Correlaciones

Delia Posadas Juan

2022-06-27

#Utilidad

Esta metodología sirve para dentificar la relación de dos variables de tipo **cuantitativo** Los datos distribucion normal Area: Estadistica Parametrica Y se utiliza la matriz penguins Utilizamos la matriz "penguins.xlsx"

#Librerias

```
library(readxl)
```

```
penguins<-read_excel("penguins.xlsx")
```

#EXPLORACION DE VARIABLES

```
dim(penguins)
```

```
## [1] 344   9
```

2. Tipos de variables

```
str(penguins)
```

```
## tibble [344 x 9] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
##  $ ID             : chr [1:344] "i1" "i2" "i3" "i4" ...
##  $ especie        : chr [1:344] "Adelie" "Adelie" "Adelie" "Adelie" ...
##  $ isla           : chr [1:344] "Torgersen" "Torgersen" "Torgersen" "Torgersen" ...
##  $ largo_pico_mm  : num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 37.8 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
##  $ grosor_pico_mm : num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 18.1 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
##  $ largo_aleta_mm : num [1:344] 181 186 195 190 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
##  $ masa_corporal_g: num [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 3700 3450 ...
##  $ genero         : chr [1:344] "male" "female" "female" "female" ...
##  $ año            : num [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
```

3. Identificar la especie Adelei

```
penguins$especie
```

```
##   [1] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##   [7] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [13] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [19] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [25] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [31] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [37] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [43] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [49] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [55] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [61] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [67] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
```

```
##  [73] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [79] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [85] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [91] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
##  [97] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [103] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [109] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [115] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [121] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [127] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [133] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [139] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [145] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Adelie"
## [151] "Adelie"    "Adelie"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [157] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [163] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [169] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [175] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [181] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [187] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [193] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [199] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [205] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [211] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [217] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [223] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [229] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [235] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [241] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [247] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [253] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [259] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [265] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [271] "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"    "Gentoo"
## [277] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [283] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [289] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [295] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [301] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [307] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [313] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [319] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [325] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [331] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [337] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
## [343] "Chinstrap" "Chinstrap"
```

4. Seleccionar las observaciones de la 1 a la 152 y las variables cuantitativas

```
adelie<-penguins[1:152,4:7]
```

```
colnames(penguins)
```

```
## [1] "ID"              "especie"         "isla"            "largo_pico_mm"
## [5] "grosor_pico_mm"  "largo_aleta_mm"  "masa_corporal_g" "genero"
```

```
## [9] "año"
```

Verificacion de la matriz

```
str(adelie)
```

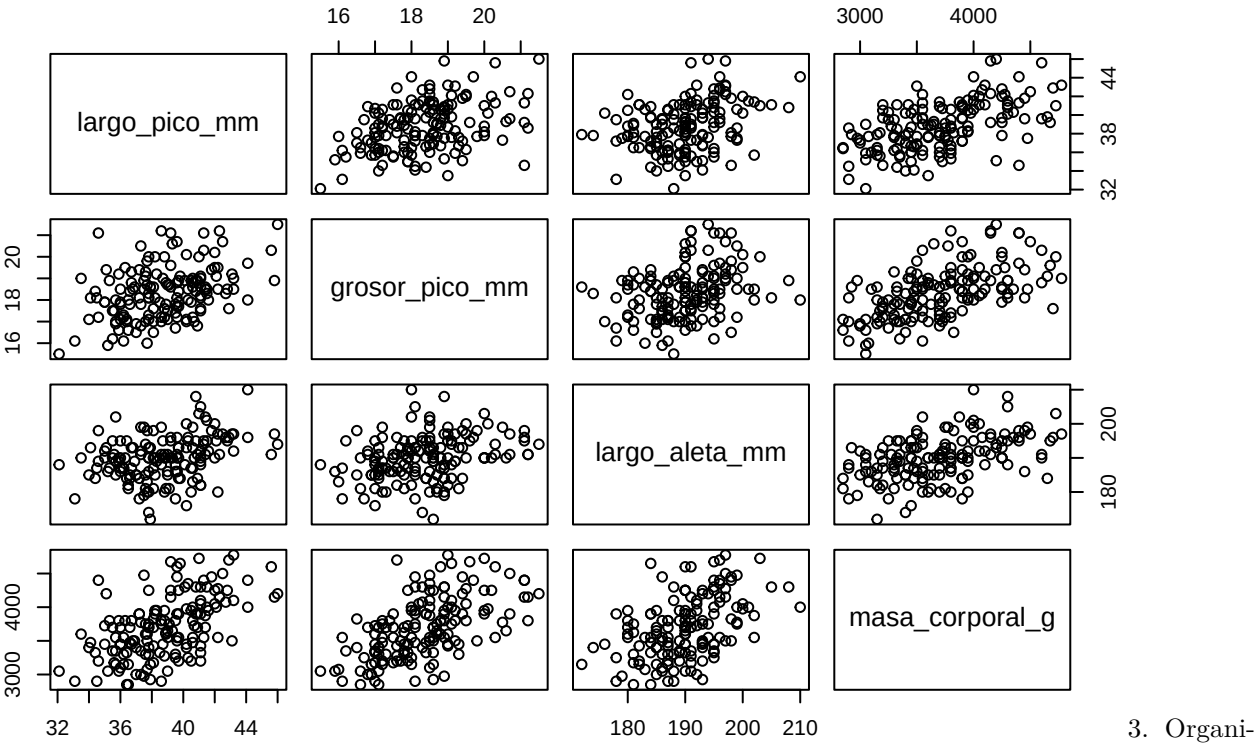
```
## tibble [152 x 4] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
##  $ largo_pico_mm  : num [1:152] 39.1 39.5 40.3 37.8 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
##  $ grosor_pico_mm : num [1:152] 18.7 17.4 18 18.1 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
##  $ largo_aleta_mm : num [1:152] 181 186 195 190 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
##  $ masa_corporal_g: num [1:152] 3750 3800 3250 3700 3450 ...
```

#Metodologia 1. Calculo de la correlacion

```
cor_adelie<-cor(adelie)
```

Realización del plot de correlaciones

```
plot(adelie)
```



3. Organizacion de la tabla de correlaciones librerias

```
library(knitr)
```

Organizacion

```
kable(cor_adelie)
```

	largo_pico_mm	grosor_pico_mm	largo_aleta_mm	masa_corporal_g
largo_pico_mm	1.0000000	0.3917580	0.3256178	0.5486177
grosor_pico_mm	0.3917580	1.0000000	0.3075689	0.5760619
largo_aleta_mm	0.3256178	0.3075689	1.0000000	0.4682015
masa_corporal_g	0.5486177	0.5760619	0.4682015	1.0000000

#Correlacion de Spearman

```
marvel<-read_excel("marvel.xlsx")
```

#Librerias

```
library(readxl)
```

#Exploracion de las variables

```
dim(marvel)
```

```
## [1] 39 11
```

1. Identificar las variables cuantitativas

```
str(marvel)
```

```
## tibble [39 x 11] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
##  $ ID                  : num [1:39] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
##  $ Original Title      : chr [1:39] "Iron Man" "The Incredible Hulk" "Iron Man 2" "Thor" ...
##  $ Company             : chr [1:39] "Marvel" "Marvel" "Marvel" "Marvel" ...
##  $ Rate                : num [1:39] 7.9 6.7 7 7 6.9 8 7.2 6.9 7.7 8 ...
##  $ Metascore           : num [1:39] 79 61 57 57 66 69 62 54 70 76 ...
##  $ Minutes             : chr [1:39] "126" "112 " "124 " "115" ...
##  $ Release             : num [1:39] 2008 2008 2010 2011 2011 ...
##  $ Budget              : chr [1:39] "140000000" "150000000" "200000000" "150000000 " ...
##  $ Opening Weekend USA: num [1:39] 9.86e+07 5.54e+07 1.28e+08 6.57e+07 6.51e+07 ...
##  $ Gross USA           : num [1:39] 3.19e+08 1.35e+08 3.12e+08 1.81e+08 1.77e+08 ...
##  $ Gross Worldwide     : num [1:39] 5.85e+08 2.63e+08 6.24e+08 4.49e+08 3.71e+08 ...
```

2. Nombre y posicion de la variable

```
colnames(marvel)
```

```
##  [1] "ID"                  "Original Title"      "Company"
##  [4] "Rate"                "Metascore"           "Minutes"
##  [7] "Release"             "Budget"              "Opening Weekend USA"
## [10] "Gross USA"           "Gross Worldwide"
```

3. Seleccionar las variables:rate, minutos, budget y gross.worldwide

```
marvel<- marvel[]
```