

# MATH 302

## CHAPTER 5

### SECTION 5.7: VARIATION OF PARAMETERS

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Our goal in this section is to find the solutions to

$$P_0(x)y'' + P_1(x)y' + P_2(x)y = F(x)$$

using the method **variation of parameters**. Our assumption is

- We know at least two solutions to the complementary equation  $P_0(x)y'' + P_1(x)y' + P_2(x)y = 0$ .

**EXAMPLE 1.** Find the general solution to

$$x^2y'' - 2xy' + 2y = x^{9/2}$$

given that  $y_1(x) = x$  and  $y_2(x) = x^2$  are solutions to the complementary equation.



## General Procedure

To find a particular solution to

$$P_0(x)y'' + P_1(x)y' + P_0(x)y = F(x)$$

knowing two solutions  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  to the complementary equation, we follow these steps:

- Write  $y_{par}(x) = u_1(x)y_1(x) + u_2(x)y_2(x)$ .
- Write the system

$$\begin{aligned}u'_1y_1 + u'_2y_2 &= 0 \\ u'_1y'_1 + u'_2y'_2 &= \frac{F}{P_0}.\end{aligned}$$

- Solve the system for  $u'_1$  and  $u'_2$ :

$$u'_1 = -\frac{Fy_2}{P_0(y_1y'_2 - y'_1y_2)} \quad \text{and} \quad u'_2 = \frac{Fy_1}{P_0(y_1y'_2 - y'_1y_2)}.$$

- Obtain  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  by integrating  $u'_1$  and  $u'_2$  respectively.
- Substitute  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  in  $y_{par}(x)$  to obtain the particular solution.

**EXAMPLE 2.** Find a particular solution to

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = \frac{1}{1 + e^x}.$$

