

# Assignment-1

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**Abstract**—This assignment finds whether the lines passing through the given points are parallel or not.

Download all python codes from

svn co [https://github.com/poojah15/EE5609\\_AI20MTECH14003](https://github.com/poojah15/EE5609_AI20MTECH14003)

## 1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

To show that the line passing through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  is parallel to the line through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

## 2 THEORY

Let the lines be parallel and the first two points pass through  $n^T \mathbf{x} = c_1$   
i.e.

$$n^T x_1 = c_1 \Rightarrow x_1^T n = c_1$$

$$n^T x_2 = c_2 \Rightarrow x_2^T n = c_2$$

and the second two points pass through  $n^T \mathbf{x} = c_2$   
Then

$$n^T x_3 = c_3 \Rightarrow x_3^T n = c_3$$

$$n^T x_4 = c_4 \Rightarrow x_4^T n = c_4$$

Putting all the equations together, we obtain

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1^T \\ x_2^T \\ x_3^T \\ x_4^T \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Now if this equation has a solution, then  $\mathbf{n}$  exists and the lines will be parallel.

## 3 EXAMPLE

Given the points,  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix},$  and  $\mathbf{C} =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Applying the row reduction procedure on the coefficient matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 7 & 8 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \xleftrightarrow{r_3+r_4} \xleftrightarrow{r_1-2r_2} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \xleftrightarrow{r_3-6r_4} \xleftrightarrow{r_1-7r_2} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \xleftrightarrow{r_1-8r_4} \xleftrightarrow{r_4/6} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xleftrightarrow{r_3+r_4} \xleftrightarrow{-r_3-2r_2} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xleftrightarrow{r_1-4r_3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Here, the number of non-zero rows are three and hence the rank of the matrix is 3 which implies that the solution exists. Therefore the lines passing through A, B and C, D are parallel.