## **NC State University**

## **Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering**

ECE 463/521: Fall 2014

**Project #2: Branch Prediction** 

by

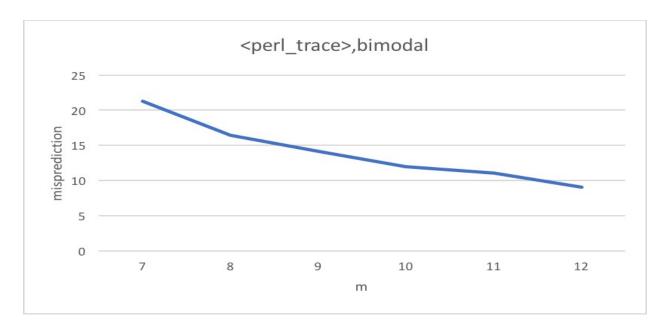
## **SOPAN PATRA**

NCSU Honor Pledge: "I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this test or assignment."
Student's electronic signature:Sopan Patra (sign by typing your name)
Course number:521(463 or 521 ?)

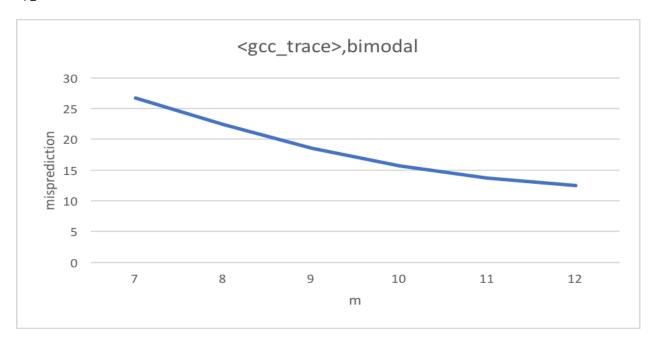
# PART A (BIMODAL BRANCH PREDICTOR)

# **Graphs**:

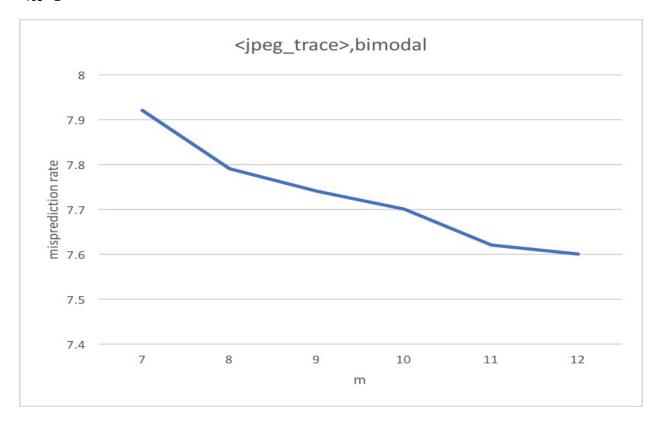
## 1)perl\_trace



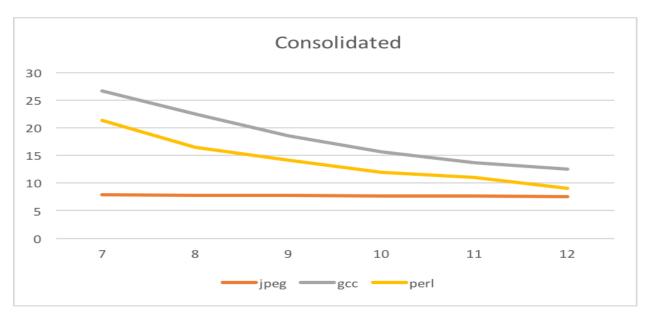
## 2)gcc\_trace



## 3)jpeg\_trace



# 4)Consolidated



## **Analysis**:

### 1)Conclusion

Bimodal Predictor predictor has the least misprediction rate in the given subset of m i.e (7,12) for jpeg\_trace.

### 2)Trends

Misprediction rate goes down with an increase in m in the given subset across all the traces. At lower values of m, this value is significantly higher for gcc\_trace and perl\_trace but the gap starts narrowing from m=11.

### 3)Similarities

Misprediction rate for Bimodal Predictor goes down with an increase in m across all the traces.

### 4)Differences

perl\_trace and gcc\_trace have a sharper gradient of misprediction rate fall. jpeg\_trace stays moreover constant over the given subset of m.

## **Design**:

### 1)Optimal design for jpeg\_trace:

Given budget: 16 kB

So, upper limit on #bits that can be used to index the predictor table = 17

The perl\_trace.txt seems to be flat in the given subset of m. So, designing it at the lowest value of m seems to be the optimal choice.

I would design the Bimodal Predictor with m=7.

## 2)Optimal design for gcc\_trace:

gcc\_trace seems to flatten out from m=12. So, I would design the Bimodal Predictor with m=12.

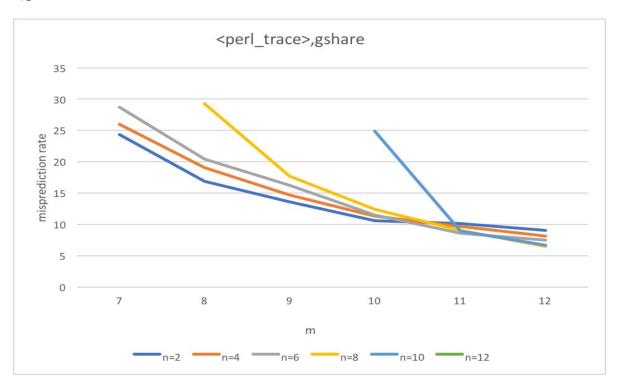
## 3)Optimal design for perl\_trace:

perl\_trace seems to have a dip even at m=12. Since I have been provided the subset m=(7,12), I would design the Bimodal Predictor at m=12.

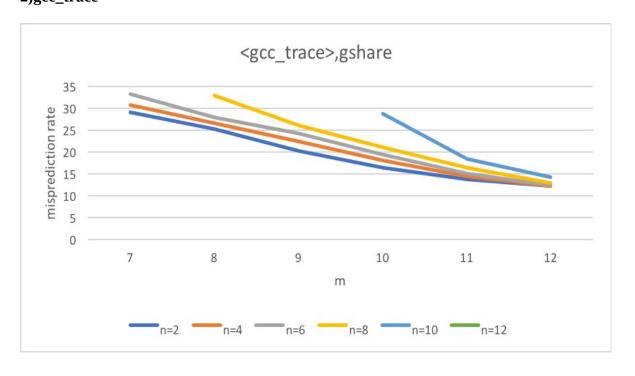
# PART A (GSHARE BRANCH PREDICTOR)

# **Graphs**:

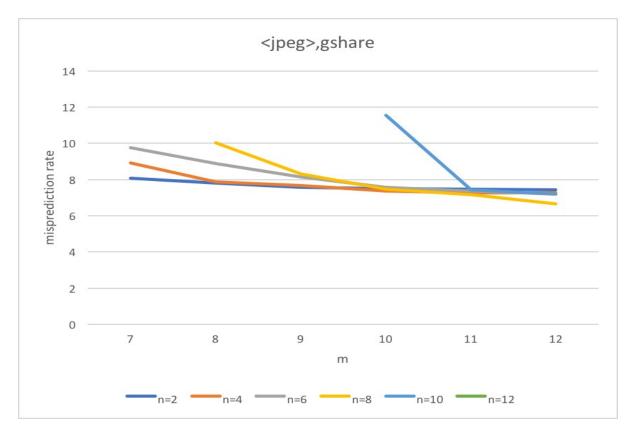
## 1)perl\_trace



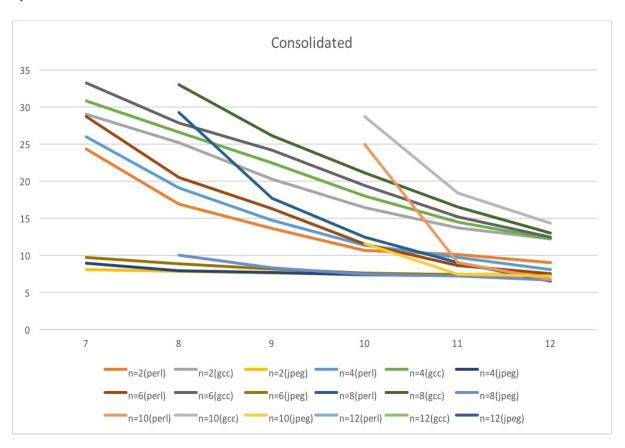
## 2)gcc\_trace



## 3)jpeg\_trace



## 4)Consolidated



## **Analysis:**

### 1)Conclusion

GShare Predictor predictor has the least misprediction rate in the given subset of m i.e (7,12) for jpeg\_trace for all n except n=10.

### 2)Trends

Misprediction rate goes down with an increase in m in the given subset and for all n across all the traces. At lower values of m, this value is significantly higher for gcc\_trace and perl\_trace but the gap starts narrowing from m=11. For n=10, I observe an abnormally high misprediction rate across all traces.

### 3)Similarities

Misprediction rate for GShare goes down with an increase in m across all the traces(for all n).

### 4)Differences

perl\_trace and gcc\_trace have a sharper gradient of misprediction rate fall. jpeg\_trace stays moreover constant over the given subset of m. (Excluding the case when n=10)

## **Design**:

### 1)Optimal design for perl\_trace:

Given budget: 16 kB

So, upper limit on #bits that can be used to index the predictor table = 17

The perl\_trace.txt seems to be flattening out from m=12 For n=m=12, I observe the least misprediction rate for n=10

I would design the Bimodal Predictor with m=12,n=10

#### 2)Optimal design for gcc\_trace:

gcc\_trace seems to flatten out from m=12. So, I would design the Bimodal Predictor with m=12,n=10

### 3)Optimal design for jpeg\_trace:

perl\_trace seems to have a flattening trend from m=11(even for all n's). At this point n=8 So, I would design the Bimodal Predictor with m=11,n=8