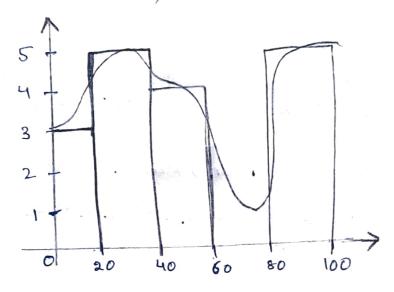
Statistics Assignment

@ Plot a histogram

10,13,18, 22,27,32, 38,40, 45, 51,56, 57,88,90,92,94,99

Consider bins = 5

Then Binsize = 20 (100)



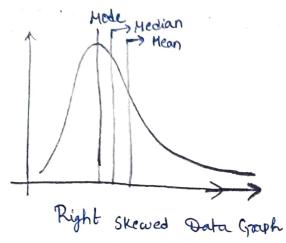
(4) what is the value of 99 Revcentile).

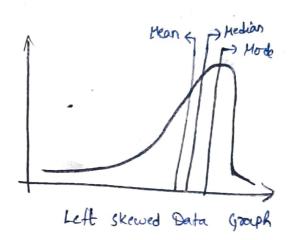
Data: - 12, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 9, 9, 10, 11, 11, 12 3

$$=\frac{99}{100}\times(20+1)$$

There one 20 values take last index
12 is the 99 Perantile of the given data

(5) In left & right-skewed Later, what is the relationship between mean, made and median? Draw the graph to represent the same?





In Right skewed
In Left skewed

Mean 7 Median 7 Mode Mean 4 Median < Mode

1 In a quant test of the CAT Exam, the Population standard deviation is known to be 100, A sample of 25 tests taken has a mean of 520. Construct an 80% CI about the mean,

$$CI = 80\%$$

$$d = 1 - CI$$

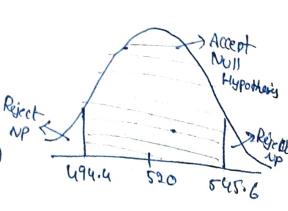
$$= 1 - 0.8 = 0.9$$

Lewer fence =
$$2 + \frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{10}$$

= $520 - \frac{2}{20} \frac{100}{125}$
= $520 - (1.28)(26)$
= 194.4

Higher fence = 520 + (1.28)(20) = 545.6





- (3) A are believes that the percentage of citizens in city ABC that owns a vehicle is 60% be less. A sales manager disagrees with this. He conducted a hypothesis festing surveying 250 ocsidents & found that 170 residents responded yes to owing a vehicle.
 - a) State the null & politionate hypothesis.
 - b) At a 10% significance level, is there enough evidence to support the idea that vehicle owner in ABC city is 60% or less,

Null hypothesis Ho: Po \(\frac{2}{60\%} \) \(\frac{9}{0} = 1 - 0.6 = 0.4 \)

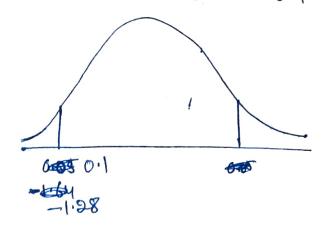
H₁: Po \(\frac{1}{2} \) 60%

$$\hat{p} = \frac{\chi}{\Omega} = \frac{170}{350} = 0.68$$

Given, significance level at 10% 2 = 0.1

Ztest =
$$\frac{p-p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0}{n}}}$$
 = $\frac{0.68-0.6}{\sqrt{0.6\times0.44}}$ ≈ 2.581

If d=0.1 then cI = 1-0.1 = 0.9



-1.88 < 3.58

so he reject Hull hypotheris

By using P-value P-value = 6.0494 < 0.1
P-value < significance value > Reject Null hypothesis