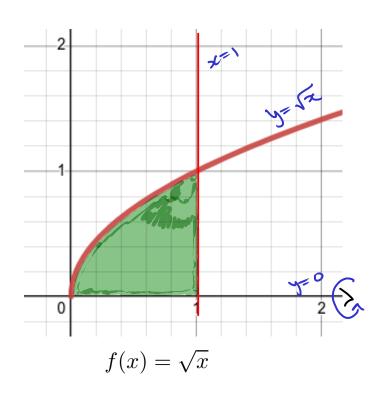
Chapter 5 Applications in integration

5.2 Volumes



- Consider the region enclosed by

$$x = 0$$
 , $x = 1$,

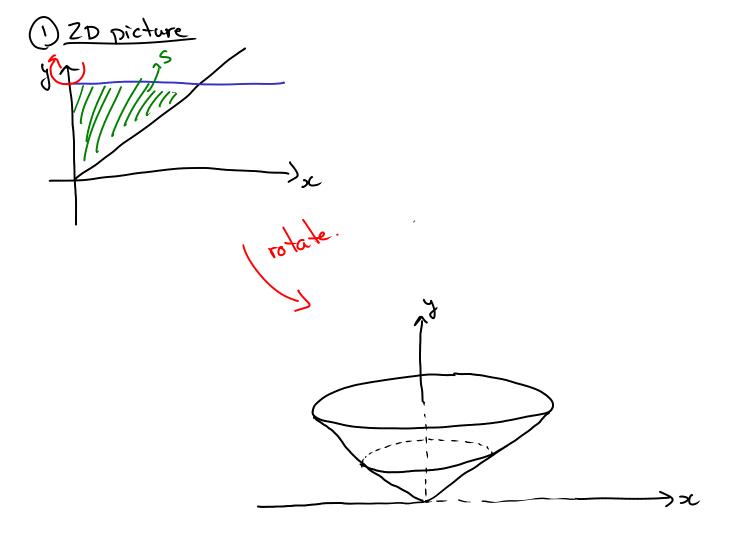
$$y=0$$
 and $y=\sqrt{x}$

- Rotate the region about one of the axis.

- About x-axis
- About y-axis

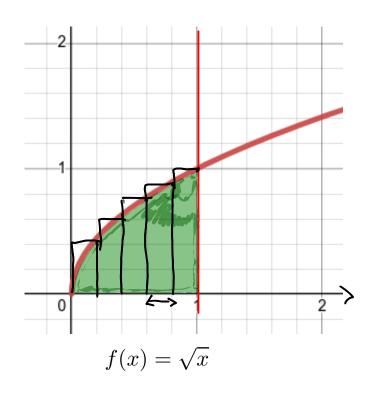
Example.

Rotate the region enclosed by y=x,y=1,x=0 about the y-axis.



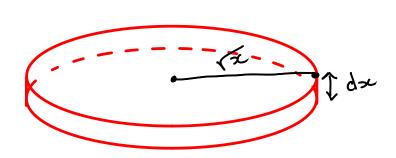
VOLUME OF SOLIDS OF REVOLUTION.

Rotation about the x-axis.



- Divide into subintervals.
- Create rectangles.
- Rotate those rectangles.
- Generate small cylinders

Typical cylinder:



- Radius: \sqrt{x} ($\frac{1}{x}$)
- Heigth: $\Delta x \rightarrow dx$

Volume of typical cylinder:

$$V = \pi \left(\sqrt{x} \right)^{2} dx$$

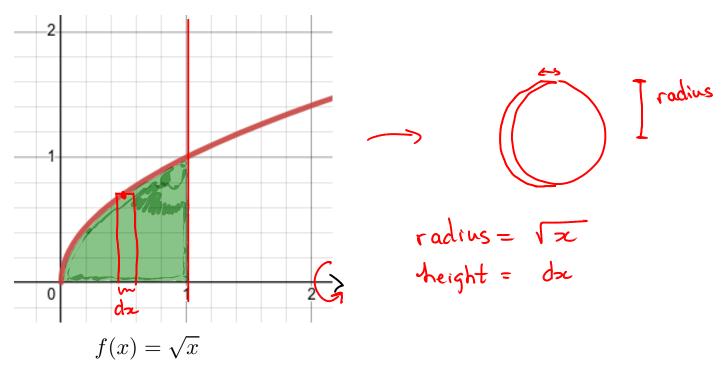
$$= \pi \left(\text{radius} \right)^{2} dx$$

$$= \pi \left(\text{radius} \right)^{2} dx$$

$$Vol(Solid) = \int_{a}^{b} \pi(radius)^{2} dx$$

EXAMPLE 2 Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating about the x-axis the region under the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$ from 0 to 1. Illustrate the definition of volume by sketching a typical approximating cylinder.





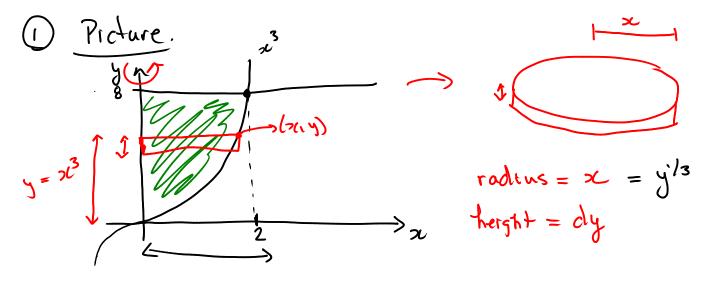
Vol(Solid) =
$$\int_{0}^{1} \pi \left(\operatorname{radius} \right)^{2} dz$$

= $\int_{0}^{1} \pi \propto dz$
= $\left[\frac{\pi}{2} \right]$

Rotation around the y-axis.

$$Vol(Solid) = \int_{a}^{b} \pi(radius)^{2} dy$$

EXAMPLE 3 Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = x^3$, y = 8, and x = 0 about the y-axis.



2 Yolume

Vol(Solid) =
$$\int_0^8 \pi \left(\text{radius} \right)^2 \text{ height}$$

= $\int_0^8 \pi \left(\text{radius} \right)^2 dy$
= $\int_0^8 \pi \left(\text{radius} \right)^2 dy$

Cross-section as a washer.

Rotation about x-axis

Vol(Solid) =
$$\int_{a}^{b} \pi(r_{\text{out}}^{2} - r_{\text{in}}^{2}) dx$$

Rotation about y-axis

Vol(Solid) =
$$\int_a^b \pi(r_{\text{out}}^2 - r_{\text{in}}^2) dy$$

EXAMPLE 4 The region \Re enclosed by the curves y = x and $y = x^2$ is rotated about the x-axis. Find the volume of the resulting solid.