

MATH 241

CHAPTER 3

SECTION 3.5: SUMMARY OF CURVE SKETCHING

CONTENTS

A First Example	2
Guideline For Sketching Curves	5
An Example For You To Do!	6

A FIRST EXAMPLE

EXAMPLE 1. Sketch the curve given by $y = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 1}$.

GUIDELINE FOR SKETCHING CURVES

- A. Find the domain of the function.
- B. Find the y-intercept and x-intercept, that is $f(0)$ and when $f(x) = 0$.
- C. Search for symmetries:
- If $f(x) = f(-x)$ for all x , then the function is even.
 - If $-f(x) = f(-x)$ for all x , then the function is odd.
 - If $f(x+p) = f(x)$ for some p and all x , then the function repeats itself after a period p .
- D. Find the asymptotes:
- The horizontal asymptotes.
 - The vertical asymptotes.
- E. Find the critical numbers and the possible points of inflections.
- F. Construct the table:
- Deduce the intervals of increase and decrease.
 - Deduce the intervals of concavity.
 - Deduce the local (global) maximums and local (global) minimums values.
- G. Sketch the graph of the functions.

AN EXAMPLE FOR YOU TO DO!

EXAMPLE 2. Sketch the graph of $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+1}}$.

