BREAST CANCER

PROBLEM STATEMENT: To predict and study using the breast cancer diagnostic data set

In [1]: import numpy as ny
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

Data Collection

In [2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\91756\Documents\python\BreastCancerPrediction.csv")
df

Out[2]:

	id	diagnosis	radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean	area_mean	smoothness_mean	C(
0	842302	М	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	
1	842517	М	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	
2	84300903	М	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	
3	84348301	М	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	
4	84358402	М	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	
564	926424	М	21.56	22.39	142.00	1479.0	0.11100	
565	926682	М	20.13	28.25	131.20	1261.0	0.09780	
566	926954	М	16.60	28.08	108.30	858.1	0.08455	
567	927241	М	20.60	29.33	140.10	1265.0	0.11780	
568	92751	В	7.76	24.54	47.92	181.0	0.05263	

569 rows × 33 columns

Data CLeaning

In [4]: df.head()

Out[4]:

	id	diagnosis	radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean	area_mean	smoothness_mean	com
0	842302	М	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	
1	842517	М	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	
2	84300903	М	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	
3	84348301	M	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	
4	84358402	М	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	

5 rows × 33 columns

In [5]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 569 entries, 0 to 568
Data columns (total 33 columns):

рата	columns (total 33 columns	•			
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype		
0	id	569 non-null	int64		
1	diagnosis	569 non-null	object		
2	radius_mean	569 non-null	float64		
3	texture_mean	569 non-null	float64		
4	perimeter_mean	569 non-null	float64		
5	area_mean	569 non-null	float64		
6	smoothness_mean	569 non-null	float64		
7	compactness_mean	569 non-null	float64		
8	concavity_mean	569 non-null	float64		
9	concave points_mean	569 non-null	float64		
10	symmetry_mean	569 non-null	float64		
11	fractal_dimension_mean	569 non-null	float64		
12	radius_se	569 non-null	float64		
13	texture_se	569 non-null	float64		
14	perimeter_se	569 non-null	float64		
15	area_se	569 non-null	float64		
16	smoothness_se	569 non-null	float64		
17	compactness_se	569 non-null	float64		
18	concavity_se	569 non-null	float64		
19	concave points_se	569 non-null	float64		
20	symmetry_se	569 non-null	float64		
21	<pre>fractal_dimension_se</pre>	569 non-null	float64		
22	radius_worst	569 non-null	float64		
23	texture_worst	569 non-null	float64		
24	perimeter_worst	569 non-null	float64		
25	area_worst	569 non-null	float64		
26	smoothness_worst	569 non-null	float64		
27	compactness_worst	569 non-null	float64		
28	concavity_worst	569 non-null	float64		
29	concave points_worst	569 non-null	float64		
30	symmetry_worst	569 non-null	float64		
31	fractal_dimension_worst	569 non-null	float64		
32	Unnamed: 32	0 non-null	float64		
dtype	es: float64(31), int64(1)	, object(1)			
moment usage 146 St KB					

memory usage: 146.8+ KB

```
In [6]: df.describe()
```

Out[6]:

	id	radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean	area_mean	smoothness_mean	comp
count	5.690000e+02	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	
mean	3.037183e+07	14.127292	19.289649	91.969033	654.889104	0.096360	
std	1.250206e+08	3.524049	4.301036	24.298981	351.914129	0.014064	
min	8.670000e+03	6.981000	9.710000	43.790000	143.500000	0.052630	
25%	8.692180e+05	11.700000	16.170000	75.170000	420.300000	0.086370	
50%	9.060240e+05	13.370000	18.840000	86.240000	551.100000	0.095870	
75%	8.813129e+06	15.780000	21.800000	104.100000	782.700000	0.105300	
max	9.113205e+08	28.110000	39.280000	188.500000	2501.000000	0.163400	

8 rows × 32 columns

```
In [7]: x=['area_se','symmetry_mean']
y=['M','B']
all_inputs=df[x]
all_classes=df['diagnosis']
```

In [8]: (x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test)=train_test_split(all_inputs,all_classes,test_size=0.7

Decision Tree

```
In [9]: clf=DecisionTreeClassifier()
clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

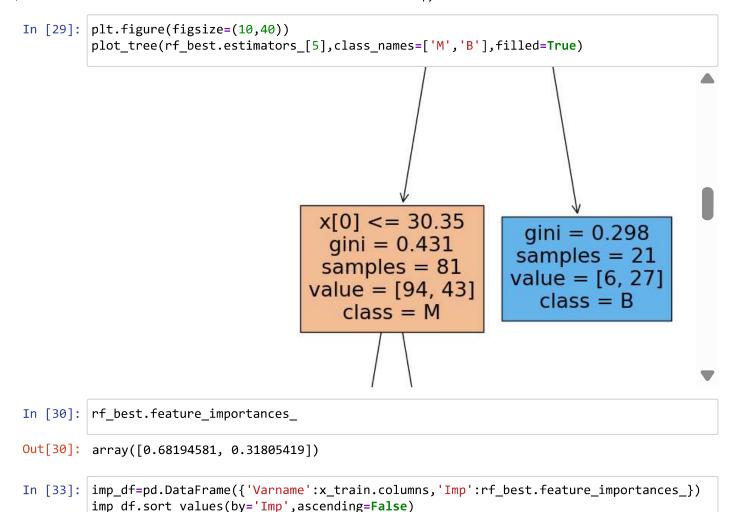
```
In [10]: clf.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[10]: 0.8621553884711779

Random Forest

```
In [11]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
rf=RandomForestClassifier()
In [12]:
         rf.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[12]:
          ▼ RandomForestClassifier
          RandomForestClassifier()
In [22]: rf=RandomForestClassifier()
         params={'max_depth':[2,3,4,5,6],"min_samples_leaf":[5,10,20,50,100,200],"n_estimators
In [23]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
         grid search=GridSearchCV(estimator=rf,param grid=params,cv=2,scoring='accuracy')
In [24]:
         grid_search.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[24]:
                       GridSearchCV
           ▶ estimator: RandomForestClassifier
                ▶ RandomForestClassifier
In [25]: grid search.best score
Out[25]: 0.8823529411764706
In [26]: rf_best=grid_search.best_estimator_
         print(rf_best)
         RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=3, min_samples_leaf=20, n_estimators=61)
In [27]: | x=df.drop('diagnosis',axis=1)
         y=df['diagnosis']
In [28]: from sklearn.tree import plot tree
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```



Out[33]:

	Varname	lmp
0	area_se	0.681946
1	symmetry mean	0.318054

Conclusion

From the above the score for Decision Tree is 82.5% and for Random Forest is 88%. Compared to both Random Forest is highest in the accuracy.

```
In [ ]:
```