## MATB42: Assignment #6

1. Let 
$$\omega = \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} dx + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} dy$$
. Calculate  $\int_{\gamma} \omega$  where

- (a)  $\gamma$  is the boundary of the triangle with vertices (in order) (0,1), (2,3) and (2,1).
- (b)  $\gamma$  is the boundary curve of the region  $\left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \middle| \frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y+1)^2}{4} \le 1 \right\}$  oriented in a counter clockwise direction
- (c)  $\gamma$  is the graph of the polar equation  $r = 3 + 2\sin\theta$  oriented in the clockwise direction.
- 2. Let  $\omega = (y^2 + z \ln 3) dx + (2xy + \sin z) dy + (y\cos z + (x+1)\ln 3) dz$ . Determine if  $\omega$  is exact. If it is, use the algorithm given in class to find the potential function g.
- 3. Evaluate the double integral  $\int_{-1}^{1} 1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} 3x^2y^2dy \ dx$ , by first finding an equivalent line integral.
- 4. Let R be a region in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and let  $\gamma$  be a counterclockwise parametrization of  $\partial R$ . Let  $\mathbf{F} = (F_1, F 2)$  be a  $C^1$  vector field defined throughout R and on  $\partial R$  and let  $\mathbf{n}$  be the outward pointing unit normal ector to  $\gamma$ . Use Green's theorem to give a double integral over R which is equivalent to  $\int_{\gamma} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, ds$ .
- 5. Give a parametrization for each of the following surfaces, use a computer algebra sustem to plot the surface and find a unit vector normal to the surface.
  - (a) The piece of the cylinder  $y^2 + z^2 = 1$  between x = -1 and x = 3.
  - (b) The piece of the plane z = x + y + 5 which lies over the uni dik  $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ .
  - (c) The piece of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$  which lies above the plane z = 1.
  - (d) The piece of the plane x+y+z=1 which lies above the parallelogram:  $0 \le y-x \le 1, 0 \le y+x2 \le 1$ .
- 6. Let S be the surface given parameterically by  $\Phi(u, v) = (u^2, 3v, u^2 + v)$  where  $(u, v) \in D$ , the interior of a triangle with vertices (0,0), (3,0) and (3,3).
  - (a) Find the surface area of S.
  - (b) Find the equation of the tangent plane to S at the point (4,9,7).
- 7. Suppose the surface S is the graph of a function  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ . Give a natural parametrization of S (in terms of f) and derive the formula  $\|\phi_u \times \phi_v\| = \sqrt{1 + \|\text{grad } f\|^2}$
- 8. A paraboloid of revolution S is parameterized by  $\phi(u,v) = u\cos v$ ,  $u\sin v$ ,  $u^2$ ,  $0 \le u \le 2$ ,  $0 \le v \le 2\pi$ .
  - (a) Find an equation in x, y and z describing the surface.
  - (b) What are the geometric meanings of the parameters u and v?
  - (c) Find a unit vector orthogonal to the surface of  $\phi(u, v)$ .
  - (d) Find the equation for the tangent plane at  $\phi(u_0, v_0) = (1, 1, 2)$  and express your answer in the following two ways:
    - i. parameterized by u and v; and
    - ii. in terms of x, y and z.