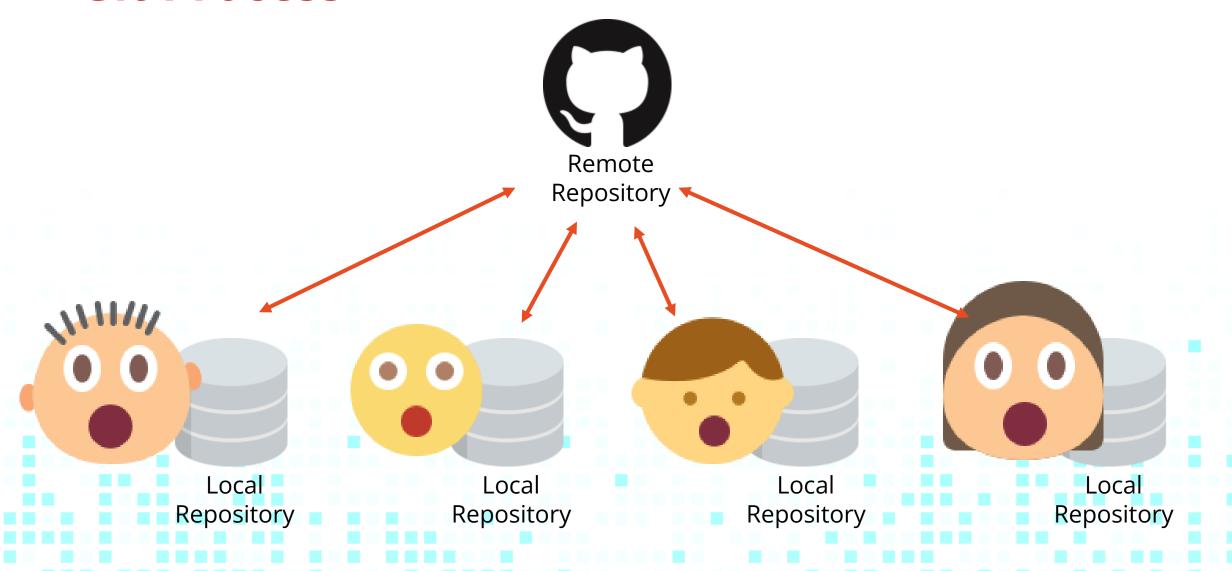
## Educational Game OOP Project

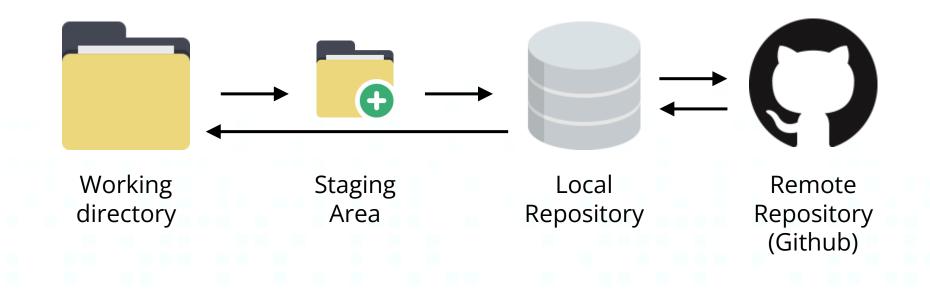
Git Good in a Team

# Let's git it together again

#### **Git Process**



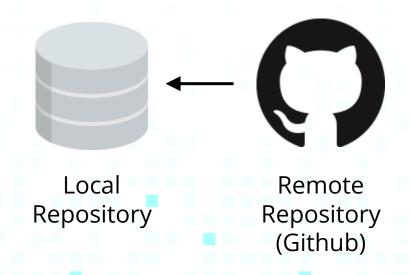
#### **Git Process**



## **Getting the Repository**

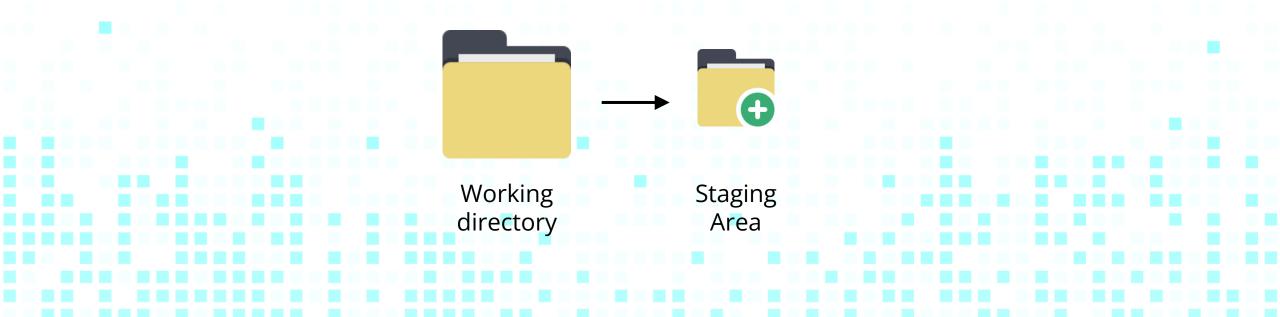
Create a working copy of a repository

git clone <repository>



- Select files you want to commit and add them to the staging area\*
- You can pick specific files
- Or you can just throw them all in
- Think of a boarding platform for a train:
  - The station is the working directory,
  - The boarding platform is the staging area,
  - And the people in the plane are the changes in a new commit.

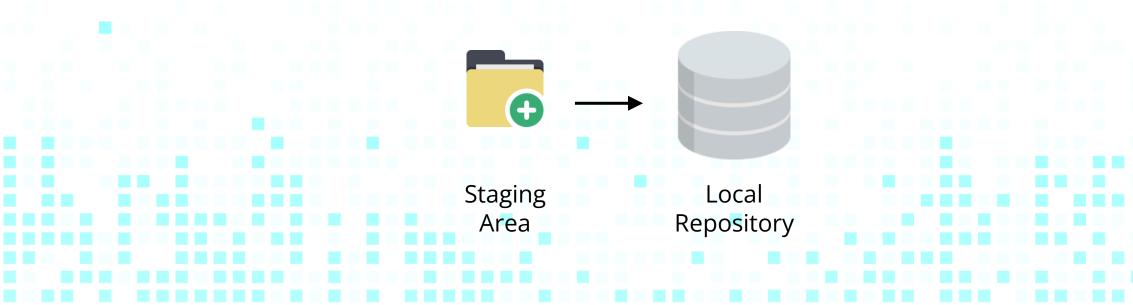
Propose Changes to Staging Area



- Save the files in the staging area in a commit
- Gives the commit an ID/hash so you can find it later
- Give the commit a message so you know what has changed in the new commit
- Remember: commits are working versions of your code. You can always roll back to one if a new change does not work out
- You should probably commit more often than you think
- How useful is a 10000 line commit with message "it better works"?
- How useful is a 20 line commit with message "Add css class to make buttons bigger on small screens"?

Committing changes

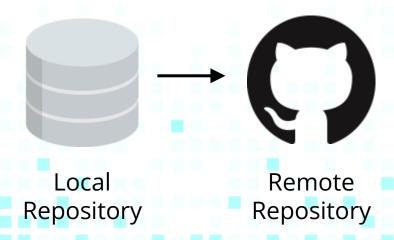
```
git commit
git commit -m "commit message"
```



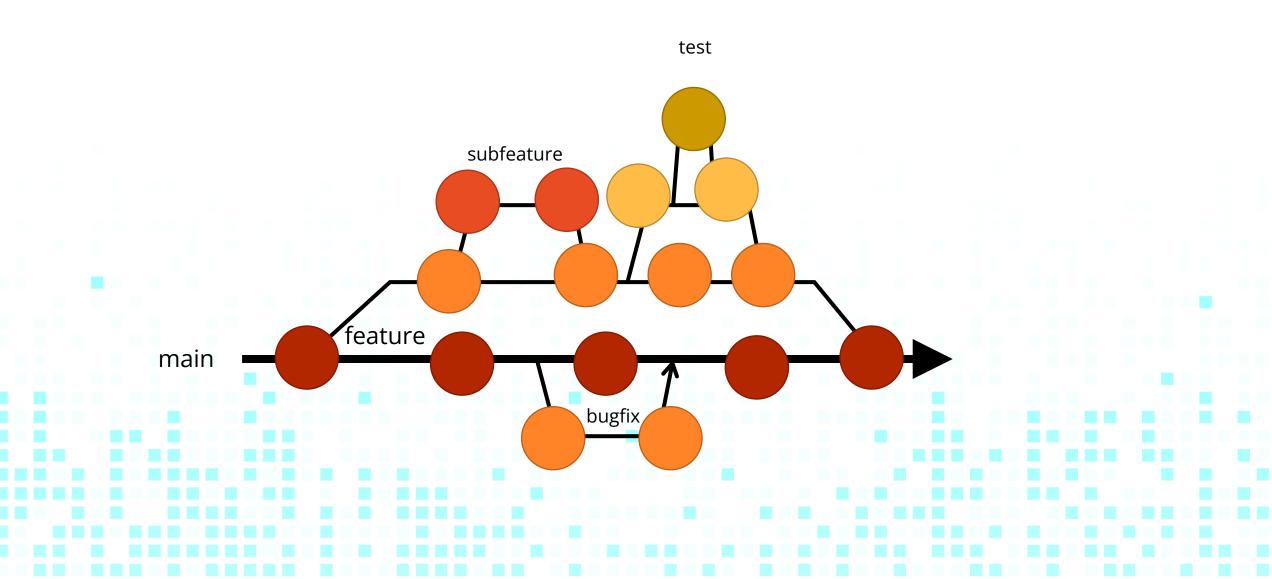
## **Pushing Changes**

Push changes to remote repository

git push
git push <remote> <branch>
git push origin main

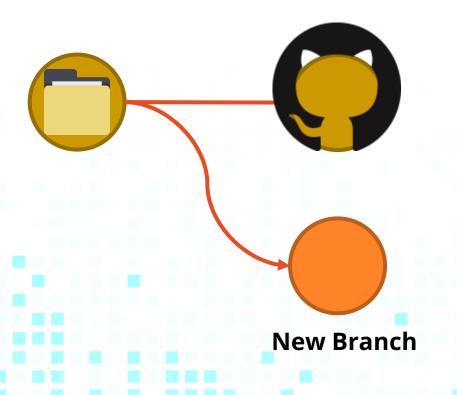


## **Branches**



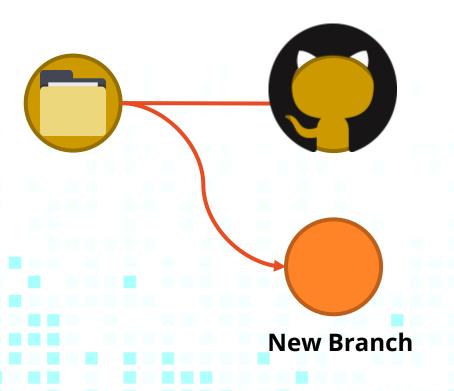
## **Branching: New Branch**

git branch <new branch>



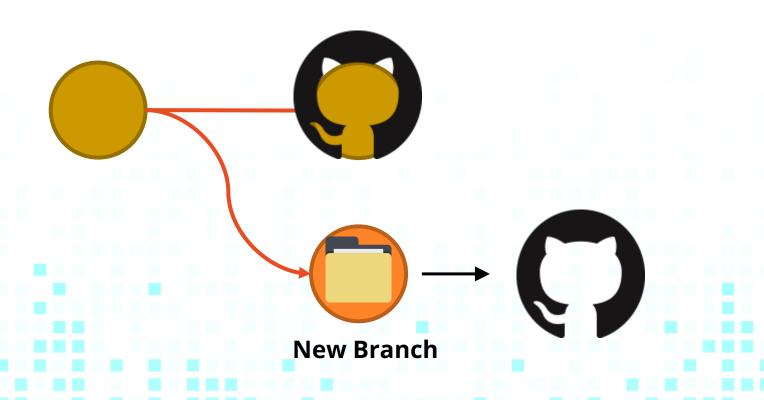
## **Branching: Moving to Branch**

git checkout <br/>branch>



## **Branching: Pushing to GitHub**

git push origin <br/>branch>



## **Updating**

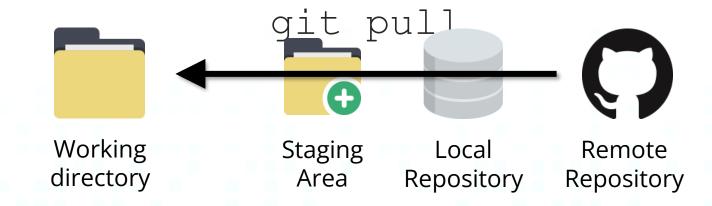
Update local repository without merging

git fetch



## **Updating**

Update local repository to match remote (current branch)

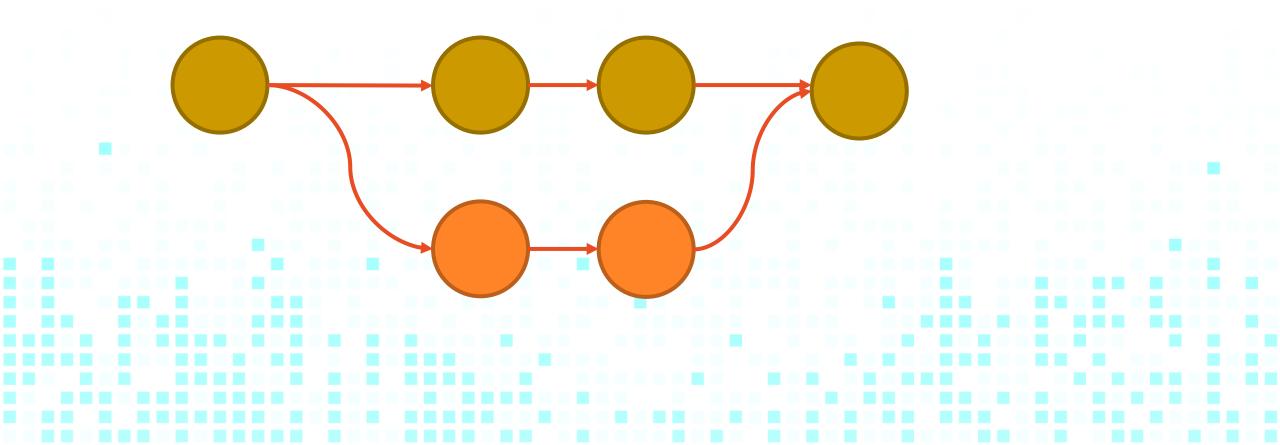


Update local repository to match all remote branches

## Merging

Merging another branch with current

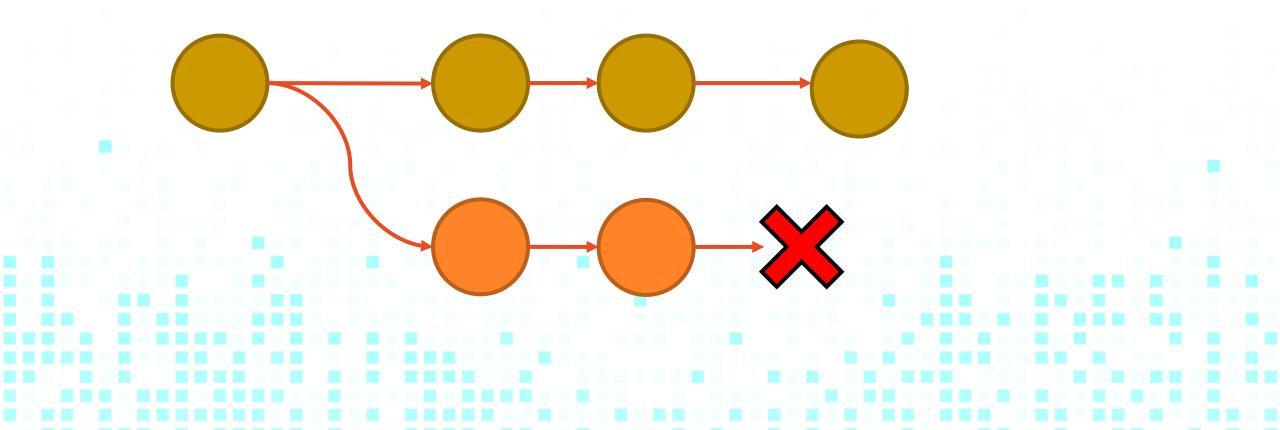
git merge <branch>



## Merging

Merging another branch with current

git branch --delete <branch>



## Branching Model

## **Branching Model**

- Decide on how you are going to manage your branches
- Determines when and how you will make changes and commit it back to your codebase

#### **Feature Branch Workflow**

- No development takes place in main
  - Keeps the branch clean and high quality
- All features developed in separate branch
- Pull Request created with each Feature to be merged in main
- Read More: https://www.atlassian.com/git/tutorials/comparingworkflows/feature-branch-workflow

## **Example**

- feature Feature adding or expanding
- wip Works in progress won't be finished soon
- bugfix Bug fix or experiment
- junk Throwaway branch created to experiment

## Restrictions

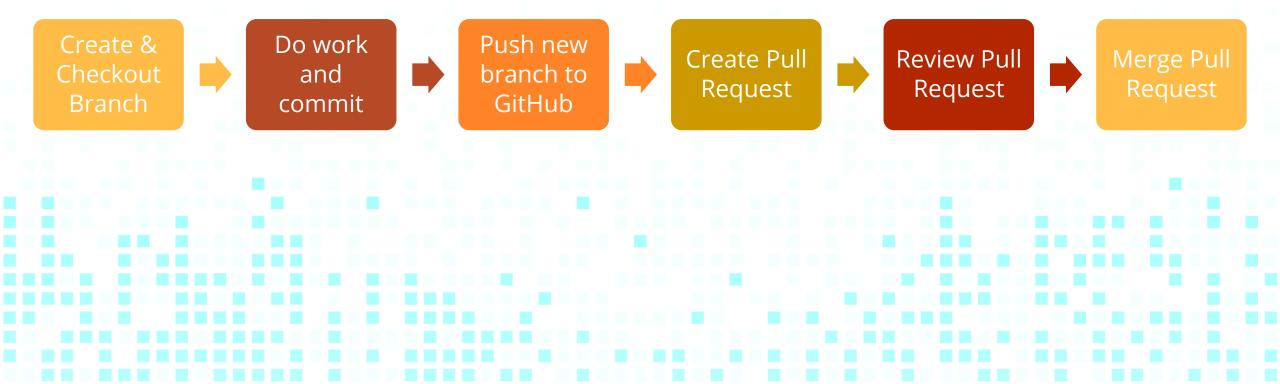
## Pushing to main

- You should not push/commit directly to main!
- Why?
  - main branch must ALWAYS contain working software
  - Measure of progress
- Ensuring code quality
- Code must be reviewed
  - Pull request!

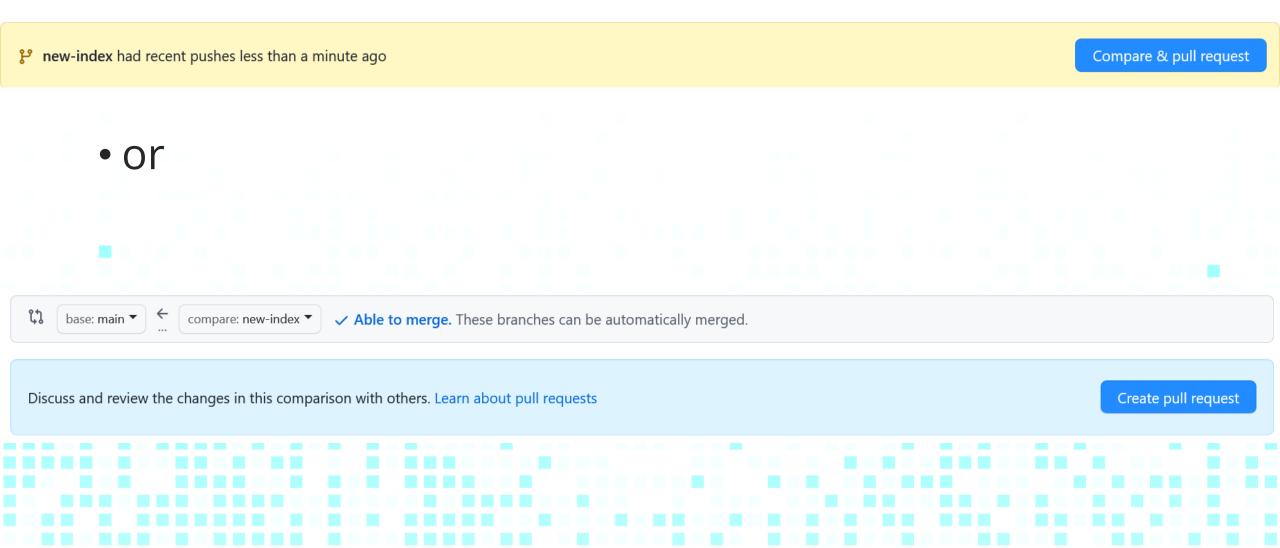
## What if I already did it?

- If you already committed to main on your local machine
- Create a branch and push from there
  - git branch new-work
  - git checkout new-work
  - git push origin new-work

#### What do I do?



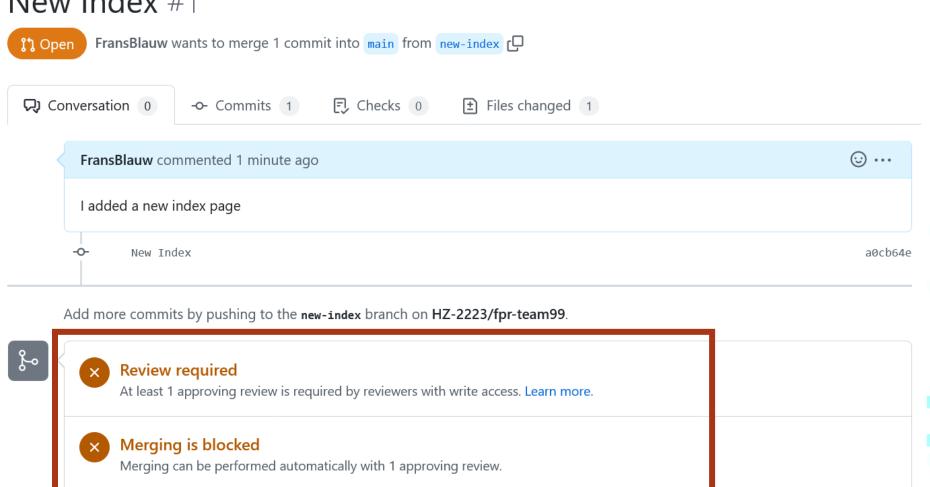
## **Create a pull request**



## Request review

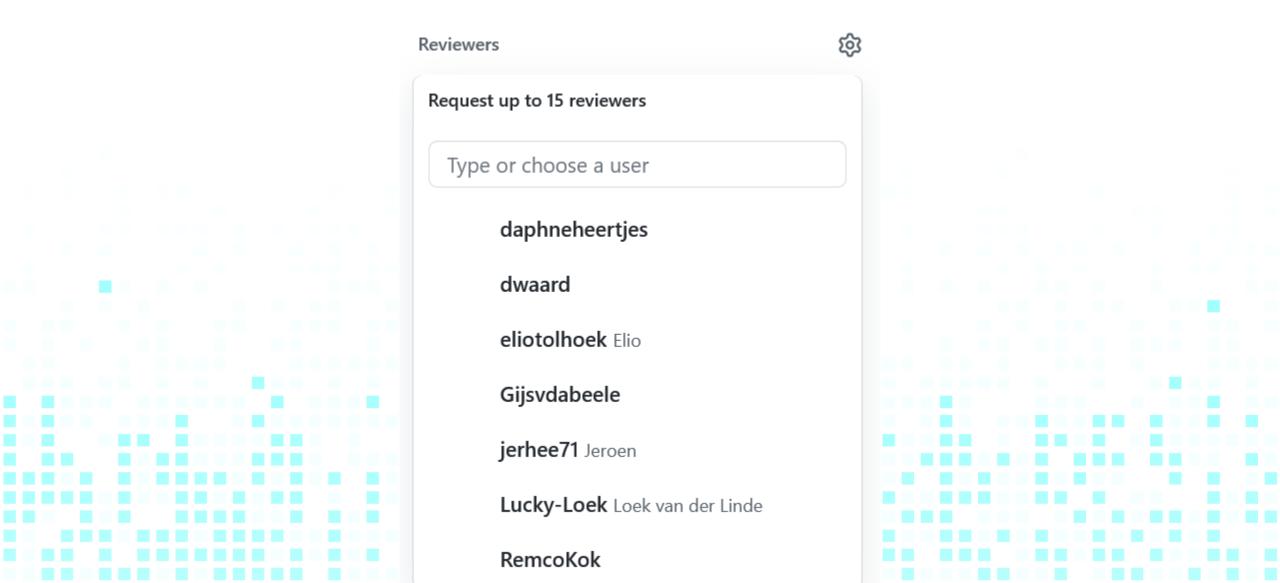
#### New Index #1

Merge pull request



You can also open this in GitHub Desktop or view command line instructions.

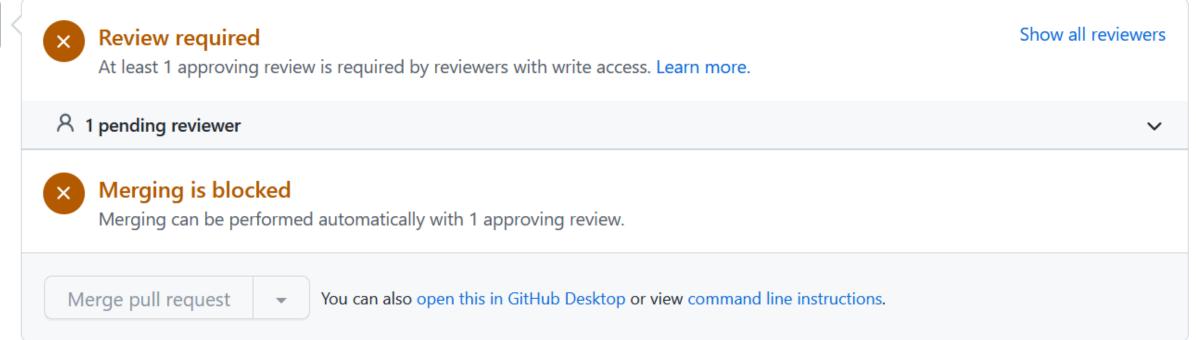
#### Select at least ONE person to review the code



## **Assign a Reviewer**





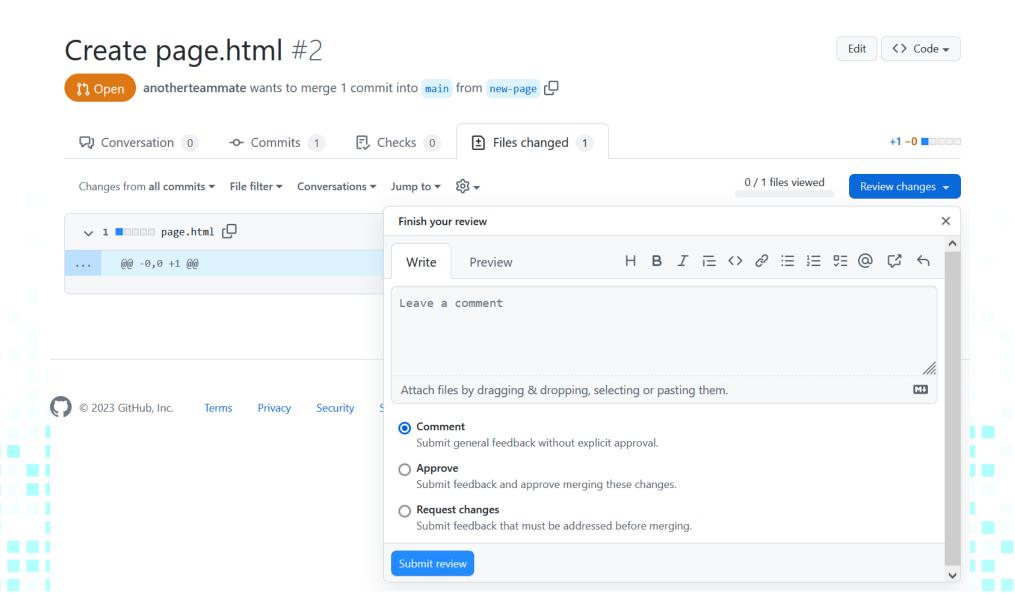


#### **Reviewer MUST Review**

anotherteammate requested your review on this pull request.

Add your review

## **Adding a Review**

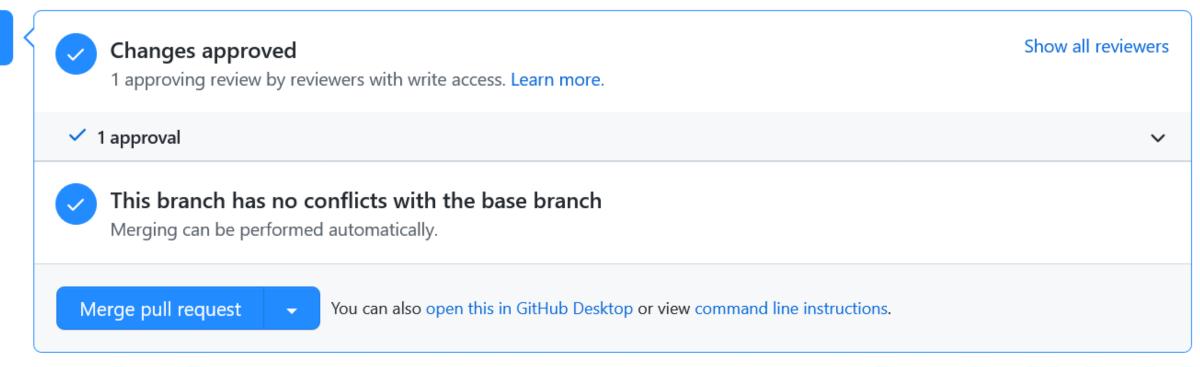


## **Adding a Review**

- The reviewer must judge the quality of the code
  - Functionality?
  - Code Quality?
- Can comment on specific lines of code or request as
- a whole
- If rejected, changes can be made
- Only if approved can you merge

#### After the review





## The Unwritten Laws of Pull Requesting

You shall always fix merge conflicts on your own PRs

You shall always create small PRs

You shall always review other PRs and leave good feedback

#### **Reset main branch**

- If you made changes to your main branch locally, you must reset your local branch
- Reset your local main branch to remote on GitHub
- Make sure you are on your main branch locally
  - git checkout main
- Then reset the branch
  - git reset --hard origin/main

BE CAREFUL! If you do this in the wrong branch, you might lose work!

## Tip!

• Set your notification emails to go to your HZ email-address

