10) Program to show Cross Validation

```
#This program shows Cross Validation
print('This program shows Cross Validation')
from sklearn import datasets
import pandas as pd
iris=datasets.load_iris()
# df will fold dataset as a table
df=pd.DataFrame(
 iris.data,
 columns=iris.feature_names
 )
#labels are assigned to df[target] table or array
df['target']=pd.Series(
  iris.target
 )
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from \ sklearn.model\_selection \ import \ Shuffle Split
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_validate
```

clf=DecisionTreeClassifier()

```
rs=ShuffleSplit(n_splits=100,test_size=0.3)
x=df[iris.feature_names]
y=df['target']
print('Accuracy for different iterations')
cv_results=cross_validate(
  clf,x,y,cv=rs,scoring='accuracy'
  ) # put scoring='precision_macro' scoring='recall_macro'
accuracy_scores=pd.Series(cv_results['test_score'])
print(accuracy_scores)
print('Precision for different iterations')
cv_results=cross_validate(
  clf,x,y,cv=rs,scoring='precision_macro'
  ) # put scoring='precision_macro' scoring='recall_macro'
accuracy_scores=pd.Series(cv_results['test_score'])
print(accuracy_scores)
print('Recall for different iterations')
cv_results=cross_validate(
  clf,x,y,cv=rs,scoring='recall_macro'
  ) # put scoring='precision_macro' scoring='recall_macro'
accuracy_scores=pd.Series(cv_results['test_score'])
print(accuracy_scores)
```

<u>Output</u>

This program shows Cross Validation

Accuracy for different iterations

- 0 0.955556
- 1 0.977778
- 2 0.977778
- 3 0.955556
- 4 0.977778

...

- 95 0.955556
- 96 0.933333
- 97 0.933333
- 98 0.933333
- 99 0.977778

Length: 100, dtype: float64

Precision for different iterations

- 0 0.950549
- 1 0.948718
- 2 0.981481
- 3 0.979167
- 4 0.958333

...

- 95 0.936508
- 96 0.916340
- 97 0.921569
- 98 0.984127
- 99 0.941176

Length: 100, dtype: float64

Recall for different iterations

- 0 0.972222
- 1 0.962963

```
2 0.944079
```

- 3 0.933333
- 4 0.911111

...

- 95 0.948718
- 96 0.952137
- 97 0.907407
- 98 0.944056
- 99 0.917065

Length: 100, dtype: float64

>>>

11) #Program on regression

import numpy as np

n=200 #200 samples

height_pop1_f=np.random.normal(loc=155,scale=10,size=n)

 $height_pop1_m=np.random.normal(loc=175,scale=5,size=n)$

height_pop2_f=np.random.normal(loc=165,scale=10,size=n)

height_pop2_m=np.random.normal(loc=185,scale=5,size=n)

height_f=np.concatenate([height_pop1_f,height_pop2_f])

height_m=np.concatenate([height_pop1_m,height_pop2_m])

import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.tree import export_text

 $from \ sklearn.tree \ import \ Decision Tree Regressor$

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

```
df_height=pd.DataFrame(
  {
    'Gender':[1 for i in range(height_f.size)]+
         [2 for i in range(height_m.size)],
    'Height':np.concatenate((height_f,height_m))
    }
  )
fig, ax=plt.subplots(1,1,figsize=(10,5))
df_height[df_height['Gender']==1]['Height'].plot(
  label='Female',kind='hist',
  bins=10,alpha=0.7,ax=ax
  )
df_height[df_height['Gender']==2]['Height'].plot(
  label='Male',kind='hist',
  bins=10,alpha=0.7,ax=ax
  )
ax.legend()
fig.show()
# to calculate mean and median of height
df_height.groupby('Gender')[['Height']].agg([np.mean,np.median]).round(1)
df_train,df_test=train_test_split(df_height,test_size=0.3)
x_train,x_test=df_train[['Gender']],df_test[['Gender']]
y_train,y_test=df_train['Height'],df_test['Height']
for criterion in['mse','mae']:
  rgrsr=DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion=criterion)
  rgrsr.fit(x_train,y_train)
  print(f'criterion={criterion}:\n')
  print(export_text(rgrsr,feature_names=['Gender'],spacing=3,decimals=1))
```

print('Program Executed successfully')

OUTPUT

criterion=mse:

|--- Gender <= 1.5

| |--- value: [159.9]

|--- Gender > 1.5

| |--- value: [180.1]

criterion=mae:

|--- Gender <= 1.5

| |--- value: [160.0]

|--- Gender > 1.5

| |--- value: [180.2]

Program Executed successfully

