Program 3 - Ant Colony Optimization for the Traveling Salesman Problem:

Design and implement an Ant Colony Optimization (ACO) algorithm in Python to solve the Traveling Salesman Problem (TSP). The algorithm will simulate the foraging behavior of ants, where they explore and identify the shortest path that visits all cities exactly once and returns to the starting city.

Algorithm:

- 1. **Define the Problem**: Create a set of cities, represented by their coordinates.
- 2. Initialize Parameters:
 - Number of ants NNN
 - Importance of pheromone ($\alpha \setminus alpha\alpha$)
 - Importance of heuristic information (β\betaβ)
 - \circ Evaporation rate ($\rho \backslash rho\rho$)
 - o Initial pheromone value
- 3. Construct Solutions:
 - o For each ant, start from a random city.
 - Probabilistically choose the next city using:
 - Repeat until all cities are visited.
- 4. Evaluate Solutions:
 - Calculate the total distance for each ant's tour.
 - Track the shortest distance and its route.
- 5. Update Pheromones:
 - Evaporate pheromone: $\tau ij = (1-\rho) \cdot \tau ij \times \{ij\} = (1-\gamma\rho) \cdot \tau ij \times \{ij\} = (1-\gamma\rho) \cdot \tau ij$
 - Openosit new pheromone: $\tau ij+=\sum t = \tau ij+=\tau ij$
- 6. **Iterate**: Repeat steps 3–5 for a fixed number of iterations.
- 7. **Output the Best Solution**: Return the shortest route and its distance.

code:

```
import random

# Function to optimize: f(x) = -x^2 + 5x + 20

def fitness_function(x):
    return -x**2 + 5*x + 20

# Particle Swarm Optimization

def particle_swarm_optimization():
    # Input parameters
    num_particles = int(input("Enter number of particles: "))
    num_iterations = int(input("Enter number of iterations: "))
    inertia_weight = float(input("Enter inertia weight (w): "))
    cognitive_coeff = float(input("Enter cognitive coefficient (c1): "))
```

```
social coeff = float(input("Enter social coefficient (c2): "))
   x min = float(input("Enter minimum value of x: "))
   x max = float(input("Enter maximum value of x: "))
   velocities = [random.uniform(-1, 1) for in range(num particles)]
   personal best positions = particles[:]
   personal best fitness = [fitness function(x) for x in particles]
   global best position =
particles[personal best fitness.index(max(personal best fitness))]
   for in range(num iterations):
       for i in range(num particles):
           r1, r2 = random.random(), random.random()
           velocities[i] = (
              inertia weight * velocities[i]
               + cognitive coeff * r1 * (personal best positions[i] -
particles[i])
              + social coeff * r2 * (global best position - particles[i])
           particles[i] += velocities[i]
           particles[i] = max(min(particles[i], x max), x min) # Clamp to
           fitness = fitness function(particles[i])
           if fitness > personal best fitness[i]:
              personal best fitness[i] = fitness
              personal best positions[i] = particles[i]
       global best position =
personal best positions[personal best fitness.index(max(personal best fitness
))]
   return global best position, fitness function (global best position)
```

```
# Run the PSO algorithm
best_solution, best_fitness = particle_swarm_optimization()
print(f"Best Solution: {best_solution}, Fitness: {best_fitness}")
print("Name-pooja Gaikwad (1BM22CS194)")
```

Output:

```
Enter number of particles: 10
Enter number of iterations: 15
Enter inertia weight (w): 0.5
Enter cognitive coefficient (c1): 2.0
Enter social coefficient (c2): 2.0
Enter minimum value of x: -10
Enter maximum value of x: 10
Best Solution: 2.499487628110455, Fitness: 26.249999737475047
Name-pooja Gaikwad (1BM22CS194)
```

Observation:

