

# Brunswick Point Peep Models

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Roberts Bank, Delta, BC, is situated in the great Pacific Flyway and serves as an important stopover for peeps migrating north in the spring. It therefore hosts a large seasonal population of peeps: namely, Western sandpiper (WESA) and Dunlin (DUNL), that rely on the seasonal nutritional bounty provided by the Fraser River delta.

This document describes the suite of models used to estimate yearly changes in spatial distribution and abundance of peeps in the Roberts Bank estuary.

There are two datasets used in this modelling pipeline:

1. `dat`, which contains bird counts + environmental covariates
2. `sr`, which contains species ratio data (WESA:DUNL)

For an interactive interface with the `dat` dataset used in this document, see [<https://popovs.shinyapps.io/peepr/>].

```
summary(dat)
```

```
##   survey_date      start_time      station
##   Min.      :1997-04-21  Length:2060      Length:2060
##   1st Qu.:2004-04-19  Class :character  Class :character
##   Median :2009-04-17  Mode  :character  Mode  :character
##   Mean    :2009-04-02
##   3rd Qu.:2014-04-18
##   Max.    :2022-05-11
##
##           station_n      station_s  mumblies_yn      mud_yn
##   Coal Port      :600  Bend           : 72  Mode :logical  Mode :logical
##   Pilings        :498  Coal Port      : 56  FALSE:1864  FALSE:1862
##   Brunswick Point:338  View corner    : 49  TRUE :196    TRUE :198
##   34th St pullout:219  34th St pullout: 17
##   View corner    :192  Pilings        : 15
##   Bend           :130  (Other)         : 1
##   (Other)        : 83  NA's             :1850
##   marsh_yn      tide_edge_yn  flying_yn      final_count
##   Mode :logical  Mode :logical  Mode :logical  Min.      : 0
##   FALSE:1983     FALSE:1980  FALSE:2044     1st Qu.: 300
##   TRUE :77       TRUE :80     TRUE :16       Median : 3550
##                                     Mean    : 11961
##                                     3rd Qu.: 13500
##                                     Max.    :222500
##                                     NA's    :7
```

```
##      p_wesa      elev_min      elev_max      elev_median
## Min.   : 0.00   Min.   :-0.040   Min.   :3.960   Min.   :2.240
## 1st Qu.: 48.43   1st Qu.: 0.840   1st Qu.:4.300   1st Qu.:3.065
## Median : 80.12   Median : 1.220   Median :4.420   Median :3.255
## Mean   : 67.61   Mean    : 1.237   Mean    :4.415   Mean    :3.238
## 3rd Qu.: 90.91   3rd Qu.: 1.647   3rd Qu.:4.550   3rd Qu.:3.405
## Max.   :100.00   Max.    : 3.610   Max.    :4.850   Max.    :3.800
## NA's   :725     NA's    :66      NA's    :66      NA's    :66
##      elev_mean      elev_range      flow      total_precip
## Min.   :2.660   Min.   :0.450   Min.   : 736   Min.   : 0.000
## 1st Qu.:2.970   1st Qu.:2.700   1st Qu.:2420   1st Qu.: 0.000
## Median :3.038   Median :3.200   Median :3100   Median : 0.000
## Mean   :3.043   Mean    :3.177   Mean    :3252   Mean    : 2.174
## 3rd Qu.:3.118   3rd Qu.:3.600   3rd Qu.:4090   3rd Qu.: 2.000
## Max.   :3.788   Max.    :4.640   Max.    :7830   Max.    :28.200
## NA's   :66      NA's    :66      NA's    :5       NA's    :4
##      mean_temp      u      v      windspd
## Min.   : 3.80   Min.   :-19.8067   Min.   :-42.347   Min.   : 5.292
## 1st Qu.: 9.20   1st Qu.: -4.1311   1st Qu.: -9.631   1st Qu.:10.583
## Median :10.50   Median : -1.2155   Median : 0.000   Median :12.875
## Mean   :10.69   Mean    : -0.9227   Mean    : -1.434   Mean    :14.220
## 3rd Qu.:11.90   3rd Qu.: 2.2231   3rd Qu.: 8.391   3rd Qu.:16.573
## Max.   :20.70   Max.    :15.0489   Max.    :20.454   Max.    :43.750
## NA's   :66      NA's    :66      NA's    :66      NA's    :66
##      wind_deg      station_n_no      station_s_no      station_diff
## Min.   : -177.55   Min.   :1.000   Min.   :3.000   Min.   :0.000
## 1st Qu.: -76.73   1st Qu.:4.000   1st Qu.:5.000   1st Qu.:1.000
## Median : 34.98   Median :5.000   Median :6.000   Median :1.000
## Mean   : 17.63   Mean    :5.567   Mean    :6.062   Mean    :1.005
## 3rd Qu.:122.49   3rd Qu.:8.000   3rd Qu.:8.000   3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max.   :179.93   Max.    :8.000   Max.    :8.000   Max.    :2.000
## NA's   :66      NA's    :1850   NA's    :1850
##      julian_day      dos.V1
## Min.   : 98.0   Min.   : -2.5490775
## 1st Qu.:112.0   1st Qu.: -0.7951215
## Median :118.0   Median : -0.0434260
## Mean   :118.2   Mean    : -0.0142948
## 3rd Qu.:125.0   3rd Qu.: 0.8335520
## Max.   :138.0   Max.    : 2.4622255
##
```

```
summary(sr)
```

```
##      survey_date      wesa      dunl      total
## Min.   :1997-04-21   Min.   : 0.0   Min.   : 0.0   Min.   : 0.0
## 1st Qu.:2005-04-20   1st Qu.:123.8   1st Qu.: 41.0   1st Qu.:283.0
## Median :2009-04-24   Median :353.5   Median : 92.0   Median :523.0
## Mean   :2009-10-04   Mean    :467.1   Mean    :175.6   Mean    :642.8
## 3rd Qu.:2015-04-18   3rd Qu.:717.0   3rd Qu.:200.5   3rd Qu.:941.2
## Max.   :2022-05-11   Max.    :2605.0   Max.    :5000.0   Max.    :5047.0
##
##      p_wesa      p_dunl      year      julian_day
## Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.00   2006   : 23   Min.   :101.0
## 1st Qu.: 53.04   1st Qu.: 8.83   2019   : 23   1st Qu.:112.0
```

```
## Median : 81.32   Median : 18.68   2005   : 18   Median :117.0
## Mean   : 68.94   Mean    : 31.06   2007   : 18   Mean    :117.7
## 3rd Qu.: 91.17   3rd Qu.: 46.96   2008   : 18   3rd Qu.:123.0
## Max.   :100.00   Max.    :100.00   2012   : 18   Max.    :137.0
## NA's   :2        NA's    :2        (Other):202
## dos.V1
## Min.   :-2.2763470
## 1st Qu.: -0.7798519
## Median : -0.0996268
## Mean    : -0.0111976
## 3rd Qu.: 0.7166433
## Max.    : 2.6212735
##
```

## Species composition model

The daily ratio of Western sandpiper (WESA) to Dunlin (DUNL) across the entire study period is first modelled using a dataset of known species ratios (species ratios are not measured during every survey).

The ratios are modelled using a binomial generalized linear mixed model (binomial GLMM). The resulting predicted ratios are then used to estimate the number of WESA vs. DUNL per day.

## Five models are built and compared

```
## Data: sr
## Models:
## lme5: y ~ 1 + (1 | year)
## lme4: y ~ dos + (1 | year)
## lme2: y ~ dos + I(dos^2) + (1 | year)
## lme3: y ~ dos + (dos | year)
## lme1: y ~ dos + I(dos^2) + (dos + I(dos^2) | year)
##      npar   AIC    BIC logLik deviance   Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## lme5     2 64756 64764 -32376    64752
## lme4     3 25804 25815 -12899    25798 38954.1  1    <2e-16 ***
## lme2     4 16295 16310  -8144    16287  9510.6  1    <2e-16 ***
## lme3     5 22521 22540 -11255    22511    0.0  1         1
## lme1     9 11083 11117  -5532    11065 11446.2  4    <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

The best-fit model is `lme1`. Add in the residuals from `lme1` to the dataset in order to estimate overdispersion. If the standard deviation of residuals is  $< 1$ , the model is an appropriate candidate for predicting daily species ratios.

```
sr$resids <- residuals(lme1)

lme4::glmer(y ~ dos + I(dos^2) + (dos + I(dos^2)|year) + (1|resids),
            family = binomial,
            data = sr)
```

```
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
```

```

## Family: binomial ( logit )
## Formula: y ~ dos + I(dos^2) + (dos + I(dos^2) | year) + (1 | resids)
## Data: sr
##      AIC      BIC    logLik deviance df.resid
## 3409.879 3447.562 -1694.939 3389.879      310
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Std.Dev. Corr
## resids (Intercept) 0.94716
## year (Intercept) 0.65139
##      dos      0.06454 -1.00
##      I(dos^2) 0.41479 -0.65 0.68
## Number of obs: 320, groups: resids, 319; year, 24
## Fixed Effects:
## (Intercept)      dos      I(dos^2)
##      1.8826      1.3770      -0.8085

```

```
sr_glmm <- lme1
```