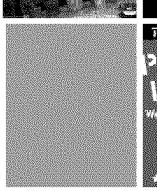
# EVERYONE'S A WINNER AT THE REJECT SHOP

2004 ANNUAL REPORT













# Your Company

- → We are attracted to the discount variety sector because of its long-term growth prospects
- → Our proven and focused business model provides the foundation for future sustainable growth
- → Our success begins with our people; supported by a highly experienced management team with an extensive track record in the retail sector

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#### **Notice of Annual General Meeting**

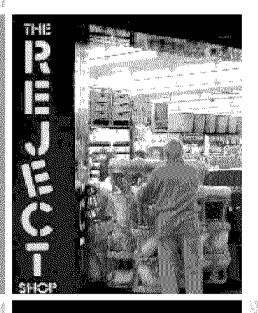
The Annual General Meeting of The Reject Shop Limited will be held at The ASX Theatrette, Ground Floor, 530 Collins Street, Melbourne Victoria at 3.30pm on Wednesday 27 October 2004.

# EVERYONE'S A WINNER AT TI-IIE IRIEU/ECT SI-ICP

## Successful ASX listing

## Your Year

Ne excepted our intercest with sales up 10.4% and net profit 10.20 \$% to \$5.5 million

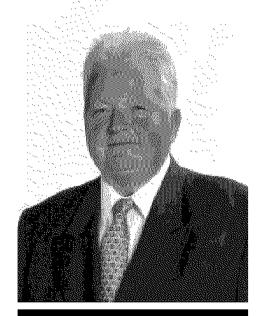


Comparable store sales growth of 6.1%

Our 100th store opened during 2004. Expansion into QLD commenced with opening of first QLD store. Initial performance very strong.

Eight new stores successfully opened during the year

## Chainana Raoct



We are attracted to the discount variety sector because of its long-term growth prospects



#### Dear Shareholder,

It gives me great pleasure to present The Reject Shop annual report in a very significant year for the Company, which included listing on the Australian Stock Exchange on 1 June 2004.

I would like to take this opportunity to welcome you as a shareholder in the Company.

#### Financial Performance

The Reject Shop has achieved strong sales growth and profit in the year to 27 June 2004. Sales increased 10.4% to \$180.6 million, comfortably exceeding the prospectus forecast. Net profit after tax increased 20.9% to \$5.6 million, again comfortably exceeding the forecast in the Company's prospectus.

This strong performance was underpinned by the success of and our commitment to our proven and focused business model. We opened our 100th store in November 2003 and have been encouraged by the performance of our first store in Queensland which we opened in June 2004.

Our strong operating performance in the last quarter has warranted an increase from the dividend forecast in our prospectus from 2.1 to 2.5 cents per share.

Our Board was restructured during the year which resulted in some long serving and experienced directors retiring, namely Sandy Lockhart, John Fox and Rob Backwell; I sincerely thank them for their support and contribution to the Company. I believe the current Board has the right mix of retail and senior management experience, balanced with continuity of service, to oversee the Company's future. Your new Board is committed to high standards of corporate governance.

Our management team is stable with diverse retail experience and together with my fellow directors share a common understanding of the strategic direction of the Company.

#### Outlook

The outlook for The Reject Shop continues to be strong. While this year's result is good, our focus is on future growth. The Company will actively pursue its extensive store roll-out program while managing the existing store portfolio. A renewed focus on enhancing the store layout will be complemented by the continual refinement of the product mix in each store. We are committed to investing in our people and will build during the new financial year added strength and depth to our merchandise and buying team. Having made good progress on the development of our information systems and processes in the

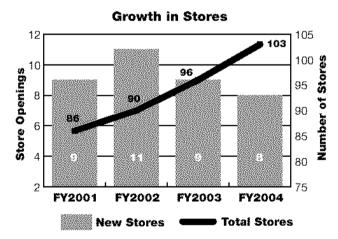


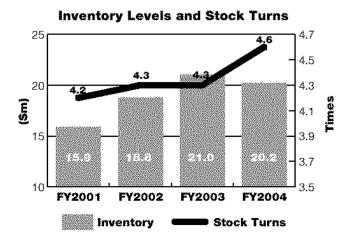
year ending 27 June 2004 we will seek to build and further refine these for added value.

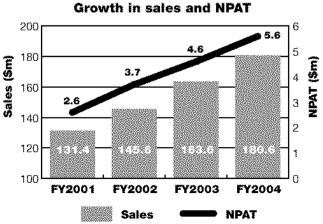
Our growth is solid, and we are confident of delivering constantly improving value to our customers and future growth to shareholders.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the directors and staff, our suppliers and strategic partners all of which have helped us serve our customers during the year.

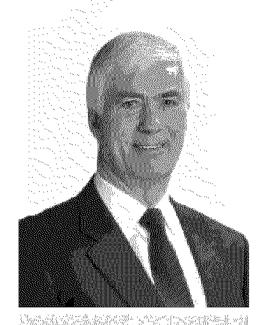








## Managing Director's



We exceeded our financial forecast with sales up 10.4% and net profit up 20.9% to \$5.6 million

We see numerous opportunities to further optimise our existing operations. During the year ahead we will strengthen our buying function by adding management resources, enhancing IT systems and strategies.

The strong trading result for the year is pleasing and I am encouraged by the progress we have made operationally. Through constant refinement of our proven business model we aim for continued sustainable growth. Whilst we believe we have established a solid foundation for growth, we continue to identify improvement opportunities across all functions that will enable us to serve our customers better.

#### Overview of Financial Performance

Sales grew from \$163.6 million to \$180.6 million and net profit after tax from \$4.6 million to \$5.6 million, representing annual growth of 10.4% and 20.9% respectively. Sales growth was underpinned by comparable store sales growth of 6.1%, eight new store openings, and growth from stores opened during the prior year. Other significant influences on comparable stores growth were item selection by our merchandise team, increased availability of information from decision support systems, and a high level of store presentation maintained by our store people. Several key stores benefited from additional space and improved space utilization. Sales growth was also assisted by a surge in retail spending in the last quarter of the year.

Gross margin, inclusive of settlement discount, as a percentage of sales increased from 48.1% to 48.2% for the year due in part to stronger than anticipated sales in some of our higher margin product categories. While there was some element of price deflation during the year, there was a net favourable impact on our gross margin from the strength in the Australian dollar.

Operating costs, excluding depreciation and amortisation, as a percentage of sales decreased from 41.9% to 41.7%. This improvement was moderated by some project expenditure related to future productivity, for example in connection with the development of a data warehouse and enhancement of store layouts. Depreciation and amortisation as a percentage of sales remained stable at 1.7%, despite some accelerated depreciation related to store relocations over the next 12-18 months.

The business is highly seasonal, so it was extremely pleasing to record the company's first ever positive second half earnings result before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation. This was driven by sustained attention to the everyday business, and targeting selected non-seasonal merchandise opportunities.

The Company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange on 1 June 2004. Several significant transactions occurred to facilitate the listing process including the issuing of new shares totalling \$1.3 million, cancellation of vested options at a cost of \$2.5 million and incurring listing costs of \$0.8 million, all of which have been recorded as a movement in contributed equity during the year.

## promised from the production of the production o

Our financial position is sound with strong cash flows and a robust balance sheet. In the near term our cash flows are more than adequate to support our planned dividend policy and store opening program. In the longer term we are well positioned for growth.

#### Overview of Industry Trends

The Reject Shop operates in the Discount Variety segment of the retail industry. We believe this is a very attractive market segment, based on observations of the success of such operators overseas.

The 'unsustainable discounting' reported in our segment appears to have had limited impact on our business during the year. Our longer term organic growth strategies have continued to produce positive trading results.

#### Overview of Operational Performance

The Company made widespread progress on our strategy for continuous improvement.

In merchandise we experienced excellent results on several high growth product categories as well as our everyday ranges. We made good early progress on our longer term plan to strengthen our experienced and successful merchandise team. Increasingly we were able to improve the level of decision making supported by improved data.

We opened eight new stores and finished the year with a total of 103 stores. We opened three stores in regional NSW, and one each in the ACT, South Australia, metropolitan NSW, regional Victoria, and Queensland. The early sales of our Pacific Fair store, our first in Queensland, were particularly pleasing. We are committed to actively managing our store portfolio and took the decision to close one store during the year. This closure was an Everything Here \$2 store which duplicated our coverage of that trade area by a The Reject Shop store.

We improved the productivity of existing stores by extending the penetration of our 'drive alsle' configuration, upsizing selected stores in major shopping locations, and continuing the fine tuning of our space allocation by product category. We also made some good progress in logistics, especially phasing stock into stores at the right time.

Major progress was achieved on our store portal technology which in the near term will start to make a major contribution to improved intra company communications. This is important for better decision making and quicker execution of our operating program.

Our people continue to be our major strength with a stable, experienced senior team, consistent development across middle

management, and highly motivated employees, especially those serving the day-to-day needs of the customer.

#### Outlook for FY2005 and Bevond

We have already begun to further develop our merchandise capability which will drive future growth. The merchandise team is in the process of being strengthened with another level of management, additional buyers and more planning and administrative support. We are also improving the data flow which will enhance and support decision making.

We will continue our extensive, controlled program of store openings. Eight of the planned nine new stores have been identified and opening dates established. We will also continue the task of identifying areas where a more appropriately sized store with the correct product mix would better serve our needs, in some areas converting from Everything Here \$2 to The Reject Shop banner.

A senior group will undertake a study tour of USA retail trends during the first half to keep the team up to date with developments in our market segment.

Empowerment of our people with improved technology will continue to be a priority. Assistance to replenishment ordering, allocation of central purchases, buying planning, intra company communications and enhanced financial reporting and analysis will be areas of focus. The protection of our future operations will be further enhanced by the full implementation of a revised disaster recovery plan.

We anticipate exceeding our prospectus forecast for financial year ending 26 June 2005 as we are starting from a higher base than anticipated when we formed that forecast. While it is possible that we will experience tougher trading conditions than existed in this financial year we will be aiming for net profit after tax between \$6.0 and \$6.2 million.

#### Acknowledgements

I thank our people for their contribution to a successful year. It was a year of major transition and challenge for The Reject Shop, however our employees managed to retain a determined focus on the business and our key principle of serving the customer better. The success of the trading year is a tribute to their skill, focus and dedication.

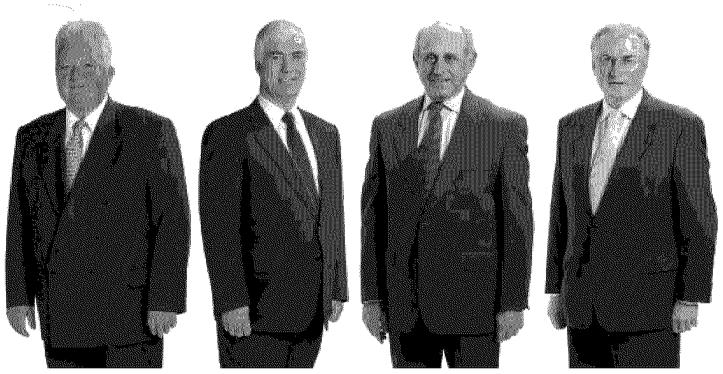
Barry Saunders
Managing Director

## Enancial Highlights

131,365	145,649	163,606	180,604
60,844	68,302	78,648	87,128
54,496	59,884	68,599	75,267
6,348	8,418	10,049	11,861
2,026	2,322	2,701	3,041
4,322	6,096	7,348	8,820
516	656	746	796
1,255	1,753	1,986	2,443
2,551	3,687	4,616	5,581
2,993	7,062	7,748	14,347
2,748	3,663	4,416	3,813
245	3,399	3,332	10,534
15,908	18,777	21,026	20,249
11,169	10,211	8,533	1,748
9,283	10,964	15,579	17,410
N/A	10.9%	12.3%	10.4%
N/A	44.5%	25.2%	20.9%
46.3%	46.9%	48.1%	48.2%
3.3%	4.2%	4.5%	4.9%
41.5%	41.1%	41.9%	41.7%
1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%
8.4	9.3	9.8	11.1
			1.5
4.2	4.3	4.3	4.6
00	00	20	400
			103
			8
5	7	3	1
		20.1	
			23.9
	131,365 60,844 54,496 6,348 2,026 4,322 516 1,255 2,551  2,993 2,748 245  15,908 11,169 9,283  N/A N/A 46,3% 3,3% 41,5% 1,5%	131,365       145,649         60,844       68,302         54,496       59,884         6,348       8,418         2,026       2,322         4,322       6,096         516       656         1,265       1,753         2,551       3,687         2,993       7,062         2,748       3,663         245       3,399         15,908       18,777         11,169       10,211         9,283       10,964         N/A       10,9%         N/A       44.5%         46.3%       46.9%         3.3%       4.2%         41.5%       41.1%         1.5%       1.6%         8.4       9.3         1.4       1.5         4.2       4.3	60,844         68,302         78,648           54,496         59,884         68,599           6,348         8,418         10,049           2,026         2,322         2,701           4,322         6,096         7,348           516         656         746           1,255         1,753         1,986           2,551         3,687         4,616           2,993         7,062         7,748           2,748         3,663         4,416           245         3,399         3,332           15,908         18,777         21,026           11,169         10,211         8,533           9,283         10,964         15,579           N/A         10,964         15,579           N/A         44.5%         25.2%           46.3%         46.9%         48.1%           3.3%         4.2%         4.5%           41.5%         41.1%         41.9%           1.5%         1.6%         1.7%           8.4         9.3         9.8           1.4         1.5         1.5           4.2         4.3         4.3           4.2 <t< td=""></t<>

The gross profit in FY2002 has been restated to provide a consistent classification of shrinkage. ("Shrinkage" is the difference between the value of inventory counted during stocktake and recorded inventory). The gross profit in all periods has been restated to include settlement discounts, treated as other income in the financial report. This has had no effect on reported EBIT or NPAT for these periods.

## Your Board Members



Left to right, Brian Beattie, Barry Saunders, John Shuster and Craig McMorron

#### Brian Beattie - Non-Executive Chairman

Brian has extensive and distinguished management experience in the retail industry spanning more than 30 years. This includes eight years with Woolworths Limited and thereafter 24 years at Coles Myer Ltd, including five years as Managing Director of Target and three years as Managing Director of Coles Supermarkets. Following that, he was Chief Executive Officer of the Victoria Racing Club and made major contributions to the structural change of the racing industry in Victoria and the growing success of the Spring Racing Carnival as a major tourist event. Brian is the Non-Executive Chairman of Austin Group Limited. Brian joined the Board in February 2004.

#### **Barry Saunders - Managing Director BCom**

Barry began his retail career with The Myer Emporium Ltd in 1963. He was the Chief Executive of both Target and BfG W in Australia, making significant contributions to the development stages of each. He has served on the boards of The Myer Emporium Ltd, Coles Myer Ltd and Woolworths Limited and on the Executive Committee at Pacific Dunlop Limited. He is the Non-Executive Chairman of an apparel import company, Longbeach Holdings Ltd, based in Christchurch, New Zealand. Barry has been the Managing Director of The Reject Shop since January 2000.

#### John Shuster - Non-Executive Director LLB

John is a lawyer and a former Chairman of the Company. He has a detailed knowledge of the discount variety retail sector in Australia and has contributed particular expertise on legal and property matters. John is the joint founder of The Reject Shop and has been a Director since 1983.

#### A.C. (Craig) McMorron - Non-Executive Director

Craig has held senior management positions in the financial services industry. His experience includes a wide range of general management and directorship responsibilities, the most recent appointments being with the Commonwealth Bank Group as General Manager - Americas, General Manager - CBFC Limited, General Manager - Commonwealth Development Bank and General Manager - Business and Risk Services. After retiring from full-time employment in 2002, Craig is practising as a consultant to public and private companies, with nonconflicting clients in other sectors of the retail industry. Craig joined the Board in April 2004.

# Your Management Team



Left to right, Arnold Sloshberg, Ron Jones, Chris Bryce, Philip Beckett, Darren O'Connor, Jeff Bell, Phillip Nutbean and Barry Saunders.

#### Arnold Sloshberg - General Manager, Merchandising BSc, MBA

Arnold commenced his retail career with the Edgars Group in South Africa over 30 years ago. He spent eight years with the Greatermans Group, including several as the Vice President of Development, and a further 13 years with the Wooltru Group, predominantly engaged in the Truworths Specialty Fashion Trade. He came to Australia as Chief Executive Officer of the Suzanne Grae organisation where he spent six years. Arnold joined The Reject Shop in January 2000 and is responsible for the Company's merchandise sourcing and management, as well as its marketing division.

#### Ron Jones - General Manager, Retail Operations

Ron started his retail career in the United Kingdom. During almost 35 years of experience in retailing, Ron has held senior store operational positions in New Zealand, the United States and Australia. In 1988, Ron came to Australia and joined Bi Lo Supermarkets (owned by Coles Myer Ltd) where he became the State General Manager for Victoria and then New South Wales. Ron was a partner in Giant Supermarkets in Queensland (subsequently sold to Franklins) and has also held senior positions with Davids Distribution (now Metcash) assisting independent retailers and was responsible for the company-owned stores. Ron joined The Reject Shop in February 2000 and is responsible for all aspects and activities of retail store operations.

### Chris Bryce - Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary BCom, ACA

Chris spent over ten years with PricewaterhouseCoopers providing audit and consulting advice to major retail and service companies in Australia and the United States. In 1999, Chris joined a computer and Internet company as the Chief Financial Officer. He became the General Manager - Operations in 2000, a position he held until 2003. Chris has been the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary at The Reject Shop since joining the Company in February 2003.

#### Philip Beckett - General Manager, Logistics

Philip has over 33 years experience in senior management roles in retail distribution. He has 12 years experience in food distribution organisations which supplied major retailers in the United Kingdom, such as Marks & Spencer and Sainsburys. Philip spent 21 years with Coles Myer Ltd, including managing Myer stores' State distribution centres before assuming the role of National General Manager – Distribution. He was a key team member responsible for the conversion of Myer stores to full electronic trading. Philip is a member of the Logistics Association of Australia and joined the Company as General Manager – Logistics in January 2002.

#### Darren O'Connor - Chief Information Officer BAppSc

Darren has had a diverse career for over 20 years in information technology, including roles in IT development, analysis, testing, support and management in Australia and the United Kingdom. Darren has specialised in managing information systems in branch model organisations such as retailers, rural suppliers and gaming companies. He is a member of institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers. Darren joined The Reject Shop as Chief Information Officer in July 2001.

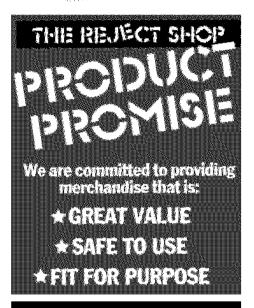
#### Jeff Bell - General Manager, Human Resources

Jeff has a broad and extensive background in human resources across a variety of industry sectors. He has held senior management positions in large automotive and manufacturing companies, including Arnott's, and retail companies, including Venture Stores. Jeff joined The Reject Shop in November 1995.

#### Phillip Nutbean - General Manager, Property AREI

Phillip has worked in commercial and retail real estate for 29 years and is a licensed real estate agent. His extensive retail property experience includes four years with Coles Myer Ltd as Property Executive for the Fosseys division. Phillip has been responsible for opening 67 of the existing 101 stores since joining The Reject Shop, first as a consultant from 1995 and then as Property Manager from May 2001.

# Corporate Governance



In June 2004
we opened our first
QLD store,
now one of our
Top 10 performers,
demonstrating the
potential of this
previously untapped
market.

Comparable store sales growth of 6.1%

The Company and the Board have set and aim to maintain high standards of corporate governance and intend, wherever practicable, to comply with the best practice recommendations released by the Australian Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Council in March 2003.

Whilst the Company formally adopted some corporate governance practices during the year as a result of its listing on the Australian Stock Exchange, the directors believe high standards of corporate governance have been maintained throughout the financial period.

A summary of the Company's main corporate governance practices are outlined below and were in place for the entire year, unless otherwise stated.

#### The Board of Directors

The Board operates in accordance with the Board Charter adopted on 21 April 2004, which establishes the composition of the Board and its overall responsibilities which can be summarised as follows:

#### Responsibilities of the Board

The Board has delegated the responsibility for day-to-day management of the Company to the Managing Director and senior management, however it retains responsibility for:

- · Establishing and reviewing the implementation of strategy;
- · Monitoring senior management's performance;
- Ensuring appropriate resources are available to achieve the Company's objectives; and
- Promoting best practice corporate governance, including overseeing the Company's risk management policies.

In addition, to enable the directors to fulfil their responsibilities, each director may, at the Company's expense, seek independent professional advice.

To assist in meeting its responsibilities the Board has established audit and remuneration committees, each with their own separate charter and structure. Minutes of these committee meetings are tabled at the subsequent Board meetings:

Having regard to the size of the Board, it has not been considered necessary to appoint a separate nomination committee.

#### Composition of the Board

Under the Company's constitution and the Board Charter the following criteria must always be met:

- The Board must be comprised of at least 3 directors;
- . The Board must be comprised of a majority of independent directors;
- The Chairman must be an independent director; and
- The Managing Director and the Chairman are separate roles and undertaken by separate people.

# CONOCIO COVERDO

#### Independence

There are currently four directors including three non-executive directors. Each director is individually assessed, for independence based on the following criteria:

- They must not be a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company
- they have not, within the last three years, been employed in an executive capacity by the company, or been a director after ceasing to hold any such employment
- They have not, within the last three years, been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company, or an employee materially associated with the service provider
- They must not be a material supplier or customer of the Company, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer
- They must have no material contractual relationship with the Company or another group member other than as a director of the Company
- They have not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with their ability to act in the best interests of the Company
- They must be free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with their ability to act in the best interests of the Company
- Materiality is assessed on both qualitative and quantitative bases.

BJ Beattie (Chairman) and AC McMorron satisfy all criteria above and are considered independent directors. BAE Saunders as Managing Director is not considered an independent director based on the above criteria.

J Shuster is the co-founder of the Company and has been a director since 1981. He was an executive of the Company from inception until 1996 and Chairman from 1996 until 1998.

Despite his prior involvement as an executive and lengthy service as a director, the Board is treating him as an independent director. He has not been an executive of the Company since 1996 and has no material relationships with the Company. He ceased to be a substantial shareholder at the time of the Company's listing. He provides continuity of knowledge to the Board following the resignations of long serving directors as a result of the Company's listing.

Details of the directors including their experience and attendance at Board and committee meetings is contained in the Directors' Report.

#### Annual Performance Reviews

The Company intends to conduct an annual performance evaluation of all directors and will expand the current senior executive induction process to include new directors, as required. As the composition of the Board has significantly changed as a result of the Company's recent listing, no assessment of directors' performance has been deemed necessary for this financial period.

#### Rotation of Directors

Under the Company's constitution at least one third of the Company's directors must retire at each annual general meeting, as well as any director who has served for more than three years, excluding the Managing Director.

#### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee Charter was adopted on 21 April 2004 and outlines the composition and responsibilities of the Audit Committee.

#### Role of Audit Committee

The role of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board in:

- Overseeing the reliability and integrity of financial and asset management;
- Ensuring compflance with the Company's accounting policies, financial reporting and disclosure practices;
- Monitoring internal controls including financial systems integrity and risk management; and
- Maintaining the relationship and reviewing the work of the external auditors.

#### Responsibilities of Audit Committee

- Reviewing the integrity of accounting principles adopted by management in the presentation of financial reports;
- Regularly review, assess and update internal controls and risk management;
- · Review, monitor and assess related party transactions; and
- Monitoring the effectiveness and independence of the external auditor.

### continued

#### Composition of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee Charter, in line with the recommendations outlined by the Corporate Governance Council, states the Committee should consist of at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority being independent directors. The chairperson must be an independent director and not the Chairman of the Board.

In addition, the members of the Committee must have a working familiarity with basic finance and accounting practices, and at least one member of the Committee must have accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Audit Committee currently comprises the following members: AC McMorron (Chairman)

J Shuster

The current composition of the Audit Committee does not comply with the total minimum number of members recommended by the Corporate Governance Council and the Committee Charter. I-lowever, the Board believes strongly that the Committee provides the appropriate level of expertise and focus to maintain integrity of the Company's financial reporting, in the context of smaller sized public companies. The Board believes that to comply with the recommendation would require all three independent directors to be members of the Committee which would limit the committee's ability to act separately and independently from the Board.

#### Role of the External Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers was appointed auditor effective 2 July 2001, and have provided a declaration of their independence to the Audit Committee. Whilst not a member of the Audit Committee, they are invited to attend all meetings. They will attend the annual general meeting to answer shareholder questions with regard to the conduct of their audit.

#### Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee Charter was adopted on 21 April 2004 and outlines the composition and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee.

#### Role of the Remuneration Committee

The role of the Remuneration Committee is to review and make recommendations to the Board regarding:

- The remuneration and appointment of senior executives and nonexecutive directors;
- Policies for remuneration and compensation programs of the Company;
- · All equity based compensation plans.



Eight new stores successfully opened during the year

Our continued investment in IT systems is another example of bringing the disciplines of large-scale retailers to our business.



To adequately fulfil their role, the Remuneration Committee obtains and considers all relevant advice and information including industry trends in remuneration policy, market rates for the positions of Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer, other senior executives and non-executive directors, and movements in general wage rates.

Information regarding director and executive remuneration is provided in note 27 of this financial report.

#### Composition of the Remuneration Committee

Under the Remuneration Charter, and consistent with the Corporate Governance Council recommendations, the Committee shall consist of at least three members, a majority of which must be non-executive directors, with the chairperson of the Committee being a non-executive director.

Each member of the Committee must also be independent of the management of the Company and free from any relationship that, in the business judgement of the board, would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement as a member of the Committee.

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises the following members:

BJ Beattie (Chairman)

J Shuster

AC McMorron

The current composition complies with all aspects of the Company's charter.

#### Code of Conduct

The Company has an established corporate code of conduct which forms the basis for a shared view of the Company, its mission and its ethical standards and code of conduct by senior management and employees. After approval by the Board this booklet has been adopted by all senior executives.

The Company adopted a Share Trading Policy on 21 April 2004 which restricts trading of securities by directors and employees to specified periods during the year, namely 30 working days after the release of the Company's half yearly results, annual results and after the close of the Company's annual general meeting.

#### **Hisk Management and Assessment**

It is the role of the Audit Committee to oversee the management of risk within the business on behalf of the Board. The Company has established policies and practices which mitigate business and financial risk including but not limited to the following key areas:

- · Prevention and Detection of Fraud;
- · Capital Expenditure;
- · New Site Evaluations:
- · Occupational, Health and Safety systems and processes;
- · Public, Product and Regulatory flability exposure;
- · Data Management; and
- · Foreign Exchange.

The Company's Audit and Loss Prevention and Product Compliance functions provide ongoing assurance to the Board and management that established procedures and requirements are being met.

The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer have made the following certifications to the Board:

- The Company's financial reports are complete and present a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial condition and operational results of the Company and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards; and
- The above statement is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control, which implements the policies adopted by the Board, and ensures that the Company's risk management and internal compliance is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

The Company adopted this reporting structure for the year ended 27 June 2004.

#### Continuous Disclosure Policy

The Company adopted its Continuous Disclosure Policy on 21 April 2004 which established the framework by which the Company will satisfy its continuous disclosure obligations as required by the Listing Rules of the Australian Stock Exchange and the Corporations Act. This policy ensures information is disclosed in a full and timely manner to enable all shareholders and the market to have an equal opportunity to obtain and review information about the Company.

All information disclosed to the ASX is posted on the Company's website. In addition, annual and half year reports, media and analysts' presentations and press releases are also available on the Company's website.



## Directors' Report

Your directors present their report on the Company and its controlled entity for the financial year ended 27 June 2004.

#### **Directors**

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

NAME AND TITLE	SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY	PERIOD AS DIRECTOR
<b>Continuing Directors</b>		
BJ Beattie Chairman	Chairman of Remuneration Committee	Appointed as a director on 27 February 2004. Chairman since 27 April 2004 and continues as a director to the date of this report.
BAE Saunders Executive director	Managing Director	Director for the full financial year and continues as a director to the date of this report.
AC McMorron Non-executive director	Chairman of Audit Committee and Member of Remuneration Committee	Appointed as a director on 21 April 2004 and continues as a director to the date of this report.
J Shuster Non-executive director	Member of Audit and Remuneration Committees	Director for the full financial year and continues as a director to the date of this report.
Other Directors durin	g the year	
ЈК Fox	Associate, Macquarie Direct Investments.	Director and Chairman from the start of the financial year until resignation as a director on 26 April 2004.
AA Lockhart	Representative, Macquarle Direct Investments.	Director from the start of the financial year until resignation as a director on 26 April 2004.
RP Backwell	Representative, Macquarle Direct Investments.	Director from the start of the financial year until resignation as a director on 26 April 2004.
AE Sloshberg	General Manager, Merchandise and continues in this role to the date of this report.	Director from the start of the financial year until resignation as a director on 26 April 2004.
RD Jones	General Manager, Store Operations and continues in this role to the date of this report.	Appointed on 17 September 2003 and director until resignation on 26 April 2004.

#### **Retirement of Directors**

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, BJ Beattle and J Shuster will retire as directors at the annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.



#### **Meetings of Directors**

The number of meetings of the Board of directors and committees held during the year ended 27 June 2004 and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Director	· Meetings		ommittee etings	Comi	ieration nittee tings
Director	A	3	A	8	A	В
Continuing Directors						
BJ Beattie	5	5	XX	XX	1	1
BAE Saunders	12	12	XX	XX	XX	XX
AC McMorron	4	4	1	1	1	1
J Shuster	12	12	1	1	1	1
Other Directors during the year						
JK Fox	8	9	XX	XX	XX	XX
AA Lockhart	5	9	XX	XX	ХХ	XX
RP Backwell	8	9	XX	XX	XX	XX
AE Sloshberg	7	9	XX	XX	XX	XX
RD Jones	3	7	XX	XX	XX	XX

The audit and remuneration committees were formed on 21 April 2004, prior to the Company's listing. The directors who resigned during the year were not members of either committee.

Note: A - Number of meetings attended

B - Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the year

XX - Not a member of relevant committee

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the consolidated entity during the financial year were the retailing of discount variety merchandise and no significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

#### Dividends

Dividends paid during the financial year were 8.5 cents per fully paid share totalling \$2,000,000 on 17 September 2003.

Since the end of the financial year the directors have declared the payment of a dividend of 2.5 cents per share franked at a tax rate of 30% which will be paid on 24 September 2004.

The Company has established a dividend reinvestment plan which is not currently active.

#### **Review of Operations**

The profit of the consolidated entity for the financial year after providing for income tax amounted to \$5,580,577 (2003: \$4,615,475). A detailed review of operations is provided on pages 2 to 6 of this annual report.

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year were as follows:

- (a) The Company changed its status from a proprietary company to a public company and changed its name from The Reject Shop (Aust) Pty Ltd to The Reject Shop Limited on 24 March 2004;
- (b) The Company undertook a share split on a 3,780.93 for 1 basis on 28 May 2004;



### Directors' Report continued

- (c) Decrease in contributed equity of \$1,749,161 (from \$3,365,123 to \$1,615,962) as a result of:
  - Issue of 446,150 shares at \$0.6686 per share on exercise of options issued under the Executive Option Plan
  - Issue of 625,782 shares at \$1.9989 pursuant to the Company's public offer
  - . Transaction costs arising on issue of shares pursuant to the Company's public offer
  - Cancellation of 1,758,132 vested options
     Net decrease in Contributed Equity
- (d) The Company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange on 1 June 2004.

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#### Matters Subsequent to the end of the Financial Year

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affect or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

#### Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

Likely developments in the operations of the consolidated entity and the expected results of those operations in future financial years are contained on pages 2 to 6 of this annual report.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The consolidated entity's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

#### **Directors and Executives Disclosures**

Disclosure of directors' and executives' remuneration, option and share holdings and the Company's remuneration policies, has been included on pages 35 to 40 of this annual report.

#### **Option and Performance Rights Disclosures**

The amount of shares currently under options and performance rights and the shares issued during the year on the exercise of options is provided on pages 41 to 42 of this annual report.

#### Insurance of Officers

During or since the end of the financial year, the consolidated entity has given an indemnity or entered an agreement to indemnify, or paid or agreed to pay insurance premiums as follows:

The Company has paid premiums of \$108,175 to insure all directors and officers against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in their capacity as a director or an officer of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company.

#### Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied for Leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

BJ Beattle Chairman

14 September, 2004

BAE Saunders Managing Director



## Statements of Financial Performance

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 27 JUNE 2004

	Note	CONSOI 2004	IDATED ENTITY 2003 S	Pari 2004 \$	ENT ENTITY 2003
Revenues from ordinary activities			•		*
Sales revenue		470 001 000	100 000 011	100.001.000	160 605 011
	2	180,604,033	163,605,911	180,604,033	163,605,911
Other revenues from ordinary activities	2	3,281,274	3,017,535	3,281,274	3,017,535
		183,885,307	166,623,446	183,885,307	166,623,446
Cost of sales		94,787,332	86,118,709	94,787,332	86,118,709
Store expenses		58,870,168	54,428,926	58,870,168	54,428,926
Administrative expenses		15,241,104	13,523,154	15,241,104	13,523,154
Distribution centre expenses		6,166,747	5,204,654	6,166,747	5,204,654
		175,065,351	159,275,443	175,065,351	159,275,443
Borrowing costs expense	3	796,177	746,023	796,177	746,023
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense		8,023,779	6,601,980	8,023,779	6,601,980
Income tax expense relating to ordinary activitie	s 4	2,443,202	1,986,505	2,443,202	1,986,505
Profit from ordinary activities after related income tax expense		5,580,577	4,615,475	5,580,577	4,615,475
Total changes in equity other than those resulting from transactions with owners as owners	ers	5,580,577	4,615,475	5,580,577	4,615,475
Earnings per Share		Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Basic	31	23.9	20.1	23.9	20.1
Diluted	31	22.3	18.9	22.3	18.9

The above statements of financial performance should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



## Statements of Financial Position

#### AS AT 27 JUNE 2004

	Note	2004	Dated Entity 2003	2004	NT ENTITY 2003
		\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash assets	5	3,055,542	820,662	3,055,542	820,662
Receivables	6	180,429	191,749	180,429	191,749
Inventories	7	20,249,019	21,025,910	20,249,019	21,025,910
Other	8	250,652	798,570	250,652	798,570
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		23,735,642	22,836,891	23,735,642	22,836,891
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Other financial assets	9		-	1,200	1,200
Property, plant and equipment	10	15,960,890	15,532,096	15,960,890	15,532,096
Deferred tax assets	11	1,106,833	455,091	1,106,833	455,091
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		17,067,723	15,987,187	17,068,923	15,988,387
TOTAL ASSETS		40,803,365	38,824,078	40,804,565	38,825,278
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Payables	12	10,689,288	7,795,636	11,692,968	8,799,316
Interest bearing liabilities	13	2,350.462	7,074,959	2,350,462	7,074,959
Tax liabilities	14	1,579,762	1,293,483	1,579,762	1,293,483
Provisions	15	2,996,217	2,395,834	2,996,217	2,395,834
Other	16	2,668,142	1,880,589	2,668,142	1,880,589
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		20,283,871	20,440,501	21,287,651	21,444,181
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Interest bearing liabilities	17	2,453,592	2,278,996	2,453,592	2,278,996
Provisions	18	685,471	525,567	655,471	525,567
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,109,063	2,804,563	3,109,063	2,804,563
TOTAL LIABILITIES		23,392,934	23,245,064	24,396,614	24,248,744
NET ASSETS		17,410,431	15,579,014	16,407,951	14,576,534
EQUITY					
Contributed equity	19	1,615,962	3,365,123	1,615,962	3,365,123
Capital profits reserve	20	738,773	738,773	738,773	738,773
Retained profits	21	15,055,696	11,475,118	14,053,216	10,472,638
TOTAL EQUITY		17,410,431	15,579,014	16,407,951	14,576,534

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



## Statements of Cash Flow

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 27 JUNE 2004

	Note	2004	IDATED ENTITY 2003 S	PARI 2004	ENT ENTITY 2003
		(A)	•	5	3
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIV	/ITIES				
Receipts from customers					
(inclusive of goods and services tax)		198,338,266	179,841,261	198,338,266	179,841,261
Payments to suppliers and employees			(100,000,010)		
(inclusive of goods and services tax)		(180,447,243)	(169,932,010)	(180,447,243)	(169,932,010)
Interest received		63,561	14,163	63,561	14,163
Borrowing costs paid		(796,177)	(746,023)	(796,177)	(746,023)
Income tax paid		(2,811,138)	(1,428,703)	(2,811,138)	(1,428,703)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	25	14,347,269	7,748,688	14,347,269	7,748,688
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIV	ITIES				
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and e		71.472	78,633	71,472	78,633
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(3,884,799)	(4,495,160)	(3,884,799)	(4,495,160)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(3,813,327)	(4,416,527)	(3,813,327)	(4,416,527)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIV	/ITIEC				
Proceeds from issue of shares	19	1,549,227	_	1,549,227	
Payments for cancellation of options	19	(2,458,397)	_	(2,458,397)	
Payment of transaction costs arising	19	(2.#30,001)		(2,700,001)	
from issue of shares	19	(839,991)	_	(839,991)	_
Proceeds from sale and hireback	10	1,794,925	1,763,404	1,794,925	1,763,404
Repayment of finance leases		(2,013,383)	(2,072,998)	(2,013,383)	(2,072,998)
Repayment of borrowings		(500,000)	(2,000,000)	(500,000)	(2,000,000)
Dividends paid	30	(2,000,000)	-	(2,000,000)	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(4,467,619)	(2,309,594)	(4,467,619)	(2,309,594)
Net increase in cash held		6,066,323	1,022,567	6,066,323	1,022,567
Cash/(overdraft) at the beginning of the fina-	ncial year	(3,569,936)	(4,592,503)	(3,569,936)	(4,592,503)
Cash at the end of the financial year	25	2,496,387	(3,569,936)	2,496,387	(3,569,936)

The above statements of financial cash flow should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Note 1: Statement of significant accounting policies

This general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views and the Corporations Act 2001.

It is prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous year.

#### (a) Principles of Consolidations

A controlled entity is any entity controlled by The Reject Shop Limited. Control exists where The Reject Shop Limited has the capacity to dominate the decision-making in relation to the financial and operating policies of another entity so that the other entity operates with The Reject Shop Limited to achieve the objectives of The Reject Shop Limited. Details of the controlled entity are contained in Note 33.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate all the assets and liabilities of the entity controlled by The Reject Shop Limited as at 27 June 2004 and the results for the controlled entity for the year. The Reject Shop Limited and its controlled entity are referred to in this financial report as the consolidated entity. All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

#### (b) Income Tax

The consolidated entity adopts the liability method of tax-effect accounting whereby the income tax expense shown is based on the profit from ordinary activities adjusted for any permanent differences.

Timing differences which arise due to the different accounting periods in which items of revenue and expense are included in the determination of accounting profit and taxable income are brought to account as either a provision for deferred income tax or as a future income tax benefit at the rate of income tax applicable to the period in which the benefit will be received or the liability will become payable.

Future income tax benefits are not brought to account unless realisation of the asset is assured beyond any reasonable doubt. Future income tax benefits in relation to tax losses are not brought to account unless there is virtual certainty of realisation of the benefit.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation, and the anticipation that the consolidated entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

#### (c) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned on a first-in first-out basis and include an appropriate proportion of freight expenses.

#### (d) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation.

#### Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including leasehold improvements and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives to the consolidated entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.



The depreciation rates used for each class of assets are:

CLASS OF FIXED ASSET	DEPRECIATION RATES	DEPRECIATION BASIS
Leasehold improvements		
- At cost	8-20 %	Straight Line
- Leased	8-20 %	Straight Line
Plant and equipment		
- At cost	8-33 %	Straight Line
- Leased	7-33 %	Straight Line
Motor vehicles		
- At cost	12-25 %	Straight Line
- Leased	12-25 %	Straight Line
Office equipment		
- At cost	8-20 %	Straight Line
- Leased	8-20 %	Straight Line
Computer equipment		
- At cost	20-33 %	Straight Line
- Leased	25-33 %	Straight Line
Fixture and fittings		
- At cost	7-20 %	Straight Line
- Leased	7-20 %	Straight Line

#### (e) Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, are transferred to the entities within the consolidated entity are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised, recording an asset and a liability equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the consolidated entity will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives received under operating leases are recognised in the balance sheet as both an asset and liability and are brought into account as income over the initial term of the lease.

#### (f) Employee Entitlements

#### (i) Wage and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, annual leave and vested sick leave are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date, and are measured at the amounts expected to be settled within 12 months.

#### (ii) Long service leave

A liability for long service leave is recognised, and is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Expected future payments are discounted using interest rates on national government guaranteed securities with terms to maturity that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### (iii) Superannuation

Contributions are made by the consolidated entity to employee personal superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when incurred.



#### (iv) Bonus plans

A flability for employee benefits in the form of bonus plans is recognised when there is no realistic alternative but to settle the liability and at least one of the following conditions are met:

- · There are formal terms in the plan for determining the amount of the benefit;
- · The amounts to be paid are determined before the time of completion of the financial report; or
- · Past practice gives clear evidence of the amount of the obligation.

Liabilities for short term cash incentives are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at amounts expected to be paid when settled.

#### (v) Equity-based compensation benefits

Equity-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the Executive Option Plan and the Performance Rights Plan. Information relating to these plans is set out in note 28.

No accounting entries are made in relation to either plan until options or performance rights are exercised. The amounts disclosed for remuneration of directors and executives in note 27 include the assessed fair value of options at the date they were granted.

#### (g) Cash

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and at call deposits with banks and financial institutions, and investments in money market instruments maturing within two months, net of bank overdrafts.

#### (h) Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of sale. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), returns and staff discounts.

Revenue from settlement discounts is recognised upon payment of supplier invoices and the deduction of settlement discount as agreed within the Company's supplier terms.

#### (i) Foreign Currency Translation

#### (i) Transactions

Foreign currency transactions during the year are recorded in Australian currency at the date of the transaction. At balance date amounts receivable and payable in foreign currency are translated to Australian currency using the rate of exchange ruling at that date. Resulting exchange differences are recognised in determining profit for the year.

#### (ii) Specific commitments

Hedging is undertaken in order to avoid or minimise possible adverse financial effects of movements in exchange rates. Costs or gains arising at the time of entering hedged transactions for the purchase and sale of goods and services, and exchange differences that occur up to the date of purchase or sale are deferred and included in the measurement of the purchase or sale.

The net amounts receivable or payable under the hedging transaction are also recorded in the statement of financial position. Any gains or losses arising on the hedging transaction after the recognition of the hedged purchase or sale are included in the statement of financial performance.

When anticipated purchase or sale transactions have been hedged, actual purchases or sales which occur during the designated hedged period are accounted for as having been hedged until the amounts of those transactions in the designated period are fully allocated against the hedged amounts.

If the hedged transaction is terminated prior to its maturity date and the hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur as designated, deferral of any gains or losses which arose prior to termination continues and those gains and losses are included in the measurement of the hedged transaction.

In circumstances where a hedging transaction is terminated prior to maturity because the hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur as designated, any previously deferred gains or losses are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of termination.



If a hedge transaction relating to a commitment for the purchase or sale of goods is redesignated as a hedge of another specific commitment and the original transaction is still expected to occur as designated, the gains or losses that arise on the hedge prior to its redesignation continue to be deferred and included in the measurement of the original purchase or sale when it takes place. If the hedge is redesignated as a hedge of another commitment because the original purchase or sale transaction is no longer expected to occur as designated, the gains or losses that arise on the hedge prior to its redesignation are recognised in the statement of financial performance at the date of the redesignation.

#### (i) Trade and other creditors

These amounts represent flabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### (k) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (I) Recoverable amount of non-current assets

The recoverable amount of an asset is the net amount expected to be recovered through the cash inflows and outflows arising from its continued use and subsequent disposal.

Where the written-down amount of a non-current asset is greater than its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Where net cash inflows are derived from a group of assets working together, the recoverable amount is determined on the basis of the relevant group of assets. The decrement in the carrying amount is recognised as an expense in net profit in the reporting period in which the recoverable amount writedown occurs.

The expected net cash flows included in determining recoverable amount of non-current assets are not discounted to their present values using a market determined risk-adjusted discount rate.

#### (m) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividends declared, determined or publicly recommended by the Directors on or before the end of the financial period but not distributed at balance date.

#### (n) Interest bearing liabilities

Loans are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt, interest is accrued over the period it becomes due and is recorded as part of other payables.

#### (o) Earnings per share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net profit after income tax attributable to members of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the end of the financial period, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the period.

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### (p) Acquisition of assets

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquisition of assets. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given up, shares issued or flabilities undertaken at the date of acquisition plus incremental costs directly attributable to the acquisition.



#### (q) Web site costs

Costs in relation to web sites are charged as expenses in the period in which they are incurred unless they relate to the acquisition of an asset, in which they are capitalised and amortised over the period of expected benefit.

#### (r) Restoration Costs

Upon the finalisation of a lease period and prior to return of the premises to a landlord, a store may require expenditure to return the store to its original format. An expense is provided for in the period that the closure is formally approved by the Company.

#### (s) Store Opening Costs

Costs associated in the setup of a new store are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (t) Comparative Period

Comparative period used in this report is the 52 week financial year ending 29 June 2003.

	Consolidated entity		Parent entity	
	2004	2003 \$	2004	2003
	7	4	*	Ψ.
Note 2: Revenue				
Revenue from operating activities				
Sale of goods	180,604,033	163,605,911	180,604,033	163,605,911
Revenue from outside the operating activities				
Interest	63,561	14,163	63,561	14,163
Settlement discount	1,311,770	1,161,335	1.311,770	1,161,335
Sale of non-current assets	1,866,397	1,842,037	1,866,397	1,842,037
Sundry	39,546	-	39,546	
	3,281,274	3,017,535	3,281,274	3,017,535
	183,885,307	166,623,446	183,885,307	166,623,446
Note 3: Profit From Ordinary Activities Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense includes the following expenses:				
Interest and finance charges paid/payable	796,177	746,023	796,177	746,023
Depreciation of plant and equipment Amortisation of assets under finance leases	2,225,008 816,202	2,178,240 522,971	2,225,008 816,202	2,178,240 522,971
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	343,323	189,892	343,323	189,892
Write down of inventories to net realisable value		30,000		30,000
Rental expenses relating to operating leases Base rentals Rent paid on percentage of sales basis	22,171,196 205,462	19,791,663 238,871	22,171,196 205,462	19,791,663 238,871
Foreign exchange losses	192,624	355,472	192,824	355,472



	Consolii 2004 \$	Dated Entity 2003 S	PAREI 2004 \$	T ENTITY 2003 S
Note 4: Income Tax		·		7
The income tax expense for the financial year differs				
from the amount calculated on the profit.				
The differences are reconciled as follows:				
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense	8,023,779	6,601,980	8,023,779	6,601,980
Income tax calculated @ 30%	2,407,134	1,980,594	2,407,134	1,980,594
Tax effect of permanent differences				
Sundry items	36,068	5,975	36,068	5,975
Income tax adjusted for permanent differences	2,443,202	1,986,569	2,443,202	1,986,569
(Over)/Under provision in previous year		(64)		(64)
Income tax expense	2,443,202	1,986,505	2,443,202	1,986,505

The Reject Shop Limited implemented the tax consolidation legislation as of 1 July 2002. A tax sharing agreement between members of the tax consolidated group has not been entered into. As a consequence, The Reject Shop Limited, as the head entity in the tax consolidated group, recognises current and deferred tax balances in this group as if those transactions, events and balances were its own, in addition to the current and deferred tax amounts arising in relation to its own transactions, events and balances.

The financial effect of the tax consolidation legislation has been recognised in these financial statements, with no material impact on the consolidated statement of financial performance or financial position.

	Consolidated entity		Parent entity	
	2004 \$	2003 \$	2004 \$	2003 \$
Note 5: Current Assets - Cash Assets				
Cash on hand	262,926	233,073	262,926	233,073
Cash at bank	2,792,616	587,589	2,792,616	587,589
	3,055,542	820,662	3,055,542	820,662
Note 6: Current Assets - Receivables				
Other debtors	180,429	191,749	180,429	191,749
Note 7: Current Assets - Inventories				
Inventory at cost	20,013,007	20,531,375	20,013,007	20,531,375
Inventory at net realisable value	236,012	494,535	236,012	494,535
	20,249,019	21,025,910	20,249,019	21,025,910
Note 8: Current Assets - Other				
Prepayments	219,614	635,415	219,614	535,415
Other current assets	31,038	263,155	31,038	263,155
	250,652	798,570	250,652	798,570
Note 9: Non-Current Assets -				
Other Financial Assets				
Shares in controlled entities - at cost		-	1,200	1,200



	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2004 \$	2003 \$	2004 \$	2003 \$
Note 10: Non-Current Assets -				
Property, Plant And Equipment				
Leasehold improvements				
At cost	6,915,370	6,718,817	6,915,370	6,718,817
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,042,505)	(3,736,811)	(4,042,505)	(3,736,811)
	2,872,865	2,982,006	2,872,865	2,982,006
Under finance lease and hire purchase	1,606,421	1,021,779	1,606,421	1,021,779
Less accumulated amortisation	(181,909)	(88,073)	(181,909)	(88,073)
	1,424,512	933,706	1,424,512	933,706
Plant and equipment				
At cost	3,130,317	3,164,381	8,130,317	3,164,381
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,306,381)	(2,155,332)	(2,306,361)	(2,155,332)
	823,936	1,009,049	823,936	1,009,049
Under finance lease and hire purchase	701,837	651,144	701,837	651,144
Less accumulated amortisation	(146,973)	(80,376)	(146,973)	(80,376)
	554,864	570,768	554,864	570,768
PP-A				
Motor vehicles At cost	341,637	416,216	341,637	416,216
Less accumulated depreciation	(215,972)	(234,596)	(215,972)	(234,596)
	125,665	181,620	125,665	181,620
Under finance lease and hire purchase	822,449	694,261	822,449	694,261
Less accumulated amortisation	(203,195)	(128,377)	(203,195)	(128,377)
	619,254	565,884	619,254	565,884
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Office equipment At cost	305,743	264,373	305.743	264,373
Less accumulated depreciation	(237,734)	(224,815)	(237,734)	(224,815)
	68,009	39,558	68,009	39,558
Under finance lease and hire purchase	67,309	43,276	67,309	43,276
Less accumulated amortisation	(20,834)	(10,525)	(20,834)	(10,525)
	46,475	32,751	46,475	32,751
Computer equipment	4 262 OF 6	1 201 646	i egenen	4 904 040
At cost Less accumulated depreciation	1,626,253 (1,011,409)	1,391,646 (928,499)	1,626,253 (1,011,409)	1,391,646 (928,499)
2000 addan mated deproductors	614,844	463,147	614,644	463,147
Under finance lease and hire purchase	4,203,498	4,017,115	4.203,498	4,017,115
Less accumulated amortisation	(3,027,082)	(2,199,359)	(3,027,082)	(2,199,359)
	1,176,416	1,817,756	1,176,416	1,817,756



	Consolidated entity		parent entity	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furniture, fixtures and fittings				
At cost	11,154,816	10,725,083	11,154,816	10,725,083
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,354,584)	(5,847,778)	(6,354,584)	(5,847,778)
	4,800,232	4,877,305	4,800,232	4,877,305
Under finance lease and hire purchase	3,522,617	2,523,158	3,522,617	2,523,158
Less accumulated amortisation	(688,799)	(464,612)	(688,799)	(464,612)
	2,833,818	2,058,546	2,833,818	2,058,546
Total plant and equipment	11,663,513	11,616,384	11,663,513	11,616,384
Total property, plant and equipment	15,960,690	15,532,096	15,960,890	15,532,096

#### **Movements in Carrying Amounts**

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year are as follows:

	Leasehold improvements		Plant & Equipment	
	At Cost \$	Leased \$	At Cost \$	Leased \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,982,006	933,706	1,009,049	570,768
Additions	1,048,615	590,870	132,587	51,885
Disposals	(736,034)	(4,772)	(75,874)	(914)
Depreciation/amortisation expense	(421,722)	(95,292)	(241,826)	(66,875)
Carrying amount at end of the year	2,872,865	1,424,512	823,936	554,864

	Computer equipment		motor vehicle	
	At Cost \$	Leased \$	At Cost \$	Leased \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	463,147	1,817,756	181,620	565,884
Additions	538,405	187,357	-	232,160
Disposals	(177,099)	(632)	(18,630)	(72,967)
Depreciation/amortisation expense	(209,609)	(828,065)	(37,325)	(105,823)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	614,844	1,176,416	125,665	619,254

	office e	2UIPMERT		e, fixtures fittings
	At Cost \$	Leased \$	At Cost \$	Leased \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	39,558	32,751	4,877,305	2,058,546
Additions	68,053	24,348	1,773,410	1,032,034
Disposals	(24,348)	(131)	(1,072,853)	(25,466)
Depreciation/amortisation expense	(15,254)	(10,493)	(777,630)	(231,296)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	68,009	46,475	4,800,232	2,833,818

	TOTAL \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	16,532,096
Additions	5,679,724
Disposals	(2,209,720)
Depreciation/amortisation expense	(3,041,210)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	15,960,890



		Consolidated entity		Parent Entity	
	Note	2004 \$	2003 \$	2004 \$	2003 \$
Note 11: Non-Current Assets - Deferred Tax Assets					
Future Income Tax Benefit		1,106,833	455,091	1,106,833	455,091
No part of the future income tax benefit is attributable to tax losses.					
Note 12: Current Liabilities - Paya Unsecured liabilities	bles				
Trade creditors		9,144,600	6,076,638	9,144,600	6,076,638
Sundry creditors and accruals		1,544,688	1,718,998	1,544,688	1,718,998
Amounts owing to controlled entities				1,003,680	1,003,680
		10,689,288	7,795,636	11,692,968	8,799,316
Note 13: Current Liabilities - Interest Bearing Liabilities					
Secured liabilities					
Bank overdrafts		559,155	4,390,598	559,155	4,390,598
Bank loans			500,000		500,000
Finance lease liability	22	498,561	763,164	498,561	763,164
Hire purchase liability	22	1,292,746	1,421,197	1,292,746	1,421,197
		2,350,462	7,074,959	2,350,462	7,074,959

Bank overdraft and bank loans are secured by:

Cross Guarantee and Indemnity between The Reject Shop Limited and TRS Trading Group Pty Ltd supported by :

First Registered Company Charge (Mortgage Debenture) over all the assets and undertakings of The Reject Shop Limited - this is a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertaking (including goodwill) and unpaid/uncalled capital of the Company.

First Registered Company Charge (Mortgage Debenture) over all the assets and undertakings of TRS Trading Group Pty Ltd - this is a fixed and floating charge over all present and future assets, undertaking (including goodwill) and unpaid/uncalled capital of the Company.

Letter of Set-Off by and on account of The Reject Shop Limited and TRS Trading Group Pty Ltd.



	Note	Consolii 2004 S	DATED ENTITY 2003 S	Pare: 2004 \$	NT ENTITY 2003
Note 14: Current Liabilities – Tax Liabilities Income tax		1,579,762	1,293,483	1,579,762	1,293,483
Note 15: Current Liabilities – Provisions Employment entitlements	28	2.996,217	2,395,834	2,996,217	2,395,834
Note 16: Current Liabilities – Other Accrued expenses Deferred income		2,264,129 404,013	1,340,754 539,835	2,264,129 404,013	1,340,754 539,835
Note 17: Non-Current Liabilities - Interest Bearing Liabilities Secured liabilities		2,668,142	1,880,589	2.668,142	1,880,589
Finance lease liability Hire purchase liability	22 22	471,538 1,982,054 2,453,592	798,354 1,480,642 2,278,996	471,538 1,982,054 2,453,592	798,354 1,480,642 2,278,996
Note 18: Non-Current Liabilities - Provisions Employment entitlements	28	655,471	525,567	655,471	525,567

	CONSOLIDATED ENTITY	
	2004 \$	2003 \$
Note 19: Equity - Contributed Equity		
Issued and paid up capital		
Ordinary shares fully paid	1,615,962	3,365,123
Movement in contributed equity		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,365,123	3,365,123
Shares issued on exercise of options (i)	298,314	<u> </u>
	3,663,437	3,365,123
Shares issued on 1 June 2004 (iii)	1,250,913	-
Payment of transaction costs on listing (iv)	(839,991)	-
Cancellation of options (v)	(2,458,397)	
Balance at the end of the year	1,615,962	3,365,123
Movement in Shares on issue	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Balance at the beginning of the year	6,084	6,084
Shares issued on exercise of options (i)	118	
	6,202	6,084
Share split (ii)	23,443,126	-
Shares issued on 1 June 2004 (iii)	625,782	
Balance at the end of the year	24,075,110	6,084



- (l) 118 shares Issued on exercise of options on 16 September 2003 at an exercise price of \$2,528.09 (on a post share split basis 446,150 shares issued at an exercise price of \$0.6686 per share)
- (ii) Share split on a 3,780.93 for 1 basis, increasing the number of shares on Issue from 6,202 to 23,449,328 on 28 May 2004;
- (iii) 625,782 shares issued at \$1.9989 per share pursuant to the Initial Public Offer;
- (iv) Payment of \$839,991 for costs associated with the Initial Public Offer; and
- (v) Payment on cancellation of 1,758,132 existing vested options totalling \$2,458,397 on 31 May 2004.

The voting rights of ordinary shares are that each share shall have one vote.

			dated entity	Parent Entity	
	Note	2004 \$	2003	2004 \$	2003 \$
	***		<del>'</del>		<del>-</del>
Note 20: Equity - Capital Profits	Reserve				
Capital profits reserve		738,773	738,773	738,773	738,773
There have been no movements in the Cap	ital				
Profits Reserve during the financial year.					
Note 21: Equity - Retained Profi	ts				
Retained profits at the beginning of the fina	ncial period	11,475,119	6,859,643	10,472,639	5,857,163
Net profit attributable to members of the					
consolidated entity		5,580,577	4,615,475	5,580,577	4,615,475
Dividends provided for or paid		(2,000,000)	-	(2,000,000)	-
Retained profits at reporting date		15,055,696	11,475,118	14,053,216	10,472,638
A dividend was paid on 17 September 200 per share (on a post split basis) totalling \$2					
per snare (on a post split basis) totaling \$2	,000,000,				
Note 22: Capital And Lease Con	ımitments				
Finance lease commitments					
Payable					
not later than one year		577,079	886,023	577,079	886,023
later than one year and not later than fi	ve years	510,746	874,321	510,746	874,321
Minimum lease payments		1,087,825	1,760,344	1,087,825	1,760,344
Less future finance charges		117,726	198,826	117,726	198,826
Total lease liability		970,099	1,561,518	970,099	1,561,518
Represented by:					
Current liability	13	498,561	763,164	498,561	763,164
Non-current liability	17	471,538	798,354	471,538	798,354
		970,099	1,561,518	970,099	1,561,518

Finance leases are 3 year lease terms for the purchase of motor vehicles and computer equipment.



N	CONS0 ote 2004 \$	LIDATED ENTITY 2003 \$	PARI 2004 \$	ENT ENTITY 2003 \$
Hire Purchase Commitments				
Payable				
Not later than one year	1,639,919	1,673,142	1,639,919	1,673,142
later than one year and not later than five yea	rs <u>2,196,355</u>	1,681,326	2,196,355	1,681,326
Minimum hire purchase payments	3,836,274	3,354,468	3,836,274	3,354,468
Less future finance charges	561,474	452,629	561,474	452,629
Total hire purchase liability	3,274,800	2,901,839	3,274,800	2,901,839
Hire purchase contracts are 3 year agreements for the purchase of new store fixtures and fittings. Represented by:				
Current liability	13 1,292,746	1,421,197	1,292,746	1,421,197
Non-current liability	17 1,982,054	1,480,642	1,982,054	1,480,642
	3,274,800	2,901,839	3,274,800	2,901,839
Operating lease commitments  Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements:  Payable  not later than one year later than one year and not later than five year later than five years	22,521,322 rs 40,605,018 1,274,842 64,401,182	17,909,967 30,395,021 1,590,211 49,895,199	22,521,322 40,605,018 1,274,842 64,401,182	17,909,967 30,395,021 1,590,211 49,895,199
Note 23: Contingent Liabilities Estimates of the maximum amounts of contingent liabilities that may become payable: Letters of credit established for acquisition of goods for resale ANZ Bank indemnity guarantee to landlords	243,704 955,478 1,199,182	352,206 894,060 1,246,266	243,764 955,478 1,199,182	352,206 894,060 1,246,266
	**************************************	1,270,200	1911/24/11/2G	1,240,200
Note 24: Related Party Transactions				
Stock purchased by TRS Trading Group Pty Ltd		24,732,028		24,732,028

Related party transactions for director related entities are disclosed in note 27.



	CONSOLI 2004	Dated Entity 2003	PARE: 2004	nt entity 2003
Note 25: Cash Flow Information	<b>5</b>	\$	*	*
Reconciliation of cash				
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the				
statements of cash flows is reconciled to the related				
items in the statements of financial position as follows:				
Cash on hand	262,926	233,073	262,926	233,073
Cash at bank	2,792,616	587,589	2,792,616	587,589
Bank overdrafts	(559,155)	(4,390,598)	(559,155)	(4,390,598)
	2,496,387	(3,569,936)	2,496,387	(3,569,936)
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations				
with profit from ordinary activities				
Profit from ordinary activities after Income Tax	5,580,577	4,615,475	5,580,577	4,615,475
Non-cash flows in profit from ordinary activities				
Amortisation of leased assets	816,202	522,971	816,202	522,971
Depreciation	2,225,008	2,178,240	2,225,008	2,178,240
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	343,322	189,892	343,322	189,892
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of				
purchase and disposal of subsidiaries				
(Increase) / Decrease in receivables and other assets	559,238	(554,573)	559.238	(554,573)
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	776,891	(1,908,289)	776,891	(1,908,289)
Increase in trade and other creditors and				
other provisions	4,411,494	2,147,170	4,411,494	2,147,170
Increase in income tax payable	286,279	871,114	286,279	871,114
(Increase) in deferred taxes	(651,742)	(313,312)	(651,742)	(313,312)
Net cash provided by operations	14,347,269	7,748,688	14,347,269	7,748,688
Non-cash financing and investing activities				
Acquisition of plant & equipment by means of finance lease	2,118,654	3,157,595	2,118,654	3,167,595

#### Credit standby arrangement and loan facilities

The ongoing funding requirements of the Company are provided under the terms of a facility agreement. The key facilities and their utilisation are as follows:

	2004		2003	
	Limit \$	Utilised \$	Límit \$	Utilised \$
Interchangeable Working Capital Facility	11,000,000	(1,365,893)	11,000,000	5,428,625
Interchangeable Asset Finance Facility	5,000,000	3,939,680	5,000,000	4,107,244
Foreign Currency Settlement	3,400,000	-	3,400,000	645,554
Other Facilities	4,992,000	955,478	4,992,000	894,060
Total Facility	24,392,000	3,529,265	24,392,000	11,075,483

A seasonal facility of \$12,000,000 was utilised from 1 July 2003 and repaid in full by 31 December 2003.



#### Note 26: Financial Instruments

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

Derivative financial instruments are used by the consolidated entity to hedge exposure to exchange rate risk associated with foreign currency transactions which impact on the borrowings of the consolidated entity. The derivative financial instruments used by the entity are not recognised in the financial statements. Transactions for hedging purposes are undertaken without the use of collateral as only reputable institutions with sound financial positions are dealt with.

The consolidated entity enters into forward exchange contracts to buy and sell specified amounts of foreign currency in the future at stipulated exchange rates. The objective in entering the forward exchange contracts is to protect the consolidated entity against unfavourable exchange rate movements for both the contracted and anticipated future sales and purchases undertaken in foreign currencies.

The accounting policy in regard to forward exchange contracts is detailed in note 1(i) (ii)

At balance date, the details of outstanding forward exchange contracts to be settled within 6 months are:

SELL	BUY	2004 \$	2003 \$	2004 \$	2003 \$
Australian Dollars	United States Dollars			average excha	ream reasm
		3,511,729	7,599,314	0.71	0.66
Australian Dollars	Euro			7	
		π	349,319	-	0.57
Australian Dollars	Pounds Sterling			6.41	
	<u> </u>	243,902	492,009	0.41	0.37
Australian Dollars	Denmark DK	_			
	<u> </u>	±.	68,751		4.22

#### Interest Rate Risk

The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial flabilities, is as follows:

	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE		PLOATING INTEREST RATE		Fixed interest rate Maturing Within 1 Year	
	2004 %	2003 %	2004 \$	2003 \$	2004 \$	2003 \$
Financial Assets						*
Cash	3.50	3 <i>.</i> 75	3,055,542	820,662		-
Financial Liabilities						
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,25	4.95		-	559,155	4,890,598
Hire purchase liabilities	6.85	6.50	-	-	1,292,746	1,421,197
Lease liabilities	7,25	6.80		-	498,561	763,164
Total Financial Liabilities				-	2,350,462	7,074,959



		FIXED INTEREST RATE MATURING			
	170	1 to 5 years		years	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial Assets		-		-	
Financial Liabilities					
Hire purchase liabilities	1,982,054	1,480,642	-	-	
Lease liabilities	471,538	798,354			
Total Financial Liabilities	2,453,592	2,278,996		-	

	non-interest bearing		TOTAL	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash	-	-	3,055,542	820,662
Receivables and other debtors	105,676	338,789	105,676	338,789
Total Financial Assets	105,676	338,789	3,161,218	1,159,451
Financial Liabilities				
Bank loans and overdrafts		-	559,155	4,890,598
Trade, sundry, and other creditors	13,357,430	9,676,225	13,357,430	9,676,225
Hire purchase liabilities	-	-	3,274,800	2,901,839
Lease liabilities	71	-	970,099	1,561,518
Total Financial Liabilities	13,357,430	9,676,225	18,161,484	19,030,180

#### Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets, net of any provisions for doubtful debts of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

Credit risk for derivative financial instruments arises from the potential failure by counterparties to the contract to meet their obligations. The credit risk exposure to forward exchange contracts is the net fair value of these contracts.

The consolidated entity does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the consolidated entity.

#### Net Fair Values

For other assets and other flabilities the net fair value approximates their carrying value.

No financial assets and financial fiabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form other than listed investments, forward exchange contracts and interest rate swaps.

The aggregate net fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the statement of financial position and in the notes to the financial statements.



#### Note 27: Directors and Executives Disclosures

#### Directors

The following persons were directors of The Reject Shop Limited during the financial year:

### Continuing Directors

BJ Beattie - Chairman

BAE Saunders - Managing Director

AC McMorron - Non-executive director

J Shuster - Non-executive director

#### Other Directors during the year

JK Fox - Non-executive director (Chairman to 26 April 2004)

AA Lockhart - Non-executive director

RP Backwell - Non-executive director

AE Sloshberg - General Manager, Merchandise

RD Jones - General Manager, Store Operations

### Specified Executives

The following persons were the five executives, excluding executive directors, with the greatest authority for strategic direction and management of the consolidated entity ("specified executives") during the financial year:

CJ Bryce - Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

PG Beckett - General Manager, Logistics

DJ O'Connor - Chief Information Officer

PJ Nutbean - General Manager, Property

JJ Bell - General Manager, Human Resources

All of the above persons were employed by The Reject Shop Limited and were specified executives for the entire year ended 27 June 2004.

### **Remuneration of Directors and Executives**

The Company ensures that directors and executives are remunerated fairly and within accepted market and industry rates.

### Directors' Fees

The current base remuneration for non- executive directors was established just prior to the Company listing on 1 June 2004. The Chairman's remuneration is inclusive of committee fees while non-executive directors who take on additional responsibilities receive additional yearly fees. The current aggregate limit for directors' fees is \$250,000 per annum and will be periodically recommended for approval by shareholders. The base fee payable to a non-executive director currently stands at \$40,000 per annum.

### **Executive Salaries**

The objective of the Company's executive reward framework is to ensure every bonus, either monetary or share basis reward for performance, is appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders and emphasises cross-functional collaboration. The Board ensures the Company follows appropriate corporate governance in establishing executive remuneration including reference to external remuneration consultants and/or available market information.



The executive salary and reward framework has four components:

- · Base pay and benefits
- · Cash incentives
- · Long-term incentives through participation in the Company's Performance Rights Plan and Executive Option Plan, and
- · Other remuneration such as superannuation

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

#### Base Pay and Benefits

Executive salaries are structured as a total employment cost package which may be delivered as a mix of cash and prescribed non-financial benefits at the executive's discretion.

Executives are offered a competitive base pay that comprises the fixed component of pay and rewards. External remuneration consultants provide analysis and advice to ensure base pay is set to reflect the market for a comparable role. Base pay for senior executives is reviewed annually to ensure competitiveness with the market but there are no guaranteed base pay increases in any senior executive's contracts, except as specifically stated in this note. An executive's pay is also reviewed on promotion.

Executive benefits made available are car allowances, private use of company owned vehicles (disclosed as non-monetary benefits) and salary sacrifice superannuation arrangements.

### Short Term Cash Incentives

The Remuneration Committee establishes the appropriate financial performance targets to trigger payment of cash incentives for each year.

Further incentives may also be paid at the discretion of the Remuneration Committee to Individual executives as recognition of exceptional achievement in any given year.

### Long Term Incentive Plans

### Executive Option Plan

The Executive Option Plan was the long-term incentive plan for the Company prior to the introduction of the Company's Performance Rights Plan (PRP). Options were granted to executives under the plan during the current year in relation to negotiations completed the prior year, however the Board does not intend to issue further options under this plan.

### Performance Rights Plan

The Company implemented the PRP on 27 April 2004, to form the basis of The Reject Shop's ongoing long-term incentive scheme for selected senior employees.

Details of grants made under both plans are contained in note 28 of this financial report.



Details of the remuneration of each director of The Reject Shop Limited, including their personally-related entities, for the financial year is set out in the following table:

DIRECTORS	P	rimary beni	efits	POST-E	MPLOYMENT	EGUITY	TOTAL
			Non-				
	Salary and Fees	Bonus	monetary Benefits	Super- annuation	Retirement Benefits	Options/ Rights	Total
	\$	\$	\$	S	\$	\$	\$
Continuing Direct	tors						
BJ Beattie	27,841	-	-	2,506	-	-	30,347
BAE Saunders <sup>1</sup>	430,000	92,400	28,683	38,700	-	19,939	609,722
AC McMorron	11,774	-	-	1,060	-	-	12,834
J Shuster	18,719	-	-	447	-	-	19,166
Other Directors d	luring the year						
JK Fox	41,154	-	-	3,721	-	-	44,875
AA Lockhart <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RP Backwell <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AE Sloshberg <sup>a</sup>	281,312	58,954	-	25,318	-	9,092	374,676
RD Jones <sup>4</sup>	238,706	42,706	-	20,044	-	9,092	310,548
Total	1,049,506	194,060	28,683	91,796	-	38,123	1,402,168

- BAE Saunders is the Managing Director of the Company and amounts shown above include all remuneration during the reporting period. Amounts received as a director amounted to nil.
- 2. AA Lockhart and RP Backwell are employees of Macquarie Direct Investment (the major shareholder prior to the Company's listing) to which fees totalling \$12,500 were paid for their services.
- 3. AE Stoshberg resigned as a director on 26 April 2004 and during the entire year he was and continues to be the Company's General Manager, Merchandise, Amounts shown above include all remuneration during the reporting period. Amounts received as a director amounted to nil.
- 4. RID Jones was appointed as a director on 17 September 2003 and resigned as a director on 26 April 2004. During the entire year he was and continues to be the Company's General Manager, Store Operations. Amounts shown above include all remuneration during the reporting period. Amounts received as a director amounted to nil.

Details of the remuneration of each of the five specified executives and the five highest paid officers of the consolidated entity, including their personally-related entities, for the financial year is set out in the following table:

SPECIFIED EXECUTIVES	þ	Primary Benefits P			uployment	EQUITY	TOTAL	
	Salary and Fees \$	Bonus \$	Non- monetary Benefits \$	Super- annuation \$	Retirement Benefits \$	Options/ Rights S	Total \$	
Specified Executi	ves and Highest I	Paid Officers	·	·		`	Ì	
CJ Bryce	179,168	53,716	-	14,532	-	4,470	251,886	
PG Beckett	143,184	17,400	18,000	11,000	-	2,861	192,445	
DJ O'Connor	157,933	18,000	=	11,000	-	3,576	190,509	
PJ Nutbean	116,833	12,300	=	9,165	-	1,788	140,086	
JJ Bell	77,928	9,438	15,000	7,028	-	1,788	111,182	
Total	675,046	110,854	33,000	52,725	_	14,483	886,108	

The share-based compensation included in the directors and specified executives remuneration above has been measured using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Details of grants made under both plans are contained in note 28 of this financial report.



Total remuneration of directors or specified executives of the consolidated entity for the year ended 29 June 2003 is not included as this is the first financial report prepared since the issue of AASB 1046 Directors and Executive Disclosures by Disclosing Entities.

### Service Agreements

Certain directors and specified executives have service agreements which provide additional terms or benefits not already disclosed. The major provisions of these agreements are set out below:

### BAE Saunders, Managing Director

- Term of agreement 2 years and 1 month commencing 1 June 2004;
- Annual incentive of 1.5% of base salary for each 1% EBIT is higher than 6% over the prior year;
- A long-term cash incentive of \$100,000 is payable based on the achievement of the current financial period EBIT target result and continued service to 30 June 2006;
- \$85,000 p.a. payable from 1 July 2006 for 2 years for consulting services, if no longer serving as Managing Director;
- Payment of termination benefit on early termination by the employer, other than for gross misconduct, equal to the base salary for the remaining term of the agreement or 12 months, whichever is less.

#### AE Sloshberg, General Manager, Merchandise

- Term of agreement 3 years commencing 1 January 2003;
- Base Salary has guaranteed increases of 4.8% and 5.2% for the calendar years ending 31 December 2004 and 2005 respectively;
- Annual incentive of 1.5% of base salary (exclusive of company superannuation contribution) for each 1% EBIT is higher than 6% over the prior year;
- Payment of termination benefit on early termination by the employer, other than for gross misconduct, 9 months' base salary or the remainder of the term of the contract, whichever is less, with a minimum of 6 months.

### Other Specified Executives

All the specified executives are on employment terms consistent with the remuneration framework outlined in this note,



### **Options and Performance Rights Holdings**

The number of options or rights over shares in the company held during the financial year by each director of The Reject Shop Limited and each specified executive of the consolidated entity, including their personally related entity, are set out below:

Name	Balance at the start of the year	Options granted during the year as remuner- ation	Rights granted during the year as remuner- ation	Options or Rights exercised during the year	Other changes during the year	Baiance at end of the year	Vested and exercisable at end of the year	Options/ Rights vested during the year
Continuing Direct	ors							
BJ Beattie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
BAE Saunders	336,503	461,273	125,000	(223,075)	(113,428)	586,273	461,273	574,701
AC McMorron	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
J Shuster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Directors d	uring the year	r						
JK Fox	1,300,640	-	-	-	(1,300,640)	-	-	124,771
AA Lockhart	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RP Backwell	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	
AE Sloshberg	336,503	230,637	80,000	(223,075)	(113,428)	310,637	230,637	344,065
RD Jones	336,503	230,637	80,000	-	(168,251)	478,889	398,889	344,065
Specified Executive	ves							
CJ Bryce	-	-	62,500	-	-	62,500	-	-
PG Beckett	-	-	40,000	-	-	40,000	-	
DJ O'Connor	-	-	50,000	-	-	50,000	-	-
PJ Nutbean	-	-	25,000	-	-	25,000	-	
JJ Bell	-	-	25,000	-	-	25,000	-	

<sup>1.</sup> The other changes represent the cancellation of vested options effective 1 June 2004, totalling \$2,458,397

Subsequent to the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report there has been no grant or exercise of options or rights to or by a director or specified executive.

<sup>2.</sup> The value of each option or right granted during the financial year is detailed in note 28 of this financial report.



### **Share Holdings**

The number of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director of The Reject Shop Limited and each specified executive of the consolidated entity, including their personally-related entity, are set out below:

	Balance at the start	Received during the year on the exercise	Other changes during	Balance at end
Name	of the year	of options	the year	of the year
Continuing Directors				
BJ Beattie	-	-	-	-
BAE Saunders	691,910	223,075	(393,279)	521,706
AC McMorron	-	-	70,000	70,000
J Shuster	4,264,889	-	(3,689,889)	575,000
Other Directors during the year				
JK Fox	495,302	-	(495,302)	-
AA Lockhart	-	-	20,000	20,000
RP Backweil	-	-	15,000	15,000
AE Sloshberg	-	223,075	(54,823)	168,252
RD Jones	-	-	-	-
Specified Executives				
CJ Bryce	-	-	35,000	35,000
PG Beckett	-	-	5,000	5,000
DJ O'Connor	-	-	13,500	13,500
PJ Nutbean	-	-	-	
JJ Beli	-	-	2,500	2,500

### Loans to directors and specified executives

No loans were made to or from directors of The Reject Shop Limited or to or from the five specified executives of the consolidated entity, including their personally-related entities or are outstanding as of 27 June 2004.

### Other transactions with directors or specified executives

Personally related entities of J Shuster provided legal and property advice to the Company and received fees totalling \$12,000 and \$36,650 respectively for the financial year (\$12,000 and \$33,333 for 2003). A personally-related entity of JK Fox received consulting fees totalling \$7,000 for the financial year (\$nil for 2003). No amounts were outstanding at balance date (\$nil as at 29 June 2003).

Subsequent to the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report there has been no change to director share holdings as outlined above.



	Consolidated entity		Parei	11 EM111A
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	7	9	39	4
Note 28: Employee Benefits				
Employee Benefits and related on-costs liabilities				
Included in other creditors - current (note 12)	867,735	935,595	867,735	935,595
Provision for employee benefits – current (note 15)	2,996,217	2,395,834	2,996,217	2,395,834
Provision for employee benefits – non-current (note 18)	655,471	525,567	655,471	525,567
Aggregate employee benefits and related				
on-costs liabilities	4,519,423	3,856,996	4,519,423	3,856,996
	Number		Number	
Employee numbers				
Average number of employees during the financial year	1,920	1,795	1,920	1,795

### Performance Rights Plan (PRP) and Executive Option Plan

### Performance Rights Plan

The Company implemented the PRP on 27 April 2004, and intends this to be the basis of The Reject Shop's long term incentive scheme for selected senior employees. In summary, eligible executives identified by the Board may be granted performance rights, which is an entitlement to a share subject to satisfaction of exercise conditions on terms determined by the Board.

An initial grant of 625,000 performance rights in aggregate was made on 1 June 2004 divided into the following tranches:

Tranche	Grant date	Expiry Date	No. of rights issued	Earnings Per Share (EPS) Hurdle	Date Exercisable	Value at date of grant
Participants ex	cluding the Managi	ng Director				
Tranche A	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	125,000	\$0.27 in FY2004	27 June 2005	\$1.85
Tranche B	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	125,000	\$0.23 in FY2005	26 June 2006	\$1.73
Tranche C	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	125,000	\$0.25 in FY2006	2 July 2007	\$1.61
Tranche D	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	125,000	\$0.28 in FY2007	30 June 2008	\$1.50
Managing Dire	ctor					
Tranche X	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	75,000	\$0.23 in FY2005	2 July 2006	<b>\$</b> 1.73
Tranche Y	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	50,000	\$0.25 in FY2006	2 July 2006	\$1.61

For all tranches the right is only exercisable if the EPS hurdle is met each year and the participant remains employed until 1 day after the end of the following year, with the exception of tranche Y which is exercisable on achievement of the EPS hurdle specified. In instances where an EPS hurdle is not met, the rights granted for that year automatically convert to and are added to the following year's tranche. The total exercise price payable on the exercise of one or more performance rights on a particular day is \$1.00, irrespective of the number of rights exercised on that day.

The values per tranche of Performance Rights granted during the year have been based on a Black-Scholes option pricing model.

No vested performance rights were exercised or lapsed during the financial year. Performance rights do not carry voting or dividend entitlements.



#### Executive Option Plan

The Executive Option Plan was the long-term incentive plan for the Company prior to the introduction of the Company's Performance Rights Plan (PRP). The Board does not intend to issue further options under this plan, however options were granted to executives under the plan in the prior year and formally issued during the current year. Set out below is a summary of options granted under the plan since its inception.

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Balance at start of year	Issued during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed/ Cancelled during the year	Balance at end of year
3 December 1996	3 December 2006	\$0.00	124,771	-	-	(124,771)	-
3 December 1996	3 December 2006	\$0.56	1,175,869	-		(1,175,869)	
4 January 2000	4 January 2005	\$0.67	673,006	-	(446, 150)	(226,856)	-
28 February 2000	28 February 2005	\$0.67	336,503	-	-	(168,251)	168,252
10 September 2001	10 September 2006	\$0.67	124,771	-	-	(62,385)	62,386
17 September 2003	17 September 2008	\$1,52	-	922,547	-	-	922,547
Total			2,434,920	922,547	(446, 150)	(1,758,132)	1,153,185

All grants of options were made prior to the Company's decision to list on the Australian Stock Exchange. The exercise price was generally set at, or at a premium to, the Company's value at that time, based on an illiquid market for the shares and as determined by the shareholders' best estimate. The value of the options granted during this financial year, based on a Black-Scholes option pricing model, is one cent.

The grants made on 3 December 1996 were pursuant to a service agreement with JK Fox prior to the establishment of the Executive Option Plan.

Effective 1 June 2004, the Company cancelled 1,785,132 existing vested options at a cost of \$2,458,397. This has been recorded as a reduction of contributed equity, which is detailed in note 19 of this financial report.

Options do not carry voting or dividend rights.

### Total shares under options or performance rights

Unissued shares of The Reject Shop Limited under options or performance rights as the date of this financial report are:

Туре	Date of grant	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	No. on issue	No. vested
Options	28 February 2000	28 February 2005	\$0.67	168,252	168,252
Options	10 September 2001	10 September 2006	\$0.67	62,386	62,386
Options	17 September 2003	17 September 2008	\$1.52	922,547	922,547
Performance Rights	1 June 2004	31 May 2009	-	625,000	-
Total				1,778,185	1,153,185

No options are vested and unexercisable at the end of the year.

### Shares issued on the exercise of options

The following shares of The Reject Shop Limited were issued during the year ended 27 June 2004 on the exercise of options granted under the Executive Option Plan:

Date of Exercise	Number of shares issued*	Fair value of each share at issue date \$	Fair value of shares issued on exercise of options \$	Exercíse Price*	Aggregate proceeds received on exercise of options and recognised in contributed equity
16 September 2003	446,150	\$1.36	606,764	\$0.6686	298,314

<sup>\*</sup> The number and fair value of shares issued and the exercise price have been adjusted to reflect the share split on a 3,780.93 to 1 basis as if it had occurred prior to the exercise of options (refer note 19).

No further options have been exercised since that date. No amounts are unpaid on any of these shares.



		DATED ENTITY	Parent Entity 2004 2003		
	2004 \$	2003 \$	2004 \$	2003 \$	
Note 29: Remuneration of Auditors					
During the year the following services were paid to					
PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the					
parent entity and its related practices:					
Audit and review work	100,200	72,742	100,200	72,742	
Due diligence services	244,866	-	244,866	-	
Tax compliance	15,000	12,000	15,000	12,000	
Total remuneration	360,066	84,742	360,066	84,742	
Note 30: Dividends					
Paid interim fully franked dividend of \$Nil (2003: \$Nil)					
Since year end the directors have declared the payment					
of a final dividend of 2.5 cents per share, fully franked					
based on tax paid at 30%. The amount of the proposed					
dividend to be paid on 24 September 2004 out of retained					
profits, but not recognised as a liability at year end, is	601,878	2,000,000	601,878	2,000,000	
Balance of franking account at year-end adjusted for					
franking credits arising from payment of provision for					
income tax and dividends recognised as receivables,					
franking debits arising from payment of proposed					
dividends and any credits that may be prevented					
from distribution in subsequent years	9,150,229	6,909,957	8,726,851	6,486,579	

	Consolidated	
	2004	2003
	Cents	Cents
Note 31: Earnings per share		
Basic earnings per share	23.9	20.1
Diluted earnings per share	22.3	18.9
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator		
in calculating basic earnings per share.	23,396,118	23,003,178
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary		
shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share.	25,009,968	24,395,116

Options granted to employees under The Reject Shop Executive Option Plan and Performance Rights granted under the Performance Rights Plan are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share. The options or rights have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to the options and rights are set out in note 28.

### Note 32: Segment information

The Reject Shop operates within with the one geographic segment (Australia) and the one business segment (retailing of discount variety merchandise).

### Note 33: Controlled Entities

The Reject Shop Limited has a 100% owned subsidiary, TRS Trading Group Pty Ltd incorporated in Australia.



#### Note 34: Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

### Note 35: International Financial Reporting Standards

The Financial Reporting Council has announced that Australia will adopt the standards of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) for application to reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. First time application of Australian International Financial Reporting Pronouncements (AIFRP) by the Company will be for the financial year ending 25 June 2006 (inclusive of prior period comparatives).

The Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) will issue the AIFRP. AIFRP means AASB Accounting Standards equivalent to IASB standards and UIG Abstracts corresponding to the Interpretations adopted by the IASB. Pending standards have been released, with further standards to come; in as much as the Company is continuing to evaluate the impact that these new standards will have, adoption of AIFRP may result in changes to accounting policies that have significant impacts on the financial statements of the Company. The Company currently expects that the most significant impacts will be in the areas described below. Reliable estimation of the impacts of these changes in accounting policies is impracticable as the actual impacts will depend on the particular circumstances and conditions prevailing at the time of application of AIFRP.

#### Share Based Payments

AASB 2 "Share based payments" - the company will be required to determine the fair value of options issued to employees as remuneration and recognise the expense in the Statement of Financial Performance. This standard is not limited to options and also extends to other forms of equity based remuneration, such as performance rights. It applies to all share-based payments issued after 7 November 2002 which have not vested as at 1 January 2005. Reliable estimation of the future financial effects of this change in accounting policy is impracticable as the details of future equity based remuneration plans are unknown.

### Income Taxes

AASB 112 "Income taxes" - the company will be required to use a balance sheet liability method which focuses on the tax effects of transactions and other events that affect amounts recognised in either the Statement of Financial Position or a tax-based balance sheet. This change in accounting policy is likely to result in an increase in the level of deferred taxes recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.

### Classification of Financial Instrument

AASB 139 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" - financial instruments will be required to be classified into one of five categories which will, in turn, determine the accounting treatment of the item. The classifications are loans and receivables - measured at amortised cost, held to maturity - measured at amortised cost, held for trading - measured at fair value with fair value changes charged to net profit or loss, available for sale - measured at fair value with fair value changes taken to equity and non-trading liabilities - measured at amortised cost. This will result in a change in the current accounting policy that does not classify financial instruments. Current measurement is at amortised cost, with certain derivative financial instruments not recognised on balance sheet. The future financial effect of this change in accounting policy is not yet known as the classification and measurement has not yet been fully completed.

### Employee Benefits

Under AASB 119 "Employee Benefits" - non current liabilities for annual leave will need to be discounted. This is a change from the current accounting policy which does not require discounting. It is not expected that there will be any material impact as a result of the adoption of this standard.

### Hedge Accounting

AASB 139 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" – under hedge accounting changes in the fair value of hedging instruments classified as cash flow hedges are recognised in equity to the extent they are effective hedges, and are recycled to the income statement when the hedged transaction affects the profit or loss. Any movement in the fair value of the hedging instrument that is not effective is recognised immediately in the profit and loss. It is not possible to determine the impact of the change in hedging requirements until a full analysis of the impact of the standard has been conducted.

The Company is well placed to evaluate the impact of these standards and be able to implement them in the financial year ending 25 June 2006.



### Directors' Declaration

"The Directors declare that the financial statements and notes set out on pages 17 - 44:

- (a) comply with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) give a true and fair view of the Company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 27 June 2004 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date.

In the Director's opinion

- (a) the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable

**BAE Saunders** 

Managing Director

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

BJ Beattie Chairman

14 September, 2004

### Independent Audit Report to the Members of

### The Reject Shop Limited

### Independent Audit Report to the Members of The Reject Shop Limited

#### Audit opiniou

In our opinion, the financial report of The Reject Shop Limited:

- gives a true and fair view, as required by the Corporousons Act 200 in Australia, of the financial position of The Reject Shop Limited and The Reject Shop Group (defined below) as at 27 June 2004, and of their performance for the period ended on that date, and
- is presented in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and other mandatory financial reporting requirements in Australia, and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This opinion must be read in conjunction with the rest of our audit report.

### Scope

### The financial report and Directors' responsibility

The financial report comprises the statement of financial position, statement of financial performance, statement of cash flows, accompanying notes to the financial statements, and the Directors' declaration for both The Reject Shop Limited (the Company), and The Reject Shop Group (the consolidated entity) for the period ended 27 June 2004. The consolidated entity comprises both the Company and the entities it controlled during that period

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error, and for the accounting policies and accounting estimates inherent in the financial report.

### Audit approach

We conducted an independent audit in order to express an opinion to the members of the Company. Our audit was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, in order to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement. The nature of an audit is influenced by factors such as the use of professional judgement, selective testing, the inherent limitations of internal control, and the availability of persuasive rather than conclusive evidence. Therefore, an audit cannot guarantee that all material misstatements have been detected

We performed procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*. Accounting Standards and other mandatory financial reporting requirements in Australia, a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's and the consolidated entity's financial position, and of their performance as represented by the results of their operations and each flows.

We formed our audit opinion on the basis of these procedures, which included:

- examining, on a test basis, information to provide evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial report, and
- assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policies and disclosures used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors.

When this audit report is included in an Annual Report report, our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial report.

While we considered the effectiveness of management's internal controls over financial reporting when determining the nature and extent of our procedures, our sudd was not designed to provide assurance on internal controls.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by Directors or management

### Independence

In conducting our audit, we followed applicable independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements and the Corporations Act 2001.

PricewaterbouseCoopers

Lent Hogan Paraner

Melbourne ∕⁄4 September 2004



### Shareholder Information

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 31 August 2004.

### (a) The distribution of shareholding was as follows:

Size of Shareholding	Shareholders
1 - 1,000	242
1,001 - 5,000	651
5,001 - 10,000	220
10,001 - 100,000	176
100,001 and over	32

### (b) 4 shareholders hold less than a marketable parcel of shares, being a market value of less than \$501.28

### (c) Substantial shareholders were:

Shareholder	Shares held	%
AMP Limited	2,320,900	9.64
K2 Asset Management Pty Ltd	2,263,126	9.40
Acom Capital Limited	2,004,064	8.32
Macquarie Bank Limited	1,448,129	6.02

### (d) The fully paid issued capital of the Company consisted of 24,075,110 shares held by 1,321 shareholders.

Each share entitles the holder to one vote.

### (e) Unquoted Equity Securities

	Number	Number of holders
Options	1,153,185	4
Rights	625,000	11



### Shareholder Information continued

### (f) Twenty largest shareholders

Shareholder	Number	% Held
Westpac Custodian Nominees	2,768,016	11.50%
National Nominees Limited	2,526,368	10.49%
Cogent Nominees Pty Limited	1,619,913	6.73%
RBC Global Services Australia	1,384,225	5.75%
Bond Street Custodians Limited	1,256,564	5.22%
JP Morgan Nominees Australia	849,500	3.53%
Permanent Trustee Australia Limited	677,900	2.82%
ANZ Nominees Limited	583,200	2.42%
Mr Charlie McShanag	557,687	2.32%
HSBC Custody Nominees	546,346	2.27%
Highmont Heights Pty Limited	514,206	2.14%
AMP Life Limited	500,000	2.08%
Kembla No 20 Pty Limited	415,902	1.73%
Guardian Trust Australia Limited	364,000	1.51%
Mr Neville & Mrs Noelene Duffy	266,225	1.11%
Invia Custodian Pty Limited	262,935	1.09%
Health Super Pty Limited	222,064	0.92%
Gang-Gang Pty Limited	200,000	0.83%
Maskal Pty Limited	200,000	0.83%
Mr Trevor Maguire	198,877	0.83%
Total Top 20	15,913,928	66.10%

The twenty members holding the largest number of shares together held a total of 66.10% of the issued capital.

(g) Restricted Shares	Number on Issue	Number of Holders
Escrow Shares (1)	1,257,458	3
Escrow Shares (2)	557,687	1

<sup>1.</sup> Voluntary escrow until the company has reported it's audited financial results for the financial year ended 26th June 2005.

<sup>2.</sup> As above, except that up to 60% is available to be sold, subject to certain conditions after the issuance of the audited financial results for the year ended 27 June 2004.

## Corporate Directory

Company The Reject Shop Limited

ABN 33 006 122 676

Directors BJ Beattie

Chairman

BAE Saunders Managing Director

AC McMorron

Non-executive Director

J Shuster

Non-executive Director

Company Secretary CJ Bryce

Principal Registered Office 5 Lloyd Street

West Melbourne Vic 3003

Share Registry ASX Perpetual Registrars Ltd

333 Collins Street Melbourne Vic 3000

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

333 Collins Street Melbourne Vic 3000

Stock Exchange Listing The Reject Shop Limited shares are listed

on the Australian Stock Exchange.

Website www.rejectshop.com.au

# EVERYONE'S A WINNER AT



5 Lloyd Street West Melbourne VIC 3003

www.rejectshop.com.au