MATB42: Assignment #6

1. Let
$$\omega = \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} dx + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} dy$$
. Calculate $\int_{\gamma} \omega$ where

- (a) γ is the boundary of the triangle with vertices (in order) (0,1), (2,3) and (2,1). The triangle does not wrap around the origin, so the winding number is 0. This means the integral should also be 0
- (b) γ is the boundary curve of the region $\left\{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \middle| \frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y+1)^2}{4} \le 1 \right\}$ oriented in a counter clockwise direction.

This region is a disk and 0 satisfies the equation, so the winding number of its surrounding ellipse is 1 (because the boundary curve is counter clockwise). This means the integral is $1(2\pi) = 2\pi$.

(c) γ is the graph of the polar equation $r = 3 + 2\sin\theta$ oriented in the clockwise direction. Again, this curve wraps around the origin once, $(r > 0 \text{ since } -2 \le 2\sin\theta \le 2)$, so the integral again is 2π . 2. Let $\omega = (y^2 + z \ln 3) \, dx + (2xy + \sin z) \, dy + (y\cos z + (x+1)\ln 3) \, dz$. Determine if ω is exact. If it is, use the algorithm given in class to find the potential function g.

 ω is exact. Given $F_1 = y^2 + z \ln 3$, $F_2 = 2xy + \sin z$, $F_3 = y \cos z + (x+1) \ln 3$ where $\mathbf{F} = (F1, F2, F3)$ then

$$g = \int F_1 dx = xy^2 + xz \ln 3 + f(y, z)$$

$$F_2 = \frac{d}{dy} xy^2 + xz \ln 3 + f(y, z)$$

$$2xy + \sin z = 2xy + f'(y, z) \implies f(y, z) = y \sin z + f(z)$$

$$F_3 = \frac{d}{dz} xy^2 xz \ln 3 + y \sin z + f(z)$$

3. Evaluate the double integral $\int_{-1}^{1} 1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} 3x^2y^2dy \ dx$, by first finding an equivalent line integral.

4. Let R be a region in \mathbb{R}^2 and let γ be a counterclockwise parametrization of ∂R . Let $\mathbf{F} = (F_1, F - 2)$ be a C^1 vector field defined throughout R and on ∂R and let \mathbf{n} be the outward pointing unit normal ector to γ . Use Green's theorem to give a double integral over R which is equivalent to $\int_{\gamma} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, ds$.

- 5. Give a parametrization for each of the following surfaces, use a computer algebra sustem to plot the surface and find a unit vector normal to the surface.
 - (a) The piece of the cylinder $y^2 + z^2 = 1$ between x = -1 and x = 3.
 - (b) The piece of the plane z = x + y + 5 which lies over the unit disk $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$.
 - (c) The piece of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ which lies above the plane z = 1.
 - (d) The piece of the plane x+y+z=1 which lies above the parallelogram: $0 \le y-x \le 1, 0 \le y+x \le 1$.

- 6. Let S be the surface given parameterically by $\Phi(u, v) = (u^2, 3v, u^2 + v)$ where $(u, v) \in D$, the interior of a triangle with vertices (0,0), (3,0) and (3,3).
 - (a) Find the surface area of S.
 - (b) Find the equation of the tangent plane to S at the point (4,9,7).



- 8. A paraboloid of revolution S is parameterized by $\Phi(u,v) = u\cos v, u\sin v, u^2, 0 \le u \le 2, 0 \le v \le 2\pi$.
 - (a) Find an equation in x, y and z describing the surface.
 - (b) What are the geometric meanings of the parameters u and v?
 - (c) Find a unit vector orthogonal to the surface of $\Phi(u, v)$.
 - (d) Find the equation for the tangent plane at $\Phi(u_0, v_0) = (1, 1, 2)$ and express your answer in the following two ways:
 - i. parameterized by u and v; and
 - ii. in terms of x, y and z.
 - (e) Find the area of S.
 - (cf. page 424, #16)

- 9. Let a differentiable function $\Phi: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ define a parametrized surface.
 - (a) Assuming $\phi_u \times \phi_v \neq 0$, show that the range of the linear transformation $D\Phi(u_0, v_0)$ is the plane spanned by ϕ_u and ϕ_v . [Here ϕ_u and ϕ_v are evaluated at (u_0, v_0) .]
 - (b) Show that $\mathbf{w} \perp (\phi_u \times \phi_v)$ if and only if \mathbf{w} is in the range of $D\mathbf{\Phi}(u_0, v_0)$.
 - (c) Show that the tangent plane as defined in terms of $\phi_u \times \phi_v(u_0, v_0)$ is the same as the "parametrized plane"

$$(u,v) \mapsto \mathbf{\Phi}(u_0,v_0) + D\mathbf{\Phi}(u_0,v_0) \begin{bmatrix} u - u_0 \\ v - v_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(cf. page 383 #20)