Assignment-12

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Abstract—**This document, explains the concept of subspaces.**

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1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Let $\mathbf{W}_1$ and $\mathbf{W}_2$ be subspaces of a vector space $\mathbf{V}$ such that the set-theoretic union of $\mathbf{W}_1$ and $\mathbf{W}_2$ is also a subspace. Prove that one of the spaces $\mathbf{W}_i$ is contained in the other.

2 SOLUTION

To prove that $\mathbf{W}_1 \subseteq \mathbf{W}_2$ or $\mathbf{W}_2 \subseteq \mathbf{W}_1$, we assume that $\mathbf{W}_1 \nsubseteq \mathbf{W}_2$, then we need to show that $\mathbf{W}_2 \subseteq \mathbf{W}_1$. i.e., the generators of $\mathbf{W}_2$ are in $\mathbf{W}_1$. Consider a vector, $\mathbf{w}_1 \in \mathbf{W}_1$ that is not in $\mathbf{W}_2$ and a vector $\mathbf{w}_2 \in \mathbf{W}_2$. Since $\mathbf{W}_1 \cup \mathbf{W}_2$ is a subspace, it is closed under addition and $\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2$ must be in it. i.e.,

$$\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2 \in \mathbf{W}_1 \cup \mathbf{W}_2 \quad (2.0.1)$$
$$\implies \mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2 \in \mathbf{W}_1 \quad or \quad (2.0.2)$$
$$\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2 \in \mathbf{W}_2 \quad (2.0.3)$$

But, $\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2 \notin \mathbf{W}_2$ because for some vector $-\mathbf{w}_2 \in \mathbf{W}_2$,

$$(\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2) - \mathbf{w}_2 = \mathbf{w}_1 \notin \mathbf{W}_2 \quad (2.0.4)$$

Hence it must be that, $\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2 \in \mathbf{W}_1$ in which case, as $\mathbf{W}_1$ is a subspace, for some vector $-\mathbf{w}_1 \in \mathbf{W}_1$,

$$(\mathbf{w}_1 + \mathbf{w}_2) - \mathbf{w}_1 = w_2 \in \mathbf{W}_1 \quad (2.0.5)$$

Thus, we have shown that every vector $\mathbf{w}_2$ in $\mathbf{W}_2$ is also in $\mathbf{W}_1$. Hence, $\mathbf{W}_2 \subseteq \mathbf{W}_1$