# MATH 302

## Chapter 8

#### SECTION 8.3: UNIT STEP FUNCTION

## Contents

Piecewise Continuous Functions	2
Unit Step Function Basic Operations	4
Laplace Transform of The Unit Step Function	6

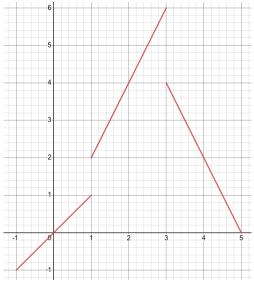
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## PIECEWISE CONTINUOUS FUNCTIONS

#### A piecewise continuous function f is

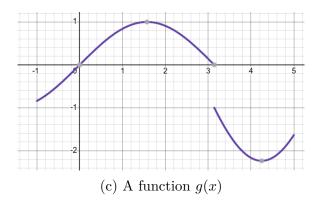
- a function defined on a finite number of intervals  $[t_0, t_1], [t_1, t_2], \ldots, [t_{n-1}, t_n];$
- such that it is continuous on each interval  $(t_0, t_1), (t_1, t_2), \ldots, (t_{n-1}, t_n)$ .

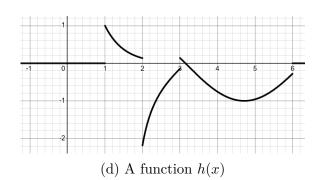


(a) A function f(x)



(b) A function k(x)





**EXAMPLE 1.** Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 < t \le 1\\ 2t & 1 < t \le 3\\ 10 - 3t & 3 < t \le 5\\ 0 & 5 < t. \end{cases}$$

#### UNIT STEP FUNCTION

To make the work easier with piecewise continuous function, we introduce the **unit step** function:

$$u(t) := \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ 1 & t \ge 0. \end{cases}$$

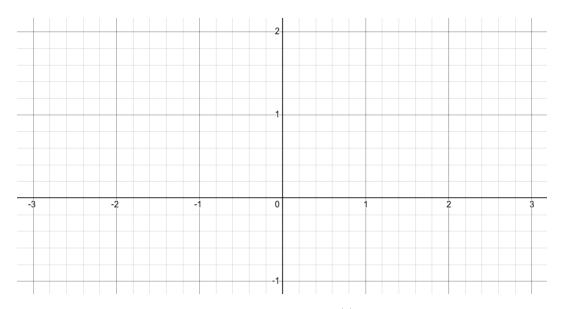


Figure 2: Plot of u(t)

#### **Basic Operations**

• Translation by a units:

$$u(t-a) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < a \\ 1 & t \ge a. \end{cases}$$

• Multiplication by c:

$$cu(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ c & t \ge 0. \end{cases}$$

• Activation of a function f(t) at time a:

$$f(t)u(t-a) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < a \\ f(t) & t \ge a. \end{cases}$$

• Destruction of a function f(t) at time b and activation of a function g(t) at time b:

$$f(t)u(t-a) + (g(t) - f(t))u(t-b) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < a \\ f(t) & a \le t < b \\ g(t) & b \le t. \end{cases}$$

**EXAMPLE 2.** Rewrite the function f(t) in Example 1 using the unit step function.

## LAPLACE TRANSFORM OF THE UNIT STEP FUNCTION

Let  $a \geq 0$  be a real number and f be a function with a Laplace transform F(s).

• 
$$L(u(t-a)) = \frac{e^{-sa}}{s}$$
.

- $L(u(t-a)f(t)) = e^{-sa}L(f(t+a)).$
- $L(u(t-a)f(t-a)) = e^{-sa}F(s)$ .

**EXAMPLE 3.** Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) & , 0 \le t < \pi/2\\ \cos(t) - 3\sin(t) & , \pi/2 \le t < \pi\\ 3\cos(t) & , t \ge \pi. \end{cases}$$

## EXAMPLE 4. Find

$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^2} - e^{-s}\left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s}\right) + e^{-4s}\left(\frac{4}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s}\right)\right)$$