

Probability Assignment -II

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Problem:

- 1) One card is drawn at random from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. In which of the following cases are the events E and F independent ?

- E : 'the card drawn is a spade'
 F : 'the card drawn is an ace'
- E : 'the card drawn is black'
 F : 'the card drawn is a king'
- E : 'the card drawn is a king or queen'
 F : 'the card drawn is a queen or jack'.

Solution:

- 1) E denotes the event that the card drawn is spade

$$\Pr(E) = \frac{{}^{13}C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{13}{52} = \frac{1}{4} \quad (1)$$

F denotes the event that card drawn is ace

$$\Pr(F) = \frac{{}^4C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{4}{52} = \frac{1}{13} \quad (2)$$

EF denotes the event the card is spade and ace

$$\Pr(EF) = \frac{{}^1C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{1}{52} \quad (3)$$

$$\Pr(E) \Pr(F) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{13} = \frac{1}{52} \quad (4)$$

$$\therefore \Pr(EF) = \Pr(E) \Pr(F) \quad (5)$$

$\therefore E$ and F are independent events.

- 2) E denotes the event that the card drawn is black

$$\Pr(E) = \frac{{}^{26}C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{26}{52} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (6)$$

F denotes the event that card drawn is a king

$$\Pr(F) = \frac{{}^4C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{4}{52} = \frac{1}{13} \quad (7)$$

EF denotes the event the card is black and king

$$\Pr(EF) = \frac{{}^2C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{2}{52} = \frac{1}{26} \quad (8)$$

$$\Pr(E) \Pr(F) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{13} = \frac{1}{26} \quad (9)$$

$$\therefore \Pr(EF) = \Pr(E) \Pr(F) \quad (10)$$

$\therefore E$ and F are independent events.

- 3) E denotes the event that the card drawn is king or queen

$$\Pr(E) = \frac{{}^8C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{8}{52} = \frac{2}{13} \quad (11)$$

F denotes the event that card drawn is a queen or jack

$$\Pr(F) = \frac{{}^8C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{8}{52} = \frac{2}{13} \quad (12)$$

EF denotes the event the card is either a king or queen and either queen or jack

$$\Pr(EF) = \frac{{}^4C_1}{{}^{52}C_1} = \frac{4}{52} = \frac{1}{13} \quad (13)$$

$$\Pr(E) \Pr(F) = \frac{2}{13} \times \frac{2}{13} = \frac{4}{169} \quad (14)$$

$$\therefore \Pr(EF) \neq \Pr(E) \Pr(F) \quad (15)$$

$\therefore E$ and F are not independent events.