

1. (a) Let  $f, g : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ;  $\mathbf{F}, \mathbf{G} : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ; and define  $\Delta$ , the *Laplacian*, by  $\Delta f = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_i^2}$ .

Verify the following identities

- (i)  $\operatorname{div}(\mathbf{F} + \mathbf{G}) = \operatorname{div} \mathbf{F} + \operatorname{div} \mathbf{G}$ .
- (ii)  $\operatorname{div}(f\mathbf{F}) = f \operatorname{div} \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{F} \cdot \operatorname{grad} f$ .
- (iii)  $\Delta(fg) = f\Delta g + g\Delta f + 2(\operatorname{grad} f) \cdot (\operatorname{grad} g)$ .

- (b) Let  $f, g : D \subset \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be of class  $C^1$ . If  $R$  is a solid region contained in  $D$  then

$$\iiint_R \nabla f \cdot \nabla g \, dV = \iint_{\partial R} f \nabla g \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS - \iiint_R f \nabla^2 g \, dV$$

$$(\nabla^2 g = \operatorname{div} (\nabla g)).$$

2. Use the Divergence Theorem to verify your answer to question 7 on assignment 8.
3. Let  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (x, y^2, e^{yz})$  and let  $R$  be a cube centered at the origin with sides of length 2. Evaluate  $\int_S \operatorname{div} \mathbf{F} \, dV$  directly and by using the Divergence Theorem.
4. Let  $B$  be the pyramid with top vertex  $(0,0,1)$  and base vertices  $(0,0,0)$ ,  $(1,0,0)$ ,  $(0,1,0)$  and  $(1,1,0)$ . Let  $S$  be the 2-dim closed surface bounding  $B$ , oriented in the outward direction. Use Gauss' theorem to calculate  $\int_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (x^2y, 3y^2z, 9z^2x)$ .