

## LAB 06:

### QUICK SORT ARRAY IN C PROGRAMMING

#### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {
```

```
    int temp = *a;
```

```
    *a = *b;
```

```
    *b = temp;
```

```
}
```

```
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
```

```
    int pivot = arr[high];
```

```
    int i = (low - 1);
```

```
    for (int j = low; j <= high - 1; j++) {
```

```
        if (arr[j] < pivot) {
```

```
            i++;
```

```
            swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    swap(&arr[i + 1], &arr[high]);
```

```
    return (i + 1);
```

```
}
```

```
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
```

```
    if (low < high) {
```

```
        int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
```

```
        quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
        quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
    }
}
```

```
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    int arr[n];
    printf("Enter %d integers for the array:\n", n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);

    printf("Original array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");

    quickSort(arr, 0, n - 1);

    printf("Sorted array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}
```

## OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number of elements in the array: 5
Enter 5 integers for the array:
55 22 66 86 45
Original array: 55 22 66 86 45
Sorted array: 22 45 55 66 86

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 19.781 s
Press any key to continue.
|
```

```
Enter the number of elements in the array: 4
Enter 4 integers for the array:
43 78 132 635
Original array: 43 78 132 635
Sorted array: 43 78 132 635

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 16.844 s
Press any key to continue.
```