Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: pooja D

Email: 240701385@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701385 Phone: 9677250159

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

InsertFront(10);

InsertFront(20);

InsertRear(30);

DeleteFront();

InsertRear(40);

InsertRear(10);

DeleteRear();

InsertRear(15);

display();

Answer

10 30 10 15

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 #define MAX_SIZE 5
 typedef struct {
   int* arr;
   int front;
   int rear;
   intsize;
 } Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
   Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = -1;
   queue->rear = -1;
   queue->size = 0;
   return queue;
 int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
   return (queue->size == 0);
 int main() {
   Queue* queue = createQueue();
   printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
   return 0:
 }
 Answer
 Is the queue empty? 1
 Status: Correct
```

3. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

Marks: 1/1

public void function(Object item)

```
Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
      if(isEmpty())
        head.setNext(temp);
        temp.setNext(trail);
      }
     else
        Node cur=head.getNext();
        while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
          cur=cur.getNext();
        cur.setNext(temp);
      size++;
   Answer
   Insert at the rear end of the dequeue
   Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
   4. What will the output of the following code?
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   typedef struct {
     int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear;
      int size;
   } Queue;
   Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = 0;
      queue->rear = -1;
```

```
queue->size = 0;
return queue;
}
int main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("%d", queue->size);
    return 0;
}
Answer
0
Status: Correct
Marks: 1/1
```

5. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
   int arr[MAX_SIZE];
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
} Queue;

void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
   if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
      return;
   }
   queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
   queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
```

```
queue->size++;
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
      if (queue->size == 0) {
        return -1;
      int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
      queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      queue->size--;
      return data;
    int main() {
      Queue queue;
    queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
      queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      enqueue(&queue, 4);
      enqueue(&queue, 5);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
return 0;
      printf("%d", dequeue(&queue));
    Answer
    1234
                                                                   Marks: 1/1
    Status: Correct
```

7. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

ABCD

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp.getNext();Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(temp);size--;return e;}}

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

12. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue

contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Marks: 1/1,385 Status: Correct

14. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Status : Correct Marks: 1 17. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Queue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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