### **D.I** Distribution Function

PROBLEM 1. Let  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  be two distribution functions. Show that the function  $F(x) = \alpha F_1(x) + (1-\alpha)F_2(x)$  is a distribution function, for any  $\alpha$  satisfying  $0 \le \alpha \le 1$ .

PROBLEM 2. Given a random variable X, express the distribution function of  $Y = \max\{0, X\}$  is terms of the distribution function of X.

PROBLEM 3. For which value of c is the function

$$F(x) = c \int_{-\infty}^{x} e^{-|t|} dt \quad (x \in \mathbb{R})$$

a distribution function?

#### D.II Continuous Random Variable

Problem 4. If X has distribution function

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)} & -\infty < x \le 0\\ \frac{1+2x^2}{2(1+x^2)} & 0 < x < \infty \end{cases}$$

Assuming that X is a continuous random variable, find the density function of X.

PROBLEM 5. Let the density function of a random variable X be given by

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi(1+x^2)} & -1 \le x \le 1\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Find the distribution function of  $f_X$ .

PROBLEM 6. A random variable X has density function

$$f_X(x) = cx(x-1) \quad (0 \le x \le 1)$$

and 0 elsewhere. Determine c so that  $F_X$  is a distribution function.

### D.III Functions of Random Variables

PROBLEM 7. Let X be a random variable with the exponential distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . Find the density function of

a) 
$$Y = 2X + 5$$
.

b) 
$$Y = (1+X)^{-1}$$
.

PROBLEM 8. Let X be a random variable whose distribution function F is a continuous function. Show that the random variable Y, defined by Y = F(X), is uniformly distributed on the interval (0,1).

PROBLEM 9. The random variable X is uniformly distributed on the interval [0,1]. Find the distribution and probability density function Y, where

$$Y = \frac{3X}{1 - X}.$$

# D.IV Expectation of Continuous Random Variables

PROBLEM 10. Find the expectation of the random variable X given in Problem 5.

PROBLEM 11. Find the expectation and variance of X given in Problem 6.

# D.V Other Examples of Continuous Random Variables

PROBLEM 12. If  $Z \sim N(0,1)$  is a random variable that has the standard normal distribution, what is

- a)  $P(Z^2 < 1)$ ?
- b)  $P(Z^2 < 3.84146)$ ?

PROBLEM 13. A soft-drink machine can be regulated so that it discharges an average of  $\mu$  ounces per cup. If the ounces of fill are normally distributed with stardard deviation 0.3 ounce, give the setting for  $\mu$  so that 8-ounce cups will overflow only 1% of the time.

PROBLEM 14. Prove that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} \, dx = \sqrt{\pi}.$$

PROBLEM 15. If X has the normal distribution with mean 0 and variance 1, find the mean value of  $Y = e^{2X}$ .

PROBLEM 16. Show that if X has the normal distribution with parameters 0 and 1, then  $Y = X^2$  has the  $\chi^2$  distribution with one degree of freedom.

PROBLEM 17. Suppose that X has an exponential distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . Show that, if a > 0 and b > 0, then

$$P(X > a + b|X > a) = P(X > b).$$