

Is Adult Obesity rate affected by Median Income?





Introduction



Our project examines the effect of obesity rate state wise in the United States in relation with the median income, minimum wage, race, education rate in the years following 2012 up to 2021.

Why should we adapt data driven approach?

- Obesity is a clear global health priority, 1 in 3 adults struggle with obesity in the US
- Understanding the many factors that underpin obesity is of vital importance
- Using a data-driven approach will give us a comprehensive understanding on the different factors that influence obesity
- It tells us the amount of influence each factor has and how they vary in different populations like countries and states over the years

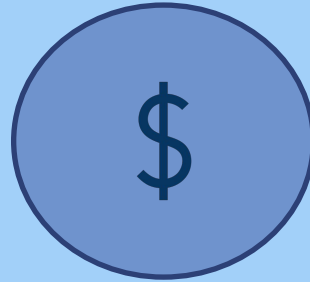
Ideal Experiment



For the ideal experiment, we shall consider a sample of people belonging to the same age group, same state, same income, education qualifications, possessing similar genetic characteristics and eating habits



Group A



Group B

Independent Variables



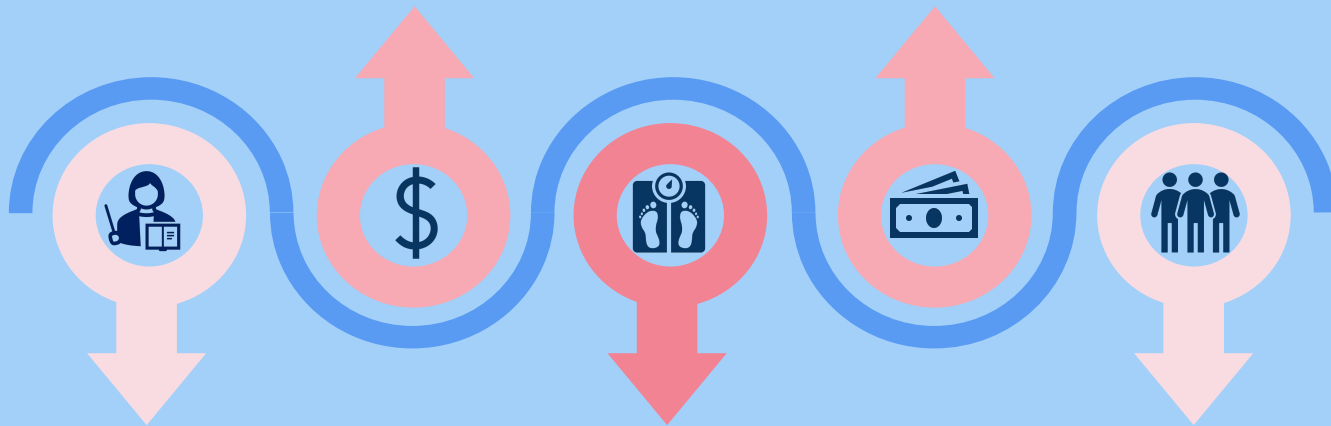
Education Rate



Data Sources



FRED[®]



United States[®]
Census
Bureau



United States[®]
Census
Bureau

Process



1

Research

CDC Papers on Obesity

2

Data Collection

Web scraping, APIs, Manual

3

Data Structuring

Python, Tableau, Excel

4

Hypothesis

Does median income affect obesity

5

Experimentation

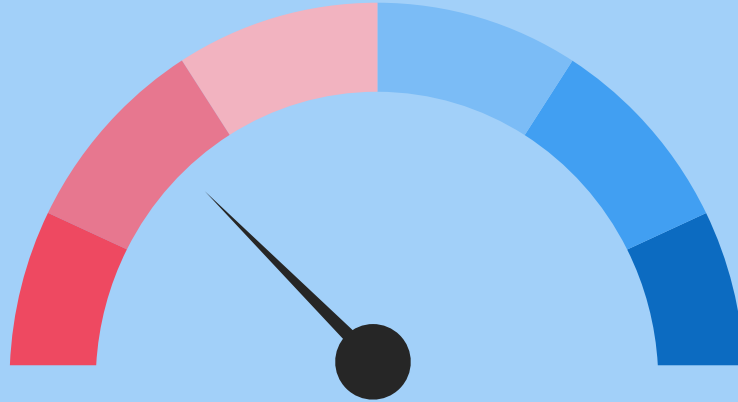
Linear Regression

6

Report

Median Income and Obesity are negatively correlated

Hypothesis



Null Hypothesis

Socio-economic factors do
not affect Obesity Rate

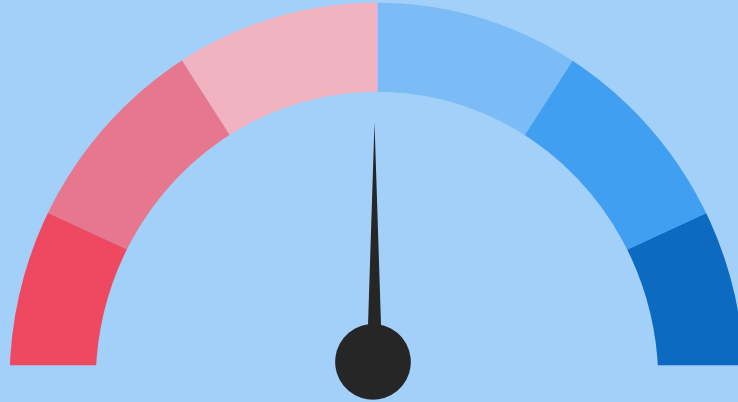
Alternate Hypothesis

Socio-economic factors affect
Obesity Rate

Education Rate



Alpha: 0.05
P- value: <0.001
Yes, it is statistically
significant



Null Hypothesis

Education rate does not
affect Obesity Rate

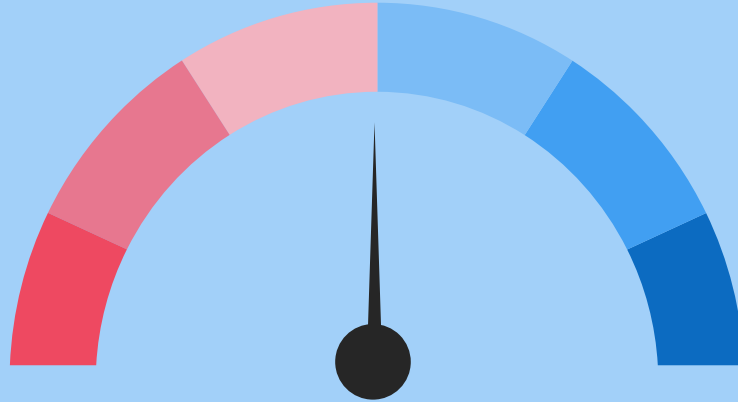
Alternate Hypothesis

Education rate does affect
Obesity Rate

Minimum Wage



Alpha: 0.05
P- value: <0.001
Yes, it is statistically significant



Null Hypothesis

Minimum Wage does not
affect Obesity Rate

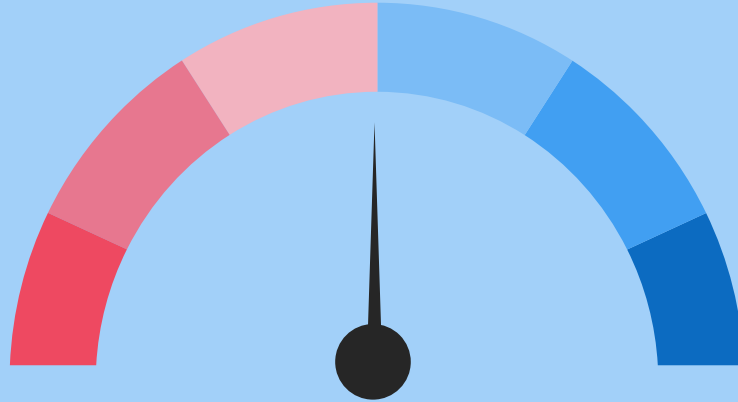
Alternate Hypothesis

Minimum Wage does affect
Obesity Rate

Race: African American



Alpha: 0.05
P- value: <0.001
Yes, it is statistically significant



Null Hypothesis

African American
population percentage in a
state does not affect Obesity
Rate

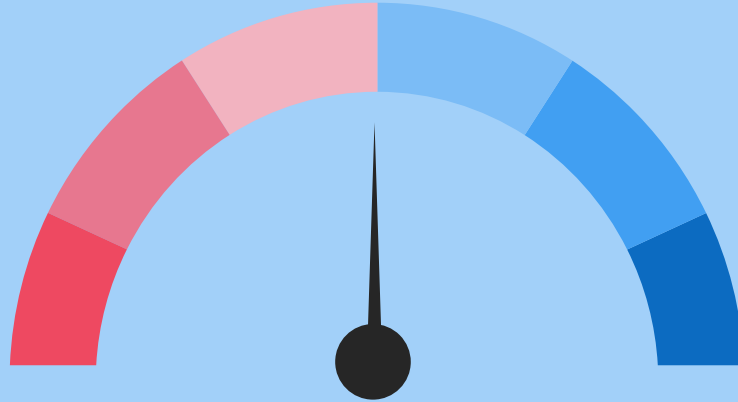
Alternate Hypothesis

African American population
percentage in a state does
affect Obesity Rate

Race: White



Alpha: 0.05
P- value: <0.001
Yes, it is statistically significant



Null Hypothesis

White population
percentage in a state does
not affect Obesity Rate

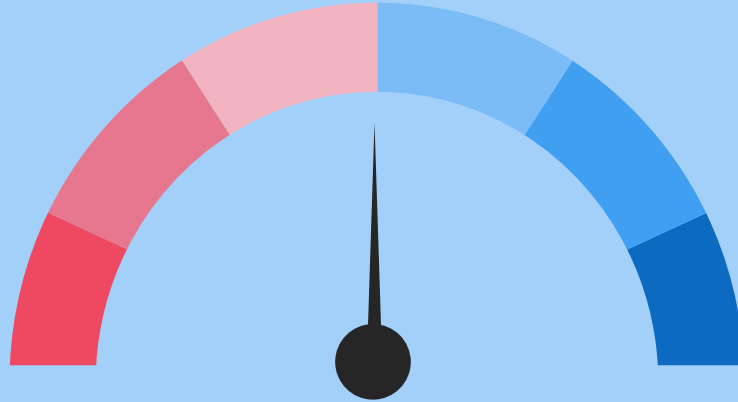
Alternate Hypothesis

White population percentage
in a state does affect Obesity
Rate

Median Income



Alpha: 0.05
P- value: <0.001
Yes, it is statistically
significant



Null Hypothesis

Median Income does not
affect Obesity Rate

Alternate Hypothesis

Median Income does affect
Obesity Rate

Dep. Variable:	rate	R-squared:	0.617			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.612			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	121.0			
Date:	Sat, 03 Dec 2022	Prob (F-statistic):	1.07e-90			
Time:	18:15:50	Log-Likelihood:	-1058.6			
No. Observations:	458	AIC:	2131.			
Df Residuals:	451	BIC:	2160.			
Df Model:	6					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-1592.9313	95.067	-16.756	0.000	-1779.760	-1406.103
year	0.8095	0.047	17.109	0.000	0.717	0.903
White	0.0750	0.012	6.491	0.000	0.052	0.098
Black or African American	0.1311	0.015	8.847	0.000	0.102	0.160
median_income	-0.1017	0.014	-7.162	0.000	-0.130	-0.074
%_educated	-0.1124	0.020	-5.503	0.000	-0.153	-0.072
modified_wage	-0.7261	0.098	-7.387	0.000	-0.919	-0.533
Omnibus:	8.406	Durbin-Watson:	1.366			
Prob(Omnibus):	0.015	Jarque-Bera (JB):	8.461			
Skew:	-0.332	Prob(JB):	0.0145			
Kurtosis:	3.049	Cond. No.	1.67e+06			

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
[2] The condition number is large, 1.67e+06. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

Conclusions and Limitations

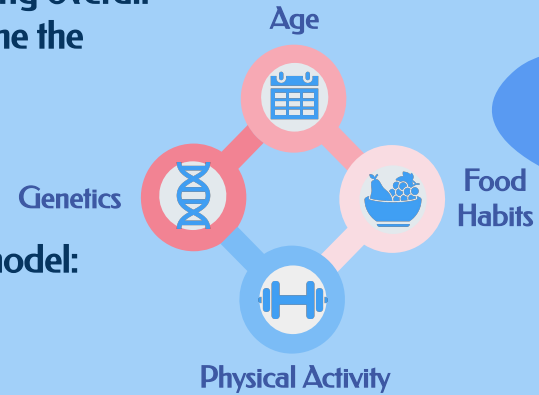


Over the years we observe that the obesity rate is increasing overall in the US, however among states with lower median income the obesity rate is higher

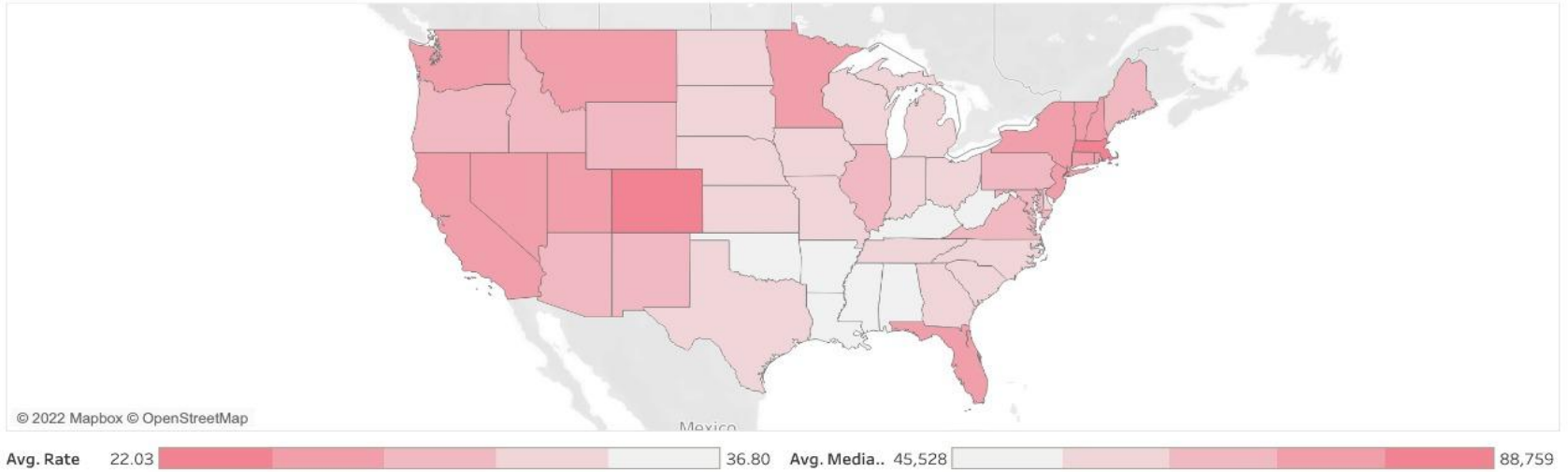
Limitations:

There are some factors that we did not consider for our model:

- a. Number of fast-food joints in a particular state
- b. Lack of physical activity
- c. Access to gyms and parks
- d. Access to healthy food within 1 mile of the households



Obesity Rate



Median Income

