

### Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Determine the output:

```
public class Test
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] x = {1, 2, 3, 4};
        int[] y = x;
        x = new int[2];
        for(int i = 0; i < x.length; i++)
            System.out.print(y[i] + " ");
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ 1 2 3 4
- ☐ 0 0 0 0
- ☐ 0 0
- ☒ 1 2 ✓

### Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

```
class Output
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int a1[] = new int[10];
        int a2[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
        System.out.println(a1.length + " " + a2.length);
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ 0 5
- ☐ 5 10
- ☒ 10 5 ✓
- ☐ 0 10

### Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Determine the output:

```
public class A
{
    public static void main(String argv[])
    {
        int ary[]=new int[]{1,2,3};
        System.out.println(ary[1]);
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ 1
- ☐ Compilation Error:incorrect syntax
- ☒ 2 ✓

### Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Determine the output

```
public class Trial
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int arr[4]={0};
        System.out.print(arr[0]);
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ Garbage error
- ☒ Compile time error ✓
- ☐ 0
- ☐ Runtime error

### Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Determine the output: (MCQ)

```
public class Test
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] x = new int[3];
        System.out.println("x[0] is " + x[0]);
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ The program has a compile error because the size of the array wasn't specified when declaring the array.
- ☐ The program has a runtime error because the array elements are not initialized.
- ☐ The program has a runtime error because the array element x[0] is not defined.
- ☒ The program runs fine and displays x[0] is 0. ✓

### Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Determine the output

```
class array_output
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        char array_variable [] = new char[10];
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
        {
            array_variable[i] = 'i';
            System.out.print(array_variable[i] + "");
        }
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ i j k l m n o p q r
- ☒ i i i i i i i i i i ✓
- ☐ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
- ☐ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

## Question 7

Correct

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Flag question

Determine the output:

class Evaluate

```
{  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        int arr[] = new int[] {0 , 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9};  
        int n = 6;  
        n = arr[arr[n] / 2];  
        System.out.println(arr[n] / 2);  
    }  
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ 6
- ☐ 0
- ☒ 1 ✓
- ☐ 3

## Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

What will be the content of array variable table after executing the following code?

```
public class Trial  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        int [][]table=new int[5][5];  
        for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
        {  
            for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)  
            {  
                if(j == i)  
                {  
                    table[i][j] = 1;  
                    System.out.print(table[i][j]);  
                }  
                else  
                {  
                    table[i][j] = 0;  
                    System.out.print(table[i][j]);  
                }  
            }  
            System.out.println("\n");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ 1 0 0  
1 1 0  
1 1 1
- ☐ Compilation error
- ☐ 0 0 0  
0 0 0  
0 0 0
- ☒ 1 0 0  
0 1 0  
0 0 1 ✓

## Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Given a one dimensional array arr, what is the correct way of getting the number of elements in arr is

arr.length ✓

## Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Column size is mandatory to create an array in java. State true or false

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False ✓

## Question 11

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

new ✓ is used to allocate memory to array variable in Java

malloc

calloc

alloc

## Question 12

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

length() ✓ is used to find string length.

size()

len

length

## Question 13

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Fill in appropriately.

String st1 = new String("JAVA");

String st2 = new String("JAVA");

String st3="JAVA"

3 ✓ objects, 2 ✓ in heap memory and 1 ✓ in string pool

## Question 14

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

What is special about string objects as compared to objects of other derived types?

Select one or more:

- ☒ You can concatenate two string objects using '+' ✓
- ☒ You can create string objects without or without using new operator ✓
- ☒ Java provides string constant pool to store the string objects ✓

### Question 15

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Given:

```
1. public class MyLogger {
2.     private StringBuilder logger = new StringBuuilder();
3.     public void log(String message, String user) {
4.         logger.append(message);
5.         logger.append(user);
6.     }
7. }
```

The programmer must guarantee that a single MyLogger object works properly for a multi-threaded system. How must this code be changed to be thread-safe?

Select one:

- ☐ Synchronize the log method
- ☐ Replace StringBuilder with just a String object and use the string concatenation (+) within the log method.
- ☐ No change is necessary, the current MyLogger code is already thread-safe.
- ☒ Replace StringBuilder with StringBuffer ✓

### Question 16

Correct

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Flag question

✓ is the string contained in s after following lines of code?

```
StringBuffer s = new StringBuffer("Hello");
s.deleteCharAt(0);
```

### Question 17

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question



✓ is the valid declaration of a String.

### Question 18

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Predict the output

class String\_demo

```
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        char chars[] = {'a', 'b', 'c'};
        String s = new String(chars);
        System.out.println(s);
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ c
- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ abc ✓

### Question 19

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Predict the output  
class String\_demo

```
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int ascii[] = { 65, 66, 67, 68};
        String s = new String(ascii, 1, 3);
        System.out.println(s);
    }
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ CDA
- ☐ ABC
- ☒ BCD ✓
- ☐ ABCD

### Question 20

Correct

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Flag question

+ operator can be used to concatenate two or more String objects in java. State true or false.

Select one:

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

### Question 21

Correct

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Flag question

What will s2 contain after following lines of code?

String s1 = "one";

String s2 = s1.concat("two");

Select one:

- ☐ two
- ☐ twoone
- ☒ onetwo ✓
- ☐ one

### Question 22

Correct

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Flag question

Select the correct choice so that the below statement returns true, if the input provided contains any alphabet other than xyz.

Pattern.matches("[a-z&[^xyz]]" ✓ " ", "d")

### Question 23

Correct

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Flag question

Which of the following matches X occurs n or more times?

Select one:

- ☒ X{n,} ✓
- ☐ X{n}
- ☐ X{n,...}
- ☐ X{n,\*}

### Question 24

Correct

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Flag question

Assume that the ID of an employee should start with "CBE" or "BLR" or "HYD" followed by hyphen (-) followed by 4 digits.

Choose the apt regular expression that matches this text.

Select one:

- ☐ [CBE|HYD|BLR][-][0-9]{4}
- ☐ (CBE/HYD/BLR)[-][0-9]{4}
- ☒ (CBE|HYD|BLR)[-][0-9]{4} ✓
- ☐ [CBE/HYD/BLR][-][0-9]\*
- ☐ [CBE|HYD|BLR][-][0-9]\*