

MATH 302

CHAPTER 8

SECTION 8.3: UNIT STEP FUNCTION

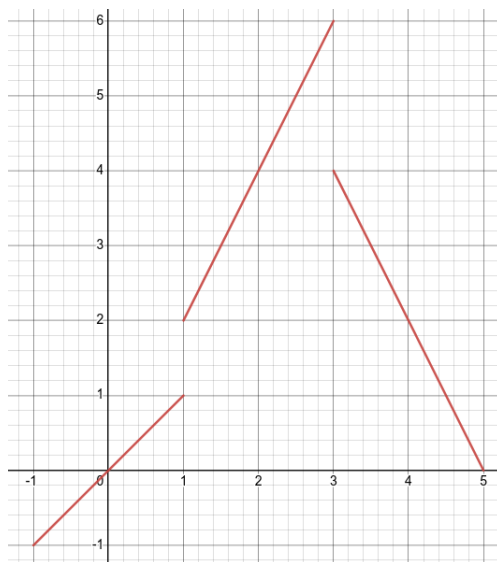
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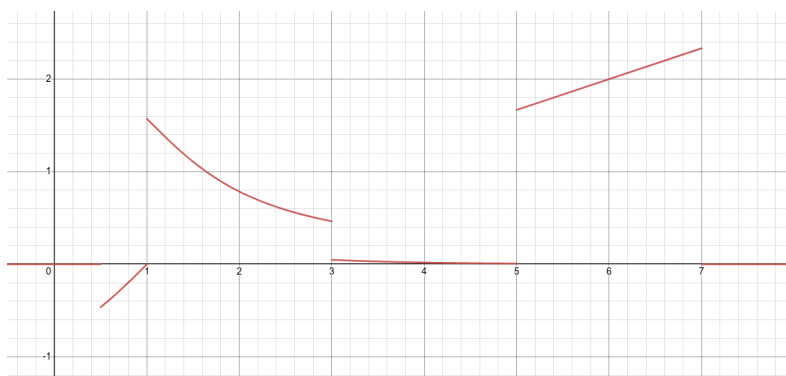
PIECEWISE CONTINUOUS FUNCTIONS

A piecewise continuous function f is

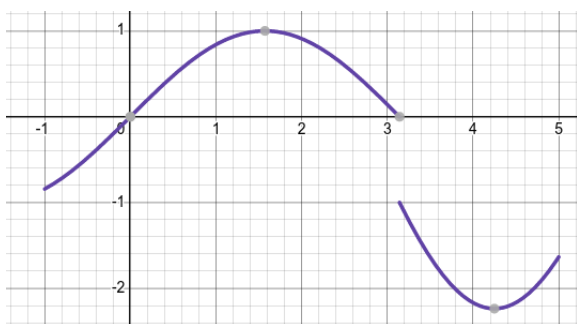
- a function defined on a finite number of intervals $[t_0, t_1]$, $[t_1, t_2]$, \dots , $[t_{n-1}, t_n]$;
- such that it is continuous on each interval (t_0, t_1) , (t_1, t_2) , \dots , (t_{n-1}, t_n) .



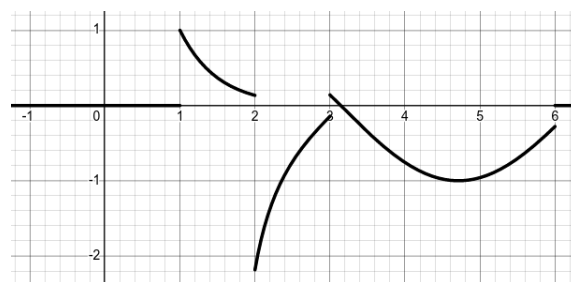
(a) A function $f(x)$



(b) A function $k(x)$



(c) A function $g(x)$



(d) A function $h(x)$

EXAMPLE 1. Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 < t \leq 1 \\ 2t & 1 < t \leq 3 \\ 10 - 3t & 3 < t \leq 5 \\ 0 & 5 < t. \end{cases}$$

UNIT STEP FUNCTION

To make the work easier with piecewise continuous function, we introduce the **unit step function**:

$$u(t) := \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ 1 & t \geq 0. \end{cases}$$

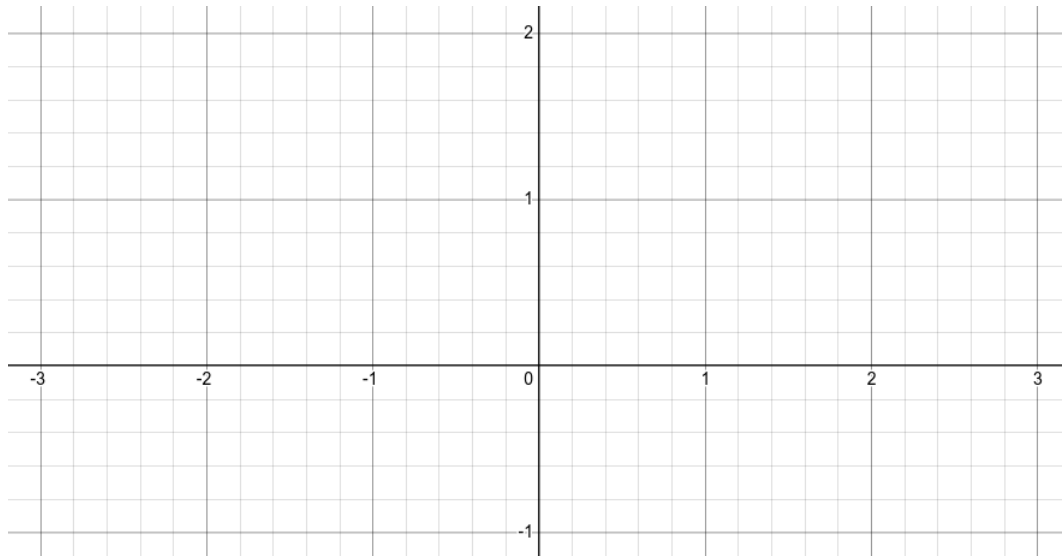


Figure 2: Plot of $u(t)$

Basic Operations

- Translation by a units:

$$u(t - a) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < a \\ 1 & t \geq a. \end{cases}$$

- Multiplication by c :

$$cu(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ c & t \geq 0. \end{cases}$$

- Activation of a function $f(t)$ at time a :

$$f(t)u(t - a) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < a \\ f(t) & t \geq a. \end{cases}$$

- Destruction of a function $f(t)$ at time b and activation of a function $g(t)$ at time b :

$$f(t)u(t - a) + (g(t) - f(t))u(t - b) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < a \\ f(t) & a \leq t < b \\ g(t) & b \leq t. \end{cases}$$

EXAMPLE 2. Rewrite the function $f(t)$ in Example 1 using the unit step function.

EXAMPLE 3. A farmer has a field of potatoes of 1 kilometer long. An automated watering system starts at 5:00AM and stops at 8:00AM. The rate of water is 1000 liters per hour. Give an expression of the function $W(t)$ of water used during the day using the unit step function.

Let $a \geq 0$ be a real number and f be a function with a Laplace transform $F(s)$.

- $L(u(t-a)) = \frac{e^{-sa}}{s}$.
- $L(u(t-a)f(t)) = e^{-sa}F(s+a)$.
- $L(u(t-a)f(t-a)) = e^{-sa}F(s)$.

EXAMPLE 4. Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) & , 0 \leq t < \pi/2 \\ \cos(t) - 3\sin(t) & , \pi/2 \leq t < \pi \\ 3\cos(t) & , t \geq \pi. \end{cases}$$

EXAMPLE 5. Find

$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^2} - e^{-s}\left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s}\right) + e^{-4s}\left(\frac{4}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s}\right)\right)$$

We can now allow the forcing function to be a discontinuous function (piecewise continuous).

EXAMPLE 6. Solve the initial value problem

$$y'' - y = f(t), \quad y(0) = -1, \quad y'(0) = 2,$$

where

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 1 & t \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

