LAB-1 Mongo db CRUD demonstration:

I. CREATE DATABASE IN MONGODB. use myDB; db; (Confirm the existence of your database) show dbs; (To list all databases)

```
Command Prompt - mongo
                                                                                                                                                 Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.675]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Admin>mongo
MongoDB shell version v5.0.9
connecting to: mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?compressors=disabled&gssapiServiceName=mongodb
Implicit session: session { "id" : UUID("484a3dd6-af99-4170-a440-b1c0987ab04e") }
MongoDB server version: 5.0.9
Warning: the "mongo" shell has been superseded by "mongosh",
which delivers improved usability and compatibility.The "mongo" shell has been deprecated and will be removed in
an upcoming release.
For installation instructions, see
https://docs.mongodb.com/mongodb-shell/install/
Welcome to the MongoDB shell.
For interactive help, type "help"
For more comprehensive documentation, see
          https://docs.mongodb.com/
Questions? Try the MongoDB Developer Community Forums 
https://community.mongodb.com
The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
          2022-06-03T06:17:24.092+05:30: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data a
nd configuration is unrestricted
          Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).
          The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL accessible to you and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make product
          improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.
          To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()
 show dbs
admin 0.000GB
config 0.000GB
local 0.000GB
 > use myDB;
 switched to db myDB
 db;
myDB
 show dbs;
 admin 0.000GB
 config
         0.000GB
local
         0.000GB
```

II.CRUD (CREATE, READ, UPDATE, DELETE) OPERATIONS

- 1. To create a collection by the name "Student". Let us take a look at the collection list prior to the creation of the new collection "Student". db.createCollection("Student"); => sql equivalent CREATE TABLE STUDENT(...);
- 2. To drop a collection by the name "Student". db.Student.drop();
- 3. Create a collection by the name "Students" and store the following data in it. db.Student.insert({_id:1,StudName:"MichelleJacintha",Grade:"VII",Hobbies:& quot;Int ernetS urfing"});
- 4. Insert the document for "AryanDavid" in to the Students collection only if it does not already exist in the collection. However, if it is already present in the collection, then update the document with new values. (Update his Hobbies from "Skating" to "Chess".) Use "Update else insert" (if there is an existing document, it will attempt to update it, if there is no existing document then it will insert it).

db.Student.update({_id:3,StudName:"AryanDavid",Grade:"VII"},{\$set:{Hobbie s:&quo t;Skatin g"}},{upsert:true});

```
Command Prompt-mongo

> show collections
Student
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII", "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing" }
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating" }

>
```

5. FIND METHOD

A.

To search for documents from the "Students" collection based on certain search criteria.

```
db.Student.find({StudName:"Aryan David"});
({cond..},{columns.. column:1, columnname:0})
```

```
> db.Student.find({StudName:"AryanDavid"});
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid", "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
>
```

B.

To display only the StudName and Grade from all the documents of the Students collection. The identifier_id should be suppressed and NOT displayed. db.Student.find({},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});

```
Mathematical Command Prompt - mongo

> db.Student.find({},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});
{ "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII" }
{ "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid" }

>
```

C.

To find those documents where the Grade is set to 'VII' db.Student.find({Grade:{\$eq:'VII'}}).pretty();

D.

To find those documents from the Students collection where the Hobbies is set to either 'Chess' or is set to 'Skating'. db.Student.find({Hobbies:{\$in: ['Chess','Skating']}}).pretty();

E.

To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName begins with "M". db.Student.find({StudName:/^M/}).pretty();

G.

To find the number of documents in the Students collection. db.Student.count();

```
ox Command Prompt - mongo
> db.Student.count();
2
>
```

Η.

To sort the documents from the Students collection in the descending order of StudName. db.Student.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();

```
Command Prompt- mongo
> db.Student.find().sort({StudNam:-1}).pretty();
{
        "_id" : 1,
        "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha",
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "Hobbies" : "InternetSurfing"
}
{
        "_id" : 3,
        "Grade" : "VII",
        "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
        "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
```

III. Import data from a CSV file

Given a CSV file "sample.txt" in the D:drive, import the file into the MongoDB collection, "SampleJSON". The collection is in the database "test". mongoimport --db Student --collection airlines --type csv —headerline --file /home/hduser/Desktop/airline.csv

```
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\5.0\bin>mongoimport --db Student --collection airlines --type csv --file "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\airline.csv" --headerline 2022-06-03T08:24:18.366+0530 connected to: mongodb://localhost/2022-06-03T08:24:18.395+0530 6 document(s) imported successfully. 0 document(s) failed to import.

C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\5.0\bin>
```

IV. Export data to a CSV file

This command used at the command prompt exports MongoDB JSON documents from

"Customers" collection in the "test" database into a CSV file "Output.txt" in the D:drive.

mongoexport --host localhost --db Student --collection airlines --csv --out /home/hduser/Desktop/output.txt -fields "Year", "Quarter"

V. Save Method:

Save() method will insert a new document, if the document with the _id does not exist. If it exists it will replace the exisiting document.

db.Students.save({StudName:"Vamsi", Grade:"VI"})

```
switthed to db Student
> db.Students.save({StudName:"Vamsi",Grade:"VII"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> _
```

VI. Add a new field to existing Document:

db.Students.update({ id:4},{\$set:{Location:"Network"}})

```
> db.Students.update({_id:4},{$set:{Location:"Network"}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 0, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 0 })
> _
```

VII. Remove the field in an existing Document

db.Students.update({ id:4},{\$unset:{Location:"Network"}})

```
ox Command Prompt - mongo
> db.Students.update({_id:4},{$unset:{Location:"Network"}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 0, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 0 })
>
```

VIII. Finding Document based on search criteria suppressing few fields

db.Student.find({_id:1},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});

To find those documents where the Grade is not set to 'VII'

db.Student.find({Grade:{\$ne:'VII'}}).pretty();

To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName ends with s.

db.Student.find({StudName:/s\$/}).pretty();

```
> db.Student.find({_id:1},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});
>
> db.Student.find({_frade:1},Grade:1,_id:0});
> db.Student.find({Grade:{$ne:'VII'}}).pretty();
> db.Student.find({StudName:/s$/}).pretty();
> __
```

IX. to set a particular field value to NULL

```
> db.Students.update({_id:3},{$set:{Location:null}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 0, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 0 })
>
```

XII. Create a collection by name "food" and add to each document add a "fruits" array db.food.insert({ _id:1,

fruits:['grapes','mango','apple'] })

db.food.insort({ id:2,

To find those documents from the "food" collection where the size of the array is two. db.food.find ({"fruits": {\$size:2}})

```
> db.food.find ( {"fruits": {$size:2}} )
{ "_id" : 3, "fruits" : [ "banana", "mango" ] }
> _
```

To find the document with a particular id and display the first two elements from the array "fruits"

```
db.food.find({ id:1},{"fruits":{$slice:2}})

> db.food.find({_id:1},{"fruits":{$slice:2}})

{ "_id" : 1, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango" ] }

> _
```

To find all the documets from the food collection which have elements mango and grapes in the array "fruits"

```
db.food.find({fruits:{$all:["mango","grapes"]}})
> db.food.find({fruits:{$all:["mango","grapes"]}})
{ "_id" : 1, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "apple" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "cherry" ] }
>
```

update on Array: using particular id replace the element present in the 1 st index position of the fruits array with apple db.food.update({_id:3},{\$set:{'fruits.1':'apple'}})

insert new key value pairs in the fruits array

db.food.update({_id:2},{\$push:{price:{grapes:80,mango:200,cherry:100}

```
}}
}
> db.food.update({_id:3},{$set:{'fruits.1':'apple'}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.food.update({_id:2},{$push:{price:{grapes:80,mango:200,cherry:100}}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> _
```

XII. Aggregate Function:

```
Create a collection Customers with fields custID, AcctBal, AcctType.

Now group on "custID" and compute the sum of "AccBal". db.Customers.aggregate ( {$group : {_id : "$custID",TotAccBal : {$sum:"$AccBal"} } } ); match on AcctType:"S" then group on "CustID" and compute the sum of "AccBal".

db.Customers.aggregate ( {$match: {AcctType:"S"}},{$group : {_id : "$custID",TotAccBal : {$sum:"$AccBal"} } } ); match on AcctType:"S" then group on "CustID" and compute the sum of "AccBal" and total balance greater than 1200.

db.Customers.aggregate ( {$match: {AcctType:"S"}},{$group : {_id : "$custID",TotAccBal : {$sum:"$AccBal"} } } }, {$match: {TotAccBal: {$gt:1200}}}};
```

```
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.Customers.aggregate ( {$group : { _id : "$custID",TotAccBal : {$sum:"$AccBal"} } } );
> db.Customers.aggregate ( {$match:{AcctType:"S"}},{$group : { _id : "$custID",TotAccBal :
... {$sum:"$AccBal"} } );
uncaught exception: SyntaxError: illegal character :
@(shell):1:43
> db.Customers.aggregate ( {$match:{AcctType:"S"}},{$group : { _id :"$custID",TotAccBal :{$sum:"$AccBal "} } );
> db.Customers.aggregate ( {$match:{AcctType:"S"}},{$group : { _id : "$custID",TotAccBal :{$sum:"$AccBal "} } }, {$match:{TotAccBal:{$sum:"$AccBal "}}};
>
```