University of Hawai'i



Last name:	Solutions	
First name:		

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Points:	10	10	10	10	10	50
Score:	_	_	_	_	_	_

Instructions:

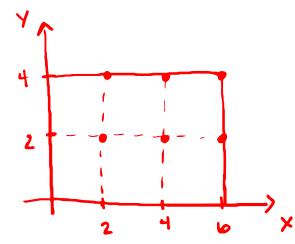
- Make sure to write your complete name on your copy.
- You must answer all 5 questions below and write your answers directly on the questionnaire.
- You have 50 minutes to complete the exam.
- When you are done (or at the end of the 50min period), return your copy.
- Any electronic devices are not aloud during the exam.
- You can use a calculator.
- Turn off your cellphones during the exam.
- Lecture notes and the textbook are not allowed during the exam.
- You must show ALL your work to have full credit.
- Draw a square around your final answer.

Your Signature: _	_		
I our Signature.			

Estimate the volume of the solid that lies below the surface z = xy and above the rectangle

$$R = [0, 6] \times [0, 4].$$

Use a Riemann sum with m=3 and n=2, and take the sample point to be the upper right corner of each sub-rectangle.



$$M = 3 - D \quad \Delta X = \frac{6 - 0}{2} = 2$$

$$n=2$$
 -0 Dy = $\frac{2|-0}{2}=2$

$$V = \iint_{R} xy dA \approx \sum_{i=1}^{3} \sum_{j=1}^{2} z_{i} y_{j} \Delta A$$

Evaluate the following iterated integral:

$$\int_0^1 \int_1^2 (x + e^{-y}) dx dy.$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{x^{2}}{2} + e^{-y}x \Big|_{1}^{2} dy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{4}{2} + 2e^{-y} - \frac{1}{2} - e^{-y} dy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{3}{2} + e^{-y} dy$$

$$= \frac{3y}{2} - e^{-y} \Big|_{0}^{1}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} - e^{-1} + 1$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$$

Evaluate the volume of the solid that lies under the plane 4x + 6y - 2z + 15 = 0 and above the rectangle $R = [-1, 2] \times [-1, 1]$.

$$f(x,y) = z = \partial x + 3y + \frac{15}{2}$$

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$$V = \iint_{R} \partial x + 3y + \frac{15}{2} dA$$

$$= \int_{-1}^{2} \int_{-1}^{1} \partial x + 3y + \frac{15}{2} dy dx$$

$$= \int_{-1}^{2} \partial xy + \frac{3y^{2}}{2} + \frac{15y}{2} \Big|_{-1}^{1} dx$$

$$= \int_{-1}^{2} (\partial x + \frac{3}{2})^{2} + \frac{15}{2} + 2x - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{15}{2} dx$$

$$= \int_{-1}^{2} (4x + 15) dx$$

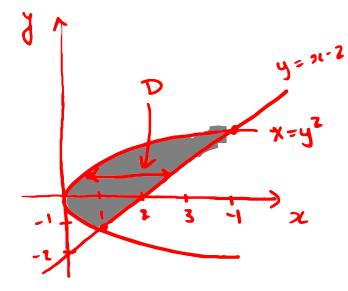
$$= x^{2} + 15x \Big|_{-1}^{2}$$

4+30 - (1-15)

Setup the integral by taking the following order: dA = dxdy. Do not evaluate the integrals.

 $\iint_D y \, dA, \quad D \text{ is bounded by } y = x - 2, \, x = y^2.$

1 Picture



TYPE I:

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Evaluate the following integral.

$$\mathbf{I} = \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_y^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sin(x^2) \, dx dy.$$

Change the order:

Type II.

Switch to type I: D= f(xig): 0=x = 517, 0 = y = x }. So,

$$I = \iint_{D} \sin x^{2} dA = \int_{0}^{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{0}^{x} \sin x^{2} dy dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\sqrt{\pi}} 2 \sin x^{2} dx \qquad du = x^{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin u du$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} \left[-\cos(u) \right]_{0}^{\pi} = \left[-1 \right]$$

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