

# Investigate\_a\_Dataset

November 3, 2020

## 0.1 Project 2 : Investigate a Dataset (TMDB Movie Analysis)

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## Introduction

In this project, I have analysed TMDB dataset, which is available on Kaggle. This dataset contains information related to around 10,000 movies collected from TMDB ([www.themoviedb.org](http://www.themoviedb.org)). It includes information about movie's viewer's rating, budget, revenue, genres, production companies, director, casting, keywords associated with movies, popularity of the movies and runtime.

This dataset can help to understand various factors like profitability, the trend around runtime, popularity over the years, popular genres for the profitability, connection between popularity ratings and profit; reveal information like profitable directors, casts and production companies over the span.

I am focusing on answering the following questions for this Movie dataset:

#### Q1. List of Generic questions based on the dataset that can be answered are:

1. Which movie had the highest and lowest profit?
2. Which movie had the highest and lowest budget?
3. Which movie had the highest and lowest revenue?
4. What is the average runtime of all movies?
5. Which duration movies are most liked by the audiences according to their popularity?

#### Q2. List of Questions that can be answered based on the Profit of movies making more than 25M Dollars:

1. What is the average budget of the movie?
2. What is the average revenue of the movie?
3. Which are the most frequent cast involved?
4. Which are the successful genres?

In [1]: # Load your data and print out a few lines. Perform operations to inspect data

```
#importing packages
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import csv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

## ## Data Wrangling

During this step, we are going to import the csv file and display its main information. We will perform the following steps:

- Display the info of the dataset and get the idea of the size, number of records and number of columns
- Familiarize with the dataset and find any unusal values

In [2]: *# After discussing the structure of the data and any problems that need to be cleaned, perform those cleaning steps in the second part of this section.*

```
#importing csv dataset
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('http://d17h27t6h515a5.cloudfront.net/topher/2017/October/59dd1c4c_tmdb
print("Original TMDB Dataset contains (Rows,Columns) : ",df.shape)
df.shape
```

Original TMDB Dataset contains (Rows,Columns) : (10866, 21)

Out[2]: (10866, 21)

In [3]: df.head(2)

```
Out[3]:
```

	id	imdb_id	popularity	budget	revenue	original_title \
0	135397	tt0369610	32.985763	150000000	1513528810	Jurassic World
1	76341	tt1392190	28.419936	150000000	378436354	Mad Max: Fury Road

	cast \
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vi...
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nic...

	homepage	director	tagline \
0	http://www.jurassicworld.com/	Colin Trevorrow	The park is open.
1	http://www.madmaxmovie.com/	George Miller	What a Lovely Day.

	overview	runtime \
0	Twenty-two years after the events of Jurassic ...	124
1	An apocalyptic story set in the furthest reach...	120

	genres \
--	----------

```

0 Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
1 Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller

```

```

                                production_companies release_date vote_count \
0 Universal Studios|Amblin Entertainment|Legenda...      6/9/15      5562
1 Village Roadshow Pictures|Kennedy Miller Produ...      5/13/15      6185

```

```

      vote_average  release_year    budget_adj    revenue_adj
0           6.5         2015  1.379999e+08  1.392446e+09
1           7.1         2015  1.379999e+08  3.481613e+08

```

```
[2 rows x 21 columns]
```

```
In [4]: #Explore the information of the dataset
```

```

print("Quick glance at the dataset for some statistical values: \n\n")
df.describe()

```

Quick glance at the dataset for some statistical values:

```

Out[4]:
      count      id  popularity      budget      revenue      runtime \
count  10866.000000  10866.000000  1.086600e+04  1.086600e+04  10866.000000
mean    66064.177434      0.646441  1.462570e+07  3.982332e+07   102.070863
std     92130.136561      1.000185  3.091321e+07  1.170035e+08   31.381405
min         5.000000      0.000065  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00    0.000000
25%     10596.250000      0.207583  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00    90.000000
50%     20669.000000      0.383856  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00    99.000000
75%     75610.000000      0.713817  1.500000e+07  2.400000e+07   111.000000
max    417859.000000     32.985763  4.250000e+08  2.781506e+09   900.000000

      count  vote_count  vote_average  release_year    budget_adj    revenue_adj
count  10866.000000  10866.000000  10866.000000  1.086600e+04  1.086600e+04
mean    217.389748      5.974922   2001.322658  1.755104e+07  5.136436e+07
std     575.619058      0.935142    12.812941  3.430616e+07  1.446325e+08
min      10.000000      1.500000   1960.000000  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00
25%      17.000000      5.400000   1995.000000  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00
50%      38.000000      6.000000   2006.000000  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00
75%     145.750000      6.600000   2011.000000  2.085325e+07  3.369710e+07
max     9767.000000      9.200000   2015.000000  4.250000e+08  2.827124e+09

```

```
In [5]: #Check column names and datatypes
```

```

print("Check columns and their data types: \n\n")
df.info()

```

Check columns and their data types:

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10866 entries, 0 to 10865
Data columns (total 21 columns):
id                10866 non-null int64
imdb_id           10856 non-null object
popularity        10866 non-null float64
budget            10866 non-null int64
revenue           10866 non-null int64
original_title    10866 non-null object
cast              10790 non-null object
homepage          2936 non-null object
director          10822 non-null object
tagline           8042 non-null object
keywords          9373 non-null object
overview          10862 non-null object
runtime           10866 non-null int64
genres            10843 non-null object
production_companies 9836 non-null object
release_date      10866 non-null object
vote_count        10866 non-null int64
vote_average      10866 non-null float64
release_year      10866 non-null int64
budget_adj        10866 non-null float64
revenue_adj       10866 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(6), object(11)
memory usage: 1.7+ MB

```

## 1 Data Cleaning and Further analysis

### 1.0.1 Observations based on accessing the TMDb dataset file

1. The columns 'id', 'imdb\_id', 'budget\_adj', 'revenue\_adj', 'homepage', 'keywords', 'tagline', 'overview' are not relevant for the analysis, so we can remove them.
2. Let's delete the one duplicated row that we have in our dataset.
3. There are lots of movies where the budget or revenue have a value of '0' which means that the values of those movies has not been recorded. So we need to discard this rows, since we cannot calculate profit of such movies
4. The 'release\_date' column must be converted into date format.
5. Convert budget and revenue column to int datatype.
6. Replace runtime value of 0 to NAN, Since it will affect the result..
7. The dataset has not provided the currency for columns we will be dealing with hence we will assume it is in dollars.
8. Even the vote count is not same for all the movies and hence this affects the vote average column.
9. There are some invalid characters in cast and keywords, in our analysis of top keywords and casts, those are not creating any issues, so we have not cleaned those columns.

**First Step :** The columns 'id', 'imdb\_id', 'budget\_adj', 'revenue\_adj', 'homepage', 'keywords', 'tagline', 'overview' are not relevant for the analysis, so we can remove them.

```
In [6]: # Columns that needs to be deleted
deleted_columns = [ 'id', 'imdb_id', 'budget_adj', 'revenue_adj', 'homepage', 'keywords',

# Drop the columns from the database
df.drop(deleted_columns, axis=1, inplace=True)

# Lets look at the new dataset
df.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	popularity	budget	revenue	original_title \
0	32.985763	150000000	1513528810	Jurassic World
1	28.419936	150000000	378436354	Mad Max: Fury Road
2	13.112507	110000000	295238201	Insurgent
3	11.173104	200000000	2068178225	Star Wars: The Force Awakens
4	9.335014	190000000	1506249360	Furious 7

	cast	director \
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vi...	Colin Trevorrow
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nic...	George Miller
2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel...	Robert Schwentke
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam D...	J.J. Abrams
4	Vin Diesel Paul Walker Jason Statham Michelle ...	James Wan

	runtime	genres \
0	124	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
1	120	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
2	119	Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
3	136	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy
4	137	Action Crime Thriller

	production_companies	release_date	vote_count \
0	Universal Studios Amblin Entertainment Legenda...	6/9/15	5562
1	Village Roadshow Pictures Kennedy Miller Produ...	5/13/15	6185
2	Summit Entertainment Mandeville Films Red Wago...	3/18/15	2480
3	Lucasfilm Truenorth Productions Bad Robot	12/15/15	5292
4	Universal Pictures Original Film Media Rights ...	4/1/15	2947

	vote_average	release_year
0	6.5	2015
1	7.1	2015
2	6.3	2015
3	7.5	2015
4	7.3	2015

Let's see the number of entries in our dataset now.

```
In [7]: # Store rows and columns using shape function.
        rows, col = df.shape

        #since rows includes count of a header, we need to remove its count.
        print('We have {} total rows and {} columns.'.format(rows-1, col))
```

We have 10865 total rows and 13 columns.

```
In [8]: # Find duplicates in the row
        sum(df.duplicated())
```

Out[8]: 1

**Second Step :** Lets delete the one duplicated row that we have

```
In [9]: # Drop duplicate rows but keep the first one
        df.drop_duplicates(keep = 'first', inplace = True)

        # Store rows and columns using shape function.
        rows, col = df.shape

        print('Now we have {} total rows and {} columns.'.format(rows-1, col))
```

Now we have 10864 total rows and 13 columns.

**Third Step :** There are lots of movies where the budget or revenue have a value of '0' which means that the values of those movies has not been recorded. So we need to discard these rows, as profit cannot be calculated

```
In [10]: # Columns that need to be checked.
        columns = ['budget', 'revenue']

        # Replace 0 with NAN
        df[columns] = df[columns].replace(0, np.NaN)

        # Drop rows which contains NAN
        df.dropna(subset = columns, inplace = True)

        rows, col = df.shape
        print('We now have only {} rows.'.format(rows-1))
```

We now have only 3853 rows.

**Fourth Step :** The 'release\_date' column must be converted into date format.

```
In [11]: # Changing the format of dates:

        df['release_date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['release_date'], errors = 'ignore')
        print("Year range - ", df.release_year.min(), "to" ,df.release_year.max())
```

Year range - 1960 to 2015

**Fifth Step :** Convert budget and revenue column to int datatype.

```
In [12]: # Columns to convert datatype of
columns = ['budget', 'revenue']

# Convert budget and revenue column to int datatype
df[columns] = df[columns].applymap(np.int64)

# Lets look at the new datatype
df.dtypes
```

```
Out[12]: popularity          float64
budget              int64
revenue             int64
original_title      object
cast                object
director            object
runtime             int64
genres              object
production_companies object
release_date        datetime64[ns]
vote_count          int64
vote_average        float64
release_year        int64
dtype: object
```

**Sixth :** Replace runtime value of 0 to NAN, Since it will affect the result.

```
In [13]: # Replace runtime value of 0 to NAN, Since it will affect the result.
df['runtime'] = df['runtime'].replace(0, np.NaN)

# Check the stats of dataset
df.describe()
```

```
Out[13]:
```

	popularity	budget	revenue	runtime	vote_count	\
count	3854.000000	3.854000e+03	3.854000e+03	3854.000000	3854.000000	
mean	1.191554	3.720370e+07	1.076866e+08	109.220291	527.720291	
std	1.475162	4.220822e+07	1.765393e+08	19.922820	879.956821	
min	0.001117	1.000000e+00	2.000000e+00	15.000000	10.000000	
25%	0.462368	1.000000e+07	1.360003e+07	95.000000	71.000000	
50%	0.797511	2.400000e+07	4.480000e+07	106.000000	204.000000	
75%	1.368324	5.000000e+07	1.242125e+08	119.000000	580.000000	
max	32.985763	4.250000e+08	2.781506e+09	338.000000	9767.000000	
	vote_average	release_year				
count	3854.000000	3854.000000				

mean	6.168163	2001.261028
std	0.794920	11.282575
min	2.200000	1960.000000
25%	5.700000	1995.000000
50%	6.200000	2004.000000
75%	6.700000	2010.000000
max	8.400000	2015.000000

## ## Exploratory Data Analysis

We will now compute statistics and create visualizations with the goal of addressing the research questions that we posed in the Introduction section.

### 1.0.2 Research Question 1.1 Which movie had the highest and lowest profit?

Before deep diving into answering the questions, let's first add a column for **Profit** in our dataset.

```
In [14]: # To calculate profit, we need to subtract the budget from the revenue.
df['profit'] = df['revenue'] - df['budget']

# Lets look at the new dataset
df.head()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

	popularity	budget	revenue	original_title	\
0	32.985763	150000000	1513528810	Jurassic World	
1	28.419936	150000000	378436354	Mad Max: Fury Road	
2	13.112507	110000000	295238201	Insurgent	
3	11.173104	200000000	2068178225	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	
4	9.335014	190000000	1506249360	Furious 7	

	cast	director	\
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vi...	Colin Trevorrow	
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nic...	George Miller	
2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel...	Robert Schwentke	
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam D...	J.J. Abrams	
4	Vin Diesel Paul Walker Jason Statham Michelle ...	James Wan	

	runtime	genres	\
0	124	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	
1	120	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	
2	119	Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	
3	136	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy	
4	137	Action Crime Thriller	

	production_companies	release_date	vote_count	\
0	Universal Studios Amblin Entertainment Legenda...	2015-06-09	5562	
1	Village Roadshow Pictures Kennedy Miller Produ...	2015-05-13	6185	
2	Summit Entertainment Mandeville Films Red Wago...	2015-03-18	2480	
3	Lucasfilm Truenorth Productions Bad Robot	2015-12-15	5292	
4	Universal Pictures Original Film Media Rights ...	2015-04-01	2947	



	vote_average	release_year	profit
0	6.5	2015	1363528810
1	7.1	2015	228436354
2	6.3	2015	185238201
3	7.5	2015	1868178225
4	7.3	2015	1316249360

```
In [15]: # Movie with the highest profit
```

```
df.loc[df['profit'].idxmax()]
```

```
Out[15]: popularity                9.43277
budget                237000000
revenue              2781505847
original_title                Avatar
cast      Sam Worthington|Zoe Saldana|Sigourney Weaver|S...
director                James Cameron
runtime                162
genres      Action|Adventure|Fantasy|Science Fiction
production_companies  Ingenious Film Partners|Twentieth Century Fox ...
release_date      2009-12-10 00:00:00
vote_count                8458
vote_average                7.1
release_year                2009
profit              2544505847
Name: 1386, dtype: object
```

```
In [16]: # Movie with the lowest profit
```

```
df.loc[df['profit'].idxmin()]
```

```
Out[16]: popularity                0.25054
budget                425000000
revenue              11087569
original_title                The Warrior's Way
cast      Kate Bosworth|Jang Dong-gun|Geoffrey Rush|Dann...
director                Sngmoo Lee
runtime                100
genres      Adventure|Fantasy|Action|Western|Thriller
production_companies      Boram Entertainment Inc.
release_date      2010-12-02 00:00:00
vote_count                74
vote_average                6.4
release_year                2010
profit              -413912431
Name: 2244, dtype: object
```

### Which movie had the highest and lowest profit?

As we can see that **Avatar** movie Directed by James Cameron earns the highest profit in all, making over 2.5B in profit whereas the highest loss incurred is **The Warrior's Way** with more than 400M directed by Sngmoo Lee.

#### 1.0.3 Research Question 1.2 Which movie had the highest and lowest budget?

```
In [17]: # Movie with highest budget
df.loc[df['budget'].idxmax()]
```

```
Out[17]: popularity                0.25054
         budget                425000000
         revenue                11087569
         original_title          The Warrior's Way
         cast          Kate Bosworth|Jang Dong-gun|Geoffrey Rush|Dann...
         director              Sngmoo Lee
         runtime                  100
         genres          Adventure|Fantasy|Action|Western|Thriller
         production_companies      Boram Entertainment Inc.
         release_date          2010-12-02 00:00:00
         vote_count                74
         vote_average              6.4
         release_year              2010
         profit                 -413912431
         Name: 2244, dtype: object
```

```
In [18]: # Movie with lowest budget
df.loc[df['budget'].idxmin()]
```

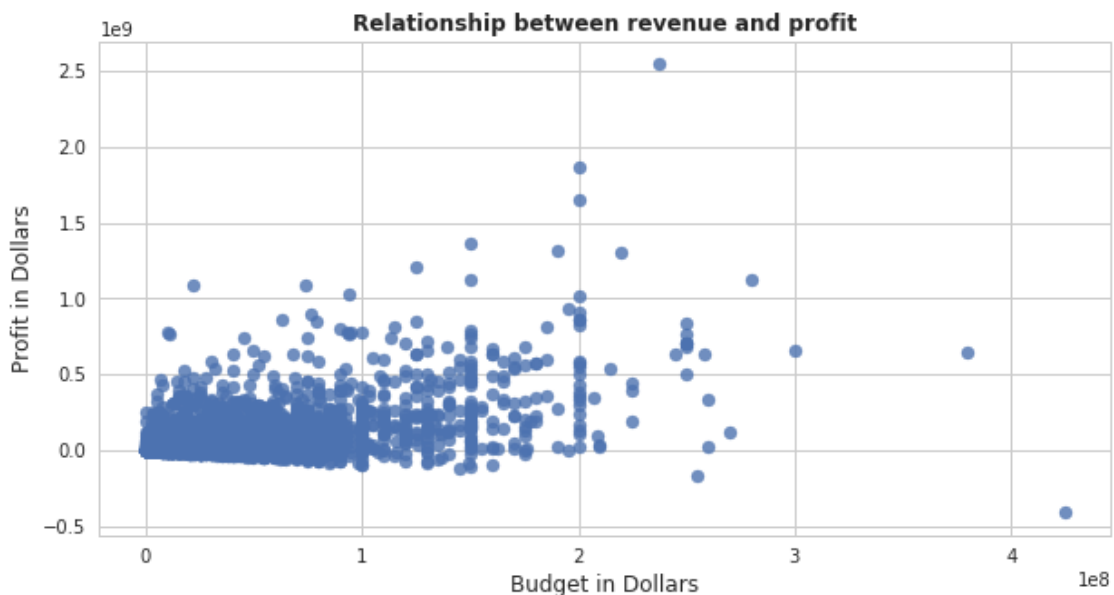
```
Out[18]: popularity                0.090186
         budget                    1
         revenue                100
         original_title          Lost & Found
         cast          David Spade|Sophie Marceau|Ever Carradine|Step...
         director              Jeff Pollack
         runtime                  95
         genres          Comedy|Romance
         production_companies      Alcon Entertainment|Dinamo Entertainment
         release_date          1999-04-23 00:00:00
         vote_count                14
         vote_average              4.8
         release_year              1999
         profit                    99
         Name: 2618, dtype: object
```

### Which movie had the highest and lowest budget?

As we can see that, the movie with the highest budget was **The Warrior's Way** with budget of 425000000 dollars and the movie with the lowest was **Lost & Found** with budget of 1 dollar

Let's see if there's a relationship between the movie's budget and profit.

```
In [92]: #Plotting the Scatter plot
# x-axis
plt.xlabel('Budget in Dollars',fontsize=12)
# y-axis
plt.ylabel('Profit in Dollars',fontsize=12)
# Title of the histogram
plt.title('Relationship between revenue and profit', fontweight="bold", fontsize=12)
plt.scatter(df['budget'], df['profit'], alpha=0.8)
plt.show()
#setup the figure size.
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



We can see that there no as such relationship between budget and profits, But yes there are very less movies which didnt make profit when the budget was more then 20M Dollar.

#### 1.0.4 Research Question 1.3 Which movie had the highest and lowest revenue?

```
In [33]: # Movie with highest revenue
df.loc[df['revenue'].idxmax()]
```

```
Out[33]: popularity      9.43277
         budget      237000000
```

```

revenue                2781505847
original_title          Avatar
cast                   Sam Worthington|Zoe Saldana|Sigourney Weaver|S...
director               James Cameron
runtime                162
genres                 Action|Adventure|Fantasy|Science Fiction
production_companies   Ingenious Film Partners|Twentieth Century Fox ...
release_date           2009-12-10 00:00:00
vote_count             8458
vote_average           7.1
release_year           2009
profit                 2544505847
Name: 1386, dtype: object

```

```

In [34]: # Movie with lowest revenue
df.loc[df['revenue'].idxmin()]

```

```

Out[34]: popularity                0.462609
budget                6000000
revenue                2
original_title          Shattered Glass
cast                   Hayden Christensen|Peter Sarsgaard|Chloë Sevini...
director               Billy Ray
runtime                94
genres                 Drama|History
production_companies   Lions Gate Films|Cruise/Wagner Productions|Bau...
release_date           2003-11-14 00:00:00
vote_count             46
vote_average           6.4
release_year           2003
profit                 -5999998
Name: 5067, dtype: object

```

### Which movie had the highest and lowest revenue?

As we can see that, the movie **Avatar** had the highest revenue with revenue of 2781505847 dollars whereas the movie **Shattered Glass** had the lowest revenue with revenue of 2 dollars

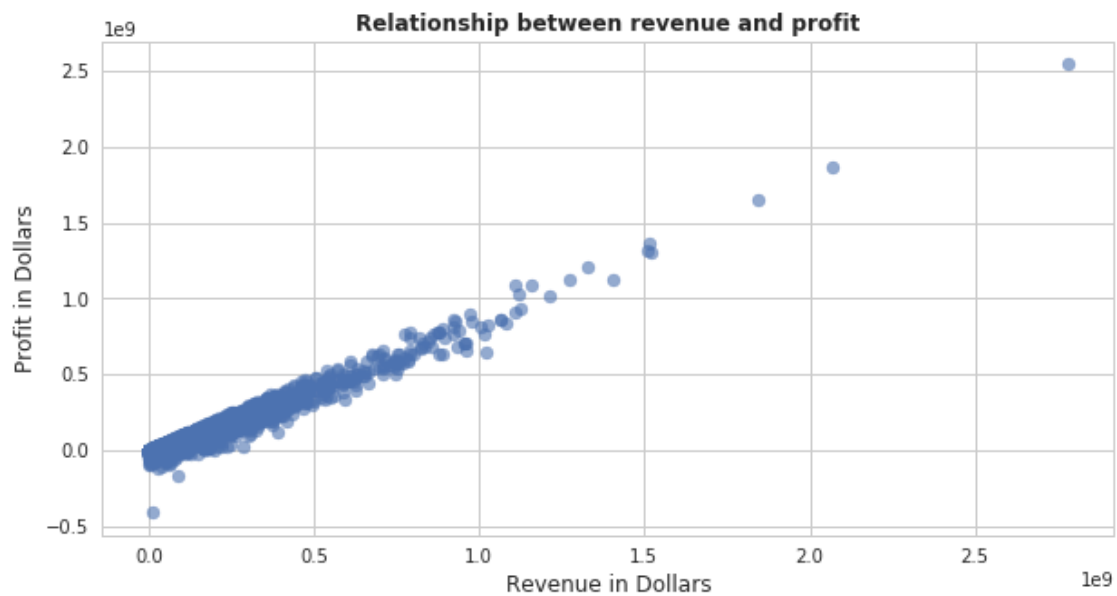
Let us check if there a relation between the Revenue and Profit

```

In [91]: # x-axis
plt.xlabel('Revenue in Dollars',fontsize=12)
# y-axis
plt.ylabel('Profit in Dollars',fontsize=12)
# Title of the histogram
plt.title('Relationship between revenue and profit',fontweight="bold", fontsize=12)
plt.scatter(df['revenue'], df['profit'], alpha=0.6)
plt.show()

```

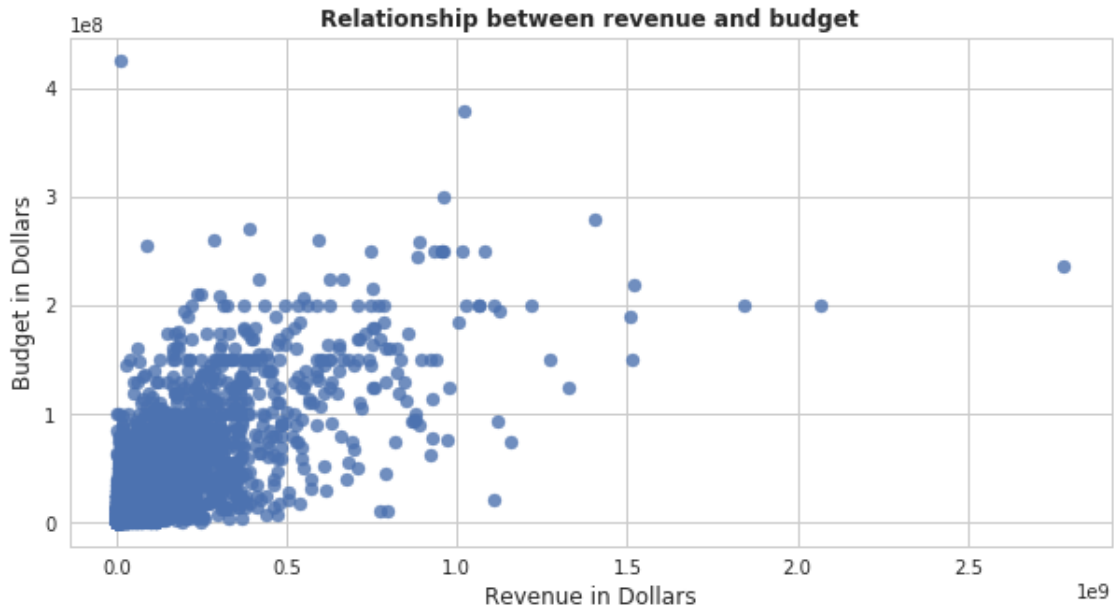
```
#setup the figure size.
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



We can see that there is a strong relationship between profit and revenue, higher the revenue, higher the profit.

Let us check if there a relation between the Budget and Revenue

```
In [90]: # x-axis
plt.xlabel('Revenue in Dollars',fontsize=12)
# y-axis
plt.ylabel('Budget in Dollars',fontsize=12)
# Title of the histogram
plt.title('Relationship between revenue and budget', fontweight="bold", fontsize=12)
plt.scatter(df['revenue'], df['budget'], alpha=0.8)
plt.show()
#setup the figure size.
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



From the above plot what we observe is, Most of the movies have a revenue upto 50M Dollars.  
 ### Research Question 1.4 What is the average runtime of all movies?

```
In [36]: # Average runtime of movies
         df['runtime'].mean()
```

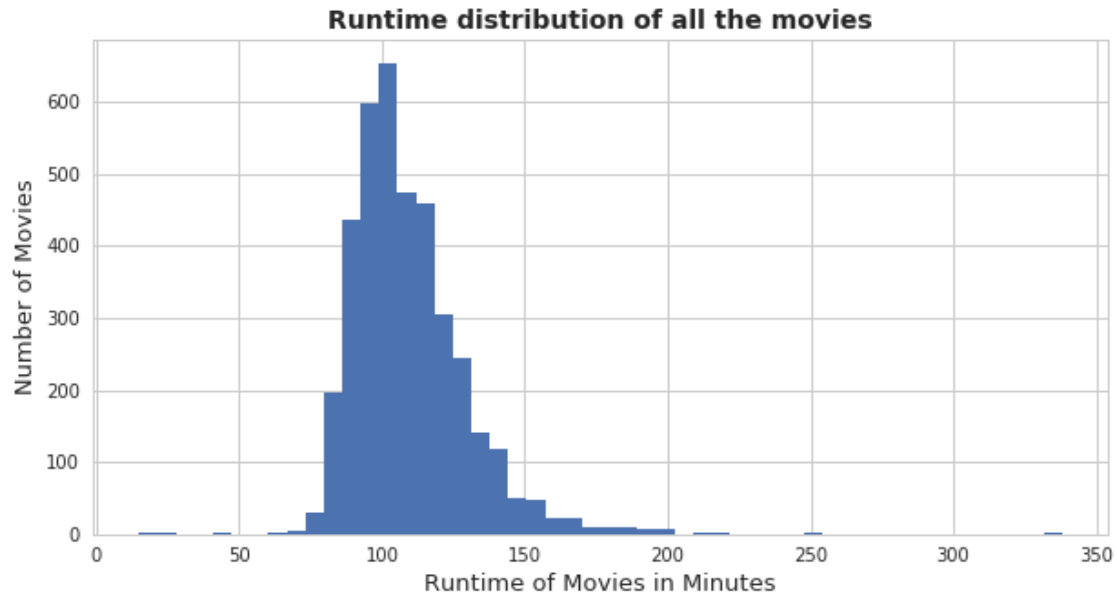
```
Out[36]: 109.22029060716139
```

**What is the average runtime of all movies?**

So the average runtime of the movies is 109.22 minutes

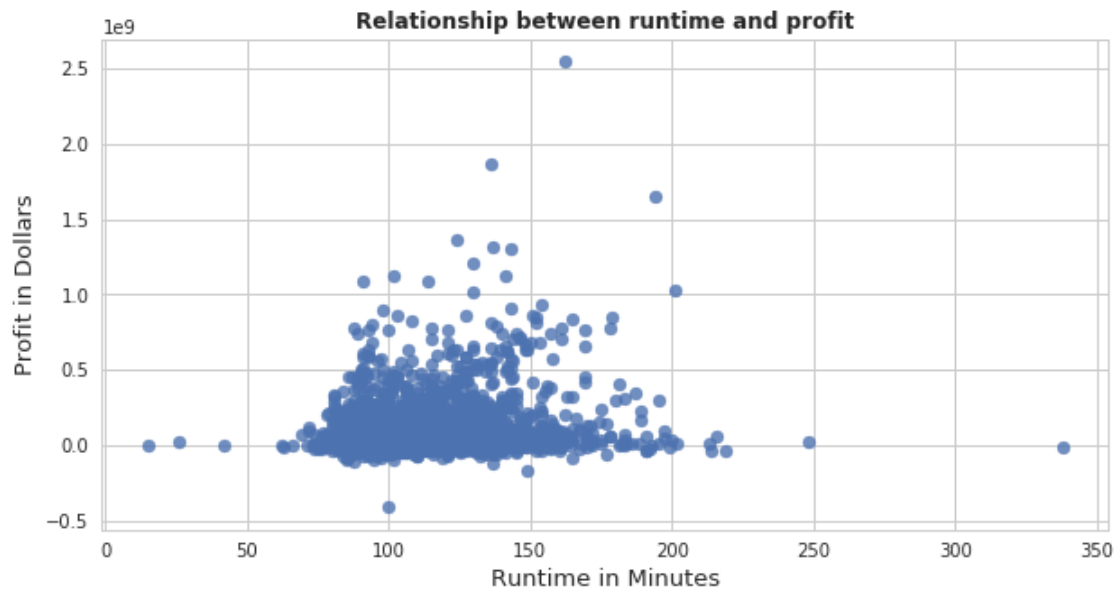
Let us plot a histogram to see the same.

```
In [88]: # x-axis
         plt.xlabel('Runtime of Movies in Minutes', fontsize=13)
         # y-axis
         plt.ylabel('Number of Movies', fontsize=13)
         # Title of the histogram
         plt.title('Runtime distribution of all the movies', fontsize=14, fontweight="bold")
         # Plot a histogram
         plt.hist(df['runtime'], bins = 50)
         #setup the figure size.
         sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
         sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



We can see that most of the movie are in the range of 100 minutes to 120 minutes.  
Let us check if there a relation between the Runtime and Profit

```
In [54]: # x-axis
plt.xlabel('Runtime in Minutes',fontsize = 13)
# y-axis
plt.ylabel('Profit in Dollars',fontsize = 13)
# Title of the histogram
plt.title('Relationship between runtime and profit',fontsize=12, fontweight="bold")
plt.scatter(df['runtime'], df['profit'], alpha=0.8)
plt.show()
#setup the figure size.
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



Most of the movies have runtime in range of 85 to 120 Minutes.

### 1.0.5 Research Question 1.5 Which duration movies are most liked by the audiences according to their popularity?

```
In [49]: #use groupby function and group the data according to their runtime.
         #make a plot using their popularity and find which length movies are most popular.

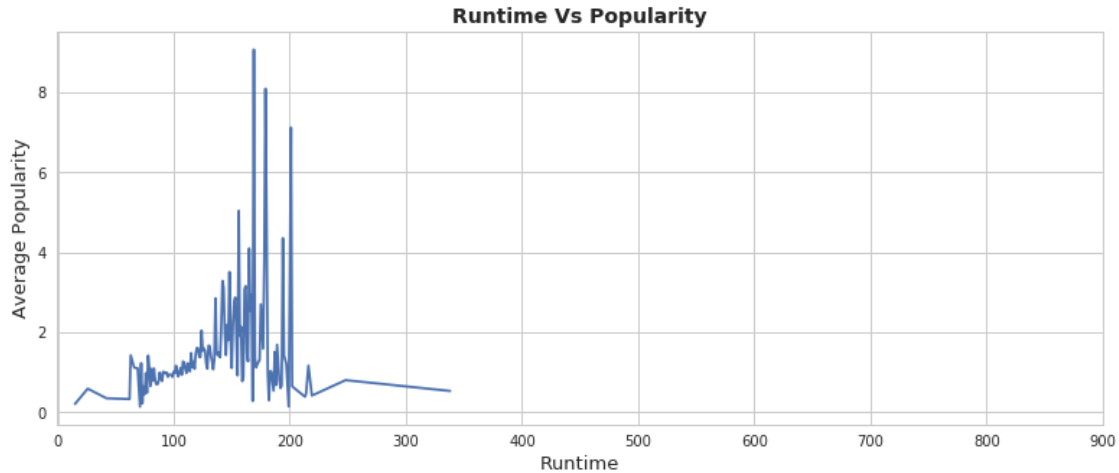
         #make the group of the data according to their runtime and find the mean popularity rel
df.groupby('runtime')['popularity'].mean().plot(figsize = (13,5),xticks=np.arange(0,100

         #setup the title of the figure
plt.title("Runtime Vs Popularity",fontsize = 14, fontweight="bold")

         #setup the x-label and y-label of the plot
plt.xlabel('Runtime',fontsize = 13)
plt.ylabel('Average Popularity',fontsize = 13)

         #setup the figure size.
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```





**Which duration movies are most liked by the audiences according to their popularity?**

From the above plot we can say that movies in the range of 100-200 runtime are more popular than other runtime movies. This is true as usually audiences prefer to watch less duration movies as there is a high tendency of them getting bored soon.

#### 1.0.6 Research Question 2.1 What is the average budget of the movie?

Now since in all the remaining questions we are going to answer them with respect to profit, we will now clean our dataset and only include data of movies who made profit of more than 25M Dollars.

```
In [55]: # Dataframe which has data of movies which made profit of more than 25M Dollars.
tmdb_profit_data = df[df['profit'] >= 25000000]
```

```
# Reindexing the dataframe
tmdb_profit_data.index = range(len(tmdb_profit_data))
```

```
#showing the dataset
tmdb_profit_data.head()
```

```
Out[55]:
```

	popularity	budget	revenue	original_title \
0	32.985763	150000000	1513528810	Jurassic World
1	28.419936	150000000	378436354	Mad Max: Fury Road
2	13.112507	110000000	295238201	Insurgent
3	11.173104	200000000	2068178225	Star Wars: The Force Awakens
4	9.335014	190000000	1506249360	Furious 7

	cast	director \
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vi...	Colin Trevorrow
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nic...	George Miller

2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel...	Robert Schwentke
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam D...	J.J. Abrams
4	Vin Diesel Paul Walker Jason Statham Michelle ...	James Wan

	runtime	genres \
0	124	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
1	120	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
2	119	Adventure Science Fiction Thriller
3	136	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy
4	137	Action Crime Thriller

	production_companies	release_date	vote_count \
0	Universal Studios Amblin Entertainment Legenda...	2015-06-09	5562
1	Village Roadshow Pictures Kennedy Miller Produ...	2015-05-13	6185
2	Summit Entertainment Mandeville Films Red Wago...	2015-03-18	2480
3	Lucasfilm Truenorth Productions Bad Robot	2015-12-15	5292
4	Universal Pictures Original Film Media Rights ...	2015-04-01	2947

	vote_average	release_year	profit
0	6.5	2015	1363528810
1	7.1	2015	228436354
2	6.3	2015	185238201
3	7.5	2015	1868178225
4	7.3	2015	1316249360

```
In [56]: # Checking the new dataframe
tmdb_profit_data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1791 entries, 0 to 1790
Data columns (total 14 columns):
popularity          1791 non-null float64
budget              1791 non-null int64
revenue             1791 non-null int64
original_title      1791 non-null object
cast                1790 non-null object
director            1791 non-null object
runtime             1791 non-null int64
genres              1791 non-null object
production_companies 1788 non-null object
release_date        1791 non-null datetime64[ns]
vote_count          1791 non-null int64
vote_average        1791 non-null float64
release_year        1791 non-null int64
profit              1791 non-null int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(6), object(5)
memory usage: 196.0+ KB
```

```
In [57]: # average budget of movies which made profit more than 25B dollars
tmdb_profit_data['budget'].mean()
```

```
Out[57]: 51870307.757118925
```

**What is the average budget of the movie w.r.t Profit of movies making more then 25M Dollars?**

So the average budget of the movies is 51870307.75 Dollars

### 1.0.7 Research Question 2.2 What is the average revenue of the movie?

```
In [58]: # average revenue of movies which made profit more then 25M Dollars
tmdb_profit_data['revenue'].mean()
```

```
Out[58]: 206359440.87269682
```

**What is the average revenue of the movie w.r.t Profit of movies making more then 25M Dollars?**

So the average revenue of the movies is 206359440.87 Dollars

### 1.0.8 Research Question 2.3 Which are the most frequent cast involved?

```
In [59]: # This will first concat all the data with | from the whole column and then split it us
cast_count = pd.Series(tmdb_profit_data['cast'].str.cat(sep = '|').split('|')).value_co
cast_count.head(20)
```

```
Out[59]: Tom Cruise          29
Tom Hanks                    28
Brad Pitt                    27
Robert De Niro               26
Bruce Willis                 25
Cameron Diaz                 24
Samuel L. Jackson            23
Eddie Murphy                 23
Sylvester Stallone           22
Mark Wahlberg                22
Johnny Depp                  22
George Clooney               20
Adam Sandler                 20
Denzel Washington           20
Harrison Ford                20
Robin Williams               20
Jim Carrey                   20
Matt Damon                   20
Arnold Schwarzenegger        19
Ben Stiller                  19
dtype: int64
```

Which are the most frequent cast involved w.r.t Profit of movies making more then 25M Dollars?

So the Top 5 cast are Tom Cruise, Tom Hanks, Brad Pitt, Robert De Niro, Bruce Willis

Lets visualize this with a plot

```
In [79]: # Initialize the plot
figure = cast_count.head(20).plot.barh(fontsize = 10,colormap= 'tab20c')
# Set a title
figure.set(title = 'Top Cast')
# x-label and y-label
figure.set_xlabel('Number of Movies')
figure.set_ylabel('List of cast')
# Show the plot
plt.show()
#setup the figure size.
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



We can clearly see in the visualization that most movies have Tom Cruise as a cast which has leaded to higher profit.

### 1.0.9 Research Question 2.4 Which are the successful genres?

```
In [68]: # This will first concat all the data with | from the whole column and then split it us
genres_count = pd.Series(tmdb_profit_data['genres'].str.cat(sep = '|').split('|')).value
genres_count
```

```
Out[68]: Drama          688
         Comedy         645
         Action         566
```

Thriller	542
Adventure	451
Romance	292
Crime	287
Family	265
Science Fiction	250
Fantasy	227
Horror	191
Mystery	150
Animation	136
Music	62
History	59
War	58
Western	20
Documentary	9
Foreign	1
TV Movie	1

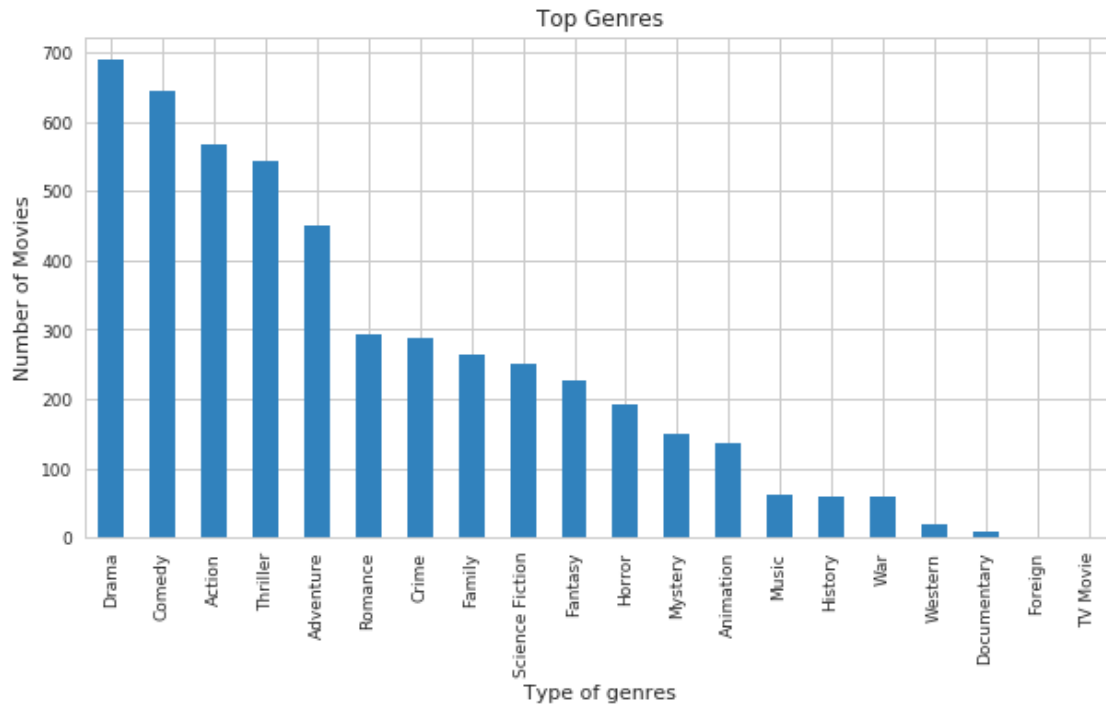
dtype: int64

**Which are the successful genres w.r.t Profit of movies making more then 25M Dollars?**

The Top 10 Genres are Drama, Comedy, Action, Thriller, Adventure, Romance, Crime, Family, Scince Fiction, Fantasy

Lets visualize this with a plot

```
In [76]: # Initialize the plot
         diagram = genres_count.plot.bar(fontsize = 9, colormap= 'tab20c')
         # Set a title
         diagram.set(title = 'Top Genres')
         # x-label and y-label
         diagram.set_xlabel('Type of genres')
         diagram.set_ylabel('Number of Movies')
         # Show the plot
         plt.show()
         #setup the figure size.
         sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
         sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```



We can clearly see in the visualization that most movies which have drama as a genre tend to have higher profit.

#### #### Conclusions

Based on the analysis for profit more than 25M dollars, we have found the following:

The average budget of the movies can be around 51870307.75 Dollars

The Top 10 Genres we should focus on should be Drama, Comedy, Action, Thriller, Adventure, Romance, Crime, Family, Science Fiction, Fantasy

The average revenue of the movies will be around 206359440.87 Dollars

The Top 5 cast we should focus on should be Tom Cruise, Tom Hanks, Brad Pitt, Robert De Niro, Bruce Willis

**Limitations :** Findings are tentative and not verified by the principles of statistics and machine learning. The conclusion is not full proof that this formula is gonna work, but it shows us that we have high probability of making high profits if we had similar characteristics as such. This was just one example of an influential factor that would lead to different results, there are many that have to be taken care of.

```
In [96]: from subprocess import call
         call(['python', '-m', 'nbconvert', 'Investigate_a_Dataset.ipynb'])
```

```
Out[96]: 0
```