## LAB-4

LAB-4)To understand operation of TELNET BY accessing their route placed in the server room from a pc in IT office

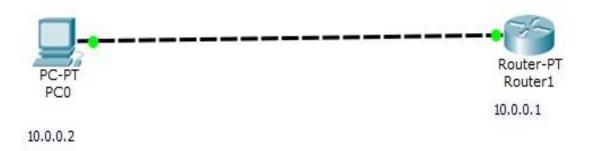


Fig-4.1 )To understand operation of TELNET BY accesing their route placed in the server room from a pc in IT office

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if) #no shutdown
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if) ##hostname R1
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
Router(config-if) #hostname R1
R1(config) #enable secret p0
R1(config) #line vty 0 5
R1(config-line) #login
% Login disabled on line 132, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 133, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 134, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 135, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 136, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 137, until 'password' is set
R1(config-line) #password pl
R1(config-line)#exit
R1(config)#exit
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
Building configuration ...
LOK1
R1#
```

```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 10.0.0.1
Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=255
Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = Oms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = Oms
PC>talnet 10.0.0.1
Invalid Command.
PC>telnet 10.0.0.1
Trying 10.0.0.1 ... Open
User Access Verification
Password:
% Password: timeout expired!
[Connection to 10.0.0.1 closed by foreign host]
PC>telnet 10.0.0.1
Trying 10.0.0.1 ... Open
User Access Verification
Password:
R1>enable
Password:
R1#
```

Fig-4.3 Observation of To understand operation of TELNET BY accessing their route placed in the server room from a pc in IT office

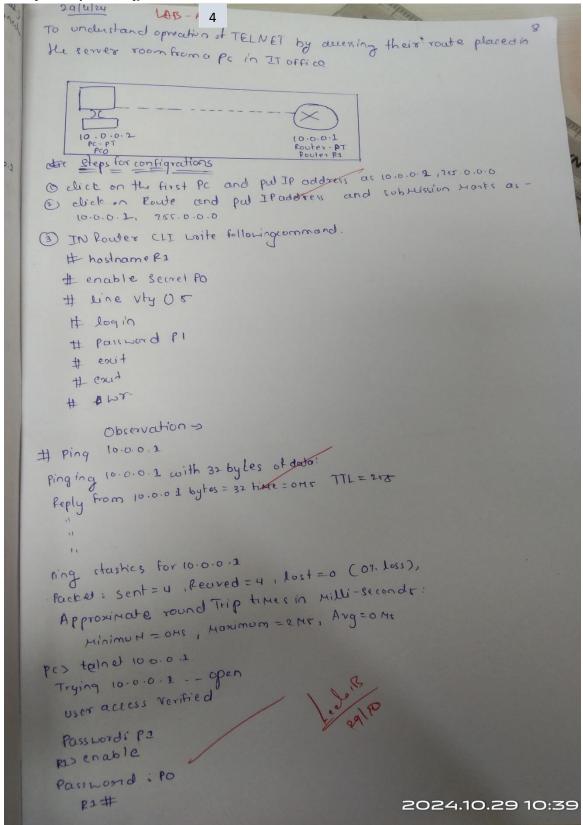


Fig 4.5 observation

## 2)TTL

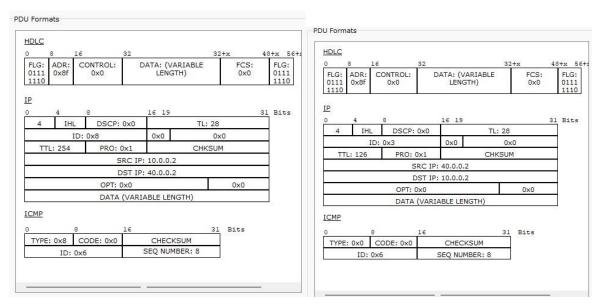


Fig-4.6 TTL For Router1

Fig-4.7 TTL For Router2

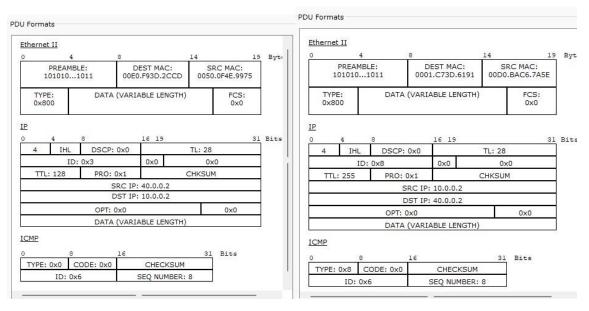


Fig-4.8 TTL For Router3

fig 4.9 for PC1

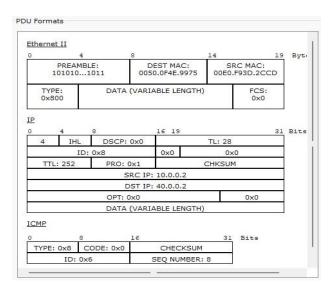


Fig-4.10 TTL For pc2