

106-1 生物統計學二 實習課

R : Simple Linear Regression

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大綱

- Review
- Simple Linear Regression
 - Coefficient of determination
 - Hypothesis testing : T-test 、 F-test
 - Confidence interval

Review

Review

- Simple linear regression
 - ✓ Homework1

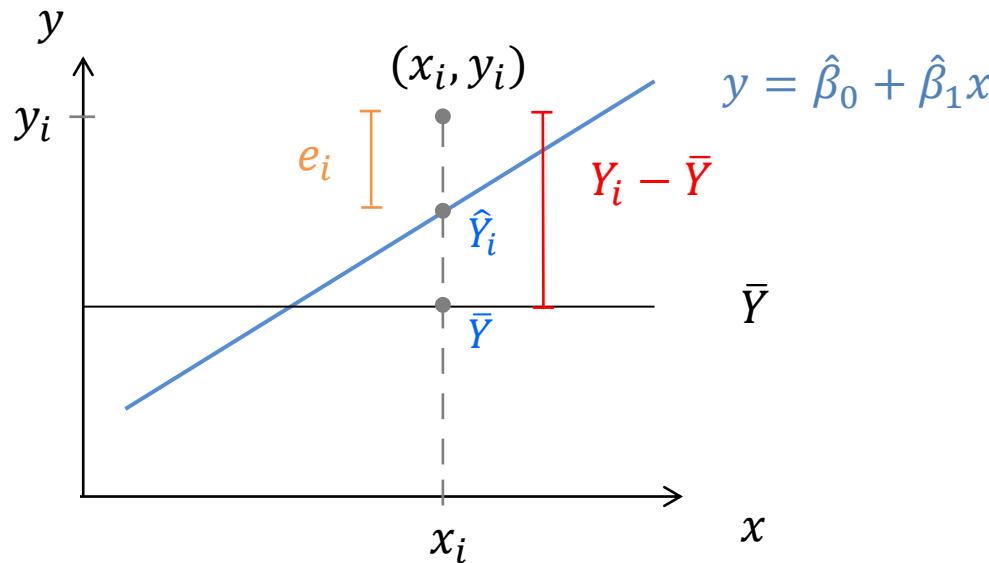
Simple Linear Regression

Coefficient of determination

Hypothesis testing : T-test 、 F-test

Confidence interval

$$SST = SSE + SSR \quad \text{變異數分解}$$



$$\sum_i (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2 = \sum_i (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2 + \sum_i (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2$$

$$\mathbf{SST} = \mathbf{SSE} + \mathbf{SSR}$$

Total sum of square

Error sum of square

Regression sum of square

Coefficient of determination

Coefficient of determination	$R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum_i(Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2}{\sum_i(Y_i - \bar{Y})^2} = 1 - \frac{SSE}{SST}$
Meaning	代表 Model 解釋了多少比例的變異 (亦即，迴歸可以解釋的部分)
Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none">$0 \leq R^2 \leq 1$ (希望越大越好) → 但是可能會受到共變數(X)之個數的影響， (隨共變數個數增加，R^2越大)$R^2 = [\rho(X, Y)]^2$ (only for $p = 1$)
Adjusted R^2	$R_{adj}^2 = 1 - \frac{SSE/(n-(p+1))}{SST/(n-1)}$

Hypothesis testing

Simple Linear Model	$Y = E[Y X] + \varepsilon$ $= \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + \varepsilon, \quad \varepsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$
Hypothesis Testing	$H_0: \beta_1 = 0 \quad \text{vs.} \quad H_1: \beta_1 \neq 0$
Test statistic	$t = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1 - 0}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1)}} = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1 - 0}{\sqrt{\frac{\hat{\sigma}^2}{s_{XX}}}} \stackrel{H_0}{\sim} t_{n-2}$
Confidence interval	$(1 - \alpha) \times 100\% \text{ C.I. of } \beta_1 : \hat{\beta}_1 \pm t_{n-2, 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}} \times \sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1)}$
$F = t^2$ (when $p = 1$)	$F = \frac{\text{SSR}/1}{\text{SSE}/(n-2)} = \frac{\text{MSR}}{\text{MSE}} = t^2 \stackrel{H_0}{\sim} F_{1, n-2}$

Fit linear model

- 建立迴歸模型
 - ✓ `model <- lm(response ~ covariate , data = 資料檔名稱)`
 - ✓ `attach(資料檔名稱)`
`model <- lm(response ~ covariate)`
- 產生model配適結果的總結
 - ✓ `summary(model)`

Example : IRIS data

```
> fit <- lm(Petal.Width ~ Petal.Length, data = iris)
> summary(fit)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = Petal.Width ~ Petal.Length, data = iris)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.56515	-0.12358	-0.01898	0.13288	0.64272

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-0.363076	0.039762	-9.131	4.7e-16 ***
Petal.Length	0.415755	0.009582	43.387	< 2e-16 ***

Signif. codes:	0 *****	0.001 ***	0.01 **	0.05 *
				0.1 ' '
				1

$$\hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{MSE}$$

Residual standard error: 0.2065 on 148 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9271, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9266

F-statistic: 1882 on 1 and 148 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{SSE}{SST} , R_{adj}^2 = 1 - \frac{SSE/(n-(p+1))}{SST/(n-1)}$$

Example : IRIS data

Call:

```
lm(formula = Petal.Width ~ Petal.Length, data = iris)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.56515	-0.12358	-0.01898	0.13288	0.64272

$$t = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1 - 0}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}_1)}}$$

Coefficients:

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$$F = t^2$$

Confidence interval of (β_0, β_1)

- 計算迴歸參數 (β_0, β_1) 之 $(1 - \alpha) \times 100\%$ 信賴區間

`confint(model 名稱 , level = 1 - α)`

語法	說明	備註
level	指定信心水準	ex : $\alpha = 0.05 \rightarrow \text{level} = 0.95$

- Example : IRIS data

```
> # 計算迴歸參數的信賴區間  
> confint(fit, level=0.95)
```

```
2.5 %      97.5 %  
(Intercept) -0.4416501 -0.2845010  
Petal.Length  0.3968193  0.4346915
```

$$95\% \text{ C.I. of } \beta_0 : \hat{\beta}_0 \pm t_{n-2,1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \times \sqrt{\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_0)}$$

$$95\% \text{ C.I. of } \beta_1 : \hat{\beta}_1 \pm t_{n-2,1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \times \sqrt{\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_1)}$$

課堂練習 (加分作業)

- **Inheritance of Height**：女兒身高(Dheight)會不會受到母親身高(Mheight)的影響？

*請先匯入資料檔： heights.txt (Tab分隔，單位: inch)

1. 以Mheight為X軸、Dheight為Y軸：

- 請畫出scatter plot
- 並根據scatter plot 說明 Mheight 及 Dheight 的關係

2. 請建立迴歸模型來描述此問題：

- 寫出迴歸模型 _____ 、反應變數Y為 _____ 、共變數X為 _____
- 此模型假設X和Y呈現 _____ 相關
- 計算X之迴歸係數的數值，截距為 _____，斜率為 _____，當X增加 1 inch， Y _____
- 判定係數 $R^2 =$ _____

3. 評估模型的好壞：

- 請在scatter plot 加上迴歸線
- 你認為此模型足以用來描述這筆資料嗎？(試以 R^2 、假說檢定或信賴區間來說明)

4. 請將code及output貼上word檔(可存成pdf檔)，上傳至ceiba作業區

*最晚上傳期限為2017.9.30(六)中午12點