIE	1	Settlement Method Code	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the method by which the transaction debit or credit amount was settled or apportioned by the customer or the supplier; for example, check, wire transfer and cash.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Settlement Method_ Code
12	RLBIE	1	Payment Term Code	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the payment term; for example, cash on delivery, payment 30 days after delivery date.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Payment Term_ Document
15	ASBIE	1	Created Activity	—	1..1	The activity the record was created in the system.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Created_ Activity
19	ASBIE	1	Approved Activity	—	0..1	The activity the record additions or changes was approved.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Approved_ Activity
22	ASBIE	1	Last Modified Activity	—	0..1	The activity the record was last modified.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Last Modified_ Activity
25	BBIE	1	Status	Code	0..1	The status of the purchase order. EXAMPLE New, save, submit, approved and frozen.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Status. Code
26	BBIE	1	Remark	Text	1..1	Freeform text description.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Remark. Text
27	RLBIE	1	Business Segment [X]	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the Business Segment.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. [X]. ADS Business Segment_ Code
28	ASBIE	1	Purchase Order Line Item	—	0..n	Line item details for purchase orders.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Detail

a X indicates the organization type. For example, division, department, business unit, purchasing organization, project or legal entity. A reserved field that shall be used for business segments / structures.

Aggregated BIEs Period

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No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ASBIE	0	Period	—	1..1	Accounting period in which the Purchase Order Date occurs.	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Details
1	BBIE	1	Fiscal Year	Numeric	1..1	Fiscal year in which the Payment Date occurs see 4.6.3.3.8	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Fiscal Year. Code
2	BBIE	1	Accounting Period	Code	1..1	Accounting period in which the Payment Date occurs. see 4.6.3.3.8	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Accounting ADS_ Period. Code

Created Activity

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ASBIE	0	Created Activity	—	1..1	The activity the record was created in the system.	ADS Created_ Activity. Details
1	RLBIE	1	Created By	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the system user who created the record. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 65	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User
2	BBIE	1	Created Date	Date	1..1	The date the record was created in the system. This should be a system generated date (rather than user-created date), when possible. This is sometimes referred to as the creation date. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 65	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Date
3	BBIE	1	Created Time	Time	0..1	The time this record was created into the system. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 65	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Time

Approved Activity

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ASBIE	0	Approved Activity	—	0..1	The activity the record additions or changes was approved.	ADS Approved_ Activity
1	RLBIE	1	Approved By	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the system user who approved the record additions or changes. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 62	ADS_ Approved_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User
2	BBIE	1	Approved Date	Date	1..1	The date the record additions or changes was approved. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 62	ADS_ Approved_ Activity. Occurred. Date

Last Modified Activity

No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ASBIE	0	Last Modified Activity	—	0..1	The activity the record was last modified.	ADS Last Modified_ Activity
1	RLBIE	1	Last Modified By	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the system user who last modified the record. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 63	ADS_ Last Modified_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User
2	BBIE	1	Last Modified Date	Date	1..1	The date the record was last modified. see 4.6.3.2.3 Table 63	ADS_ Last Modified_ Activity. Occurred. Time

Hierarchical view of Purchase Order Line Item

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No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
0	ABIE	0	Purchase Order Line Item	—	—	Line item details for purchase orders.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Detail
1	RLBIE	1	Purchase Order ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Header. ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction
2	IDBIE	1	Purchase Order Line ID	Identifier	1..1	The unique identifier for a purchase order line.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier
3	BBIE	1	Sequence Number	Numeric	0..1	The number of a purchase order line. This number is generated either by manual input or by the system.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Sequence. Numeric
4	RLBIE	1	Purchase Contract ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for the purchase contract.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase_ Contract
5	RLBIE	1	Purchase Contract Line ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The reference identifier for a purchase contract line.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase_ Contract Line Item
6	RLBIE	1	Requisition ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The unique identifier for the material purchase requisition.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase Requisition_ Trade Transaction
7	RLBIE	1	Requisition Line ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The unique identifier for a material purchase requisition line. A requisition form may apply for purchasing one or more materials. Each material requisitioned should be described in a separate row.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase Requisition_ Trade Line Item
8	RLBIE	1	Settlement Organization Code ^a	Reference Identifier	0..1	The unique code of the settlement organization.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Settlement Organization. ADS_ Business Segment
9	RLBIE	1	Receipt Organization Code ^b	Reference Identifier	1..1	The unique code of the receiving materials organization.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Receipt Organization. ADS_ Business Segment
10	RLBIE	1	Project ID	Reference Identifier	0..1	The unique identifier for the project.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Project_ List
11	RLBIE	2	Product ID	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the product.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS_ Product
12	BBIE	1	Due Date	Date	1..1	The last requested delivery of the purchased materials in the purchasing order. Completion of the delivery shall not be later than that date.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Due. Date
13	BBIE	1	Basic UOM Quantity	Quantity	1..1	The quantity of the materials in purchase order by the basic measurement unit.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Basic UOM. Quantity
14	BBIE	1	Order Quantity	Quantity	1..1	The quantity of the purchased materials in the purchase order.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. Quantity
15	BBIE	1	Tax Excluded Unit Price	Unit Price	1..1	The unit price (excluding tax).	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Excluded. Unit Price
16	BBIE	1	Tax Excluded Unit Price	Unit Price	1..1	The unit price (including tax).	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Included. Unit Price

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Hierarchical view of Purchase Order Line Item (contd.)

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No	BIE	D	Business Term	Semantic data type	O	Definition	Dictionary Entry Name
17	BBIE	1	Tax Exclude Amount	Amount	1..1	The amount (excluding tax).	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Excluded. Amount
18	BBIE	1	Tax Exclude Amount	Amount	1..1	The amount (including tax).	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Included. Amount
19	ASBIE	1	Charged Tax	—	1..n	A tax charged. see 4.6.3.2.4 Table 66	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Charged. ADS_ Tax
20	BBIE	2	Tax Type Code	Code	1..1	A code specifying a type of tax, such as a code for a Value Added Tax (VAT) [Reference United Nations Code List (UNCL) 5153]. see 4.6.3.2.4 Table 66	ADS_ Tax. Type. Code
21	BBIE	2	Tax Transaction Amount	Amount	1..1	A monetary value resulting from the calculation of a tax. see 4.6.3.2.4 Table 66	ADS_ Tax. Calculated. Amount
22	BBIE	1	Status	String	0..1	The status of a purchase order line. Describe changes in the execution of the order line item. Different status will affect the execution and control of the business. EXAMPLE Termination, frozen and closed.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Status. Code
23	RLBIE	1	Business Segment [X] ^c	Reference Identifier	1..1	The reference identifier for the Business Segment.	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. [X]. ADS Business Segment_ Code

^a Organization of the payment, can be different from the receiving organization. May be the purchase organization or the receipt organization.

^b Receiving organization, can be different from the settlement organization. The organization receiving materials may be a warehouse or an administration organization.

^c X indicates the organization type. For example, division, department, business unit, purchasing organization, project or legal entity. A reserved field that shall be used for business segments / structures.

Purchase Order to XBRL

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No	Business Term	D	O	Dictionary Entry Name	XBRL item ID
0	Purchase Order	0	—	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Details	PurchaseOrder
1	Purchase Order ID	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Identification. Identifier	PurchaseOrder-ID
2	Purchase Order Number	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Number_ Information. Text	PurchaseOrder-Number
3	Period	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Defined. ADS_ Fiscal Period	PurchaseOrder-Period
4	Fiscal Year	2	1..1	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Fiscal Year. Code	PurchaseOrder-Period-fiscalYear
5	Accounting Period	2	1..1	ADS_ Fiscal Period. Accounting ADS_ Period. Code	PurchaseOrder-Period-accountingPeriod
6	Purchase Order Type	1	1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Type. Code	PurchaseOrder-purchaseOrderType
7	Purchase Order Date	1	1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Issue. Date Time	PurchaseOrder-purchaseOrderDate
8	Purchase Organization ID	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Purchase Organization. ADS_ Business Segment	PurchaseOrder-purchaseOrganizationID
9	Purchaser ID	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Purchaser. ADS_ Employee	PurchaseOrder-purchaserID
10	Supplier ID	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Supplier_ Party	PurchaseOrder-supplierID
11	Settlement Method Code	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Settlement Method_ Code	PurchaseOrder-settlementMethodCode
12	Payment Term Code	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Payment Term_ Document	PurchaseOrder-paymentTermCode
14	Transaction Amount	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS_ Monetary Value	PurchaseOrder -transactionAmount
15	Created Activity	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Created_ Activity	PurchaseOrder-Created
16	Created By	2	1..1	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User	PurchaseOrder-Created-user
17	Created Date	2	1..1	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Date	PurchaseOrder-Created-date
18	Created Time	2	0..1	ADS_ Created_ Activity. Occurred. Time	
19	Approved Activity	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Approved_ Activity	PurchaseOrder-Approved
20	Approved By	2	0..1	ADS_ Approved_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User	PurchaseOrder-Approved-user
21	Approved Date	2	1..1	ADS_ Approved_ Activity. Occurred. Date	PurchaseOrder-Approved-date
22	Last Modified Activity	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Specified. ADS Last Modified_ Activity	PurchaseOrder-LastModified
23	Last Modified By	2	0..1	ADS_ Last Modified_ Activity. Performed By. ADS_ System User	PurchaseOrder-LastModified-user
24	Last Modified Date	2	1..1	ADS_ Last Modified_ Activity. Occurred. Date	PurchaseOrder-LastModified-date
25	Status	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Status. Code	PurchaseOrder-status
26	Remark	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. Remark. Text	PurchaseOrder-remark
27	Business Segment [X]	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction. [X]. ADS Business Segment_ Code	PurchaseOrder-businessSegment[X]



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Purchase order Line Item to XBRL

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No	Business Term	D	O	Dictionary Entry Name	XBRL item ID
0	Purchase Order Line Item	0	—	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Detail	PurchaseOrderLineItem
1	Purchase Order ID	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Header. ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Transaction	PurchaseOrderLineItem- purchaseOrderID
2	Purchase Order Line ID	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Identification. Identifier	PurchaseOrderLineItem-ID
3	Sequence Number	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Sequence. Numeric	PurchaseOrderLineItem-sequenceNumber
4	Purchase Contract ID	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase_ Contract	PurchaseOrderLineItem- purchaseContractID
5	Purchase Contract Line ID	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase_ Contract Line Item	PurchaseOrderLineItem- purchaseContractLineID
6	Requisition ID	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase Requisition_ Trade Transaction	PurchaseOrderLineItem-requisitionID
7	Requisition Line ID	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Purchase Requisition_ Trade Line Item	PurchaseOrderLineItem-requisitionLineID
8	Settlement Organization Code	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Settlement Organization. ADS_ Business Segment	PurchaseOrderLineItem- settlementOrganizationCode
9	Receipt Organization Code	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Receipt Organization. ADS_ Business Segment	PurchaseOrderLineItem- receiptOrganizationCode
10	Project ID	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS Project_ List	PurchaseOrderLineItem-projectID
11	Product ID	2	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. ADS_ Product	PurchaseOrderLineItem-productID
12	Due Date	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Due. Date	PurchaseOrderLineItem-dueDate
13	Basic UOM Quantity	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Basic UOM. Quantity	PurchaseOrderLineItem-basicUOMQuantity
14	Order Quantity	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Defined. Quantity	PurchaseOrderLineItem-orderQuantity
15	Tax Excluded Unit Price	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Excluded. Unit Price	PurchaseOrderLineItem- taxExcludeUnitPrice
16	Tax Excluded Unit Price	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Included. Unit Price	PurchaseOrderLineItem- taxIncludeUnitPrice
17	Tax Exclude Amount	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Excluded. Amount	PurchaseOrderLineItem-taxExcludeAmount
18	Tax Exclude Amount	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Tax Included. Amount	PurchaseOrderLineItem- taxIncludeAmount
19	Charged Tax	1	1..n	ADS_ Price. Charged. ADS_ Tax	PurchaseOrderLineItem-Product-TotalPrice- ChargedTax
20	Tax Type Code	2	1..1	ADS_ Tax. Type. Code	PurchaseOrderLineItem-Product-TotalPrice- ChargedTax-typeCode
21	Tax Transaction Amount	2	1..1	ADS_ Tax. Calculated. Amount	PurchaseOrderLineItem-Product-TotalPrice- ChargedTax -transactionAmount
22	Status	1	0..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. Status. Code	PurchaseOrderLineItem-status
23	Business Segment [X]	1	1..1	ADS Purchase Order_ Trade Line Item. [X]. ADS Business Segment_ Code	PurchaseOrderLineItem- businessSegment[X]



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