

Assignment-6

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Abstract—In this document, we find the value of k such that the equation represents a pair of straight lines.

Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/poojah15/EE5609_AI20MTECH14003/tree/master/Assignment_6

1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Find the value of k such that $6x^2 + 11xy - 10y^2 + x + 31y + k = 0$ represent pairs of straight lines.

2 THEORY

The general equation of second degree is given by

$$ax^2 + 2bxy + cy^2 + 2dx + 2ey + f = 0 \quad (2.0.1)$$

and can be expressed as

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \quad (2.0.2)$$

where

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{V}^T = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & c \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\mathbf{u}^T = \begin{pmatrix} d & e \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.4)$$

Let the pair of straight lines be given by

$$\mathbf{n}_1^T \mathbf{x} = c_1 \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\mathbf{n}_2^T \mathbf{x} = c_2 \quad (2.0.6)$$

Equating their product with (2.0.2), we get

$$\begin{aligned} &(\mathbf{n}_1^T \mathbf{x} - c_1)(\mathbf{n}_2^T \mathbf{x} - c_2) \\ \Rightarrow &\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (2.0.7)$$

(2.0.7) represents a pair of straight lines if

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{V} & \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u}^T & f \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

3 SOLUTION

Given,

$$6x^2 + 11xy - 10y^2 + x + 31y + k = 0 \quad (3.0.1)$$

Equating (3.0.1) to (2.0.2), we get

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & \frac{11}{2} \\ \frac{11}{2} & -10 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{u}^T = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{31}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.3)$$

Substituting \mathbf{V} and \mathbf{u}^T in (2.0.8), we obtain

$$\begin{vmatrix} 6 & \frac{11}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{11}{2} & -10 & \frac{31}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{31}{2} & k \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (3.0.4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow &6 \left(-10k - \left(\frac{31}{2} \right)^2 \right) - \frac{11}{2} \left(\frac{11}{2}k - \frac{31}{4} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{11}{2} \times \frac{31}{2} + 5 \right) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3.0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-361}{4}k - \frac{5415}{4} = 0 \quad (3.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{k = -15} \quad (3.0.7)$$

Substituting (3.0.7) in (3.0.1), we get

$$6x^2 + 11xy - 10y^2 + x + 31y - 15 = 0 \quad (3.0.8)$$

Hence the solution.

4 GRAPHICAL ILLUSTRATION

Firstly, obtain linear equation of the form $(ax + by + c)$ of (3.0.8) by considering

$$6x^2 + 11xy - 10y^2 \quad (4.0.1)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6x^2 - 4xy + 15xy - 10y^2 \quad (4.0.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x(3x - 2y) + 5y(3x - 2y) \quad (4.0.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow (3x - 2y)(2x + 5y) \quad (4.0.4)$$

Equation (4.0.4) can be written as,

$$(3x - 2y + m)(2x + 5y + n) = 0 \quad (4.0.5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 6x^2 + 11xy - 10y^2 + (3n + 2m)x \\ + (-2n + 5m)y = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (4.0.6)$$

Equating (3.0.8) and (4.0.6),

$$3n + 2m = 1 \quad (4.0.7)$$

$$-2n + 5m = 31 \quad (4.0.8)$$

Solving for m and n we obtain,

$$m = 5 \quad (4.0.9)$$

$$n = -3 \quad (4.0.10)$$

Substituting (4.0.9) and (4.0.10) in (4.0.5), we obtain

$$(3x - 2y + 5)(2x + 5y - 3) = 0 \quad (4.0.11)$$

Hence (4.0.11) represent equation of two straight lines. Graphically,

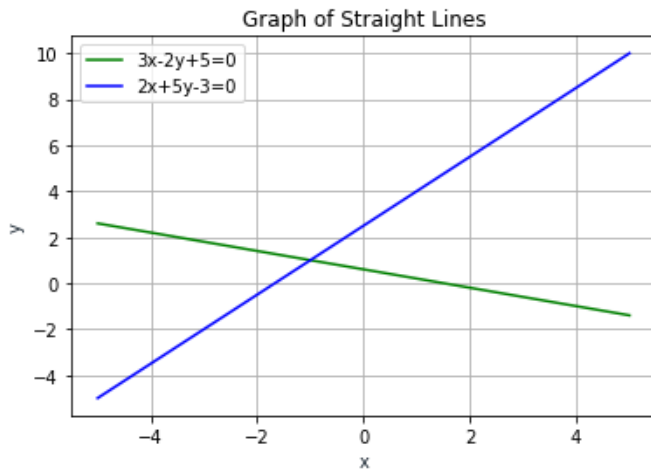


Fig. 1: Plot of two straight lines.