#### 1

# Assignment-1

## Pooja H AI20MTECH14003

Abstract—This assignment finds whether the lines passing through the given points are parallel or not.

Download all python codes from

svn co https://github.com/poojah15/ EE5609 AI20MTECH14003

## 1 Problem Statement

To show that the line passing through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  is parallel to the line through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ 

## 2 Theory

Let the lines be parallel and the first two points pass through  $\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = c1$  i.e.

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x}_1 = c_1 \Longrightarrow \mathbf{x}_1^T \mathbf{n} = c_1$$
 (2.0.1)

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x}_2 = c_2 \Longrightarrow \mathbf{x}_2^T \mathbf{n} = c_2 \tag{2.0.2}$$

and the second two points pass through  $\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = c2$ Then

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x}_3 = c_3 => \mathbf{x}_3^T \mathbf{n} = c_3$$
 (2.0.3)

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x}_4 = c_4 => \mathbf{x}_4^T \mathbf{n} = c_4 \tag{2.0.4}$$

Putting all the equations together, we obtain

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{1}^{T} \\ \mathbf{x}_{2}^{T} \\ \mathbf{x}_{3}^{T} \\ \mathbf{x}_{4}^{T} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} c_{1} \\ c_{2} \\ c_{3} \\ c_{4} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.5)

Now if this equation has a solution, then  $\mathbf{n}$  exists and the lines will be parallel.

Given the points, 
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$
,  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ , and  $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ 

Applying the row reduction procedure on the coefficient matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 7 & 8 \\
2 & 3 & 4 \\
-1 & -2 & 1 \\
1 & 2 & 5
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow R_1 - 2R_2}
\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 7 & 8 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
-1 & -2 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 6
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - 7R_2}
\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 0 & 8 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
-1 & -2 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 6
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{R_4 \leftarrow R_4 / 6}
\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - 8R_4}
\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
-1 & -2 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow (-R_3 - 2R_2)}
\xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 + R_4}
\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - 4R_3}
\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

Here, the number of non-zero rows are three and hence the rank of the matrix is 3 which implies that the solution exists. Therefore the lines passing through  $\mathbf{A}$ ,  $\mathbf{B}$  and  $\mathbf{C}$ ,  $\mathbf{D}$  are parallel.