Package overview:

- Inside catkin_ws/src, the main package is scara_robot. It does not directly contain any nodes or launch files, but is a way to organize all of the other nodes.
 - New package:
 - * The scara_pd_controller package implements a proportional and derivative controller for joint 3 (prismatic joint). The controller functions by reading the current joint position using the gazebo/get_joint_properties service, calculating the necessary input into the joint, and applying the input force using the gazebo/apply_joint_effort service.

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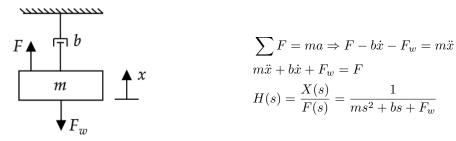
- Old packages used (from PA #1):
 - * The scara_gazebo package includes the launch files for the gazebo world.
 - * The scara_description package includes the URDF files for the robot as well as the rviz launch files.
- 1. Fix all of the joints except the last joint by changing the joint type field of the corresponding joints to "fixed" in the robot description file.

The following changes were made to the XACRO file:

...

- 2. Write a position controller node.
 - Get positions from Gazebo and be able to send joint efforts.
 - Design PD controller (tune gains, don't calculate)
 - Implement service that takes in a reference (desired) position for the last joint.
 - Record both the reference position and current position in a text file. Plot the comparison in MATLAB.

The E.O.M. of our third link for our controller is below:



Our controller (PD) will have the following form:

$$F(s) = k_p + k_d s \Rightarrow f(t) = k_p E + k_d \frac{dx}{dt}$$

where $E = d_{3,\text{desired}} - d_{3,\text{current}}$, $dx = d_{3,\text{current}} - d_{3,\text{old}}$, and dt is the time step of the controller loop. k_p and k_d are the gains for the proportional and derivative terms, respectively.

The main file for the controller exists in the scara_pd_controller package under the pd_control.py file.

The control values are calculated within the pd_control function:

9 10

12

13

14

15 16 17

values to terminal

ApplyJointEffort)

zero time = rospy.Time()

return f

```
print ("\npos_cur = \%f, pos_old = \%f" \% (pos_cur, pos_old))
print ("\nSending joint force f = [\%f]" \% (f)) # printing calculated
je service = rospy. ServiceProxy('/gazebo/apply joint effort',
tick = rospy.Duration(0, int((1/rate)*10**9))
je_service(joint , f , zero time , tick)
```

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The joint positions are obtained in the following function:

```
def request joint status (joint):
2
            global d3
3
            global d3 old
4
5
            joint stauts = rospy. ServiceProxy('/gazebo/get joint properties',
                Get Joint Properties)
6
            resp = joint stauts(joint)
7
8
            d3 = -resp.position[0]
9
            if debug == True:
            print ("\n nReceived joint position: [%f] (d3) (meters)" % (d3)) #
                printing received data to terminal
12
13
            pd control('joint5', d3, d3 old, d3 des, kp, kd)
14
15
            d3 \text{ old} = d3
16
17
            return resp
```

The reference position is set with the following function

```
def service handle (data):
2
            global d3 des
3
4
            d3 des = data.d3 des
5
6
            if debug == True:
            print ("\nReceived reference position d3 = \%f|" \% (d3 des)) # printing
7
                converted values to terminal
8
9
            if d3 des >= 0 or d3 des <=1:
            success = True
11
            else:
12
            success = False
14
            return success
```

The results from MATALB are shown below:

Steps to run:

- (a) catkin_make
- (b) source devel/setup.bash
- (c) roslaunch scara_gazebo scara_world.launch
- (d) In a new window, rosrun scara_pd_controller pd_control.py. The controller will begin controlling the joint to its home position $(d_3 = 0)$.

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(e) In a new window, rosservice call /scara/JointControlReference "d3_des: X.XX" where X.XX is any number between 0 and 1 (joint limits).